

## Instructions for 2021 Schedule A-07: Wisconsin Apportionment Percentage for Interstate Air Carriers

### Purpose of Schedule A-07

Interstate air carriers required to use apportionment must use the factor prescribed in sec. Tax [2.46](#), Wisconsin Administrative Code.

### Line-by-Line Instructions

#### Share of Apportionment Factors

Partnerships, corporations, and tax-option (S) corporations must generally include their share of the numerator and denominator of the partnership's apportionment factors in the numerator and denominator of their apportionment factors. Include these amounts using the Wisconsin apportionment Schedules A-01 through A-11, as appropriate.

■ **Line 1. Aircraft Arrivals and Departures** – For the Wisconsin column, enter the aircraft arrivals and departures within Wisconsin scheduled by the carrier during the calendar or fiscal year.

For the Total Company column, enter the total aircraft arrivals and departures within and without Wisconsin scheduled by the carrier during the same period.

In the case of nonscheduled operations, all arrivals and departures are substituted for scheduled arrivals and departures.

■ **Line 5. Revenue Tons** – For the Wisconsin column, enter the revenue tons handled by the carrier at airports within Wisconsin during the calendar or fiscal year.

For the Total Company column, enter the total revenue tons handled at airports within and without Wisconsin during the same period.

■ **Line 9. Originating Revenue** – For the Wisconsin column, include the air carrier's revenue received from the transportation of revenue passengers and property first emplaning within Wisconsin.

For the Total Company column, include the air carrier's revenue received from the transportation of revenue passengers and property everywhere.

■ **Line 13. Apportionment Percentage** (separate return filers and pass-through entities) – Add lines 4, 8, and 12. **Fill all spaces to the right of the decimal point.** Round to the nearest ten-thousandth of a percent (for example, 12.3456%). See the instructions of the tax form you are filing (Form 1NPR, 2, 3, 4, 4T, 5S, or 6) for how to report and use this percentage.

### Conversion to Modified Sales Factor (combined return filers only)

Combined return filers complete lines 14 through 23 to compute the “modified sales factor” that will determine their Wisconsin share of combined unitary income.

■ **Line 14. Sales Factor Amounts** – Enter the total company sales for each line.

■ **Line 16. Intercompany Sales** (*Combined Group Members Only*) – Any sales made between members of the same combined group (“intercompany sales”), either directly or through interests in a pass-through entity, must be excluded from the amounts you entered on lines 14a through 14l.

Report the excluded amount of intercompany sales on line 16. If you already excluded these intercompany sales from the amounts you entered on lines 14a through 14l, do not enter any amounts on line 16.

Following are additional details about intercompany transactions that involve pass-through entities. For additional information, refer to sec. Tax 2.61(7)(e), Wisconsin Administrative Code.

**Sales to Pass-Through Entities Owned by Combined Group Members.** If a combined group member makes a sale to a pass-through entity which is more than 50 percent owned, directly or indirectly, by members of the combined group, the member must eliminate an amount equal to the gross receipts of the sale multiplied by the sum of all combined group members' interests in the pass-through entity as of the date of the sale. The examples below illustrate:

*Example 1:* Combined Group LM consists of Member L and Member M. L owns a 40% interest in Partnership P. M owns a 60% interest in Partnership P. On March 1, 2021, L sells a widget to Partnership P for \$10,000, and this sale is includable in Group LM's combined unitary income. In its computation of apportionment factors for 2021, L must subtract an amount of \$10,000 ( $= \$10,000 \times (40\% + 60\%)$ ) from its sales factor denominator and, if applicable, from its numerator.

*Example 2:* Assume the same facts as Example 1, except that Member L owns a 25% interest and M owns a 50% interest in Partnership P. In its computation of apportionment factors for 2021, L must subtract an amount of \$7,500 ( $= \$10,000 \times (25\% + 50\%)$ ) from its sales factor denominator and, if applicable, from its numerator.

**Sales by Pass-Through Entities Owned by Combined Group Members.** If a pass-through entity makes a sale to a combined group member and more than 50 percent of the pass-through entity is directly or indirectly owned by members of the combined group, each member with an interest in the pass-through entity must subtract from its sales factor numerator and denominator any amount that would otherwise be included attributable to the sale. The example below illustrates:

*Example:* Combined Group ST consists of Member S and Member T. S owns a 20% interest in Partnership R. T owns an 80% interest in Partnership R. On October 1, 2021, Partnership R sells a widget to S for \$20,000, and this sale is includable in Group ST's combined unitary income. In its computation of apportionment factors for 2021, S must subtract an amount of \$4,000 ( $= \$20,000 \times 20\%$ ) from its sales factor denominator and, if applicable, from its numerator. Similarly, T must subtract an amount of \$16,000 ( $= \$20,000 \times 80\%$ ) from its sales factor denominator and, if applicable, from its numerator.

■ **Line 17. Sales Excluded from Combined Unitary Income** (*Combined Group Members Only*) – If you reported an amount on Form 6, Part II, line 6 for separately apportioned income, you must exclude the sales attributable to that amount from the numerator and denominator of the sales factor, as applicable. Report the excluded amount of these sales on line 17. However, if you already excluded these sales from the amounts you entered on lines 14a through 14l, do not enter any amounts on line 17.

See the instructions to Form N, *Wisconsin Nonapportionable, Separately Accounted, and Separately Apportioned Income*, for further details on how to report and apportion separately apportioned income.

■ **Line 20. Sales Previously Deferred** (*Combined Group Members Only*) – If a combined group member made a sale to another member of the combined group in a prior taxable year and gain or loss on the transaction was deferred under the provisions of sec. 71.255(4)(g), Wis. Stats., the selling member must include the gross receipts from the sale in its sales factor in the year the gain or loss is recognized, to the extent those gross receipts are otherwise includable in the sales factor.

**NOTE:** Section 71.255(4)(g), Wis. Stats., provides that the intercompany deferral provisions of Treas. Reg. §1.1502-13 apply to a combined group similarly to how they apply to a consolidated group for federal purposes. See the instructions to Form 6, Part I, line 33, for details.

Report the gross receipts corresponding to any income recognized under sec. 71.255(4)(g), Wis. Stats., on line 20. If you already included these receipts in the amounts you entered on lines 14a through 14l, do not enter any amounts on line 20.

Under sec. Tax 2.61(7)(d), Wisconsin Administrative Code, special sourcing rules apply to amounts reported on line 20. If a combined group member sells an item or service to another combined group member and the purchaser subsequently resells it to a third party outside of the group, the situs of both sales is determined based on the situs of the sale from the purchasing member to the third party. Also, the purchasing member must exclude from its apportionment factors the amount the selling member already included attributable to that same item or service. The example below illustrates:

*Example:*

Combined Group YZ consists of Member Y and Member Z. Group YZ is on a calendar year. On December 30, 2020, Y sells a widget with a cost of \$400 to Z, for \$600. Y ships the widget to Z's warehouse in Wisconsin. On January 30, 2021, Z resells the widget to Q, an unrelated third party, for \$700. Z ships the widget to Q's headquarters in Illinois. Assume both the sale by Y and the sale by Z are includable in combined unitary income, and assume that Z has nexus in Illinois.

In 2020, Y did not recognize any gain on the sale to Z because the gain was deferred under the provisions of sec. 71.255(4)(g), Wis. Stats. Since the gain on the sale was not recognized, Y cannot include the \$600 sale in its apportionment factors for 2020.

In 2021, Y must include its \$200 of gain on the sale to Z ( $= \$600 - \$400$ ) in combined unitary income. Y must also include the sale amount of \$600 in its sales factor denominator for 2021. Z must include its \$100 gain on the sale to Q ( $= \$700 - \$600$ ) in combined unitary income for 2021. However, since \$600 of Z's sales price has already been included in Y's sales factor, Z may only include the remaining \$100 of the sale amount in its sales factor denominator. Neither Y nor Z include these amounts in their sales factor numerators since both sales are deemed to have a situs in Illinois where Group YZ has nexus.

## Additional Information and Assistance

### Web Resources

The Department of Revenue's web page, available at [revenue.wi.gov](http://revenue.wi.gov), has a number of resources to provide additional information and assistance, including:

- Related [forms](#) and their instructions
- [Common questions](#)
- [Publications](#) on specific tax topics
- The [Wisconsin Tax Bulletin](#)
- A home page specifically for [combined reporting topics](#)
- Links to the [Wisconsin Statutes and Administrative Code](#)

### Contact Information

If you cannot find the answer to your question in the resources available on the Department of Revenue's web page, contact the Department using any of the following methods:

- E-mail your question to: [DORFranchise@wisconsin.gov](mailto:DORFranchise@wisconsin.gov)
- Call (608) 266-2772

(Telephone help is also available using TTY equipment. Call the Wisconsin Telecommunications Relay

System at 711 or, if no answer, (800) 947-3529. These numbers are to be used only when calling with TTY equipment.)

- Send a fax to (608) 267-0834
- Write to the Audit Bureau, Wisconsin Department of Revenue, Mail Stop 3-107, PO Box 8906, Madison, WI 53708-8906

#### **Applicable Laws and Rules**

This document provides statements or interpretations of the following laws and regulations in effect as of November 1, 2021: Chapter 71 Wis. Stats., and Chapter Tax 2, Wis. Adm. Code