# 2012 Form 1-ES Instructions – Estimated Income Tax for Individuals, Estates, and Trusts

## Who Must Pay Estimated Tax

Tax (including the Wisconsin alternative minimum tax and economic development surcharge) is required to be paid on income as it is earned or constructively received. Withholding tax and estimated tax are the two methods used to make those required tax payments. Generally, if you work for wages, you have tax withheld from your wages to prepay any tax which will be computed on your income tax return for the year. If you have income from which tax is not withheld (for example, interest, dividends, unemployment compensation, etc.), you must pay estimated tax to prepay any tax which will be computed on your income tax return for the year.

You must pay Wisconsin estimated tax for 2012 if you expect to owe, after subtracting your withholding and credits, at least \$200 in tax for 2012 and you expect your withholding to be less than the smallest of:

- 90% of the tax (including alternative minimum tax and the economic development surcharge) shown on your 2012 income tax return.
- 100% of the tax (including alternative minimum tax and economic development surcharge) shown on your 2011 income tax return assuming the return covered 12 months. This does not apply to trusts or estates that have 2012 taxable income of \$20,000 or more. If your 2011 return was adjusted by the department or you filed an amended return, use the tax from the latest adjusted or amended return.
- 90% of the tax shown on your 2012 income tax return, computed by annualizing your taxable income and alternative minimum taxable income. (You may use Wisconsin Schedule U, Part IV, as a worksheet to annualize income.)

Full-year residents, part-year residents, nonresidents, trusts, and estates are subject to the estimated tax requirement. (**Note**: Trusts subject to tax on unrelated business income should file on Form 4-ES.)

You do not have to pay estimated tax if you were a full-year resident of Wisconsin for 2011 and you had no tax liability for that 12-month period. Estates and grantor trusts which are funded on account of a decedent's death are only required to make estimated tax payments for any tax year ending two or more years after the decedent's death.

You and your spouse may pay estimated tax either jointly or separately. If joint payments are made, you and your spouse may still file separate income tax returns for 2012. The estimated tax payments may be divided between you and your spouse in any manner you choose. If separate payments are made, you and your spouse may file a joint income tax return for 2012 and apply the separate estimated tax payments to the joint tax liability. However, no part of the separate estimated tax payments may be applied to a separate tax liability of the other spouse.

#### When to Pay Your Estimated Tax

Generally, you must make your first estimated tax payment by April 17, 2012. You may pay all your estimated tax at that time or in four equal installments on or before April 17, 2012, June 15, 2012, September 17, 2012, and January 16, 2013. Exceptions to this general rule are as follows:

1. Other payment dates. In some cases such as an increase in income, you may have to make your first estimated tax payment after April 17, 2012. The payment dates are then as follows:

If the requirement to pay estimated tax is met after:	Payment date is:	Of the estimated tax due, pay:
March 31 and before June 1	June 15, 2012	1/2
May 31 and before Sept. 1	Sept. 17, 2012.	3/4
August 31	Jan 16 2013	al1

Any remaining payments should be 1/4 of your required annual payment.

2. Your return as a payment. If you file your 2012 income tax return by January 31, 2013, and pay the entire balance due, you do not have to make your last payment of estimated tax due on January 16, 2013.

- **3. Farmers and fishers.** If at least two-thirds of your gross income (joint gross income, if applicable) for 2011 or 2012 is from farming or fishing, you may:
  - pay your 2012 estimated tax in full by January 16, 2013; or
  - file your 2012 income tax return on or before March 1, 2013, and pay the total tax due. In this case, you need not make estimated tax payments for 2012.
- **4. Fiscal year.** If your return is filed on a fiscal year basis, your due dates are the 15th day of the 4th, 6th, and 9th months of your current fiscal year, and the 1st month of the following fiscal year. (**Note**: If any due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, use the next business day.)

### **How to Use Form 1-ES**

for this service.

- 1. If you have a preprinted voucher, make any corrections necessary to your name and address by lining out the incorrect information and printing in the correct information. To obtain personalized Form 1-ES vouchers, visit the department's web site at www.revenue.wi.gov/html/taxforms12.html or call (608) 266-1961.
- 2. Complete the "2012 Estimated Income Tax Worksheet" on page 2 of these instructions. Use your 2011 tax return as a guide, but be sure to consider any law changes for 2012. Law changes are published in the *Wisconsin Tax Bulletin*, which is available on the Internet at: https://www.revenue.wi.gov.
- 3. Fill in the amount from line 14 of the worksheet on the "Amount of Payment" line on Form 1-ES.
- 4. Enclose, but do not staple or attach, your check or money order with Form 1-ES. Make your remittance payable to the Wisconsin Department of Revenue and mail to the address shown on Form 1-ES. To pay online, go to the department's web site at: https://tap.revenue.wi.gov. This is a free service.

  To pay by credit card, call 1-800-2PAY-TAX (1-800-272-9829) or visit www.officialpayments.com. There will be a 2.5% fee charged

If you need help, contact our Customer Service Bureau at (608) 266-2772 or any Department of Revenue office.

#### **How to Amend Your Estimated Tax Payments**

If you have a substantial increase or decrease in your estimated tax liability, your estimated tax payments should be amended.

- Recompute your estimated tax liability on the "2012 Estimated Income Tax Worksheet." Include any estimated tax payments already made for 2012 on line 10 of the worksheet.
- 2. Determine the amount of each remaining installment due:
  - If all 4 installments are being amended, fill in 1/4 of line 11 of the worksheet on each payment youcher.
  - If 3 installments are being amended, fill in 1/2 of line 11 on the first amended voucher and 1/4 of line 11 on each of the last two vouchers.
  - If 2 installments are being amended, fill in 3/4 of line 11 on the first amended voucher and 1/4 of line 11 on the last voucher.
  - If only the last installment is being amended, fill in all of line 11 on the voucher filed.

## **Interest Charge for Failure to Pay Estimated Tax**

If you are required to pay estimated tax and you do not, or you underpay any installment, you are subject to interest on the underpayment amount when you file your 2012 return. Wisconsin Schedule U is used to compute the interest due. The Schedule U instructions provide information on exceptions to the interest charge.

## 2012 Estimated Income Tax Worksheet - Keep for your records - Do not file

1. Fill in the amount of Wisconsin income you expect in 2012. Use your 2011 tax return as a guide					
2. Wisconsin s	tandard deduction and exemptions (see standard deduction schedules l	below)*		. 2.	•
3. Estimated t	exable income (subtract line 2 from line 1)			. 3.	•
	ax (see tax rate schedules below)				•
5. Estimated c	redits (see instructions provided with your 2011 tax return for descript	ions of credits)		. 5.	•
6. Subtract lin	e 5 from line 4			. 6.	•
	Visconsin alternative minimum tax and economic development surchar				•
	and 7				•
9. Required an	nual payment. Fill in amount of line 8 that you are required to pay			. 9.	•
yo	enerally, if you do not prepay at least 90% of your 2012 tax liability or 100% of your umay be subject to interest on the underpayment amount. To avoid this, be sure you you are unsure of your estimate, you may want to pay more than 90% of the amount	ir estimate is as acc	curate as possible.		
10. Wisconsin	ncome tax withheld and estimated to be withheld during 2012			. 10.	•
	btract line 10 from line 9). ( <b>Note</b> : If line 8 less line 10 is less than \$20 ated tax payments.)			. 11.	•
			Install	lments	
12 If four insta	llments are due, enter in each column 1/4 of the amount on line 11.	April 17	June 15	Sept. 17	Jan. 16
If less than	four installments are due, use the instructions for other payment dates on to Pay Your Estimated Tax"	1	June 13	Берг. 17	3411. 10
13. Apply over	payment carried forward from your 2011 tax return				
	to April and carry remainder to June, etc.)				
	amount (subtract line 13 from line 12).				
Fill in here	and on the "Amount of Payment" line on Form 1-ES				

\*Individuals Your exemptions are \$700 for yourself, \$700 for your spouse if filing a joint return, and \$700 for each dependent. Add \$250 to the total if you are 65 years of age or over and, if filing a joint return, add \$250 if your spouse is 65 years of age or over. (Exception: If you are claimed as a dependent on someone else's return, you do not qualify for an exemption.) Estates and Trusts Fill in -0- on line 2. Nonresidents and part-year residents prorate the standard deduction as follows: (1) Figure your standard deduction using your federal adjusted gross income instead of your Wisconsin income, and (2) prorate using the ratio of Wisconsin income to federal adjusted gross income. Exemptions must also be prorated using the same ratio.

#### 2012 Standard Deduction

Schedule for Single Taxpayers							
	nsin income is:	The 2012 S	to a do ad				
If Wiscor		Deduction					
	but	Deduction	or title				
over –	not over –		amount over –				
\$ 0	\$ 14,069	\$ 9,760					
14,069	95,403	9,760	less 12% \$ 14,070				
95,403	or over	0					
Schedule for Head of Household							
If Wiscor	isin income is:	The 2012 S	tandard				
	but	Deduction	is: of the				
over –	not over –		amount over –				
\$ 0	\$ 14,069	\$ 12,610					
14,069	41,174	12,610	less 22.515%\$ 14,070				
41,174	95,403	9,760	less 12%14,070				
95,403	or over	0					
Schedule	for Married Filing Jo	intly					
If Wiscor	sin income is:	The 2012 Standard					
	but	Deduction	is: of the				
over –	not over –		amount over –				
\$ 0	\$ 19,749	\$ 17,580					
19,749	108,637	17,580	less 19.778%\$ 19,750				
108,637	or over	0					
Schedule	for Married Filing Se	parately					
If Wiscon	sin income is:	The 2012 Standard					
	but	Deduction is: of the					
over –	not over –		amount over –				
\$ 0	\$ 9,379	\$ 8,350					
9,379	51,599	8,350	less 19.778%\$ 9,380				
51,599	or over	0					

## 2012 Tax Rate Schedules for Full-Year Residents\*

Schedule A - Single, Head of Household, Estates and Trusts						
If taxable inco	me is:	The 2012				
over –	but not over –	Gross Tax is:	of the amount over –			
\$ 0	\$ 10,570	\$ 4.60%	\$ 0			
10,570	21,130	486.22 + 6.15%	10,570			
21,130	158,500	1,135.66 + 6.50%	21,130			
158,500	232,660	10,064.71 + 6.75%	158,500			
232,660 or ov	er	15,070.51 + 7.75%	232,660			

Schedule B - Married Filing Jointly							
If taxable income is:			The 2012				
over –		but not over –	Gross Tax is:	of the amount over –			
\$ 0		\$ 14,090	\$ 4.60	%\$ 0			
14,090		28,180	648.14 + 6.15	%14,090			
28,180		211,330	1,514.68 + 6.50	%28,180			
211,330		310,210	13,419.43 + 6.75	%211,330			
310,210	or over		20,093.83 + 7.75	%310,210			

Sch	Schedule C - Married Filing Separately									
If ta	If taxable income is:				The 2012					
ove	r –		but not	over –	Gross Tax is:		s:	of the amount over –		
\$	0		\$	7,040	\$		4.60%	\$	0	
1 '	7,040			14,090	1	323.84 +	6.15%		7,040	
14	4,090		1	05,660	1	757.42 +	6.50%	1	4,090	
10:	5,660		1	55,110	6,	709.47 +	6.75%	10	5,660	
15	5,110	or over			10,0	047.34 +	7.75%	15	5,110	

\*Nonresidents and part-year residents must prorate the tax brackets (amounts appearing in the first two columns of the 2012 Tax Rate Schedules) based on the ratio of their Wisconsin income to their federal adjusted gross income. For example, for a single individual the tax brackets are \$10,570, \$10,560, \$137,370, and \$74,160. Assuming the individual has a ratio of 20%, the first \$2,114 (\$10,570 x .20) of taxable income is taxed at 4.6%, the next \$2,112 (\$10,560 x .20) is taxed at 6.15%, the next \$27,474 (\$137,370 x .20) is taxed at 6.5%, the next \$14,832 (\$74,160 x .20) is taxed at 6.75%, and taxable income over \$46,532 is taxed at 7.75%.