

Instructions for 2022 Schedule 4V: Wisconsin Additions to Federal Income

Purpose of Schedule 4V

Corporations complete Schedule 4V to report addition modifications that are needed to account for differences between taxable income under Wisconsin law and under federal law. The corporation files Schedule 4V with its Wisconsin Form 4.

Line-by-Line Instructions

■ **Line 1. Interest Income** – Enter interest income received on state and municipal obligations and any other interest income that is exempt from federal income tax and isn't included in federal taxable income.

Corporations subject to the Wisconsin income tax rather than the franchise tax shouldn't enter interest income on line 1 that is exempt from income tax under both Wisconsin and federal law. This includes interest on the following types of obligations:

- Public housing authority or community development authority bonds issued by municipalities located in Wisconsin
- Wisconsin Housing Finance Authority bonds
- Wisconsin municipal redevelopment authority bonds
- Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority bonds issued on or after December 11, 2003, to fund multifamily affordable housing or elderly housing projects
- Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority bonds issued before January 29, 1987, except business development revenue bonds, economic development revenue bonds, and CHAP housing revenue bonds
- Public housing agency bonds issued before January 29, 1987, by agencies located outside Wisconsin where the interest therefrom qualifies for exemption from federal taxation for a reason other than or in addition to section 103 of the IRC
- Local exposition district bonds
- Wisconsin professional baseball park district bonds
- Bonds issued by the Government of Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands or, for bonds issued after October 16, 2004, the Government of American Samoa
- Local cultural arts district bonds
- Wisconsin professional football stadium bonds
- Wisconsin Aerospace Authority bonds
- Bonds issued on or after October 27, 2007, by the Wisconsin Health and Education Facilities Authority to fund acquisition of information technology hardware or software
- Conduit revenue bonds issued under sec. 66.0304, Wis. Stats., if the bonds or notes are used to fund multifamily affordable housing projects or elderly housing projects in Wisconsin and the Wisconsin Health and Education Facilities Authority has the authority to issue the bonds. The bonds or notes are used by a health facility to fund the acquisition of information technology hardware or software in Wisconsin and the Wisconsin Health and Educational Facilities Authority has the authority to issue the bonds. Bonds or notes issued to fund a redevelopment project or housing project in Wisconsin.
- Bonds issued by the Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority to provide loans to a public affairs network
- Wisconsin Health and Educational Facilities Authority Bonds if the bonds or notes are issued for the benefit of a person who is eligible to receive the proceeds from another entity for the same purpose for which the bonds or notes are issued and the interest income received from the other bonds or notes is exempt from Wisconsin

taxation.

- The bonds or notes are issued to fund a redevelopment project in this state or a housing project in this state, and the authority exists for bonds or notes to be issued by an entity described under s. 66.1201, 66.1333, or 66.1335.
- Bonds or notes issued by the Wisconsin Health and Educational Facilities Authority under sec. 231.03(6), Wis. Stats., if the bonds or notes were issued in an amount totaling \$35 million or less, and the interest income is not otherwise exempt.

■ **Line 2. State Taxes** – Enter taxes imposed by Wisconsin, any other state, and the District of Columbia that are value-added taxes, single business taxes, or taxes on or measured by net income, gross income, gross receipts, or capital stock and that were deducted in computing federal taxable income.

NOTE: The state taxes you add back on line 2 should include all components of the Texas Margins Tax regardless of which computation is used. However, the Ohio Commercial Activity Tax is not required to be added back since it is deductible.

■ **Line 3. Related Entity Expenses** – A corporation must make an addition modification to “add back” expenses attributable to transactions with related parties. The expenses that must be added back include the following, if paid, accrued, or incurred to a related entity:

- Interest expenses
- Rent expenses
- Management fees
- Intangible expenses

Corporations that are partners, members, or beneficiaries of pass-through entities must include on line 3 their share of the pass-through entity’s related entity expenses shown on line 22a of Schedule 3K-1 and line 14a of Schedule 2K-1, as applicable.

NOTE: If the corporation meets one of the specific conditions provided in the Wisconsin Statutes, the corporation may take a subtraction modification on Schedule 4W for some or all of the amount added back on Schedule 4V, line 3. See the instructions for Schedule 4W, line 2 for details.

Definitions Applicable to Line 3. In determining whether an addback of related entity expenses is necessary, the following definitions apply:

“Related entity” – A related person under one of the following sections of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC):

- Section 267(b), which defines relationships through which taxpayers would be considered “related” for purposes of the disallowance of deduction or loss on transactions between related taxpayers
- Section 1563, relating to controlled groups of corporations, which is incorporated into section 267 by reference
- Section 707(b), relating to partners of partnerships, which is also incorporated into section 267 by reference

A “related entity” also includes certain real estate investment trusts (REITs) if they are not “qualified REITs.” For more on qualified REITs, see [Wisconsin Tax Bulletin #158](#), page 17, Questions A2 and A3.

“Interest expenses” – Interest that would otherwise be deductible under section 163 of the IRC and otherwise deductible in the computation of Wisconsin income.

“Rent expenses” – Gross amounts that would otherwise be deductible under the IRC, as modified for Wisconsin purposes, for the use of, or the right to use, real property and tangible personal property in connection with real property, including services rendered in connection with such property, regardless of how reported for financial accounting purposes and regardless of how computed.

“Management fees” – Expenses and costs, not including interest expenses, pertaining to accounts receivable, accounts payable, employee benefit plans, insurance, legal matters, payroll, data processing, purchasing, taxation,

financial matters, securities, accounting, or reporting on compliance matters or similar activities, to the extent that the amounts would otherwise be deductible in determining net income under the IRC as modified for Wisconsin purposes.

“Intangible expenses” – Any of the following, to the extent the amounts would otherwise be deductible in determining net income under the IRC as modified for Wisconsin purposes:

- Expenses, losses, or costs for, related to, or directly or indirectly in connection with, the acquisition, use, maintenance, management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property
- Losses related to, or incurred in connection directly or indirectly with, factoring transactions or discounting transactions
- Royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees
- Licensing fees

If a corporation purchases an amortizable intangible asset from a related entity, the amortization expenses on that asset are considered intangible expenses and should be added back.

Schedule RT Filing Requirement for Amount on Line 3. If the amount a corporation reports on line 3 of Schedule 4V exceeds \$100,000, the corporation must file Schedule RT, *Wisconsin Related Entity Expenses Disclosure Statement*, with its return. However, for corporations using apportionment, you may multiply the amount on line 3 by the apportionment percentage (Form 4, line 8) for purposes of determining whether you meet the \$100,000 threshold for filing Schedule RT.

CAUTION: Don't forget to file Schedule RT if the amount on line 3, multiplied by the amount on Form 4, line 8, is greater than \$100,000.

■ **Line 4. Actual distributions of previously taxed income**— Enter the amount of income distributed this year that was previously taxed on the federal return (e.g., Subpart F income).

■ **Line 5. Expenses Related to Nontaxable Income** – Enter expenses included in federal taxable income that are directly or indirectly related to nontaxable income. Include a schedule with your return showing the payers and amounts of nontaxable income and explaining why that income isn't taxable.

Interest, dividends, and capital gains from the disposition of intangible assets are nontaxable if both of the following are true:

- The operations of the payer are not unitary with those of the payee, and
- The payer and payee are not related as parent company and subsidiary or affiliates and the investment activity from which the income is received is not an integral part of a unitary business.

Income may also be nontaxable under the principles of the U.S. Supreme Court decision in *Allied-Signal v. Director, Div. of Taxation*, 504 U.S. 768 (1992), if the investment is passive and does not serve an operational function.

For corporations subject to the Wisconsin income tax rather than the franchise tax, nontaxable income also includes interest on United States government obligations.

Examples of expenses related to nontaxable income include taxes, interest, and administrative fees related to the production of nontaxable income.

Also enter on this line losses included in federal taxable income from disposing of assets, if gains from disposing those assets would have been nontaxable income if the assets were disposed of at a gain.

■ **Line 6. Basis, Section 179, Depreciation Differences** –

Difference in federal and Wisconsin basis of depreciated or amortized assets:

Enter the amount by which the federal deduction for depreciation or amortization exceeds the Wisconsin deduction for depreciation or amortization. Include a schedule showing the computation details. These differences can happen

because of IRC sections not adopted for Wisconsin purposes and electing a different depreciation method under the Internal Revenue Code in effect for Wisconsin purposes. For further information about the differences between federal and Wisconsin basis and depreciation, see the section titled *Conformity with Internal Revenue Code and Exceptions* in the Form 4 instructions, as applicable.

Section 179 expenses:

For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, sections 179, 179A, 179B, 179C, 179D, and 179E of the Internal Revenue Code, related to expensing of depreciable business assets, apply for Wisconsin tax purposes. "Internal Revenue Code" means the federal Internal Revenue Code in effect for the year in which the property is placed in service.

For further information about the differences between the limitations for federal and Wisconsin purposes, see the section titled *Conformity with Internal Revenue Code and Exceptions* in the Form 4 instructions.

Depreciation/Amortization:

Enter the amount by which the federal deduction for depreciation or amortization exceeds the Wisconsin deduction. Include a schedule showing the computation details.

These differences can happen because of IRC sections not adopted for Wisconsin purposes and because of differences that existed between Wisconsin and federal law for assets placed in service before January 1, 1987.

For 2014 and beyond, bonus depreciation was reinstated by the federal government, and an adjustment is required to account for the depreciation difference because Wisconsin has not adopted federal bonus depreciation provisions. For Wisconsin purposes, depreciation, depletion, and amortization is computed based on the Internal Revenue Code in effect on 01 January 1, 2014, and bonus depreciation was not in effect on that date.

■ **Line 7. Amount by Which the Federal Basis of Assets Disposed of Exceeds the Wisconsin Basis** – Enter the amount by which the federal basis of assets disposed of exceeds the Wisconsin basis. If more than one asset is disposed of, you may combine the bases of the assets so that you need only one entry on this line. Include a schedule showing the computation details.

For example, assume a corporation sold the following assets during the current taxable year:

	Federal Basis	Wisconsin Basis	Difference
Equipment	\$1,500	\$500	\$1,000
Machinery	1,000	2,000	(1,000)
Building	20,000	10,000	10,000
Totals	\$22,500	\$12,500	\$10,000

The amount to enter on Schedule 4V, line 7, would be \$10,000. If the Wisconsin bases of the assets had exceeded the federal bases, an entry would be made on Schedule 4W, line 11, instead.

The modification on line 7 may also apply in cases where a parent corporation disposes of subsidiary stock for which the basis is determined under Treas. Reg. §1.1502-32. See sec. Tax 2.61(6)(f), Wisconsin Administrative Code, for details.

■ **Line 8. Addition for Credits Computed** – Enter the total amount of credits computed from the list below if you computed any on your 2022 return. Note: The manufacturing and agriculture credit is the credit computed in 2021.

- **Line 8a.** Business development credit (Schedule BD)
- **Line 8b.** Community rehabilitation program credit (Schedule CM)
- **Line 8c.** Development zones credits (Schedule DC)
- **Line 8d.** Economic development credit (Schedule ED)
- **Line 8e.** Electronics and information technology manufacturing zone credit (Schedule EIT)

- **Line 8f.** Employee college savings account contribution credit (Schedule ES)
- **Line 8g.** Enterprise zone jobs credit (Schedule EC)
- **Line 8h.** Farmland preservation credit (Schedule FC or Schedule FC-A)
- **Line 8i.** Jobs tax credit (Schedule JT)
- **Line 8j.** Manufacturing investment credit (Schedule MI)
- **Line 8k.** Manufacturing and agriculture credit (2021 Schedule MA-M and MA-A)
- **Line 8l.** Research credits (Schedule R)
- **Line 8m.** Reserved for Future Use – Do not enter an amount on this line.
- **Line 9. Special Additions for Insurance Companies** – If the corporation is an insurance company, you must complete Schedule 4I to account for addition modifications that are unique to insurance companies. Enter the total from Schedule 4I, line 4 on Schedule 4V, line 9.
- **Line 10. Other Additions** – Enter any other additions to federal income. These could include:
 - Federal **capital loss carryovers** (if previously deducted for Wisconsin).
 - Adjustments required as a result of **changes made to the Internal Revenue Code which don't apply for Wisconsin**. For Wisconsin, the Internal Revenue Code means the federal Internal Revenue Code as of December 31, 2020, with the following exceptions.

Provisions of the Internal Revenue Code Not Adopted by Wisconsin include:

- Section 13113 of P.L. 103-66, which created sec. 1202 of the IRC effective for small business stock issued after August 10, 1993.
- Sections 1, 3, 4, and 5 of P.L. 106-519, which repealed foreign sales corporation provisions and replaced with extraterritorial income provisions.
- Sections 101, 102, and 422 of P.L. 108-357, which repealed the exclusion for extraterritorial income, domestic production activities deduction, and the creation of sec. 965 – incentives to reinvest foreign earnings in the U.S.
- Sections 1310 and 1351 of P.L. 109-58, which provides for the modification to special rules for nuclear decommissioning costs, repeal of the limitation on contract research expenses paid so small businesses, universities, and federal laboratories.
- Section 11146 of P.L. 109-59, the tax treatment of state ownership of railroad real estate investment trust.
- Section 403(q) of P.L. 109-135, which provides incentives to reinvest foreign earnings from controlled foreign corporations in the U.S.
- Section 513 of P.L. 109-222, which repeals foreign sales corporation/extraterritorial income exclusion binding contract relief.
- Sections 104 and 307 of P.L. 109-432, which increases the rates of the alternative incremental credit and provides a new alternative simplified credit and that gross income does not include an IRA distribution used to fund an HSA.
- Sections 8233 and 8235 of P.L. 110-28, which created a special rule for banks required to change from the reserve method of accounting in becoming tax-option (S) corporations and the elimination of all earnings and profits attributable to pre-1983 years.
- Section 11(e) and (g) of P.L. 110-172, which provides clerical amendments to research credits for controlled corporations and common control, and clerical amendments to the FSC Repeal and Extraterritorial Income Exclusion Act of 2000.
- Section 301 of P.L. 110-245, which provides for tax responsibilities of expatriation.
- Section 15351 of P.L. 110-246, limits the amount of farm losses that may offset non-farming business income to \$300,000.
- Section 302 of division A, section 401 of division B, and sections 312, 322, 502(c), 707, and 801 of division C of P.L. 110-343, which limits executive compensation for employers participating in troubled assets relief program for the taxable year in which the troubled assets exceed \$300,000,000. Caps the domestic production activities deduction at 6% for oil-related activities. The deduction for income attributable to

domestic production activities in Puerto Rico applies to the first 8 taxable years beginning before January 1, 2010. Tax incentives for investment in the District of Columbia includes exclusion for gain on sale of an asset held from more than 5 years. Defines wages for purposes of the domestic production activities deduction. Creates sec. 198A to provide for expensing of disaster expenses for control of hazardous substances. Specifies treatment of nonqualified deferred compensation plans maintained by foreign corporations.

- Sections 1232, 1241, 1251, 1501, and 1502 of division B of P.L. 111-5, which suspends the special rules for original issue discount on high yield obligations issued during the period 9/1/2008 and 12/31/2009. Allows a 75% exclusion for small business stock issued between 1/17/2009 and 12/31/2009. Provides that no built-in-gain tax is imposed on a tax-option (S) Corporation for a taxable year beginning in 2009 and 2010 if the seventh taxable year in the corporation's recognition period preceded such taxable year. Tax-exempt obligations held by financial institutions, in an amount not to exceed 2 percent of the adjusted basis of the financial institution's assets, are not taken into account for determining the portion of the financial institutions interest expense subject to the pro rata interest disallowance rule of sec. 265(b). Modification of the small insurer exception to tax-exempt interest expense allocation rules for financial institutions.
- Sections 211, 212, 213, 214, and 216 of P.L. 111-226, which adopts a matching rule to prevent the separation of foreign taxes from the associated foreign income, denies a foreign tax credit for the disqualified portion of any foreign income tax paid in connection with a covered asset acquisition, provides a separate application of foreign tax credit limitation to items resourced under treaties, limits the amount of foreign taxes deemed paid with respect to sec. 956 inclusions, treats a foreign corporation as a member of an affiliated group for interest allocation and apportionment purposes in more than 50% of gross income is effectively connected income and at least 80% of either the vote or value of all outstanding stock is owned directly or indirectly by members of the affiliated group.
- Sections 2011 and 2122 of P.L. 111-240, which provides a 100% exclusion for the gain on the sale of small business stock acquired after 9/27/2010 and before 1/1/2011 and clarifies the income sourcing rules for guarantee fees.
- Sections 753, 754, and 760 of P.L. 111-312, which excludes 60% of the gain on the sale of small business stock in an empowerment zone business to gain attributable to periods before 1/1/2016, specifies that gross income does not include gain on stock acquired before 1/1/2012 and held for more than 5 years, and excludes the gain on sale of small business stock acquired in 2011.
- Section 1106 of P.L. 112-95, which allows airline employees to contribute airline payment amounts under a bankruptcy claim to a traditional IRA as a rollover contribution.
- Sections 104, 318, 322, 323, 324, 326, 327, and 411 of P.L. 112-240, which makes the alternative minimum tax exemption permanent and indexed for inflation, extends through 2013 the deduction with respect to income attributable to domestic production activities in Puerto Rico, extends the subpart F exception for active financing income, extends the look-thru treatment of payments between related controlled foreign corporations under foreign personal holding company, provides 100% exclusion for gain on small business stock acquired in 2012 and 2013, extends through 2013 the reduction in tax-option (S) Corporation built-in gains tax and clarifies treatment of installment sales, provides a 60% exclusion for gain on small business stock acquired before 2019, and extends through 2013 the rules that allow gain certain sales of electric transmission property to be recognized ratably over 8 taxable years.
- Public Law. 114-7, relating to contributions for relief of slain New York Police Detectives.
- Section 1101 of P.L. 114-74 relating to partnership rules.
- Section 305 of division P of P.L. 114-113, relating to the transportation costs of independent refiners.
- Sections 123, 125-128, 143, 144, 151-153, 165-167, 169-171, 189, 191, 307, 326, and 411 of division Q of P.L. 114-113:
 - Section 123, relating to extension of 15-year straight-line cost recovery for qualified leasehold improvements, qualified restaurant buildings and improvements, and qualified retail improvements
 - Section 125, relating to the extension of treatment of certain dividends of regulated investment companies.
 - Section 126, relating to the extension of exclusion of 100 percent of gain on certain small business stock.
 - Section 127, relating to the extension of reduction in S-corporation recognition period for built-in gains tax.
 - Section 128, relating to the extension of subpart F exception for active financing income.
 - Section 143, relating to the extension and modification of bonus depreciation.
 - Section 144, relating to the extension of look-thru treatment of payments between related controlled

- foreign corporations under foreign personal holding company rules.
- Section 151, relating to the extension and modification of exclusion from gross income of discharge of qualified principal residence indebtedness.
 - Section 152, relating to the extension of mortgage insurance premiums treated as qualified residence interest.
 - Section 153, relating to the extension of above-the-line deduction for qualified tuition and related expenses.
 - Section 165, relating to the extension of classification of certain race horses as 3-year property.
 - Section 166, relating to the extension of 7-year recovery period for motorsports entertainment complexes.
 - Section 167, relating to the extension and modification of accelerated depreciation for business property on an Indian reservation.
 - Section 169, relating to the extension of special expensing rules for certain film and television productions; special expensing for live theatrical productions.
 - Section 170, relating to the extension of deduction allowable with respect to income attributable to domestic production activities in Puerto Rico.
 - Section 171, relating to the extension and modification of empowerment zone tax incentives.
 - Section 189, relating to the extension of special allowance for second generation biofuel plant property.
 - Section 191, relating to the extension of special rule for sales or dispositions to implement FERC or State electric restructuring policy for qualified electric utilities.
 - Section 307, relating to the technical amendment relating to rollover of certain airline payment amounts.
 - Section 326, relating to the dividends derived from RICs and REITs ineligible for deduction for United States source portion of dividends from certain foreign corporations.
 - Section 411, relating to the partnership audit rules.
- Sections 11011, 11012, 13201 (a) to (e) and (g), 13206, 13221, 13301, 13304 (a), (b), and (d), 13531, 13601, 13801, 14101, 14102, 14103, 14201, 14202, 14211, 14212, 14213, 14214, 14215, 14221, 14222, 14301, 14302, 14304, and 14401 of P.L. 115-97:
 - Section 11011, relating to the 20% deduction for domestic qualified business income.
 - Section 11012, relating to the limitation on losses for taxpayers other than corporations.
 - Section 13201 (a) to (e) and (g), relating to the temporary 100% expensing for certain business assets (bonus depreciation).
 - Section 13206, relating to the amortization of research and experimental expenditures beginning in 2022.
 - Section 13221, relating to special rules for the taxable year of inclusion.
 - Section 13301, relating to the 30% taxable income limitation for the deduction of interest.
 - Section 13304(a), (b), and (d) relating to the limit on the deduction by employers of fringe benefits (meals, entertainment, and transportation).
 - Section 13531, relating to the limitation on deductions for FDIC premiums.
 - Section 13601, relating to the modification of the limitation on excessive employee remuneration.
 - Section 13801, relating to the production period for beer, wine, and distilled spirits.
 - Section 14101, relating to the deduction for the foreign-source portion of dividends received by domestic corporations from specified 10% owned foreign corporations.
 - Section 14102, relating to the special rules for sale or transfers involving specified 10% owned foreign corporations.
 - Section 14103, relating to the treatment of deferred foreign income upon transition to a participation exemption system of taxation.
 - Section 14201, relating to the current year global intangible low-taxed income by U.S. shareholders.
 - Section 14202, relating to the deduction for foreign derived intangible income and global intangible low-taxed income.
 - Section 14211, relating to the elimination of the inclusion of foreign base company oil related income.
 - Section 14212, relating to the repeal of the inclusion based on withdrawal of previously excluded subpart

- F income from qualified investment.
- Section 14213, relating to the modification of stock attribution rules for determining the status as a controlled foreign corporation.
- Section 14214, relating to the modification of the definition of a U.S. shareholder.
- Section 14215, relating to the elimination of the requirement that a corporation must be controlled for 30 days before the subpart F inclusions apply.
- Section 14221, relating to the limitations on income shifting through intangible property transfers.
- Section 14222, relating to certain related party amounts paid or accrued in hybrid transactions or with hybrid entities.
- Section 14301, relating to the repeal of section 902 – indirect foreign tax credits, and determination of the deemed paid credit for subpart F inclusions under sec. 960 on a current year basis.
- Section 14302, relating to the separate foreign tax credit limitation basket for foreign branch income.
- Section 14304, relating to the election to increase the percentage of domestic taxable income offset by the overall domestic loss treated as foreign source.
- Section 14401, relating to the base erosion anti-abuse tax.
- Sections 40304, 40305, 40306, and 40412 of P.L. 115-123:
 - Section 40304, relating to the extension of classification of certain race horses as 3-year property.
 - Section 40305, relating to the extension of 7-year recovery period for motor-sports entertainment complexes.
 - Section 40306, relating to the extension of accelerated depreciation for business property on an Indian reservation.
 - Section 40412, relating to the extension of special allowance for second generation biofuel plant property.
- Section 101 (c) of division T of P.L. 115-141, relating to the application of section 199 to certain qualified payments paid after 2017 for payments received by a patron from a specified agricultural or horticultural cooperative for qualified production activities income
- Sections 101 (d) and (e), 102, 201 to 207, 301, 302, and 401 (a) (47) and (195), (b) (13), (17), (22) and (30), and (d) (1) (D) (v), (vi), and (xiii) and (xvii) (II) of division U of P.L. 115-141:
 - Sections 101 (d) and (e) and 102, relating to technical corrections to bonus depreciation, alternative minimum tax requirements for qualified Indian reservation property, and qualified production activities income made by the Protecting Americans from Tax Hikes Act of 2015 and the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2016.
 - Sections 201 to 207 relating to partnership audit rules.
 - Sections 301 and 302, relating to amendments to regulatory requirements for partnership returns and the definition of qualified small power production facilities made by the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2015 and the Energy Policy Act of 2005.
 - Section 401 (a) (47) and (195), (b) (13), (17), (22) and (30), and (d) (1) (D) (v), (vi), and (xiii) and (xvii) (II), relating to clerical corrections and deadwood-related provisions to the following: exempt facility bonds, tax-exempt enterprise zone facility bonds, the special allowance for qualified disaster assistance property, reducing the dividends received deduction where portfolio stock is debt financed, exemption from tax on corporations, certain trusts, etc., requirements of domestic international sales corporations, dividends received by corporations, rules applied to deductions for dividends received, the foreign tax credit, and dividends received by corporations.
- Sections 104, 114, 115, 116, 130, and 145 of division Q of P.L. 116-94.
 - Section 104, relating to the deduction of qualified tuition and related expenses.
 - Section 114, relating to the classification of certain race horses as 3-year property.
 - Section 115, relating to the 7-year recovery period for motorsports entertainment complexes.
 - Section 116, relating to the accelerated depreciation for business property on Indian reservations.
 - Section 130, relating to special allowance for second generation biofuel plant property.
 - Section 145, relating to look-thru rule for related controlled foreign corporations.
- Sections 2304 and 2306 of P.L. 116-136:
 - Section 2304, relating to the modification of limitations on losses for taxpayers other than corporations.
 - Section 2306, relating to the modifications of limitation on business interest.
- Sections 111, 114, 115, 116, 118 (a) and (d), 133, 137, 138, and 210 of division EE of P.L. 116-260.
 - Section 111, relating to the look-thru rule for related controlled foreign corporations.

- Section 114, relating to the exclusion from gross income of discharge of qualified principal residence indebtedness.
- Section 115, relating to the 7-year recovery period for motorsports entertainment complexes.
- Section 116, relating to the expensing rules for certain productions.
- Section 118 (a) and (d), relating to empowerment zone tax incentives.
- Section 133, relating to the treatment of mortgage insurance premiums as qualified residence interest.
- Section 137, relating to the classification of certain race horses as 3-year property.
- Section 138, relating to the accelerated depreciation for business property on Indian reservations.
- Section 210, relating to temporary allowance of full deduction for business meals.

Note: Changes made by the following public laws **apply** for Wisconsin purposes for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020:

- Sections 20101, 20102, 20104, 20201, 40201, 40202, 40203, 40308, 40309, 40311, 40414, 41101, 41107, 41114, 41115, and 41116 of P.L. [115-123](#).
 - Section 20101, relating to the definition of the California wildfire disaster zone.
 - Section 20102(d), relating to amendments to any plan or annuity contract as a result of the California wildfires.
 - Section 20104(a), relating to charitable contributions made as a result of the California wildfires.
 - Section 20104(b), relating to the increased personal casualty loss due to the California wildfires.
 - Section 20201(a), relating to a change in the date a major disaster has been declared by the President.
 - Section 20201(b), relating to the modification of secs. 280C(a), 51(i)(1), and 52, IRC.
 - Section 40308, relating to the December 31, 2017 date extension for special expensing rules.
 - Section 40311, relating to the December 31, 2017 date extension for the empowerment zone tax incentives.
 - Section 40414, relating to the December 31, 2017 date extension for the special rule for sales or dispositions to implement FERC or state electric restructuring policy for qualified electric utilities
 - Section 41101, relating to references to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
 - Section 41107, relating to the expansion of deductions for attorney fees and court costs paid by, or on behalf of, a taxpayer in connection with a reward to include rewards under section 21F of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, a State false claims act, including a State false claims act with qui tam provisions, and section 23 of the Commodity Exchange Act.
 - Section 41114, relating to new rules for amounts that may be distributed upon hardship of the employee. Under the rules, a distribution is not treated as failing to be made upon the hardship of an employee solely because the employee did not take any available loan under the plan.
 - Section 41115, relating to each population census tract in Puerto Rico that is a low-income community shall be deemed to be certified and designated as a qualified opportunity zone, effective on December 22, 2017.
 - Section 41116, relating to tax homes in foreign countries. Under the act, an individual shall not be treated as having a tax home in a foreign country for any period for which their abode is within the United States, unless the individual is serving in an area designated by the President of the United State by Executive order as a combat zone for purposes of section 112 in support of the Armed Forces of the United States.
- Section 101 (a), (b), and (h) of division U of P.L. [115-141](#):
 - Section 101(b), relating to the repeal of the transit/vanpooling base-year rule.
- Section 1203 of P.L. [116-25](#), relating to reviews by the Tax Court regarding equitable relief from joint

liability. The act provides a limitation for requests for equitable relief that requires the request be made before the expiration of section 6502 if the liability has not been paid, or within the time in which a timely claim for refund or credit of such payment if the liability has been paid.

- Section 1122 of P.L. [116-92](#), relating to the addition of section 207 of the Congressional Accountability Act of 1995 in title 2 of the Internal Revenue Code, *Rights and Protections Relating to Criminal History Inquiries*, to the list of acts considered unlawful for purposes of the definition of unlawful discrimination.
- Section 301 of division O, section 1302 of division P, and sections 101, 102, 103, 117, 118, 132, 201, 202 (a), (b), and (c), 204 (a), (b), and (c), 301, and 302 of division Q of P.L. [116-94](#):
 - Section 301 of division O, relating to the one-year reinstatement for exclusions for qualified state or local tax benefits and qualified reimbursement payments provided to members of qualified volunteer emergency response organizations and increases the exclusion for qualified reimbursement payments to \$50 for each month during which a volunteer performs services.
 - Section 117 of division Q, relating to the extension of the special expensing rules for certain productions to December 31, 2020.
 - Section 118 of division Q, relating to the extension of the empowerment zone tax incentives to December 31, 2020.
 - Section 132 of division Q, relating to the extension of the special rule for sales or dispositions to implement FERC or state restructuring policy for qualified electric utilities to December 31, 2020.
 - Section 201 of division Q, relating to the definitions of a qualified disaster area, qualified disaster zone, qualified disaster, and incident period.
 - Section 202(c) of division Q, relating to loans made during the 180-day period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act, for a qualified individual, up to \$100,000 may be borrowed from a qualified employer plan. Any required payment due date for outstanding loans may be delayed for a year.
 - Section 204(a) of division Q, relating to allowing qualified charitable contributions to the extent that the aggregate of such contributions does not exceed the excess of the taxpayer's contribution base (for individuals) or the taxpayer's taxable income (for corporations) over the amount of all other charitable contributions. The contributions must be made beginning on January 1, 2018, and ending on the date which is 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, for relief efforts in one or more qualified disaster areas.
 - Section 301 of division Q, relating to the modification to the definition of income used to determine the tax-exempt status of a mutual or cooperative telephone or electric company to exclude certain government grants, contributions, and assistance.
 - Section 302 of division Q, relating to the repeal of the increase in unrelated business taxable income for certain fringe benefit expenses.
- Section 2(a) of P.L. [116-98](#), relating to cash contributions made for the relief of the families of the dead or wounded victims of the mass shooting in Virginia Beach, VA on May 31, 2019, are treated as charitable contributions even if the contribution is for the exclusive benefit of the families.
- Section 2(b) of P.L. [116-98](#), relating to payments made on or after May 31, 2019, and on or before June 1, 2021, to the spouse or any dependent of the dead or wounded victims of the mass shooting in Virginia Beach, VA on May 31, 2019, by an organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) of the IRC is treated as related to the purpose or function constituting the basis for the organization's exemption, and is not treated as inuring to the benefit of any private individual if such payments are made in good faith using a reasonable and objective formula which is consistently applied with respect to such victims.
- Sections 301, 302, and 304 of division EE of P.L. [116-260](#):
 - Section 301(1) of division EE, relating to the term "qualified disaster area" means any area with respect to which a major disaster was declared, during the period beginning on January 1, 2020, and ending on the date which is 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act under section 401 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act if the incident period of the disaster with respect to which such declaration is made begins on or after December 28, 2019, and on or before the

date of the enactment of this Act. This term does not include disasters declared due to COVID-19.

- Section 301(2) of division EE, relating to the term "qualified disaster zone" means that portion of any qualified disaster area which was determined by the President, during the period beginning on January 1, 2020, and ending on the date which is 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to warrant individual or individual and public assistance by reason of the qualified disaster with respect to such disaster area.
 - Section 301(3) of division EE, relating to the term "qualified disaster means, with respect to any qualified disaster area, the disaster by reason of which a major disaster was declared with respect to such area.
 - Section 301(4) of division EE, relating to the term "incident period" means, with respect to any qualified disaster, the period specified by FEMA as the period during which such disaster occurred.
 - Section 302(d) of division EE, relating to amendments to any plan or annuity contract.
 - Section 304(a) of division EE, providing that qualified charitable contributions are allowed by corporations to the extent that the aggregate of such contributions does not exceed the excess of 100% of the taxpayer's taxable income over the amount of all other charitable contributions and by treating charitable contributions other than qualified disaster relief contributions as contributions allowed under section 170(b)(2) of the IRC. The limitation of 25% for corporations shall be applied first to qualified contributions without regard to any qualified disaster relief contributions and then separately to such qualified disaster relief contribution. The contributions must be made beginning on January 1, 2020, and ending on the date which is 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and is made for relief efforts in one or more qualified disaster areas.
- Adjustments required as a result of making **different elections for Wisconsin and federal purposes**. See page 8 of Wisconsin Tax Bulletin [214](#).
 - **Separately stated items of income and adjustments** for differences between the federal and Wisconsin treatment of any items of an S corporation that opts out of Wisconsin tax-option status.
 - **Moving expenses**, as defined in s. 71.01 (8j), paid or incurred during the taxable year to move the taxpayer's Wisconsin business operation, in whole or in part, to a location outside the state or to move the taxpayer's business operations outside the United States may not be deducted as provided under the Internal Revenue Code.
 - **Entity-Level Tax Election Made by a Partnership** – If the corporation is a partner in a partnership that makes the entity level tax election, make an adjustment to remove the items of income, gain, loss, or deduction that were included in federal taxable income before net operating loss and special deductions. If the partnership makes the election, the box on Schedule 3K-1, Part C, box 3 will be checked. Include a copy of the Schedule 3K-1 and all supplemental schedules with your return.

CAUTION: Do not enter additions on line 10 that are specifically designated on lines 1-9 above. For example, if a depreciation adjustment is passed through from a partnership on Schedule 3K-1, enter the amount on Schedule 4V, line 6, not on line 10.

Additional Information and Assistance

Web Resources.

The Department of Revenue's web page, available at revenue.wi.gov, has a number of resources to provide additional information and assistance, including:

- Related [forms](#) and their instructions
- [Common questions](#)
- [Publications](#) on specific tax topics
- The [Wisconsin Tax Bulletin](#)
- A home page specifically for [combined reporting topics](#)
- Links to the [Wisconsin Statutes and Administrative Code](#)

Contact Information.

If you cannot find the answer to your question in the resources available on the Department of Revenue's web page, contact the Department using any of the following methods:

- E-mail your question to DORFranchise@wisconsin.gov
- Call (608) 266-2772
(Telephone help is also available using TTY equipment. Call the Wisconsin Telecommunications Relay System at 711 or, if no answer, (800) 947-3529. These numbers are to be used only when calling with TTY equipment.)
- Send a fax to (608) 267-0834
- Write to the Audit Bureau, Wisconsin Department of Revenue, Mail Stop 3-107, PO Box 8906, Madison, WI 53708-8906

Applicable Laws and Rules

This document provides statements or interpretations of the following laws and regulations in effect as of November 3, 2022: Chapter 71 Wis. Stats., and Chapter Tax 2, Wis. Adm. Code