# Update to Instructions as a Result of 2021 Wisconsin Act 156

On March 7, 2022, Governor Tony Evers signed 2021 <u>Wisconsin Act 156</u>. The law provides the following change to the 2021 tax year:

## Grants Received from the Federal Restaurant Revitalization Fund

Income received in the form of a grant issued by the restaurant revitalization fund under section 5003 of <u>Public Law</u> <u>117-2</u> (American Rescue Plan Act of 2021), is exempt from Wisconsin income and franchise taxes.

While the income is also excluded from federal adjusted gross income under sec. 9673 of <u>Public Law 117-2</u>, Wisconsin has not adopted this provision, so it is considered a difference between federal and Wisconsin law for purposes of figuring federal adjusted gross income for Wisconsin purposes. The exclusion from federal adjusted gross income must be included in the federal column (column A) on line 15 of <u>Form 1NPR</u>. The amount must also be included on <u>Schedule M</u>, line 1. The subtraction is then taken on <u>Schedule M</u>, line 29.

Taxpayers should amend their Wisconsin returns if they have already filed and included these amounts in income.

Expenses paid for with the grants and deducted in the computation of federal adjusted gross income are not required to be added back on the Wisconsin return.



# Wisconsin Income Tax for Nonresidents and Part-Year Residents

## **Form 1NPR Instructions**

## 2021



## WI *c*file is:

- ✓ **FREE**: file your state tax return at no charge
- ✓ **ACCURATE**: it does the math for you
- ✓ **SECURE**: safe and secure website

Visit **revenue.wi.gov** to file your Wisconsin state tax return online for FREE. Click on **WI ∉file** to get started!

# **NEW IN 2021**

**Tax Rates Reduced** – The tax rate for the third tax bracket is reduced from 6.27% to 5.3%. This rate reduction is built into the tax table on pages 52-57.

Active Duty Military Pay Subtraction – A subtraction is available for certain pay received from the federal government during a period of active duty for members of the U.S. Armed Forces. See page 16.

AmeriCorps Education Awards – A subtraction is available for the amount of an AmeriCorps education award received in 2021 used to pay for certain educational expenses. See page 11 of the Schedule M instructions.

**College Savings Account** – The subtraction for contributions to a Wisconsin state-sponsored college savings account is increased to \$3,380 per beneficiary (\$1,690 per beneficiary if you are married filing a separate return or a divorced parent). See Schedule M instructions, page 8.

# REMINDER

**IRS adjustments** – If the IRS adjusted any of your federal income tax returns, you must notify the department within 180 days of any adjustment that affects your Wisconsin income tax returns. See page 9.

## Tax Tips:

- E-file for a faster refund *(see page 6)*
- If you moved out of Wisconsin in 2021, complete the Legal Residence (Domicile) Questionnaire on page 61
- If you have to make estimated tax payments in 2022 and do not receive Form 1-ES in the mail, contact any of our offices or use our <u>estimated income tax interactive voucher</u> on our website to get a copy of the form

Tax Returns Are Due: Monday April 18, 2022

## Have Questions?

See page 11 for office locations and other helpful numbers.

## revenue.wi.gov

**FEDERAL PRIVACY ACT** In compliance with federal law, you are hereby notified that the request for your social security number on the Wisconsin income tax return is made under the authority of sec. 71.03(6)(a) of the Wisconsin Statutes. The disclosure of this number on your return is mandatory. It will be used for identification purposes throughout the processing, filing, and auditing of your return and the issuance of refund checks.

Table of Contents	Page
General Instructions	. 3
• Resident Status	. 3
• Who Must File	. 4
What Income Does Wisconsin Tax?	. 4
Which Form To File	. 5
• When To File	. 5
How To Get An Extension Of Time To File	. 5
• Filing Your Return	. 6
Questions About Refunds	. 7
Amending Your Return	. 7
Special Instructions	. 9
Tax Help / Resources	. 11
Line Instructions	. 12
2021 Standard Deduction Table	50
2021 Tax Table	52
2021 Tax Computation Worksheet	58
Wisconsin School District Number	59
Index	60
Legal Residence (Domicile Questionnaire)	61

# File online. Pay online. Direct deposit.

# www.revenue.wi.gov

## **Resident Status**

## Am I a resident, a nonresident, or a part-year resident of Wisconsin?

The following will help you decide.

Full-year resident You are a full-year resident if you are domiciled in Wisconsin for all of 2021.

Nonresident You are a nonresident if you aren't domiciled in Wisconsin for any part of 2021.

Part-year resident You are a part-year resident if you are domiciled in Wisconsin for part of 2021.

#### What is domicile?

Your domicile is the permanent legal home you intend to use for an indefinite or unlimited period, and to which, when absent, you intend to return. It is not always where you presently live. You can be physically present or residing in one state but maintain a domicile in another. "Domicile" is often referred to as "legal residence." You can have only one domicile at a time.

**Note** Your domicile, once established, is never lost unless all three of the following occur or exist:

- You specifically intend to abandon your old domicile and take actions consistent with such intent
- You intend to acquire a new domicile and take actions consistent with such intent, such as those listed in question 7 of the questionnaire on page 61
- · You are physically present in the new domicile

Your domicile does not change if either of the following occur:

- · You leave your state of domicile for a brief rest or vacation
- You leave your state of domicile to complete a particular transaction, perform a particular contract, or fulfill a particular engagement, but you intend to return to your state of domicile whether or not you complete the transaction, contract, or engagement (for example, migrant workers or students)

## Armed forces personnel

If you were a Wisconsin resident on the date you entered military service, you are considered a Wisconsin resident during your entire military career unless you take positive action to change your domicile to another state as described in the above section entitled "What is domicile?". For more information, get Eact Sheet 1122, Veterans and Surviving Spouses Property Tax Credit Verification of Eligibility.

#### Aliens

If you are considered a nonresident alien for federal tax purposes for the entire taxable year, you are considered a nonresident of Wisconsin. If you are considered a resident alien for federal tax purposes for all or part of the tax year, you may be either a full-year resident, part-year resident, or nonresident of Wisconsin as follows:

• If you are a lawful permanent resident of the United States and you intend to remain permanently in Wisconsin, you are considered a Wisconsin resident. You are a lawful permanent resident of the United States at any time if you have been given the privilege, according to the immigration laws, of residing permanently in the United States as an immigrant.

You generally have this status if the federal government has issued you an alien registration card, also known as Form I-551, green card, or permanent residence card.

• If you are a nonimmigrant (have not been granted immigrant status by the federal government), you are considered a nonresident of Wisconsin. **Exception** If you are a refugee or have been granted asylum and you intend to remain permanently in Wisconsin, you are considered a Wisconsin resident.

**Example** For Wisconsin tax purposes, you must be a lawful permanent resident of the United States in order to be considered a resident of Wisconsin. On August 1, 2021, you were issued a green card by the federal government. As such, you are considered a Wisconsin resident as of August 1, 2021 (assuming your intent was to establish a domicile in Wisconsin). For the 2021 tax year, you are considered a part-year resident of Wisconsin (a nonresident of Wisconsin from January 1, 2021, through July 31, 2021, and a resident from August 1, 2021, through December 31, 2021). As a part-year resident for 2021, you must file a 2021 Form 1NPR.

**Note**: Certain tax credits (for example, homestead credit and earned income credit) may not be claimed by part-year residents or nonresidents.

**Example** A foreign student in this country with an "F" visa under the Immigration and Nationality Act may be classified for federal tax purposes as a nonresident alien or as a resident alien depending on their intended length of stay in this country. Regardless of the student's alien status, the student maintains their domicile in their homeland. The student is a nonresident of Wisconsin. A student with an "F" visa cannot become domiciled in Wisconsin.

## Who Must File

If you are a nonresident or part-year resident of Wisconsin and your gross income (or the combined gross income of you and your spouse) is \$2,000 or more for 2021, you must file a Wisconsin return. A return does not have to be filed by a nonresident of Wisconsin if all income is exempt from tax as disaster relief work performed during a state of emergency declared by the Governor.

**Gross income** means all income (before deducting expenses) reportable to Wisconsin. The income may be received in the form of money, property, or services. It doesn't include items that are exempt from Wisconsin income tax. For example, it does not include U.S. government interest. For further information, see <u>Publication 122</u>, *Tax Information for Part-year Residents and Nonresidents of Wisconsin for 2021*.

## Other filing requirements

You may have to file a return even if your gross income is less than \$2,000. You must file a Wisconsin income tax return if:

- You can be claimed as a dependent on another person's income tax return (for example, on your parent's return) and you have gross income of more than \$1,100 which included at least \$351 of unearned income. Unearned income includes interest, dividends, capital gain distributions, etc., that are reportable to Wisconsin.
- You owe a Wisconsin penalty on an IRA, retirement plan, Coverdell education savings account, health savings account, ABLE account, or Archer medical savings account.

**Note**: Even if you don't have to file, if you had Wisconsin income tax withheld from your wages or you paid estimated tax for 2021, you should file a Wisconsin return since this is the only way to get a refund. (Complete lines 1 through 31 of Form 1NPR, fill in a 0 on line 38, and complete lines 57, 58, 66, 68, 69, and 70. If the amount on line 1 differs from your Wisconsin wages on your wage statement (Form W-2), enclose an explanation of the difference and indicate where this income was earned.) If you are a resident of Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, or Michigan, see the exceptions under the line 1 instructions on page 16.

## What Income Does Wisconsin Tax?

Full-year residents Wisconsin taxes your income from all sources.

Nonresidents Wisconsin taxes only your income from Wisconsin sources.

**Part-year residents** During the time you are a Wisconsin resident, Wisconsin taxes your income from all sources. During the time you aren't a Wisconsin resident, Wisconsin taxes only your income from Wisconsin sources.

## What is income from Wisconsin sources?

Income from Wisconsin sources includes:

- Wages, salaries, commissions, and other income for services performed in Wisconsin (see the exceptions under the line 1 instructions on page 16).
- Rents and royalties from real or tangible property located in Wisconsin, such as land, buildings, and machinery.
- Gains or losses from sales or other dispositions of real or tangible property located in Wisconsin, such as land, buildings, and machinery.
- Profits or losses from businesses, professions, and farm operations conducted in Wisconsin, including sole proprietorships, trusts, partnerships, limited liability companies (LLCs), and tax-option (S) corporations. For tax-option (S) corporations, this includes capital gains, interest, and dividends passed through from a tax-option (S) corporation that is engaged in business in Wisconsin.
- Income from the Wisconsin state lottery, a multijurisdictional lottery if the winning lottery ticket or lottery share was
  purchased from a Wisconsin retailer, or Wisconsin pari-mutuel wager winnings and purses. This includes all income
  realized from the sale of or purchase and subsequent sale or redemption of lottery prizes if the winning tickets were
  originally purchased in Wisconsin.
- Winnings from a casino or bingo hall located in Wisconsin and operated by a Native American tribe or band.
- Income derived from a covenant not to compete to the extent the covenant was based on a Wisconsin-based activity.

**Service member's spouse** A service member's spouse may elect to use the same residence as the service member for purposes of taxation, regardless of the date on which the marriage of the spouse and the service member occurred. However, nontaxable amounts excluded from the Wisconsin column for the service member's spouse must still be included in the federal column. Amounts entered in the federal column are the amounts from your federal return, as adjusted for differences between federal and Wisconsin law. See "Column A and Column B Instructions" on page 14.

## Which Form To File

If you are a nonresident or part-year resident of Wisconsin in 2021, you must file Wisconsin Form 1NPR.

If you are a full-year resident of Wisconsin in 2021, you must file Wisconsin Form 1. You can get Form 1 from any Department of Revenue office or from the department's website at <u>revenue.wi.gov</u>.

**Exception** If you are a full-year Wisconsin resident but your spouse isn't, and you are filing a joint return, you must file Form 1NPR.

## When To File

You should file as soon as you can, but not later than **April 18, 2022**. If you file late without an extension, you are subject to interest at 1.5% per month, late filing fees, and penalties.

**Farmers and fishers** Persons who earn at least two-thirds of their gross income from farming or fishing who don't make payments of estimated income tax (Wisconsin Form 1-ES) must file their 2021 Wisconsin income tax returns and pay any tax due by March 1, 2022, to avoid interest for underpayment of estimated tax.

## How To Get An Extension Of Time To File

Your return is due April 18, 2022.

If you cannot file on time, you can get an extension. You can use any federal extension provision for Wisconsin, even if you are filing your federal return by April 18.

You do *not* need to submit a request for an extension to us prior to the time you file your Wisconsin return. When you file your Form 1NPR enclose either of the following:

- A copy of your federal extension application (for example, Form 4868)
- A statement indicating which federal extension provision you want to apply for Wisconsin (for example, the federal automatic 6-month extension provision)

**Note**: You will owe interest on any tax that you have not paid by April 18, 2022. This applies even though you may have an extension of time to file. If you do not file your return by April 18, 2022, or during an extension period, you may have to pay additional interest and penalties. If you expect to owe tax with your return, you can avoid the 1% per month interest charge during the extension period by paying the tax by April 18, 2022. Submit the payment with a 2021 Wisconsin Form 1-ES. You can get this form from any Department of Revenue office or use our <u>estimated income tax interactive voucher</u> on our website. Use Form 1-ES to make an extension payment even if you will be filing your return electronically – do <u>not</u> use Form EPV. **Exception**: You will not be charged interest during an extension period if (1) you served in support of Operation Freedom's Sentinel in the United States, (2) you qualify for a federal extension because of service in a combat zone or contingency operation, or (3) you qualify for a federal extension due to a federally-declared disaster. See "Special Conditions" below.

If you were a farmer or fisher and you did not make estimated tax payments, you must file your return and pay any tax due by March 1, 2022, to avoid paying interest for underpayment of estimated tax. Farmers and fishers are individuals who earn at least two-thirds of their gross income (gross income of both spouses if married filing a joint return) from farming or fishing. An extension of the March 1 date is not available.

**Special Conditions** A "Special Conditions" section is located under the name and address section on page 1 of Form 1NPR. If you have an extension of time to file due to service in support of Operation Freedom's Sentinel in the United States, fill in "01" in the Special Conditions box. If you qualify for an extension because of service in a combat zone or contingency operation, fill in "02" in the box. If you qualify for an extension because of a federally-declared disaster, fill in "03" in the box and indicate the specific disaster on the line provided.

## **Filing Your Return**

## E-filing (electronic filing)

Electronic filing is the fastest way to get your federal and state income tax refunds. Certain software will allow you to file Form 1NPR electronically.

Check with your tax preparer/software to determine if you can electronically file Form 1NPR, or use the department's free e-file application. For more information on e-filing, go to the department's website at revenue.wi.gov/Pages/OnlineServices/home.aspx.

## Paper filing

Electronic filing (e-filing) is the fastest way to receive your refund. However, if you paper file, there are several things you can do to ensure you receive your refund faster.

Important information:

- · Send original copies
- Use black ink
- · Clearly write your name and address using capital letters (do not use mailing labels)
- Do not use commas and dollar signs as they can be misread when scanned
- · Round amounts to whole dollars
- · Do not add cents in front of the preprinted zeros on entry lines
- To indicate a negative number, use a negative sign (for example, -8300 not (8300))
- Print your numbers clearly: 0123456789 Do not use: Ø147
- If you make a mistake, erase or start over (do not cross out entries)
- Put entries on the lines, and do not write in the margins, above or below the lines
- Lines where no entry is required should be left blank (do not enter zeros)
- Do not draw vertical lines in entry fields (they can be read as a "I" when scanned)
- Do not staple your return as stapling will delay the processing of your return and any refund

## Assembling your return

Begin by putting the four pages of Form 1NPR in numerical order. Then, attach, using a **paper clip**, the following in the *order listed*.

Do not attach a Form W-RA if you are filing your return on paper. Form W-RA is used only when submitting information for an electronically-filed return. **Note:** If filing Form 804, Claim for Decedent's Wisconsin Income Tax Refund, with the return, place Form 804 on top of Form 1NPR.

- 1. **Payment** If you owe an amount with your return, **paper clip** your payment to the front of Form 1NPR, unless you are paying by credit card or online.
- 2. Forms W-2 or 1099 Paper clip the appropriate copy of each of your withholding statements (Forms W-2, W-2G, WT-11, 1042-S, 1099-G, 1099-R, 1099-MISC, and 1099-NEC, and Schedules 2K-1, 3K-1, and 5K-1) to the front of Form 1NPR.
- Wisconsin schedules Copies of appropriate Wisconsin schedules and supporting documents, such as Schedule H (homestead credit), Schedule FC or FC-A (farmland preservation credit), Schedule CR, or Schedule RT. If you are reporting income and expenses of a disregarded entity, attach <u>Schedule DE</u>, *Disregarded Entity Schedule*.
- **4. Amended return** Enclose <u>Schedule AR</u>, *Explanation of Amended Return*, with your amended return and all supporting forms and schedules for items changed. (Don't send a copy of your original return.)
- 5. Federal return A complete copy of your federal return (Form 1040, 1040-SR, or 1040NR) and its supporting schedules and forms (such as federal Form 8886, *Reportable Transaction Disclosure Statement.*)
- 6. Extension form or statement A copy of your federal extension application form or required statement if you are filing under an extension of time to file.

## 7. Divorce decree –

- Persons divorced after June 20, 1996, who compute a refund If your divorce decree apportions any tax liability owed to the department to your former spouse, enclose a copy of the decree with your Form 1NPR. Fill in "04" in the Special Conditions box on page 1 of Form 1NPR. This will prevent your refund from being applied against such tax liability.
- Persons divorced who file a joint return If your divorce decree apportions any refund to you or your former spouse, or between you and your former spouse, the department will issue the refund to the person(s) to whom the refund is awarded under the terms of the divorce. Enclose a copy of the portion of your divorce decree that relates to the tax refund with your Form 1NPR. Fill in "04" in the Special Conditions box on page 1 of Form 1NPR.
- **8.** Injured spouse If you are filing federal Form 8379, *Injured Spouse Allocation*, enclose a copy with your Form 1NPR. Fill in "05" in the Special Conditions box on page 1 of Form 1NPR.

**CAUTION** Be sure to file all four pages of Form 1NPR. Send the original of your return. Do not send a photocopy.

## Where to File

Mail your return (an original return or amended return) to the Wisconsin Department of Revenue at:

(if tax is due)	(if refund or no tax due)	(if homestead credit claimed)
PO Box 268	PO Box 59	PO Box 34
Madison WI	Madison WI	Madison WI
53790-0001	53785-0001	53786-0001

Envelopes without enough postage will be returned to you by the post office. Your envelope may need additional postage if it contains more than five pages or is oversized (for example, it is over 1/4" thick). Also, include your complete return address.

**Private Delivery Services** You can use certain private delivery services approved by the IRS to meet the timely filing rule. The approved private delivery services are listed in the instructions for your federal tax form. Items must be delivered to Wisconsin Department of Revenue, 2135 Rimrock Rd., Madison WI 53713. Private delivery services cannot deliver items to PO boxes. The private delivery service can tell you how to get written proof of the mailing date.

## **Questions About Refunds**

Call: (608) 266-8100 in Madison,

Visit our website at: revenue.wi.gov

(414) 227-4907 in Milwaukee, or

1-866-WIS-RFND (1-866-947-7363) toll-free within the U.S. or Canada

If you need to contact us about your refund, please wait at least 12 weeks after filing your Form 1NPR. Refund information may not be available until that time. The department may not issue a refund before March 1 unless both the individual and the individual's employer have filed all required returns and forms with the department for the taxable year for which the refund was claimed.

You may call one of the numbers indicated above or write to:

Mail Stop 5-77 Department of Revenue PO Box 8949 Madison WI 53708-8949

If you call, you will need your social security number and the dollar amount of your refund.

An automated response is available when you call one of the numbers listed above. If you need to speak with a person, assistance is available Monday through Friday from 7:45 a.m. to 4:15 p.m. by calling (608) 266-2486 in Madison (long-distance charges, if applicable, will apply).

You may also get information on your refund using our secure website at revenue.wi.gov.

## Amending Your Return

File an amended return only after you file your original return. Generally, a claim for refund must be filed within 4 years after the unextended due date of your original return (for example, April 15, 2026, for 2021 calendar-year returns). However, a claim for refund to recover all or part of any tax paid as a result of an office or field audit may be filed within 4 years after the date assessed. This applies only if you paid the tax and did not file a petition for redetermination (written appeal).

If you filed an amended return with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) or another state, you generally must also file an amended Wisconsin return within 180 days. You must file an amended Wisconsin return if the changes affect your Wisconsin income, any credit, or tax payable. You should also file an amended Wisconsin return to claim a refund or pay any additional tax due even though you are not amending your federal or other state return.

If your original return was filed on Form 1NPR, you would file an amended return using Form 1NPR and checking the amended return space at the top of page 1. **Exception**: If you incurred a net operating loss (NOL) on your 2021 Form 1NPR and elect to carry the NOL back to 2019 and 2020, you must file Form X-NOL for the appropriate year, in addition to a Form 1NPR for each year, to amend your return and claim a refund.

Check the space on Form 1NPR to indicate your filing status on the amended return. If you are changing from separate returns to a joint return, both of you must sign the amended return. If there is any tax due, it must be paid in full. You cannot change from joint to separate returns after the due date for filing your original return has passed.

If you are changing your filing status, the amount reported on line 31 of Form 1NPR as federal adjusted gross income must be based on the same filing status used for Wisconsin. For example, you and your spouse both originally filed Form 1NPR as married filing a separate return. You are amending to change your filing status to married filing a joint return. The amount reported on line 31 must be taken from a federal return based on a married filing joint status. If you did not file a joint federal return, you should prepare a pro forma federal return using a married filing joint return status. The federal adjusted gross income and other amounts from this pro forma return are then used to complete the amended return. Follow the Form 1NPR instructions to complete your amended return.

→ If you are changing an amount on any line of Form 1NPR, fill in the corrected amount on that line. If you are not changing an amount on a line, fill in the amount from your 2021 return as originally filed or as you later amended it. If your latest filed return was changed or audited by the department, use the corrected figures from the adjustment notice.

Sign and date your amended return in the space provided on page 4. Your spouse must also sign if it is a joint return.

Enclose Schedule AR with your amended Form 1NPR to explain the changes you made and the reasons for those changes. If you owe an additional amount, enclose your check or money order for the additional tax and interest, made payable to the Wisconsin Department of Revenue.

Mail your amended return to the address shown on Form 1NPR.

Interest is charged on additional tax owed at the rate of 1% per month from the due date of your 2021 return (April 18, 2022). Figure the interest charge on the additional tax you owe. Enter this amount on line 72b.

## **Credit Repayments**

If you are required to repay a Wisconsin credit, you must amend your Wisconsin return for the year in which you originally claimed the credit to reduce the amount of your credit by your repayment. See below for credits for which you may have to repay.

- State historic rehabilitation credit You may have to repay all or part of the state historic rehabilitation credit if you disposed of the property within 5 years after the date on which the preservation or rehabilitation work was complete or the Wisconsin Historical Society determines that you have not complied with all of the requirements. Visit any Department of Revenue office or contact the department's Customer Service Bureau at (608) 266-2486 for information on determining the amount to be repaid.
- Angel investment credit or early stage seed investment credit If an investment for which you claimed the angel investment credit or early stage seed investment credit in a prior year was held for less than three years, you must repay the amount of the credit that you received related to the investment. This does not apply if the investment becomes worthless, as determined by WEDC, during the 3-year period or if you kept the investment for at least 12 months and a bona fide liquidity event, as determined by WEDC, occurs during the 3-year period.
- Supplement to federal historic rehabilitation credit Were you required to repay to the IRS a portion of the federal historic rehabilitation credit? If yes and you claimed the same qualified rehabilitation expenditures for the Wisconsin credit, you must repay to the department a proportionate amount of the Wisconsin credit. Visit any Department of Revenue office or contact the department's Customer Service Bureau at (608) 266-2486 for information on determining the amount to be repaid.
- Low-income housing credit If the qualified basis of the qualified development is less than the amount of the qualified basis of the last day of the immediately preceding taxable year, you must repay an amount equal to the amount you were required to repay to the IRS for the federal low-income housing credit.

## Penalties for Not Filing Returns or Filing Incorrect Returns

If you do not file an income tax return which you are required to file, or if you file an incorrect return due to negligence or fraud, penalties and interest may be assessed against you. The interest rate on delinquent taxes is 18% per year. Civil penalties can be as much as 100% of the amount of tax not reported on the return. Criminal penalties for failing to file or filing a false return include a fine up to \$10,000 and imprisonment.

## **Fraudulent or Reckless Credit Claims**

Fraudulent or reckless claims for any refundable credit, including, but not limited to, the earned income credit, homestead credit, or the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit, are subject to filing limitations. If you file a "fraudulent claim," you will not be allowed to take any refundable credit for 10 years. "Fraudulent claim" means a claim that is false or excessive and filed with fraudulent intent. If you file a "reckless claim," you will not be allowed to take any refundable credit for 2 years. "Reckless claim" means a claim that was improper, due to reckless or intentional disregard of income tax law or department rules and regulations. You may also have to pay penalties.

## Internal Revenue Service and Other State Adjustments

Did the IRS adjust any of your federal income tax returns? If yes, you may have to notify the Department of Revenue of such adjustments. You must notify the department if the adjustments affect your Wisconsin income, any credit, or tax payable.

The department must be notified within 180 days after the adjustments are final. You must submit a copy of the final federal audit report by either of the following methods:

- (1) Including it with an amended return that reflects the federal adjustments
- (2) Mailing the copy to: Wisconsin Department of Revenue Audit Bureau PO Box 8906 Madison WI 53708-8906

If you filed an amended return with the IRS or another state, you generally must also file an amended Wisconsin return within 180 days. An amended Wisconsin return must be filed if the changes affect your Wisconsin income, any credit, or tax payable.

## Age

If your birthday falls on January 1, 2022, you are considered to be a year older as of December 31, 2021. **Example:** If you were born on January 1, 1957, you are considered to be age 65 as of December 31, 2021.

## **Estimated Tax Payments Required for Next Year**

If your 2022 Wisconsin income tax return will show a tax balance due to the department of \$500 or more, you must do either of the following:

- Make estimated tax payments for 2022 in installments beginning April 18, 2022, using 2022 Wisconsin Form 1-ES
  or the <u>estimated income tax interactive voucher</u> on our website
- · Increase the amount of income tax withheld from your 2022 pay

For example, you may have a tax balance due with your return if you have income from which Wisconsin tax is not withheld. If you do not make required installment payments, you may be charged interest.

For more information, contact the department's Customer Service Bureau at (608) 266-2486 or visit any Department of Revenue office.

If you must file Form 1-ES for 2022 and do not receive a form in the mail, go to our website at <u>revenue.wi.gov</u> to obtain a personalized copy of Form 1-ES. You may also visit or contact the department using one of the methods listed above.

## Death of a Taxpayer

A return for a taxpayer who died in 2021 should be filed on the same form which would have been used if they had lived. Include only the taxpayer's income up to the date of their death.

If there is no estate to probate, a surviving heir may file Form 1NPR for the person who died. If there is an estate, the personal representative for the estate must file the return. The person filing the Form 1NPR should sign it and indicate their relationship to the person who died (for example, "surviving heir" or "personal representative"). Be sure to fill in the surviving heir's or personal representative's mailing address in the address area of Form 1NPR.

If the taxpayer did not have to file a return but paid estimated tax or had tax withheld, a return must be filed to get a refund.

If you are filing a return on behalf of a decedent, submit <u>Form 804</u>, *Claim for Decedent's Wisconsin Income Tax Refund*, with the return and check the box below the special conditions box on page 1 of Form 1NPR. If you did not submit Form 804 with the return, you were issued a refund, and you are not able to cash the refund check, complete Form 804 and mail the completed form and refund check to the address shown on Form 804.

If your spouse died during 2021 and you did not remarry in 2021, you can file a joint return. You can also file a joint return if your spouse died in 2022 before filing a 2021 return. A joint return should show your spouse's 2021 income before death and your income for all of 2021. Write "Filing as surviving spouse" in the area where you sign the return. If someone else is the personal representative, they must also sign.

If the return for the decedent is filed as single, head of household, or married filing separate, fill in "06" in the Special Conditions box and indicate the date of death on the line provided. If a joint return is being filed, fill in "06" in the box if it is the primary taxpayer (person listed first on the tax form) who is deceased and the date of death. If it is the spouse who is deceased, fill in "07" in the box and the date of death. If both spouses are deceased, fill in "08" in the box and both dates of death.

If your spouse died before 2021 and you have not remarried, you must file as single or, if qualified, as head of household.

For more information about the final income tax return to be filed for a deceased person, visit any department office or call our Customer Service Bureau at (608) 266-2486.

## **Requesting Copies of Your Returns**

The Department of Revenue will provide copies of your Wisconsin returns for prior years. Persons requesting copies should complete the online application at <u>tap.revenue.wi.gov/mta</u>, then click on Quick-Links and select Request Tax Record Copy under Income Taxes or Business Taxes. Include all required information and fee with your application.

## Applicable Laws and Rules

This document provides statements or interpretations of the following laws and regulations in effect as of March 9, 2022: 26 USC 7701, 26 USC 6081, 26 USC 7508A, 26 USC 7508, 26 USC 50, 26 USC 42, 26 USC 265, 26 USC 67, 26 USC 71, 26 USC 72, 26 USC 530, 26 USC 529A, 26 USC 220, 26 USC 223, 26 USC 4975, 26 USC 6402, and ch. 71, Wis. Stats.

## **Tax Help and Additional Forms**

You can get tax help, forms, or publications at any of the following Department of Revenue offices: (**Note**: Mail completed returns to the address shown on the return.)

## Customer assistance:

phone: (608) 266-2486 email: DORIncome@wisconsin.gov

#### Forms requests:

phone: (608) 266-1961 website: revenue.wi.gov

## Madison –

Mail Stop 5-77 2135 Rimrock Rd. PO Box 8949 Madison WI 53708-8949

## Appleton –

265 W. Northland Ave. Appleton WI 54911-2016

#### Eau Claire – State Office Bldg., 718 W. Clairemont Ave. Eau Claire WI 54701-4558

## Green Bay -

200 N. Jefferson St., Rm. 140 Green Bay WI 54301-5189

The Wausau office is open on a limited schedule.

## Milwaukee -

State Office Bldg., 819 N. 6th St., Rm. 408 Milwaukee WI 53203-1606

## Internet Address

Our website, revenue.wi.gov, has many resources to help you with your tax needs.

- · Complete electronic forms and submit them for free
- · Download forms, schedules, instructions, and publications
- View answers to common questions
- Email us comments or request help
- File your return electronically

**TTY Equipment** – Telephone help is available using TTY equipment. Call the Wisconsin Telecommunications Relay System at 711.

## **Publications Available**

The following is a list of some of our publications. These publications give detailed information on specific areas of Wisconsin tax law. You can get these publications from any department office or from our website.

## Number and Title

- 102 Wisconsin Tax Treatment of Tax-Option (S) Corporations and Their Shareholders
- 103 Reporting Capital Gains and Losses for Wisconsin
- 106 Wisconsin Tax Information for Retirees
- 109 Tax Information for Married Persons Filing Separate Returns and Persons Divorced in 2021
- 111 How to Get a Private Letter Ruling From the Wisconsin Department of Revenue
- 113 Federal and Wisconsin Income Tax Reporting Under the Marital Property Act
- 117 Guide to Wisconsin Wage Statements and Information Returns
- 120 Net Operating Losses for Individuals, Estates, and Trusts
- 121 Reciprocity
- 122 Tax Information for Part-Year Residents and Nonresidents
- 125 Credit for Tax Paid to Another State
- 126 How Your Retirement Benefits Are Taxed
- 401 Extensions of Time to File
- 405 Wisconsin Taxation Related to Native Americans
- 411 Disaster Relief
- 503 Wisconsin Farmland Preservation Credit
- 600 Wisconsin Taxation of Lottery Winnings
- 601 Wisconsin Taxation of Pari-Mutuel Wager Winnings

Before starting your Form 1NPR, fill in your federal return and its supporting schedules. If you aren't required to file a federal return, list the types and amounts of your income and deductions on a separate sheet of paper and enclose it with your Form 1NPR.

Follow these line instructions to fill in your Form 1NPR. Prepare one copy to file with the department and another for your records.

• Amended return If you already filed your original return and this is an amended return, place a check mark where indicated at the top of Form 1NPR. For more information, see Amending Your Return on page 7 of these instructions. Be sure to enclose a copy of Schedule AR with your amended return.

• **Period covered** File the 2021 return for calendar year 2021 and fiscal years that begin in 2021. For a fiscal year, a 52-53 week period, or a short-period return, fill in the taxable year beginning and ending dates in the taxable year space at the top of the form. If your return is for a fiscal year, a 52-53 week period, or a short-period, also fill in "11" in the Special Conditions box located under the name and address area on page 1 of Form 1NPR.

• Name and address Print or type your legal name and address. Include your apartment number, if any. Fill in your PO Box number only if your post office does not deliver mail to your home. If you are married filing a joint return, fill in your spouse's name (even if your spouse didn't have any income). If you filed a joint return for 2020 and you are filing a joint return for 2021 with the same spouse, be sure to enter your names and social security numbers in the same order as on your 2020 return.

If you have a foreign address, enter the city name on the appropriate line. Don't enter any other information on that line, but also complete the spaces below that line. Don't abbreviate the country name. Follow the country's practice for entering the postal code and the name of the province, state, or county.

**Social security number** Fill in your social security number. Also fill in your spouse's social security number if you are married filing a joint return or if you are married filing a separate return.

If you are an alien who has been issued an individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), fill in your ITIN wherever your social security number is requested.

Special conditions Below is a list of the special condition codes that you may need to enter in the special conditions box on Form 1NPR. Be sure to read the instruction on the page listed for each code before using it. Using the wrong code or not using a code when appropriate could result in an incorrect tax computation or a delay in processing your return.

- 01 Extension Operation Freedom's Sentinel (page 5)
- 02 Extension Combat zone (page 5)
- 03 Extension Federally-declared disaster (page 5)
- 04 Divorce decree (page 7)
- 05 Injured spouse (page 7)
- 06 Single decedent or primary taxpayer if joint return (page 10)
- 07 Spouse deceased if joint return (page 10)
- 08 Both taxpayers deceased (page 10)
- 09 Nonresident service member (page 15)
- 11 Fiscal filer (page 12)
- 14 Active duty reserve and National Guard military pay (page 16)
- 15 Military spouse (page 16)
- 16 Schedule RT enclosed (Schedule M instructions, page 11)
- 17 Disaster relief (pages 16 and 19)
- 99 Multiple special conditions

If more than one special condition applies, fill in "99" in the Special Conditions box and list the separate code numbers on the line next to the box, in addition to any other information required on the line.

**Tax district** Nonresidents – don't fill in these lines. Part-year and full-year residents – check the proper box and fill in the name of the Wisconsin city, village, or town in which you lived on December 31, 2021, or before leaving Wisconsin. Also fill in the name of the county in which you lived.

12 I

• School district number *Nonresidents* – don't fill in this line. *Part-year and full-year residents* – See the list of school district numbers on page 59. Fill in the number of the school district in which you lived on December 31, 2021, or before leaving Wisconsin.

**Filing status** Check one of the boxes to indicate your filing status for 2021. More than one filing status may apply to you. If it does, choose the one that will give you the lowest tax.

If you obtained a decree of divorce or separate maintenance during 2021 or are married and will file a separate return, you should get <u>Publication 109</u>, *Tax Information for Married Persons Filing Separate Returns and Persons Divorced in 2021*. This publication has information on what income you must report.

*Single* You may check the "single" box if any of the following was true on December 31, 2021:

- You were never married
- You were legally separated under a **final** decree of divorce or separate maintenance. **Note:** A decree of separate maintenance in Wisconsin is a judgement of legal separation granted by a judge under sec. 767.35, Wis. Stats.
- You were widowed before January 1, 2021, and did not remarry in 2021

**Nonresident aliens filing federal Form 1040NR** You can't consider yourself single if you were married but lived apart from your spouse.

*Married filing joint return* Most married couples will pay less tax if they file a joint return. You may check the "married filing a joint return" box if **any** of the following is true.

- You were married as of December 31, 2021
- · Your spouse died in 2021 and you did not remarry in 2021
- You were married at the end of 2021, and your spouse died in 2022 before filing a 2021 return

A married couple may file a joint return even if only one had income or if they did not live together all year. Both spouses must sign the return, and both are responsible for any tax due on the return. This means that if one spouse does not pay the tax due, the other may have to.

You can't file a joint return if either you or your spouse were a nonresident alien at any time during 2021. You also can't file a joint return if you and your spouse have different tax years.

**Exception** If at the end of 2021 one spouse was a dual-status or nonresident alien and the other spouse was a U.S. citizen or a resident alien, you may be able to file a joint return. In order to file a joint return, you must elect to treat the nonresident alien spouse as a U.S. resident. If you do file a joint return, you and your spouse must report your combined worldwide income as your federal income. **Note**: Even though electing to be treated as a U.S. resident, the nonresident alien spouse is considered a nonresident of Wisconsin.

If you file a joint return, you may not, after the due date for filing that return, amend it to file as married filing separate return.

*Married filing separate return* A joint return usually produces the lowest tax, but you and your spouse may be among the few married couples for whom separate returns are better. This will require filing two returns, one for each spouse.

If you file a separate return, print or type your spouse's social security number in the space at the top of the form and full name on the line provided. If you file a separate return, you and your spouse can amend it to file as married filing a joint return within four years after the unextended due date of the return.

*Head of household* If you qualify to file your federal return as head of household, you may also file as head of household for Wisconsin. Unmarried individuals who paid over half the cost of keeping up a home for a qualifying person (such as a child or parent) may be able to use this filing status.

Certain married persons who lived apart from their spouse for the last 6 months of 2021 who paid over half the cost of keeping up a home that was the main home of their child, stepchild, or foster child for more than half of 2021 may be able to use this status. If you do not have to file a federal return, visit any department office or contact the department's Customer Service Bureau at (608) 266-2486 to see if you qualify. If you file your federal return as a qualifying widow(er), you may file your Wisconsin return as head of household.

If you qualify to file as head of household and are NOT married, check "Head of household, NOT married".

If you are married and qualify to file as head of household, be sure to check "Head of household, married". Also, fill in your spouse's social security number in the space next to the name area and fill in your spouse's name in the spaces above the head of household line.

**Resident status** Check the resident status to indicate your resident status in 2021. If you are married filing a joint return, also check one of the spaces to indicate your spouse's resident status in 2021. See the definitions on page 3.

If you are a nonresident of Wisconsin, also indicate in the space provided the 2-letter postal abbreviation for your state of legal residence. If you are a resident of a foreign country, fill in "99".

**Legal residence (domicile) questionnaire** If you changed your domicile from Wisconsin during 2020 or 2021 and you did not previously complete a questionnaire for that change, fill in the questionnaire on page 61.

## **Column A and Column B Instructions**

Form 1NPR has two columns for figures.

#### Column A

Column A is labeled "Federal column." In this column, lines 1-31, fill in the amounts reported on your federal return.

<sup>9</sup> If you are filing federal Form 1040NR, fill in the amounts from each line on page 1 of Form 1040NR on the corresponding line on Form 1NPR for an income or adjustment item, include the income item on line 15, and the adjustment item on line 28 of Form 1NPR. The amount reported on line 1c of Form 1040NR (income exempt by a treaty) should not be carried over to Form 1NPR.

#### Exceptions

- If you are using a different filing status for Wisconsin and federal purposes, the amounts you enter in column A cannot be taken from the federal return you file with the IRS. If you file a joint return for Wisconsin but separate returns for the IRS, report in column A the amounts you would report on a federal return using a married filing joint status. (For example, you reported \$15,000 of wages on your separate federal return and your spouse reported \$20,000 of wages on their separate federal return. If you file a joint Wisconsin return, report \$35,000 of wages in column A.) If you file separate returns for Wisconsin but you're filing a joint return for the IRS, report in column A the amounts you would report on a federal return using a married filing separate status.
- The federal income that you must use to complete column A of Form 1NPR may not always be the same as the amount reported on your federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR. Differences between federal and Wisconsin law may occur because Wisconsin uses the federal law as amended to December 31, 2020, with certain exceptions.

A list of certain provisions of federal law that may not be used for Wisconsin purposes for 2021 can be found in the instructions for Wisconsin Schedule I. The following is a list of the items that may affect the largest number of taxpayers.

- Bonus depreciation
- Excess business losses

If any provision of federal law that does not apply for Wisconsin affects your federal adjusted gross income, complete Wisconsin Schedule I and enclose it with your Form 1NPR. The amount you fill in on lines 1 through 31 of Form 1NPR (and amounts filled in on Schedule 1 on page 4 of Form 1NPR) should be the revised amount from Schedule I.

To the extent Schedule I adjustments in a prior year affect income or expense items in 2021, you must also make adjustments on Schedule I for 2021. If an adjustment was made to depreciation, amortization, or sec. 179 expense on your 2014 or later Schedule I, you may also have to make an adjustment on Schedule I for 2021. For example, you had to make an adjustment on Schedule I because Wisconsin did not allow bonus depreciation. You must continue to make an adjustment on Schedule I each year until the depreciable asset is fully depreciated or you sell or otherwise dispose of the asset. This does not apply to property that was being depreciated or amortized and was placed in service in a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2014.

You may also have to fill in Schedule I if you sold property during 2021, and the gain or loss from the sale is different for federal and Wisconsin purposes due to Schedule I adjustments made in a prior year. This does not apply to property that was being depreciated or amortized and was placed in service in a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2014. Gain or loss on such property is the same for federal and Wisconsin tax purposes. See the instructions for Schedule I for more information.

#### Column A and Column B Instructions – continued

## Column B

Column B on Form 1NPR is labeled "Wisconsin column." In this column, fill in the amounts that apply to Wisconsin.

Your federal income may include items that aren't taxable or deductible for Wisconsin, or it may not include items that are taxable or deductible for Wisconsin. You may have to add or subtract these items from your federal income to arrive at the correct Wisconsin income.

Those differences between federal and Wisconsin income (called "modifications") that may affect the amounts you report on more than one line of Form 1NPR are explained below. Differences that affect a particular line of Form 1NPR are explained in the instructions for that line.

## Modifications for differences between federal and Wisconsin income

■ Differences in federal and Wisconsin basis of property If you sell (or otherwise dispose of) property where the federal basis is greater than the Wisconsin basis due to a previous gain on the sale of an asset being deferred because gain was invested in a "qualified new business venture" or a "qualified Wisconsin business", you must complete Part I of Wisconsin <u>Schedule T</u>, *Transitional Adjustments*. If gain on the sale of an investment in a "qualified Wisconsin business" qualifies to be excluded from income, you must also complete Schedule QI to determine the nontaxable gain. Enclose the completed Schedule T and/or QI with your Form 1NPR.

If you sell (or otherwise dispose of) property that can't be depreciated or amortized, such as land, stocks, bonds, or an interest in a partnership, which has a different basis for federal and Wisconsin purposes, you must complete Wisconsin Schedule T. Enclose the completed Schedule T with Form 1NPR.

**Caution** If the difference in basis is due to the difference in the federal and Wisconsin definition of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC), use Schedule I to adjust for the difference in basis rather than Schedule T.

**Differences in federal and Wisconsin reporting of marital property (community) income** If you are married and are filing a separate return for Wisconsin purposes or were divorced during 2021, you may have to report a different amount of income on your Form 1NPR than on your federal return. For more information, get <u>Publication 109</u>, *Tax Information for Married Persons Filing Separate Returns and Persons Divorced in 2021*.

• **Medical care insurance** You may be able to subtract all or a portion of the cost of your medical care insurance. See instructions for line 23 if you are self-employed or complete Schedule M for all others who paid for medical care insurance.

**Provide an example for an example f** 

If completing the form by hand, do not use commas when filling in amounts.

## Line 1 Wages, Salaries, Tips, Etc.

Column A

Federal column Fill in the amount from line 1 of federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR.

**Exception** If you were a member of the U.S. uniformed services, do not include military compensation received during a period of time in which you were a nonresident of Wisconsin on line 1, federal column. If you meet this exception, fill in "09" in the Special Conditions box on page 1 of Form 1NPR. Write the amount of military compensation on the line next to the box. This does not apply to Wisconsin residents who are stationed outside Wisconsin. (See page 3 for information on Armed Forces Personnel.)

#### Column B

**Wisconsin column** Nonresidents – fill in the amount received for working in Wisconsin (see **Exceptions** on the next page). If that amount differs from your Wisconsin wages on your wage statement (Form W-2), enclose an explanation of the difference and indicate where this income was earned. If you are retired on disability, do not fill in any disability income.

16

#### Line 1 – Wages, Salaries, Tips, Etc. – continued

*Part-year and full-year residents* – figure the amount received for working in and outside Wisconsin while a Wisconsin resident. Add to that figure the amount received for working in Wisconsin while a nonresident. If the total differs from your Wisconsin wages on your wage statement (Form W-2), enclose an explanation of the difference and indicate where this income was earned. If you are retired on disability, include the amount of disability income received while you were a Wisconsin resident.

## Exceptions

• Income of military spouse Income from services performed in Wisconsin by a nonresident spouse of a service member is not taxable to Wisconsin if the spouse is in Wisconsin solely to be with the service member serving in Wisconsin under military orders (Note: Even though the nonresident spouse's wages may not be taxable to Wisconsin, they would be taxable to the nonresident spouse's state of legal residence.) If you meet this exception, fill in "15" in the Special Conditions box on page 1 of Form 1NPR.

Nonresident military spouses may claim an exemption from Wisconsin withholding. See <u>Form W-221</u>, *Nonresident Military Spouse Withholding Exemption*.

**Residents of Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, or Michigan** Don't include on line 1, column B, wages earned while a resident of one of these states. Under agreements with these 4 states, Wisconsin doesn't tax the wages of their residents.

If your only Wisconsin income is wages earned in Wisconsin while you were a resident of one of the above states, and you are filing to get a refund of Wisconsin tax withheld in error, fill in 0 on lines 1 and 30, column B. Fill in the Wisconsin tax withheld from your wages on lines 57, 68, 69, and 70. Enclose your Wisconsin Form W-2(s). Sign your return (both spouses if filing a joint return).

• **Disaster relief work** If you are a nonresident of Wisconsin and your only Wisconsin income is from disaster relief work performed in connection with a state of emergency declared by the governor, don't include on line 1, column B, wages earned from the disaster relief work. If you are filing to get a refund of Wisconsin tax withheld in error, fill in 0 on lines 1 and 30, column B. Fill in the Wisconsin tax withheld from your wages on lines 57, 68, 69, and 70. Sign your return (both spouses if filing a joint return). Enclose your Wisconsin Form W-2(s). If you meet this exception, fill in "17" in the Special Conditions box on page 1 of Form 1NPR.

**Nonqualified deferred compensation** See the instructions for line 10, column B, for information on the taxation of income received while a nonresident of Wisconsin from a nonqualified deferred compensation plan.

## Modifications

• **Reserve or National Guard members** If you were a member of the Reserves or National Guard and served on active duty, do not include on line 1, column B, any military pay that is included on your Form W-2 and that was (1) received from the federal government, (2) received after being called into active federal service or into special state service authorized by the federal Department of Defense, and (3) paid to you for a period of time during which you were on active duty and called into active federal service or special state service, even if the pay was received after the active duty period ended. If you are claiming this subtraction, fill in "14" in the Special Conditions box on page 1 of Form 1NPR.

**Caution** This subtraction only applies to members of the Reserves or National Guard who are called into active federal service under 10 USC 12302(a), 10 USC 12304, or 10 USC 12304b or into special state service under 32 USC 502(f). It does not apply to pay that members of the Reserves and National Guard receive for weekend and two-week annual training or to a person serving on active or full-time duty in the Active Guard Reserve (AGR) program.

• U.S. Armed Forces active duty pay If you were a member of the U.S. Armed Forces on active duty, do not include on line 1, column B, any amount of basic, special, and incentive pay received from the federal government under 37 USC chapters 3 and 5 while on active duty. A member of the U.S. Armed Forces includes all regular and reserve components subject to the following jurisdictions, including the Coast Guard and commissioned officers and personnel below the grade of commissioned officers in these forces:

- · Secretary of Defense
- Secretary of the Army
- · Secretary of the Navy
- Secretary of the Air Force

**Caution:** Do not exclude any amount excluded under the modification above as a member of the Reserves or National Guard.

For additional information, see Publication 128, Wisconsin Tax Information for Miliary Personnel and Veterans.

**Disability income exclusion for part-year and full-year residents** If you retired on permanent and total disability and have included your disability income on your federal return, you may be able to subtract up to \$5,200 of your disability income.

Line 1 – Wages, Salaries, Tips, Etc. – continued

You must meet all these tests:

- 1. You didn't reach mandatory retirement age before January 1, 2021
- 2. You were under age 65 on December 31, 2021
- 3. You were permanently or totally disabled on one of the following dates: a. The date you retired
  - b. January 1, 1976, or January 1, 1977, if you retired before January 1, 1977, on disability or under circumstances which entitled you to retire on disability
- 4. If you were married at the end of 2021, you must file a joint return with your spouse
- 5. You were a Wisconsin resident when you received the disability income
- 6. You did not in any year prior to 1984 choose to treat your disability income as a pension instead of taking the exclusion
- 7. Your federal adjusted gross income is less than \$20,200 (\$25,400 if married and both spouses are eligible)

Figure your exclusion on Wisconsin <u>Schedule 2440W</u>, *Disability Income Exclusion*. See page 11 for information on how to get Schedule 2440W. *Full-year residents* – subtract from the disability income included on your federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, the exclusion from line 6 of Schedule 2440W. *Part-year residents* – subtract the exclusion from line 8 of Schedule 2440W from the portion of your disability income which is otherwise taxable to Wisconsin. Enclose your completed Schedule 2440W with your Form 1NPR.

#### Columns A & B

**Treaty exemption** If you filed your federal return on Form 1040NR or 1040NR-EZ and have wages that are exempt from federal tax by a treaty, do not include the exempt wages in either column A or column B.

## Line 2 Taxable Interest

## Column A

Federal column Fill in the amount from line 2b of federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR.

#### Column B

**Wisconsin column** *Nonresidents* – don't fill in any amount of your interest except your share of interest income attributable to Wisconsin and passed through from a tax-option (S) corporation, as reported to you on Wisconsin Schedule 5K-1. **Note:** Interest received from a land contract sale is not taxable to a nonresident of Wisconsin. *Part-year and full-year residents* – figure the interest received while a Wisconsin resident. For the period of time you were a nonresident, include your share of interest income attributable to Wisconsin and passed through from a tax-option (S) corporation, as reported to you on Wisconsin Schedule 5K-1. Use the worksheet on the next page to figure the interest taxable by Wisconsin. Save this worksheet for your records.

<sup>1</sup> If you are a shareholder of a tax-option (S) corporation or partner of a partnership that elected to be taxed at the entity level, do not include any amount of interest shown on Schedule 5K-1 or 3K-1 in the Wisconsin column.

## Modifications

• State and municipal bond interest If you received any state or municipal bond interest, add to your federal income the amount received from state and municipal bonds while a Wisconsin resident. This will generally be the amount shown on line 2a of your federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR. Note: If you were required for federal purposes to allocate expenses to this income, reduce the income by such expenses. For more information, see federal <u>Publication 550</u>, *Investment Income and Expenses*.

**Exception** Do not include interest income from:

- (1) Public housing authority or community development authority bonds issued by municipalities located in Wisconsin
- (2) Wisconsin Housing Finance Authority bonds
- (3) Wisconsin municipal redevelopment authority bonds
- (4) Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority bonds issued on or after December 11, 2003, to fund multifamily affordable housing projects or elderly housing projects
- (5) Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority bonds issued before January 29, 1987, except business development revenue bonds, economic development revenue bonds, and CHAP housing revenue bonds
- (6) Public housing agency bonds issued before January 29, 1987, by agencies located outside Wisconsin where the interest therefrom qualifies for exemption from federal taxation for a reason other than or in addition to section 103 of the IRC
- (7) Local exposition district bonds
- (8) Wisconsin professional baseball park district bonds

18

## Line Instructions

Line 2 – Taxable Interest – continued

- (9) Bonds issued by the Government of Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands, Northern Mariana Islands, or, for bonds issued after October 16, 2004, the Government of American Samoa
- (10) Local cultural arts district bonds
- (11) Wisconsin professional football stadium bonds
- (12) Wisconsin Aerospace Authority bonds
- (13) Bonds issued on or after October 27, 2007, by the Wisconsin Health and Education Facilities Authority to fund acquisition of information technology hardware or software
- (14) Certain conduit revenue bonds issued by a commission created under sec. 66.0304, Wis. Stats. A listing of the conduit revenue bonds issued and the tax-exempt status is available on the department's website at revenue.wi.gov/Pages/ FAQS/pcs-conduit.aspx)
- (15) Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority bonds or notes if the bonds or notes are issued to provide loans to a public affairs network under sec. 234.75, Wis. Stats.
- (16) The Wisconsin Health and Educational Facilities Authority if the bonds or notes are issued for the benefit of a person who is eligible to receive the proceeds of bonds or notes from another entity for the same purpose for which the bonds or notes are issued under sec. 231.03(6), Wis. Stats., and the interest income received from the other bonds or notes is exempt from Wisconsin taxation
- (17) A sponsoring municipality borrowing to assist a local exposition district created under subch. II of ch. 229, Wis. Stats.
- (18) WHEDA bonds issued under sec. 234.65, Wis. Stats., to fund an economic development loan to finance construction, renovation, or development of property that would be exempt under sec. 70.11(36), Wis. Stats.
- (19) The Wisconsin Health and Educational Facilities Authority under sec. 231.03(6), Wis. Stats., if the bonds or notes are issued in an amount totaling \$35,000,000 or less, and to the extent interest income received is not otherwise exempt from Wisconsin taxation

Worksheet for Interest Income Taxable by Wisconsin					
1. Interest included in federal income	1				
2. U.S. government interest included on line 1	2				
3. Subtract line 2 from line 1	3				
4. Amount of interest on line 3 received while a Wisconsin resident and from a tax-option (S) corporation attributable to Wisconsin while a nonresident	4				
5. State and municipal bond interest received while a Wisconsin resident	5				
6. Add lines 4 and 5. Fill in total here and on line 2 of Form 1NPR	6				

United States government interest and dividends If you included U.S. government interest in your federal income, subtract from your federal income the amount of interest on United States bonds and interest and dividends of certain United States government corporations. This income isn't taxable for Wisconsin purposes.

**Caution** Don't subtract interest from Ginnie Mae (Government National Mortgage Association) securities and other similar securities which are "guaranteed" by the United States government. You must include interest from these securities in your Wisconsin income if you received the interest while a Wisconsin resident.

## Line 3 Ordinary Dividends

#### Column A

Federal column Fill in the amount from line 3b of federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR.

#### Column B

**Wisconsin column** *Nonresidents* – don't fill in any amount of your dividends. **Exception** Include your share of dividend income attributable to Wisconsin and passed through from a tax-option (S) corporation as reported to you on Wisconsin Schedule 5K-1. *Part-year and full-year residents* – fill in the total dividends you received while a Wisconsin resident. For the period of time you were a nonresident, include your share of dividend income attributable to Wisconsin and passed through from a tax-option (S) corporation.

<sup>9</sup> If you are a shareholder of a tax-option (S) corporation or partner of a partnership that elected to be taxed at the entity level, do not include any amount of dividends shown on Schedule 5K-1 or 3K-1 in the Wisconsin column.

#### Line 3 – Ordinary Dividends – continued

## Modification

**United States government securities dividends** If you received ordinary dividends from a mutual fund which invests in U.S. government securities and included these amounts in your federal income, you can subtract from your federal income the portion of the ordinary dividends which the mutual fund advises you is from investment in U.S. government securities.

## Line 4 Taxable Refunds, Credits, or Offsets of State and Local Income Taxes

#### Column A

**Federal column** Fill in the amount from line 1 of federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040). *Column B* 

**Wisconsin column** Don't fill in any amount on line 4, column B. Wisconsin doesn't tax refunds, credits, or offsets of state and local income taxes.

#### Line 5 Alimony Received

#### Column A

Federal column Fill in the amount from line 2a of federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040).

#### Column B

**Wisconsin column** Nonresidents – don't fill in any amount. Part-year and full-year residents – fill in any alimony you received while a Wisconsin resident.

## Columns A & B

For divorce or separation agreements executed after December 31, 2018, or for divorce or separation agreements executed on or before December 31, 2018, and modified after that date, alimony and separate maintenance payments are no longer included in federal adjusted gross income. Do not include any amount on line 5, column A or B. However, for divorce or separation agreements which are executed prior to January 1, 2019, and not modified after that date, include any alimony or maintenance payments received in 2021 on line 5, columns A and/or B.

## Line 6 Business Income or (Loss)

#### Column A

Federal column Fill in the amount from line 3 of federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040).

If there is a difference between the federal and Wisconsin definition of the IRC, the difference may have to be adjusted on Schedule I. The federal column, column A, of Form 1NPR includes the amount of business income or loss allowed for Wisconsin after taking into consideration Schedule I adjustments. Some differences which may apply are:

- Excess business losses
- Limitation on deduction for interest

#### Column B

**Wisconsin column** Nonresidents – nonresident individuals conducting business within and outside Wisconsin are taxed only on income derived in Wisconsin. The apportionment method must be used to determine income subject to tax unless the department gives permission to use separate accounting. Under this method, a business shows all income and deductions attributable to the business and assigns a part to Wisconsin based on an apportionment percentage. For detailed instructions, see <u>Publication 122</u>, *Tax Information for Part-Year Residents and Nonresidents of Wisconsin for 2021*. *Part-year and full-year residents* – figure the income or loss from business in and outside Wisconsin while a Wisconsin resident.

**Exception** Income from an out-of-state business from disaster relief work performed in Wisconsin in connection with a state of emergency declared by the Governor is not taxable to Wisconsin. An out-of-state business means a sole proprietorship that, except for disaster relief work during a disaster period, was not doing business in Wisconsin during the 3 taxable years immediately preceding the disaster period or the current taxable year in which the declared state of emergency occurs. If you meet this exception, fill in "17" in the Special Conditions box on page 1 of Form 1NPR.

#### 20 I

Line 6 – Business Income or (Loss) – continued

#### **Modification**

**Differences in federal and Wisconsin basis of property** If the federal basis of your property isn't the same as the Wisconsin basis, see page 15.

## Line 7 Capital Gain or (Loss)

#### Column A

Federal column Fill in the amount from line 7 of federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR.

#### Column B

**Wisconsin column** *Nonresidents* – complete Schedule WD if you have capital gain or loss from Wisconsin sources (see definition of Wisconsin sources below.) If you don't, fill in 0 on line 7, column B. *Part-year and full-year residents* – all capital gain or loss received while you are a Wisconsin resident and capital gain or loss received from Wisconsin sources while you are a nonresident is includable in your Wisconsin income. However, you are allowed a 30% (60% in the case of farm assets) exclusion for net long-term capital gain, and your deduction for net capital loss is limited to \$500. If you have any capital gain or loss taxable to Wisconsin, complete Schedule WD to determine your taxable gain or allowable loss.

- If you are a shareholder of a tax-option (S) corporation or partner of a partnership that elected to be taxed at the entity level, do not report the amount of capital gain or loss from Schedule 5K-1 or 3K-1 on Schedule WD and do not include these amounts in the Wisconsin column. See the Schedule WD instructions for more information.
- If the only amount on line 7 of federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR is a capital gain distribution from a mutual fund or real estate investment trust, and you have no Wisconsin capital loss carryover, you do not have to complete Schedule WD. Fill in 70% of the portion of the capital gain distribution received while a Wisconsin resident.

**Wisconsin sources** Capital gain or loss from Wisconsin sources includes gain or loss from the sale of land, buildings, and machinery located in Wisconsin and your share of capital gain and loss from an estate or trust, partnership, limited liability company (LLC), or tax-option (S) corporation which has been reported to you on Wisconsin Schedule 2K-1, 3K-1, or 5K-1. It also includes gain from the sale of stock acquired under an incentive stock option or employee stock purchase plan to the extent attributable to personal services performed in Wisconsin. It doesn't include losses from nonbusiness bad debts and worthless securities, and gains or losses from sales of stocks (except gain on stock acquired under an incentive stock option or employee stock purchase plan as explained above) while a nonresident.

## Modification

**Differences in federal and Wisconsin basis of property** If the federal basis of your property isn't the same as the Wisconsin basis, see page 15.

#### Columns A & B

**Sale of your Wisconsin home** If you sold your Wisconsin home and qualify to exclude all or a portion of the gain on the sale for federal tax purposes, you may exclude the same amount for Wisconsin.

## Line 8 Other Gains or (Losses)

#### Column A

Federal column Fill in the amount from line 4 of federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040).

#### Column B

**Wisconsin column** *Nonresidents* – fill in the gain or loss from Wisconsin sources. *Part-year and full-year residents* – figure the gain or loss from all sources while a Wisconsin resident. Combine with that figure gain or loss from Wisconsin sources while a nonresident.

<sup>1</sup> If you are a shareholder of a tax-option (S) corporation or partner of a partnership that elected to be taxed at the entity level, do not report the amount of other gain or loss from Schedule 5K-1 or 3K-1 in the Wisconsin column.

Line 8 – Other Gains or (Losses) – continued

## Modification

**Differences in federal and Wisconsin basis of property** If the federal basis of your property isn't the same as the Wisconsin basis, see page 15.

## Line 9 IRA Distributions

Column A

Federal column Fill in the amount of IRA distributions reported on line 4b of federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR.

Column B

**Wisconsin column** *Nonresidents* – don't fill in any amount on line 9, column B. *Part-year and full-year residents* – fill in the taxable amount of IRA distributions you received while a Wisconsin resident.

## Line 10 Pensions and Annuities

#### Column A

Federal column Fill in the amount of pensions and annuities reported on line 5b of federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR.

#### Column B

**Wisconsin column** Nonresidents – don't fill in any amount on line 10, column B. Part-year and full-year residents – fill in the taxable amount of pension and annuity income you received while a Wisconsin resident. Wisconsin taxes pension, annuity, profit-sharing, and stock bonus plan distributions received while a Wisconsin resident even though the distributions may relate to work you did in another state.

## Exception

**Nonqualified retirement and deferred compensation plans** Amounts received while a nonresident of Wisconsin from a nonqualified retirement plan or a nonqualified deferred compensation plan must be included in the Wisconsin column to the extent attributable to services performed as an employee in Wisconsin unless one of the following applies:

(1) The distribution is paid out in annuity form over the life expectancy of the individual or a period of not less than 10 years

(2) The distribution is paid in either an annuity or lump-sum from arrangements known commonly as "mirror" plans

## Modifications

• Lump-sum distributions Did you receive a lump-sum distribution while a Wisconsin resident? If so, and you used federal Form 4972 to figure your federal tax, you must add the amount of your lump-sum distribution to your other pension and annuity income and report it on line 10, column B. Include on line 10, column B, the total of (1) the capital gain part of the lump-sum distribution from line 6 of Form 4972 and (2) the taxable amount from line 10 of Form 4972. You may reduce this amount by any federal estate tax on line 18 of Form 4972.

Note: No portion of a lump-sum distribution may be reported as a capital gain on Wisconsin Schedule WD.

Military and uniformed services retirement benefits Don't include on line 10, column B, retirement benefits received from:

- (1) The U.S. military retirement system (including payments from the Retired Serviceman's Family Protection Plan and the Survivor Benefit Plan). These retirement benefits are paid from the Defense Finance and Accounting Service.
- (2) The U.S. government that relate to service with the Coast Guard, the commissioned corps of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, or the commissioned corps of the Public Health Service.
- Other retirement benefits Don't include on line 10, column B, amounts received from the retirement systems listed on the next page if one of the following applies:
- 1. You were retired from the system before January 1, 1964
- 2. You were a member of the system as of December 31, 1963, and retired at a later date and payments you receive are from an account established before 1964
- 3. You are receiving payments from the system as the beneficiary of a person who met either condition 1 or 2

Line 10 – Pensions and Annuities – continued

The specific retirement systems are:

- A. Local and state retirement systems Milwaukee City Employees, Milwaukee City Police Officers, Milwaukee Fire Fighters, Milwaukee Public School Teachers, Milwaukee County Employees, Milwaukee Sheriff, and Wisconsin State Teachers retirement systems.
- **B.** Federal retirement systems United States government civilian employee retirement systems. Examples of such retirement systems include the Civil Service Retirement System and Federal Employees' Retirement System. These retirement benefits are paid from the U.S. Office of Personnel Management.

Note: You must include the following on line 10, column B:

- Payments received as a result of voluntary tax-sheltered annuity deposits made in any of the retirement systems listed in A or B above.
- Payments received from one of the retirement systems listed in A or B above if you first became a member after December 31, 1963. This applies even though pre-1964 military service may have been counted as creditable service in computing your retirement benefit.
- Payments from the federal Thrift Savings Plan.

**Railroad retirement benefits** Don't include on line 10, column B, amounts received from the U.S. Railroad Retirement Board that were included in line 5b of federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR. These benefits aren't taxable by Wisconsin.

• **Disability income exclusion for part-year and full-year residents** if you are retired on permanent and total disability and you have included your disability income on line 5b of your federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR, you may be able to subtract up to \$5,200 of your disability income. See the Modifications for line 1.

## Line 11 Rental Real Estate, Royalties, Partnerships, S Corporations, Trusts, Etc.

#### Column A

Federal column Fill in the amount from line 5 of federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040).

**CAUTION** Wisconsin follows the federal treatment of passive activity losses (PALs). However, if there is a difference in the federal and Wisconsin definition of the IRC, any PAL may have to be adjusted on Schedule I to account for the difference. The federal column of Form 1NPR includes the amount of PAL allowed for Wisconsin after taking into consideration Schedule I adjustments.

## Modifications

→ If there is a difference between federal and Wisconsin law, Schedule I should be completed to adjust for these differences. Any federal schedules or forms affected by the Schedule I adjustment (such as federal Schedule E) should be recomputed and attached to the Wisconsin return. Mark these recomputed forms or schedules "Revised for Wisconsin." The amounts recomputed under Wisconsin law are the amounts to enter in the federal column, column A, of line 11.

**Tax-option (S) corporation, partnership, estate, or trust modifications** If an adjustment listed on Schedule 2K-1, 3K-1, or 5K-1 is due to a difference between federal and Wisconsin law, such as bonus depreciation, this amount should be adjusted on Wisconsin Schedule I. This revised amount should be reported in the federal column of Form 1NPR.

**Required Attachments** Submit a copy of your Schedule 2K-1, 3K-1, or 5K-1, and all supplemental schedules by attaching them as PDF documents to your electronically filed return. If you cannot attach and submit the PDF documents with your e-filed return, you can upload the PDF documents through the department's website using Form W-RA at <u>https://tap.revenue.wi.gov/</u><u>WRA/</u>. If you cannot create PDF documents, you can mail the attachments with Form W-RA to the address listed on the form.

## Column B

**Wisconsin column** *Nonresidents* – fill in the amount of rent, royalty, partnership, tax-option (S) corporation, estate, and trust income from Wisconsin sources. *Part-year and full-year residents* – figure the amount of rent, royalty, partnership, tax-option (S) corporation, estate, and trust income from sources in and outside Wisconsin received while a Wisconsin resident. Combine with that figure the amount of rent, royalty, partnership, tax-option (S) corporation, estate, and trust income from trust, partnership, tax-option (S) corporation, estate, and trust income from Wisconsin sources received while a nonresident.

## Line Instructions

Line 11 – Rental Real Estate, Royalties, Partnerships, S Corporations, Trusts, Etc. – continued

#### Rent, royalty, partnership, tax-option (S) corporation, estate, and trust income from Wisconsin sources includes:

- Rents and royalties from real or tangible property located in Wisconsin, such as land, buildings, and machinery.
- Profits and losses from businesses, professions, and farm operations conducted in Wisconsin, including partnerships and tax-option (S) corporations.

#### Tax-option (S) corporation modifications

- If you were a shareholder of a tax-option (S) corporation which is required to file a Wisconsin franchise or income tax return, you will receive a Wisconsin Schedule 5K-1 from the tax-option (S) corporation informing you of any adjustments to be made for Wisconsin.
- (2) If you were a shareholder of a federal S corporation that elected not to be treated as a Wisconsin tax-option (S) corporation, you must reverse all items of S corporation income, loss, or deduction included on your federal return and then add your pro rata share of any distributions made by the corporation of earnings and profits which was received while you were a Wisconsin resident.

**Caution:** Do not reverse any item of S corporation income or loss reported on federal Schedule D. These items were already removed from Wisconsin income when you completed Wisconsin Schedule WD.

- (3) Instead of including the tax-option (S) corporation items deductible on federal Schedule A (Form 1040) in the Wisconsin itemized deduction credit, you may be able to treat these items as subtraction modifications. Your subtraction is limited to the amount actually deductible for federal purposes.
- (4) If you were a shareholder of a tax-option (S) corporation that elected to be taxed at the entity level, do not include the items of income, gain, loss, or deduction from the corporation in the Wisconsin column (column B). See example below. Note: If the tax-option (S) corporation made the election, the box will be checked on Schedule 5K-1, Part B, box 3.

**Example:** Shareholder A was a part-year Wisconsin resident in 2021 and owns 50 percent of Tax-option (S) Corporation. Shareholder A's only sources of Wisconsin income for 2021 are \$15,000 of wages and \$100,000 of federal ordinary business income from the tax-option (S) corporation which is taxable to Wisconsin. Tax-option (S) corporation makes an election under sec. 71.365(4m)(a), Wis. Stats., to pay tax at the entity level for 2021.

Tax-option (S) Corporation's \$100,000 of federal ordinary business income for 2021 has the following Wisconsin differences:

- \$10,000 of additional Wisconsin depreciation expense because of a different depreciable basis of an asset determined under the IRC in effect for Wisconsin purposes
- \$5,000 of Wisconsin tax paid by the tax-option (S) corporation with its 2020 Form 5S deducted on the 2021 federal Form 1120-S

The amounts which must be reported in the federal column (column A) are \$15,000 of wages on line 1 and \$90,000 on line 11. The \$90,000 is the amount of ordinary business income less the Schedule I difference due to depreciation (\$100,000 - \$10,000). The amounts which must be reported in the Wisconsin column (column B) are \$15,000 of wages on line 1 and \$0 on line 11.

#### **Caution:**

- Do not reverse any item of tax-option (S) corporation income or loss reported on federal Schedule D. These items
  were already removed from Wisconsin income when you completed Wisconsin Schedule WD. See the <u>Schedule
  WD instructions</u> for more information.
- If the tax-option (S) corporation elected to be taxed at the entity level, do not take a subtraction for charitable contributions reported on Schedule 5K-1. In addition, these amounts may not be used in the computation of the itemized deduction credit.

**Required Attachments** Submit a copy of your Schedule 5K-1, and all supplemental schedules by attaching them as PDF documents to your electronically filed return. If you cannot attach and submit the PDF documents with your e-filed return, you can upload the PDF documents through the department's website using Form W-RA at <a href="https://tap.revenue.wi.gov/WRA/">https://tap.revenue.wi.gov/WRA/</a>. If you cannot create PDF documents, you can mail the attachments with Form W-RA to the address listed on the form.

For more information, get <u>Publication 102</u>, *Wisconsin Tax Treatment of Tax-Option (S) Corporations and Their Shareholders.* See page 11 for information on how to get this publication. 24

## Line Instructions

Line 11 - Rental Real Estate, Royalties, Partnerships, S Corporations, Trusts, Etc. - continued

■ Partnership, estate, or trust modifications If you were a member of a partnership, or you received income from an estate or trust, you will receive a statement from the partnership, estate, or trust notifying you of any modifications to federal income. Increase the amount reported in the federal column by amounts shown as addition modifications. Decrease the amount reported in the federal column by amounts shown as subtraction modifications. The adjusted amount will be the amount shown in the Wisconsin column (column B).

If you were a partner or member of a partnership or LLC treated as a partnership that elected to be taxed at the entity level, do not include the items of income, gain, loss, or deduction from the partnership in the Wisconsin column (column B). See example below. **Note:** If the partnership made the election, the box will be checked on Schedule 3K-1, Part C, box 3.

**Example:** Partner A was a part-year Wisconsin resident in 2021 and owns 50 percent of Partnership. Partner A's only sources of Wisconsin income for 2021 are \$15,000 of wages and \$100,000 of federal ordinary business income from the partnership which is taxable to Wisconsin. Partnership makes an election under sec. 71.21(6)(a), Wis. Stats., to pay tax at the entity level for 2021.

Partnership's \$100,000 of federal ordinary business income for 2021 has the following Wisconsin differences:

- \$10,000 of additional Wisconsin depreciation expense because of a different depreciable basis of an asset determined under the IRC in effect for Wisconsin purposes
- \$5,000 of Wisconsin tax paid by the partnership with its 2020 Form 3 deducted on the 2021 federal Form 1065

The amounts which must be reported in the federal column (column A) are \$15,000 of wages on line 1 and \$90,000 on line 11. The \$90,000 is the amount of ordinary business income less the Schedule I difference due to depreciation (\$100,000 - \$10,000). The amounts which must be reported in the Wisconsin column (column B) are \$15,000 of wages on line 1 and \$0 on line 11.

**Caution:** Do not reverse any item of partnership gain or loss reported on federal Schedule D. These items have already been removed from Wisconsin income when you completed Wisconsin Schedule WD. See the <u>Schedule WD instructions</u> for more information.

**Required Attachments** Submit a copy of your Schedule 3K-1, and all supplemental schedules by attaching them as PDF documents to your electronically filed return. If you cannot attach and submit the PDF documents with your e-filed return, you can upload the PDF documents through the department's website using Form W-RA at <a href="https://tap.revenue.wi.gov/WRA/">https://tap.revenue.wi.gov/WRA/</a>. If you cannot create PDF documents, you can mail the attachments with Form W-RA to the address listed on the form.

**Differences in federal and Wisconsin basis of property** If the federal basis of your property isn't the same as the Wisconsin basis, see page 15.

## Line 12 Farm Income or (Loss)

#### Column A

Federal column Fill in the amount from line 6 of federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040).

#### Column B

**Wisconsin column** Nonresidents – fill in the amount of income or loss from Wisconsin farms. Part-year and full-year residents – figure the income or loss from farms in and outside Wisconsin while a Wisconsin resident. Combine with that figure the income or loss from Wisconsin farms while a nonresident.

#### Modification

**Differences in federal and Wisconsin basis of property** If the federal basis of your property isn't the same as the Wisconsin basis, see page 15.

#### Line 13 Unemployment Compensation

Column A

Federal column Fill in the amount of unemployment compensation from line 7 of federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040).

#### Column B

**Wisconsin column** *Nonresidents* – don't fill in any amount on line 13, column B. *Part-year and full-year residents* – figure the taxable amount of unemployment compensation received while a Wisconsin resident. Complete the following steps.

*Line 13 – Unemployment Compensation – continued* 

Step 1 Complete the worksheet below.

Unemployment Compensation Worksheet
<ul> <li>Check only one box.</li> <li>A. Married filing a joint return – write \$18,000 on line 3 below.</li> <li>B. Married not filing a joint return and lived with your spouse at any time during the year – write -0- on line 3 below.</li> <li>C. Married not filing a joint return and DID NOT live with your spouse at any time during the year – write \$12,000 on line 3 below.</li> <li>D. Single – write \$12,000 on line 3 below.</li> </ul>
1. Fill in unemployment compensation from line 7 of federal         Schedule 1 (Form 1040)
2. Fill in your federal adjusted gross income from line 31 of Form 1NPR
<ul> <li>3. Fill in \$18,000 if you checked box A; or</li> <li>-0- if you checked box B; or</li> <li>\$12,000 if you checked box C or D</li></ul>
<ol> <li>Fill in taxable social security benefits, if any, from line 6b of federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR</li></ol>
<ol> <li>Fill in taxable refunds, credits, or offsets, if any, from line 1 of federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040)</li></ol>
6. Add lines 3, 4, and 5
<ol> <li>Subtract line 6 from line 2. If zero or less, fill in -0- here and on line 9 of this worksheet and do not complete line 8. Otherwise, go on to line 8</li></ol>
8. Fill in one-half of the amount on line 78.
9. Fill in the smaller amount of line 1 or line 8

Step 2 Use the following formula to figure the amount taxable by Wisconsin:

UC from line 9	х	UC* received while a Wisconsin resident	=	UC taxable by Wisconsin to
of worksheet		Total UC received from line 1 of worksheet		line 13, Col. B, Form 1NPR

\* Do not include any railroad unemployment insurance benefits here.

## Line 14 Social Security Benefits

Column A

**Federal column** Fill in the amount from line 6b of federal Form 1040.

Column B

Wisconsin column Don't fill in any amount on line 14. Wisconsin does not tax social security benefits.

## Line 15 Other Income

Column A

Federal column Fill in the amount from line 9 of federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040).

**Caution:** Wisconsin has not adopted section 9673 of Public Law 117-2 (American Rescue Plan Act of 2021) relating to restaurant revitalization grants for purposes of figuring federal adjusted gross income for Wisconsin purposes. This amount must be included on line 15, column A (federal column). However, this amount is exempt from Wisconsin income tax and may be subtracted on <u>Schedule M</u>, line 29.

#### Column B

**Wisconsin column** Complete Schedule M if you have an amount on line 15, column A, or you are affected by any of the modifications listed on the next page. See Schedule M instructions for more information on these modifications.

Line 15 – Other Income – continued

- · Addition required for certain credits
  - Farmland preservation credit
  - Enterprise zone jobs credit
  - Development zones credit
  - Capital investment credit
  - Manufacturing investment credit
  - Economic development tax credit
  - Jobs tax credit
  - Community rehabilitation program credit
  - Research expense credit
  - Manufacturing/agriculture credit
  - Business development credit

- Electronics and information technology manufacturing zone credit
- Employee college savings account contribution credit
- · Federal net operating loss deduction
- Excess distribution from a passive foreign investment company
- · Expenses paid to or incurred with related entities
- Nonqualified distributions from Edvest and Tomorrow's Scholar college savings account
- Nonqualified distributions from ABLE accounts
- Expensed for moving business outside Wisconsin or the United States

## Line 17 Educator Expenses

#### Column A

Federal column Fill in the amount from line 11 of federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040).

#### Column B

Wisconsin column Fill in the amount from the federal column.

# Line 18 Certain Business Expenses of Reservists, Performing Artists, and Fee-Basis Government Officials

#### Column A

Federal column Fill in the amount from line 12 of federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040).

Column B

Wisconsin column Fill in the amount from the federal column.

## Line 19 Health Savings Account Deduction

#### Column A

Federal column Fill in the amount from line 13 of federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040).

Column B

Wisconsin column Fill in the amount from the federal column.

## Line 20 Moving Expenses for Members of the Armed Forces

The moving expense deduction is only allowed for members of the Armed Forces on active duty who move pursuant to a military order and incident to a permanent change of station.

#### Column A

Federal column Fill in the amount from line 14 of federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040).

## Column B

**Wisconsin column** *Nonresidents* – don't fill in any amount on line 20, column B. *Part-year and full-year residents* – fill in your expenses from line 14 of federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040) which were for moving into Wisconsin or within Wisconsin. Don't include expenses for moving out of Wisconsin if your new domicile is outside Wisconsin. You may include expenses for moving out of Wisconsin domicile.

## Line 21 Deductible Part of Self-Employment Tax

## Column A

Federal column Fill in the amount from line 15 of federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040).

## Column B

Wisconsin column Fill in the allowable deduction for self-employment tax. Use the following formula to figure the deduction:

Net earnings from a trade or business taxable to Wisconsin Total net earnings from	х	Deductible part of self-employment tax from line 15,	=	Wisconsin self-employment tax deduction to line 21,	
a trade or business		federal Schedule 1		Col. B, Form 1NPR	
		(Form 1040)			

**Note**: If you are married filing a joint return and both you and your spouse had self-employment income, you must figure each spouse's allowable deduction separately. Fill in the total of both spouses' allowable deduction on line 21, column B, of Form 1NPR.

## Line 22 Self-Employed SEP, SIMPLE, and Qualified Plans

## Column A

Federal column Fill in the amount from line 16 of federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040).

## Column B

**Wisconsin column** Fill in the amount of the self-employed SEP, SIMPLE, and qualified plan (Keogh) deduction allowable for Wisconsin.

- Use the formula below to figure the amount of your Keogh and self-employed SEP and SIMPLE deduction allowable for Wisconsin.
- If you are married filing a joint return and both you and your spouse had a Keogh or self-employed SEP or SIMPLE deduction, you must figure each spouse's allowable deduction separately. Fill in the total of each spouse's deduction on line 22, column B, of Form 1NPR.
- If you have both a Keogh and self-employed SEP or SIMPLE deduction, figure the allowable deduction for each separately. Fill in the total of the allowable deductions on line 22, column B, of Form 1NPR.

Formula to figure allowable Keogh deduction:

Your net earnings from a trade or business* taxable to Wisconsin Your total net earnings from a trade or business*	x	Keogh deduction included in line 15, federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040)	=	Keogh deduction allowable for Wisconsin to line 22, Col. B, Form 1NPR
-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	---	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------	---	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------

\* Use net earnings only from the business that has the Keogh plan.

Formula to figure allowable self-employed SEP or SIMPLE deduction:

Your wages and net earnings from a trade or business* taxable to Wisconsin Your total wages and net earnings from a trade or business*	х	Self-employed SEP or SIMPLE deduction included in line 15, federal Schedule 1	=	Self-employed SEP or SIMPLE deduction allowable for Wisconsin to line 22, Col. B, Form 1NPR
		(Form 1040)		

\* Do not reduce your wages by losses from self-employment, and use net earnings only from the business that has the SEP or SIMPLE plan.

28

## Line Instructions

## Line 23 Self-Employed Health Insurance Deduction

#### Column A

Federal column Fill in the amount from line 17 of federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040).

#### Column B

**Wisconsin column** You may be able to subtract all or a portion of the cost of your medical care insurance. "Medical care insurance" means a medical care insurance policy that covers you, your spouse, and dependents and provides surgical, medical, hospital, major medical, or other health service coverage (including dental and vision insurance). If you are receiving social security benefits, the amount paid for medical care insurance includes the amount deducted from your monthly benefit for Medicare (for example, Parts B and D). It does not include premiums you pay for:

- Long-term care insurance
- Life insurance policies
- · Policies providing payment for loss of earnings
- Policies for loss of life, limb, sight, etc.
- Policies that pay you a guaranteed amount each week for a stated number of weeks if you are hospitalized for sickness or injury
- The part of your car insurance premiums that provides medical insurance coverage for all persons injured in or by your car
- Medical care insurance if you elected to pay these premiums with tax-free distributions from a retirement plan made directly to the insurance provider and these distributions would have otherwise been included in income

#### CAUTION

- Do not include insurance premiums paid by an employer including amounts paid by you through payroll deductions, unless the premiums are included as wages in Box 1 of your Form W-2. Premiums that are deducted pre-tax are not included in Box 1 of your Form W-2.
- The amount of employer-provided medical insurance that is identified on your Form W-2 in Box 12 with Code DD cannot be included in the subtraction for medical care insurance.
- If you participate in your employer's fringe benefit cafeteria plan and agree to a voluntary salary reduction in return for a
  medical care insurance benefit, you may not consider the amount of your salary reduction an amount you paid for medical
  care insurance. Because you are an employee whose insurance premiums are paid with money that is not included in
  your gross income (premiums are deducted pre-tax), you cannot subtract the premiums paid with that money. Such
  programs may be known as, for example, flexible spending accounts, employee reimbursement accounts, etc. Some
  employers may identify these amounts on your pay stubs as IRC sec. 125 or as a pre-tax deduction.

Complete the worksheet on the next page to figure your subtraction.

When completing line 1 of the worksheet, if you purchased the insurance through an Exchange (Marketplace), the amount you paid is the amount paid after your premium was reduced for any advance payment of the premium assistance credit.

## Line Instructions

	Medical Care Insurance – Self-Employed Persons	
1.	Amount you paid for medical care insurance in 2021 while you were self-employed	1
	Amount of medical care insurance deducted on federal Schedule C or F for your employee spouse	2
3.	Amount of premium tax credit from line 9 of your federal Schedule 3 (Form 1040)	3
4.	Add lines 2 and 3	4
5.	Subtract line 4 from line 1	5
6.	Amount of advance premium tax credit you were required to repay (line 2 of federal Schedule 2 (Form 1040)	
7.	Add lines 5 and 6	
	Fill in the amount from line 30 of Form 1NPR without considering the subtraction for medical care insurance. If zero or less, enter 0 (zero)	8
9.	Fill in the amount from line 31 of Form 1NPR. If zero or less, enter 0 (zero)	9
10.	Divide line 8 by line 9. Fill in decimal amount, but not more than 1.00	10
11.	Multiply line 7 by line 10	11
12.	Fill in the smaller of line 8 or line 11	12
	Fill in the amount of long-term care insurance that is included on line 17 of your federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040)	13
14.	Add lines 12 and 13. Fill in here and in the Wisconsin column on line 23, column B	14

Note If you are an employee or have no employer, see the Schedule M instructions for information on claiming a subtraction for medical care insurance.

## Line 24 Penalty on Early Withdrawal of Savings

Column A

Federal column Fill in the amount from line 18 of federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040).

#### Column B

**Wisconsin column** Nonresidents – don't fill in any amount on line 24. Part-year and full-year residents – fill in the penalty for early withdrawal of savings you paid while a Wisconsin resident.

#### Line 25 Alimony Paid

#### Column A

Federal column Fill in the amount from line 19a of federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040).

#### Column B

**Wisconsin column** Fill in the amount of alimony paid from the federal column.

#### Columns A & B

For divorce or separation agreements executed after December 31, 2018, or for divorce or separation agreements executed on or before December 31, 2018, and modified after that date, alimony and separate maintenance payments are no longer deductible from federal adjusted gross income. Do not include any amount on line 25, column A or B. However, for divorce or separation agreements which are executed before January 1, 2019, and not modified after that date, deduct any alimony or maintenance payments paid in 2021 on line 25, columns A and/or B.

## Line 26 IRA Deduction

Column A

Federal column Fill in the amount from line 20 of federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040).

#### 30

Line 26 – IRA Deduction – continued

## Column B

Wisconsin column Fill in the amount of IRA deduction allowable for Wisconsin.

- Use the following formula to figure your allowable IRA deduction. **Note**: An IRA deduction is allowable for Wisconsin only if the owner of the IRA has wages or net earnings from a trade or business taxable to Wisconsin.
- If you are married filing a joint return and both you and your spouse qualify for an IRA deduction, you must separately figure each spouse's allowable IRA deduction. Fill in the total of both your and your spouse's allowable IRA deductions in Col. B.

Your wages and net earnings from a trade or business* taxable to Wisconsin	x	Your IRA deduction from line 20, federal	=	IRA deduction allowable for Wisconsin
Your total wages and net earnings from a trade or business*		Schedule 1 (Form 1040)		to line 26, Col. B, Form 1NPR

\* Do not reduce your wages by losses from self-employment. Do not include your spouse's wages or earnings from a trade or business.

## Line 27 Student Loan Interest Deduction

**Note**: You cannot take this deduction if you, or your spouse if filing jointly, are claimed as a dependent on someone's (such as your parent's) federal tax return.

## Column A

Federal column Fill in the amount from line 21 of federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040).

## Column B

Wisconsin column Fill in the amount of student loan interest deduction from the federal column.

## Line 28 Other Adjustments

## Column A

**Federal column** Fill in the total of the other adjustments (items listed below) from lines 23 and 25 of federal Schedule 1 (Form 1040).

- Archer MSA deduction
- · Jury duty pay given to employer
- Reforestation amortization
- Repayment of supplemental unemployment benefits (SUB)
- Contributions to section 501(c)(18)(D) pension plans
- · Attorney fees and court costs involving certain unlawful discrimination claims
- · Expenses related to income from the rental of personal property
- · Attorney fees and court costs in connection with an IRS award
- The value of Olympic and Paralympic medals and United States Olympics Committee prize money.
- Contributions by certain chaplains to section 403(b) plans
- · Housing deduction
- Excess deductions of section 67(e) expenses from Schedule K-1 (Form 1041)
- Other adjustments

## Column B

**Wisconsin column** Complete Schedule M if you have an amount on line 28, column A, or you are affected by any of the modifications listed below. See the Schedule M instructions for more information on these modifications.

- · Farm loss carryover
- Recoveries of federal itemized deductions
- Wisconsin net operating loss deduction
- Medical care insurance (if you are self-employed, see the line 23 instructions)
- Long-term care insurance

- Retirement income subtraction
- Amounts not taxable by Wisconsin
- Adoption expenses
- Tuition and fee expenses
- Contributions to a Wisconsin statesponsored college savings program

Line 28 – Other Adjustments – continued

- Child and dependent care expenses
- Repayment of income previously taxed
- Sale of business assets or assets used in farming to a related person
- Human organ donation
- Contributions to ABLE accounts
- U.S. Olympic subtraction
- · AmeriCorps education awards

- · Expenses paid to related entities
- · Income from a related entity
- Sales of certain insurance policies
- Combat zone related death
- Private school tuition
- Physician or psychiatrist grant
- Distributions of certain earnings from Wisconsin state-sponsored college tuition programs

#### Line 30 Wisconsin Income

Subtract line 29, Wisconsin column, from line 16, Wisconsin column. Fill in the result on line 30, Wisconsin column. If line 29, Wisconsin column, is more than line 16, Wisconsin column, fill in 0.

#### Line 31 Federal Income

Subtract line 29, federal column, from line 16, federal column. Fill in the result on line 31, federal column. If line 29, federal column, is more than line 16, federal column, fill in 0.

## Line 32 Ratio of Your Wisconsin Income to Federal Income

Divide the amount on line 30, Wisconsin column, by the amount on line 31, federal column. Fill in the result on line 32. Carry your decimal to four places, rounding off to the fourth position. Don't fill in more than 1.0000 or less than zero. If the amount on line 30 or line 31 is zero, fill in 1.0000 on line 32.

**Example** If \$14,000 is reported on line 30, Wisconsin column, and is divided by \$26,000 on line 31, federal column, the result is .5384615, or rounded is .5385.

#### Line 33

Fill in the *larger* of Wisconsin income from line 30, column B, or federal income from line 31, column A. If Wisconsin income from line 30, column B, is zero or less, fill in 0 (zero).

**Note**: Even though you may start the tax computation based on federal income, the tax will be later prorated based on the ratio of your Wisconsin income to federal income. The result is that you pay only the portion of the tax attributable to Wisconsin income.

#### Line 34a

If you (or your spouse, if married filing a joint return) can be claimed as a dependent by another person, check line 34a. Complete line 34b and see the "Exceptions" for line 34c.

#### Line 34b Aliens

If for federal tax purposes you are a dual-status or nonresident alien for 2021, check line 34b and fill in 0 on line 34c. You can't claim a standard deduction.

**Exception** If, at the end of 2021, one spouse was a nonresident alien or a dual-status alien and the other spouse was a U.S. citizen or a resident alien and you qualify to file a joint return (as explained in the **Exception** on page 13), do not check line 34b. Complete line 34c.

#### Line 34c Standard Deduction

Go to the 2021 Standard Deduction Table on page 50 to find your standard deduction. Fill in your standard deduction on line 34c. See Exceptions below.

#### Exceptions

**Taxpayers who file short period returns or federal Form 4563 to claim an exclusion of income from sources within U.S. possessions** – You can't claim a standard deduction. Fill in 0 on line 34c.

**Dependents** If you (or your spouse if married filing a joint return) can be claimed as a dependent for income tax purposes by another person, your standard deduction is limited. Use the worksheet on the next page to figure your standard deduction.

#### Line 34c - Standard Deduction - continued

If line 5 of the Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents multiplied by the ratio on line 32 of Form 1NPR is larger than your Wisconsin income on line 30, column B, of Form 1NPR, fill in 0 on lines 35, 38, and 51 of Form 1NPR. You do not have to complete lines 36, 37, and 39-50.

Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents					
1. Fill in your standard deduction from table, page 50	.00				
2. Fill in the amount of your earned income*	.00				
3. Addition amount	350.00				
4. Add lines 2 and 3. If less than \$1,100, fill in \$1,100	.00				
<ol> <li>Compare lines 1 and 4. Fill in the smaller of the two amounts here and on line 34c of Form 1NPR</li></ol>	.00				
* Earned income includes wages, salaries, tips, scholarships which are reported on a Form W-2, oth federal column), and net earnings from self-employment (lines 6 and 12, federal column).	ner pay (line 1,				

## Line 36 Exemptions

Complete lines 36a and 36b. Fill in the number of exemptions on the lines provided. Multiply that number by the amount indicated (\$700 or \$250), and fill in the result on line a or b, as appropriate. Fill in the total of the amounts on lines 36a and 36b on line 36c.

#### Line 36a

The exemptions allowed for you (and your spouse, if married) on line 36a are equal to:

- **0** If you are single and can be claimed as a dependent on someone else's return, or if you are married filing jointly and both you and your spouse can be claimed as a dependent on someone else's return.
- 1 If you are single and cannot be claimed as a dependent on someone else's return, or if you are married filing jointly and either you or your spouse (not both) can be claimed as a dependent on someone else's return.
- 2 If you are married filing jointly and neither you nor your spouse can be claimed as a dependent on someone else's return.

Additional exemptions are allowed equal to the number of dependents you may claim, which is the number of dependents listed on the front of federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR. Enter an additional exemption for each dependent filled in on federal Form 1040 or 1040-SR.

#### Line 36b

If you or your spouse were 65 or older on December 31, 2021, check the appropriate lines. Your number of exemptions is equal to the number of lines checked.

You may claim the \$250 exemption on line 36b for you and/or your spouse only if you and/or your spouse are allowed the \$700 exemption on line 36a.

#### Line 38 Tax

Use the amount on line 37 to find your tax in the Tax Table that starts on page 52. Find your income-level bracket and read across to the column showing your filing status to find your tax. Be sure you use the correct column in the Tax Table for your filing status. If the amount on line 37 is \$100,000 or more, use the Tax Computation Worksheet on page 58 to compute your tax. Fill in your tax on line 38.

#### Line 39 Wisconsin Itemized Deduction Credit

If the total of certain federal itemized deductions exceeds your Wisconsin standard deduction, you may claim the Wisconsin itemized deduction credit.



If you are a shareholder of a tax-option (S) corporation or partner of a partnership that elected to be taxed at the entity level, do not use any amounts from Schedule 5K-1 or 3K-1 in the computation of the itemized deduction credit.

Line 39 – Wisconsin Itemized Deduction Credit – continued

Complete Schedule 1 on page 4 of Form 1NPR to see if you can claim the credit. Schedule 1 lists the specific deductions to use from federal Schedule A (Form 1040) (see **Exceptions** below).

If you did not itemize deductions for federal tax purposes, use the amounts which would be deductible if you had itemized deductions. To determine the amounts to use, complete a federal Schedule A (Form 1040). Write "Wisconsin" at the top of this Schedule A and enclose it with Form 1NPR.

**Exceptions** Even though Schedule 1 has entry lines for medical expenses, interest paid, and gifts to charity, not all of the amounts of these items that are deducted on federal Schedule A (Form 1040) can be used for the Wisconsin itemized deduction credit. The following describes the portion of these items that may <u>not</u> be used to compute the Wisconsin itemized deduction credit.

- Medical expenses the amount of medical care insurance and long-term care insurance claimed as a subtraction for Wisconsin. If this applies to you, complete the worksheet below to figure the amount which you are allowed, if any, for purposes of the itemized deduction credit.
- Interest paid to purchase a second home located outside Wisconsin
  - paid to purchase a residence which is a boat
  - paid to purchase or hold U.S. government securities
  - mortgage insurance premiums treated as interest
- Contributions and interest allocated to you by a tax-option (S) corporation if you treated the deduction as a subtraction.

Wo	rksheet for Medical Care and Long-Term Care Insurance Expenses Claimed for Itemized Deduction Credit
1.	Total medical expenses from federal Schedule A (Form 1040), line 1 1.
2.	Deductible medical expenses from federal Schedule A (Form 1040), line 4 2.
3.	Total medical care insurance (MCI) deducted on federal Schedule A (Form 1040) (included in line 1 above). If none, skip to line 6 3
4.	Ratio of MCI to total medical expenses. Divide line 3 by line 1 (carry to 4 decimal places) 4.
5.	Multiply line 2 by line 4
6.	Long-term care insurance (LTCI) deducted on federal Schedule A (Form 1040) (included on line 1 above). If none, skip to line 9 6
7.	Ratio of LTCI to total medical expenses. Divide line 6 by line 1 (carry to 4 decimal places)
8.	Multiply line 2 by line 7
9.	Add lines 5 and 8
10.	Subtract line 9 from line 2. If zero or less, fill in 0 (zero) 10.
11.	MCI deducted on Form 1NPR, lines 15 and 23. If none, skip to line 13
12.	Subtract line 11 from line 5. If zero or less, fill in 0 (zero) 12.
13.	LTCI deducted on Form 1NPR, line 15. If none, skip to line 15
14.	Subtract line 13 from line 8. If zero or less, fill in 0 (zero) 14.
15.	Wisconsin medical expenses. Add lines 10, 12 and 14. Fill in here and on line 1 of Schedule 1 . 15.

## Line 40 School Property Tax Credit

Nonresidents - don't fill in any amount on these lines. Nonresidents aren't eligible for the school property tax credit.

**Note**: If you are filing a joint return and one spouse is a full-year or part-year Wisconsin resident but the other is a nonresident, you can claim the school property tax credit. Figure your credit by using the rent and property taxes of both spouses.

*Part-year and full-year residents* – read the following instructions if you paid rent during 2021 for living quarters used as your principal home or property taxes during 2021 on your home.

Note: You may not claim the school property tax credit if you are claiming the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit.

Line 40 – School Property Tax Credit – continued

## **Special cases**

**If you paid both property taxes and rent** You may claim both the renter's credit and the homeowner's credit. The total combined credit claimed on lines 40a and 40b can't be more than \$300 (\$150 if married filing a separate return or if married filing as head of household).

Married persons filing a joint return Figure your credit by using the rent and property taxes paid by both spouses.

**Married persons filing separate returns or married persons filing as head of household** Each spouse can claim a credit. Each of you can use only your own property taxes and rent to figure the credit. The maximum credit allowable to each spouse is \$150.

**Persons who jointly own a home or share rented living quarters** When two or more persons (other than a married couple) jointly own a home or share rented living quarters, each may claim a credit. However, the property taxes and rent paid must be divided among the owners or occupants. See the instructions for lines 40a and 40b.

## Line 40a How Do I Figure the Renter's School Property Tax Credit

**Step 1 Rent paid in 2021** Fill in on the appropriate line(s) the total rent that you paid in 2021 for living quarters (1) where the heat was included in the rent, and (2) where the heat was not included in the rent. These living quarters must have been used as your principal home but don't have to be located in Wisconsin. Don't include any rent that you may claim as a business expense. Don't include rent paid for housing that is exempt from property taxes, for example, rent for a university dorm, nonprofit senior housing, or public housing. (Property owned by a public housing authority is considered tax-exempt unless that authority makes payments in place of property taxes to the city or town in which it is located. If you live in public housing, you may wish to ask your manager about this.)

If your rent included food, housekeeping, medical, or other services, reduce your rent paid in 2021 by the value of these items. If you shared living quarters with one or more persons (other than your spouse or dependents), fill in only the portion of the total rent that you paid in 2021. For example, if you and two other persons rented an apartment and paid a total rent of \$6,000 in 2021, and you each paid \$2,000 of the rent, each could claim a credit based on \$2,000 of rent.

**Step 2** Use the Renter's School Property Tax Credit Table on the next page to figure your credit. If heat was included in your rent, use column 1 of the table. If heat was not included, use column 2. Fill in your credit on line 40a.

**Exception** If you paid both rent where heat was included and rent where heat was not included, complete the worksheet below.

Renter's Worksheet
(Complete only if Exception described above applies)
1. Credit for rent with heat included (from Column 1 of Table on the next page)
2. Credit for rent with heat not included (from Column 2 of Table on the next page)
3. Add lines 1 and 2. Fill in on line 40a of Form 1NPR*
* Do not fill in more than \$300 (\$150 if married filing a separate return or married filing as head of household).

Line 40a – How Do I Figure the Renter's School Property Tax Credit – continued

Renter's School Property Tax Credit Table*															
If Rent Paid is:		Your Line 40a Credit is:		If Rent Paid is:		Your Line 40a Credit is:		If Rent Paid is:	Your Line 40a			If Rent Paid is:		Your Line 40a Credit is:	
		Col. 1	Col. 2			Col. 1	Col. 2			Col. 1	Col. 2			Col. 1	Col. 2
	But	Heat In-	Heat Not In-		But	Heat In-	Heat Not In-		But	Heat In-	Heat Not In-		But	Heat In-	Heat Not In-
At Least	Less Than	cluded in Rent	cluded	At Least	Less Than		cluded	At Least	Less	cluded	cluded in Rent	At Least	Less	cluded in Rent	cluded
\$ 1	\$ 100	\$ 1	\$ 2	\$ 3,500	\$ 3,600	\$85	\$107	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,100	\$169	\$212	\$10,500	\$10,600	\$253	\$300
100	200	4	5	3,600	3,700	88	110	7,100	7,200		215	10,600	10,700		300
200	300	6	8	3,700	3,800	90	113	7,200	7,300	174	218	10,700	10,800	258	300
300	400	8	11	3,800	3,900	92	116	7,300	7,400	176	221	10,800	10,900	260	300
400	500	11	14	3,900	4,000	95	119	7,400	7,500	179	224	10,900	11,000	263	300
500	600	13	17	4,000	4,100	97	122	7,500	7,600		227	11,000	11,100		300
600	700	16	20	4,100	4,200	100	125	7,600	7,700		230	11,100	11,200		300
700	800	18	23	4,200	4,300	102	128	7,700	7,800		233	11,200	11,300		300
800	900	20	26	4,300	4,400	104	131	7,800	7,900		236	11,300	11,400		300
900	1,000	23	29	4,400	4,500	107	134	7,900	8,000	191	239	11,400	11,500	275	300
1,000	1,100	25	32	4,500	4,600	109	137	8,000	8,100	193	242	11,500	11,600	277	300
1,100	1,200	28	35	4,600	4,700	112	140	8,100	8,200	196	245	11,600	11,700	280	300
1,200	1,300	30	38	4,700	4,800	114	143	8,200	8,300	198	248	11,700	11,800	282	300
1,300	1,400	32	41	4,800	4,900	116	146	8,300	8,400	200	251	11,800	11,900	284	300
1,400	1,500	35	44	4,900	5,000	119	149	8,400	8,500	203	254	11,900	12,000	287	300
1,500	1,600	37	47	5,000	5,100	121	152	8,500	8,600		257	12,000	12,100		300
1,600	1,700	40	50	5,100	5,200	124	155	8,600	8,700		260	12,100	12,200		300
1,700	1,800	42	53	5,200	5,300	126	158	8,700	8,800		263	12,200	12,300		300
1,800	1,900	44	56	5,300	5,400	128	161	8,800	8,900		266	12,300	12,400		300
1,900	2,000	47	59	5,400	5,500	131	164	8,900	9,000	215	269	12,400	12,500	299	300
2,000	2,100	49	62	5,500	5,600	133	167	9,000	9,100	217	272	12,500	or more	300	300
2,100	2,200	52	65	5,600	5,700	136	170	9,100	9,200		275				
2,200	2,300	54 56	68 71	5,700	5,800	138 140	173 176	9,200	9,300		278				
2,300 2,400	2,400 2,500	50 59	74	5,800 5,900	5,900 6,000	140	170	9,300 9,400	9,400 9,500		281 284				
2,500	2.600	61	77	6.000	6,100	145	182	9,500	9,600	229	287				
2,500	2,600	64	80	6,000	6,200	145	182	9,500	9,600		287 290				
2,600	2,700	66	80 83	6,200	6,200 6,300	140	188	9,800	9,700		290 293				
2,700	2,800	68	86	6,200	6,400	150	100	9,800	9,800	234	293				
2,900	3,000	71	89	6,400	6,500	155	194	9,900	10,000		299				
	0 400	70	00	6 500	6 606	457	107	10.000	40 400	044	200				
3,000	3,100 3,200	73 76	92 95	6,500 6.600	6,600 6,700	157 160	197 200	10,000	10,100 10,200	241 244	300 300				
3,100 3,200	3,200	78	95 98	6,700	6,800	160	200	10,100	10,200		300				
3,200	3,300	80	101	6,800	6,900	162	203	10,200	10,300		300				
3,300	3,400	83	101	6,900	7,000	167	200	10,300	10,400	240	300				
	-,			-,	.,										

\*Caution The credit allowed certain persons may be less than the amount indicated. See "Special cases" on page 34.

## Line 40b How Do I Figure the Homeowner's School Property Tax Credit

Step 1 Property taxes paid on home in 2021 Fill in the amount of property taxes you paid in 2021 on your home. Your home doesn't have to be located in Wisconsin. Do not include:

- Charges for special assessments, delinquent interest, or services that may be included on your tax bill (such as trash removal, recycling fee, or a water bill)
- Property taxes that you can claim as a business expense (for example, farm taxes or rental property taxes)
- Property taxes paid on property that is not your primary residence (such as a cottage or vacant land)
- · Property taxes that you paid in any year other than 2021

Property taxes are further limited as follows:

a. If you bought or sold your home during 2021, the property taxes of the seller and buyer are the taxes set forth for each in the closing agreement made at the sale or purchase. If the closing agreement does not divide the taxes between the seller and buyer, divide them on the basis of the number of months each owned the home.

Line 40b – How Do I Figure the Homeowner's School Property Tax Credit – continued

- b. If you owned a mobile home during 2021, property taxes include the municipal permit fees paid to your municipality and/or the personal property taxes paid on your mobile home. (Payments for space rental for parking a mobile home or manufactured home should be filled in as rent on line 40a.)
- c. If you, or you and your spouse, owned a home jointly with one or more other persons, you may only use that portion of the property taxes which reflects your percentage of ownership. For example, if you and another person (not your spouse) jointly owned a home on which taxes of \$1,500 were paid, each of you can claim a credit based on \$750 of taxes.

**Step 2** Use the Homeowner's School Property Tax Credit Table below to figure your credit. Fill in the amount of your credit on line 40b.

**Caution** If you are also claiming the renter's credit on line 40a, the total of your renter's and homeowner's credits can't be more than \$300 (\$150 if married filing a separate return or married filing as head of household).

				Hom	eowner's	s Scho	ol Prop	perty Tax	c Credi	t Table	*			
If Property Taxes are:			If Prop are:	erty Taxe	s	If Property Taxes are:			If Property Taxes are:			If Property Taxes are:		
At Least	But Less Than	Line 40b Credit is	At Least	But Less Than	Line 40b Credit is	At Least	But Less Than	Line 40b Credit is	At Least	But Less Than	Line 40b Credit is	At Least	But Less Than	Line 40b Credit is
\$ 1	\$ 25	\$2	\$ 500	\$ 525	\$ 62	\$1,000	\$1,025	\$ 122	\$1,500	\$1,525	\$182	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,025	\$242
25	50	5	525	550	65	1,025	1,050	125	1,525	1,550	185	2,025	2,050	245
50	75	8	550	575	68	1,050	1,075	128	1,550	1,575	188	2,050	2,075	248
75	100	11	575	600	71	1,075	1,100	131	1,575	1,600	191	2,075	2,100	251
100	125	14	600	625	74	1,100	1,125	134	1,600	1,625	194	2,100	2,125	254
125	150	17	625	650	77	1,125	1,150	137	1,625	1,650	197	2,125	2,150	257
150	175	20	650	675	80	1,150	1,175	140	1,650	1,675	200	2,150	2,175	260
175	200	23	675	700	83	1,175	1,200	143	1,675	1,700	203	2,175	2,200	263
200	225	26	700	725	86	1,200	1,225	146	1,700	1,725	206	2,200	2,225	266
225	250	29	725	750	89	1,225	1,250	149	1,725	1,750	209	2,225	2,250	269
250	275	32	750	775	92	1,250	1,275	152	1,750	1,775	212	2,250	2,275	272
275	300	35	775	800	95	1,275	1,300	155	1,775	1,800	215	2,275	2,300	275
300	325	38	800	825	98	1,300	1,325	158	1,800	1,825	218	2,300	2,325	278
325	350	41	825	850	101	1,325	1,350	161	1,825	1,850	221	2,325	2,350	281
350	375	44	850	875	104	1,350	1,375	164	1,850	1,875	224	2,350	2,375	284
375	400	47	875	900	107	1,375	1,400	167	1,875	1,900	227	2,375	2,400	287
400	425	50	900	925	110	1,400	1,425	170	1,900	1,925	230	2,400	2,425	290
425	450	53	925	950	113	1,425	1,450	173	1,925	1,950	233	2,425	2,450	293
450	475	56	950	975	116	1,450	1,475	176	1,950	1,975	236	2,450	2,475	296
475	500	59	975	1,000	119	1,475	1,500	179	1,975	2,000	239	2,475	2,500	299
												2,500	or more	300

\*Caution The credit allowed certain persons may be less than the amount indicated. See "Special Cases" on page 34.

#### Line 46 Working Families Tax Credit

*Nonresidents and part-year residents* – don't fill in any amount. Only full-year residents are eligible for the working families tax credit.

**Note**: If you are married filing a joint return and one spouse is a full-year Wisconsin resident, the resident spouse may be able to claim the working families tax credit.

Full-year residents – If you are married filing a joint return, read the instructions which follow.

**Note**: You may not claim the working families tax credit if you may be claimed as a dependent on another person's (for example, your parent's) income tax return.

- If the amount on line 30 of Form 1NPR is \$18,000 or less, your credit is equal to the amount on line 45 of Form 1NPR. Fill in the amount of your credit on line 46 of Form 1NPR.
- If the amount on line 30 of Form 1NPR is more than \$18,000 but less than \$19,000, use the worksheet on the next page to compute your credit.
- If the amount on line 30 of Form 1NPR is \$19,000 or more, leave line 46 blank. You do not qualify for the credit.

#### Working Families Tax Credit Worksheet

Do <b>not</b> complete this worksheet if:	Do not	complete	this	worksheet if:	
-------------------------------------------	--------	----------	------	---------------	--

- · You were a nonresident or part-year resident of Wisconsin for 2021
- Line 30 of Form 1NPR is \$18,000 or less
- Line 30 of Form 1NPR is \$19,000 or more
- You may be claimed as a dependent on another person's return.

1.	1. Amount from line 45 of Form 1NPR	1	
2.	2. Total of the first five credits listed in the line 48 instructions	2	
3.	3. Subtract line 2 from line 1	3.	
4.	4. Fill in \$19,000		
5.	5. Fill in amount from line 30 of Form 1NPR		
6.	6. Subtract line 5 from line 4		
7.	7. Divide line 6 by one thousand (1,000). Fill in decimal amount	7	
	3. Multiply line 3 by line 7. This is your working families tax credit. Fill in this amount on line 46 of Form 1NPR	8.	

#### Line 47 Married Couple Credit

You may claim the married couple credit if all of the following apply:

- · You are married filing a joint return
- · Both you and your spouse have qualified earned income taxable by Wisconsin
- You do not file federal Form 2555 or Form 2555-EZ to claim an exclusion of foreign earned income, or Form 4563 to claim an exclusion of income from sources in United States possessions

To figure the credit, fill in Schedule 2 on page 4 of Form 1NPR. Figure qualified earned income separately for yourself and your spouse on lines 1 through 5 in columns (A) and (B) of Schedule 2.

"Earned income" includes <u>taxable</u> wages, salaries, tips, other employee compensation, scholarships and fellowships (only amounts reported on a Form W-2), disability income treated as wages, and net earnings from self-employment reported to Wisconsin. Earned income doesn't include deferred compensation (even though it may be reported on a Form W-2), interest, dividends, unemployment compensation, rental income, social security, pensions, annuities, or income that is not taxable to Wisconsin. Don't consider the Wisconsin marital property law, marital property agreements, or unilateral statements in figuring each spouse's earned income.

**Example** You are a member of the National Guard and were called to active duty. You claimed a subtraction on line 1 of Form 1NPR for the amount of military pay you received for the time during which you were on active duty. Because this military pay is not taxable to Wisconsin, it cannot be used when computing the married couple credit.

#### Line 48 Nonrefundable Credits

If you are claiming any of the credits listed below, you must complete Schedule CR. Enclose Schedule CR, along with the appropriate schedule for the credit(s) you are claiming and any required Department of Commerce (DOC), Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation (WEDC), or Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority (WHEDA) approval, certification, or allocation with Form 1NPR. Enclose Schedule CF for each credit for which you claim a carryforward of unused credit. Fill in the amount from line 34 of Schedule CR on line 48. See page 11 for information on obtaining Schedule CR.

- Postsecondary Education Credit Carryforward (Schedule CF)
- Water Consumption Credit Carryforward (Schedule CF)
- Biodiesel Fuel Production Credit Carryforward (Schedule CF)
- Health Insurance Risk-Sharing Plan Assessments Credit Carryforward (Schedule CF)
- Veteran Employment Credit Carryforward (Schedule CF)
- Film Production Company Investment Credit Carryforward Nonrefundable Portion (Schedule CF)

Line 48 – Nonrefundable Credits – continued

- Schedule ES Employee College Savings Account Contribution Credit The employee college savings account contribution credit is available to employers who contribute an amount into an employee's college savings account. Complete Schedule ES.
- Schedule CM Community Rehabilitation Program Credit The community rehabilitation program credit is available to persons who enter into a contract with a community rehabilitation program to have the program perform work for the entity.
- Research Facilities Credit Carryforward (Schedule CF)
- Schedule LI Low-Income Housing Credit The low-income housing credit is available to qualified development owners who are allocated a credit amount by WHEDA. Complete Schedule LI.
- Schedule HR Supplement to Federal Historic Rehabilitation Credit The supplement to the federal historic rehabilitation credit is available for rehabilitating certified historic structures used for business purposes. Complete Schedule HR.
- Schedule MA-A and MA-M Manufacturing and Agriculture Credit The manufacturing and agriculture credit is based on the production gross receipts of a business less certain expenses. Complete Schedule MA-A or MA-M.

If you are a shareholder of a tax-option (S) corporation or partner of a partnership that elected to be taxed at the entity level, and the manufacturing and agriculture credit is passed through to you on Schedule 5K-1 or 3K-1, you may not claim the credit to offset tax imposed on income which is taxable to the entity. See <u>Schedule MA-M instructions</u> for additional information on the business income limit computation.

- Schedule HR State Historic Rehabilitation Credit An individual who has received certification or approval of a project for rehabilitating a personal residence from the State Historical Society of Wisconsin may be eligible for the credit. Complete Schedule HR.
- Schedule R Research Credit The research credit is available for increasing research activities in Wisconsin. This includes credits related to internal combustion engines and certain energy efficient products. Complete Schedule R.
- Film Production Services Credit Carryforward Non-Refundable Portion (Schedule CF)
- Schedule MS Manufacturer's Sales Tax Credit If you had an unused manufacturer's sales tax credit of \$25,000 or less from 1998 through 2005 that you were unable to use for 2006-2020, complete Schedule MS to determine the amount of carryover credit you may claim.
- Schedule MI Manufacturing Investment Credit Persons certified by the DOC may be able to claim the manufacturing investment credit. See Schedule MI.
- Dairy and Livestock Farm Investment Credit Carryforward (Schedule CF)
- Ethanol and Biodiesel Fuel Pump Credit Carryforward (Schedule CF)
- Schedule DC Development Zones Credit Tax credits may be available to persons doing business in Wisconsin development zones. See Schedule DC.
- Schedule DC Capital Investment Credit The capital investment credit is available for businesses certified for tax benefits in a development opportunity zone, agricultural development zone, or airport development zone. Complete Part II of Schedule DC.
- Opportunity Zone Investment Credit Carryforward (Schedule CF)
- Technology Zone Credit Carryforward (Schedule CF)
- Schedule ED Economic Development Tax Credit The economic development tax credit may be claimed by persons certified by the WEDC and authorized to claim the credit. See Schedule ED.
- Schedule VC (Part I) Angel Investment Credit The angel investment credit is available to accredited investors who
  make a bona fide angel investment in a qualified new business venture that is certified by the WEDC. See Schedule VC.
- Schedule VC (Part II) Early Stage Seed Investment Credit The early stage seed investment credit is based on an
  investment paid to a fund manager certified by the WEDC that the fund manager invests in a certified business. See
  Schedule VC.
- Electronic Medical Records Credit Carryforward (Schedule CF)
- Internet Equipment Credit Carryforward (Schedule CF)

#### Line 49 Credit for Net Income Tax Paid to Another State

If, while a Wisconsin resident, you paid a net income tax both to Wisconsin and another state on the same income, you may be able to claim a credit for such tax. Read the Schedule OS instructions to determine if you may claim the credit. If you qualify for the credit, complete Schedule OS. Fill in the amount of your credit from Schedule OS on line 49. Be sure to enter in the space on line 49 the 2-letter postal abbreviation for the other state to which you paid tax. If you paid tax to more than one other state, fill in the number "99" in the space. See the Schedule OS instructions for other situations where additional code numbers may be required. Enclose Schedule OS and copies of the other state's return.

**Caution** Credit cannot be claimed for taxes paid to **Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, or Michigan** on income from services (such as wages, salaries, tips, commissions, bonuses, etc.) you received from working in one of those states. Instead, file a return with that state to get a refund of any tax withheld from your wages. Be sure to explain on that state's return that you were a Wisconsin resident when earning the wages in that state. See <u>Publication 121</u>, *Reciprocity*, for more information.

#### Line 52 Sales and Use Tax Due on Internet, Mail Order, or Other Out-of-State Purchases

If you made any taxable purchases from out-of-state firms during 2021 on which sales and use tax was not charged, you must report Wisconsin sales and use tax on these purchases on line 52 if they were stored, used, or consumed in Wisconsin. You must also report sales and use tax on taxable purchases from a retailer located in another country regardless of whether you were charged any tax for that country or any duty by the U.S. Customs Service if the items were stored, used, or consumed in Wisconsin. Taxable purchases include furniture, carpet, clothing, computers, books, CDs, DVDs, cassettes, video tapes, certain digital goods (e.g., greeting cards, video games, music, and books, transferred electronically), artwork, jewelry, coins purchased for more than face value, etc.

*Example* You purchased \$300 of clothing through a catalog or over the internet. No sales and use tax was charged. The clothing was delivered in a county with a 5% tax rate. You are liable for \$15 Wisconsin tax ( $$300 \times 5\% = $15$ ) on this purchase.

If you do not include an amount on line 52, place a checkmark in the space provided to certify that you do not owe any sales or use tax. Only returns certified as "no use tax due" will be recognized as filing a sales/use tax return.

Complete the worksheet below to determine whether you are liable for Wisconsin sales and use tax. Fill in the amount from line 3 of the worksheet on line 52 of Form 1NPR.

Worksheet for Computing Wisconsin Sales and Use Ta	ax
1. Total purchases subject to Wisconsin sales and use tax (i.e., purchases on which no sales and use tax was charged by the seller)	. \$
2. Sales and use tax rate (see rate chart)	. <u>x %</u>
3. Amount of sales and use tax due for 2021 (line 1 multiplied by tax rate on line 2). Round this amount to the nearest dollar and fill in on line 52 of Form 1NPR	. \$

#### Sales and Use Tax Rate Chart

In all Wisconsin counties except those shown below, the tax rate was 5.5% for all of 2021.

If storage, use, or consumption in 2021 was in one of the following counties, the tax rate was 5%:

Manitowoc Winnebago Racine Waukesha

#### Line 53 Donations

You may designate amounts as a donation to one or more of the programs listed on lines 53a through 53h. Your donation will either reduce your refund or be added to tax due. Add the amounts on lines 53a through 53h and fill in the total on line 53i.

**Line 53a** Endangered Resources Donation With your gift, the Endangered Resources Program works to protect and manage native plant and animal species, natural communities, and other natural features. Gifts up to a predetermined amount will be matched by state general purpose revenue. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 53a.

#### Line 53 – Donations – continued

**Line 53b** Cancer Research Donation Your cancer research donation will be divided equally between the Medical College of Wisconsin, Inc., and the University of Wisconsin Carbone Cancer Center for cancer research projects. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 53b.

**Line 53c** Veterans Trust Fund Donation Your donation to the Veterans Trust Fund will be used by the Wisconsin Department of Veterans Affairs for the benefit of veterans or their dependents. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 53c.

**Line 53d Multiple Sclerosis Donation** Donations will be forwarded to the National Multiple Sclerosis Society to be distributed to entities located in Wisconsin that operate health-related programs for people in Wisconsin with multiple sclerosis. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 53d.

**Line 53e** Military Family Relief Fund The Wisconsin Department of Military Affairs will use donations to the military family relief fund to provide financial aid to eligible members of the immediate family of members of the U.S. armed forces or the National Guard who are residents of Wisconsin serving on active duty. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 53e.

**Line 53f** Second Harvest/Feeding America Your donation to the food banks supports efforts to feed the hungry and will be divided as follows: 65% to Feeding America Eastern Wisconsin (located in Milwaukee); 20% to Second Harvest Foodbank of Southern Wisconsin (located in Madison); and 15% to Feed My People (located in Eau Claire). The food banks provide food to food pantries, meal programs, shelters, and soup kitchens throughout the state. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 53f.

**Line 53g Red Cross Wisconsin Disaster Relief** You may donate an amount to the American Red Cross for its Wisconsin Disaster Relief Fund. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 53g.

**Line 53h Special Olympics Wisconsin** You may donate an amount to Special Olympics Wisconsin, Inc. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 53h.

**Amended return only** – Fill in the amount of your donations from your original return. If you did not make a donation on your original return, but now wish to, or if you want to increase your donation, fill in the new amount on the appropriate line(s). If you want to decrease the amount of your donation, you may only fill in a smaller amount if you file an amended return by October 16, 2023, or if your original return was filed after April 18, 2022, within 18 months of the date your return was filed.

#### Line 54 Penalties on IRAs, other retirement plans, MSAs, etc.

Nonresidents – don't fill in this line. Part-year and full-year residents – fill in this line if (1) you owe any of the federal penalty taxes listed below and (2) the action which caused you to owe the federal penalty tax occurred while you were a Wisconsin resident.

- Tax on IRAs, other qualified retirement plans, etc., from line 8 of federal Schedule 2 (Form 1040). Do not include any amount from line 8 of federal Form 5329.
- Total tax due from lines 4, 17, 25, 33, 41, 49, 51, and 55 of federal Form 5329. Include only if the tax due on this form was paid separately and is not included on line 8 of your federal Schedule 2 (Form 1040).
- Tax on excess contributions from line 2 of federal Form 5330.
- Tax on prohibited transactions from lines 3a and 3b of federal Form 5330.
- Section 72(m)(5) excess benefits tax included on line 17j of federal Schedule 2 (Form 1040).
- Tax on Archer MSA distributions from line 9b of federal Form 8853.
- Tax on health savings account distributions from line 17b of federal Form 8889.

If you are subject to the Wisconsin penalty, fill in the total of your federal penalty taxes in the space provided on line 54. Multiply the amount filled in by .33 (33%) and fill in the result on line 54. If you were required to file federal Form 5329 or 5330, enclose a copy of your Form 5329 or 5330 with your Form 1NPR.

**Note**: You are not subject to the penalty on payments from certain retirement plans if the payments are exempt from Wisconsin tax. See the modifications for line 9 for "other retirement benefits" for information on the retirement payments from local and state retirement systems and federal retirement systems that are exempt from Wisconsin tax.

```
40
```

#### Line 55 Other Penalties

If you are subject to a penalty for selling within 24 months, business assets (or assets used in farming) purchased from a related person or inconsistent estate basis reporting, fill in the amount of the penalty on line 55.

- Penalty for selling business assets (or assets used in farming) purchased from a related person Capital gain on the sale or disposition of business assets or on assets used in farming may be excluded from Wisconsin taxation if the assets were held more than one year and the assets are disposed of to certain related persons. The related person who purchases or otherwise receives the assets on which the gain is excluded is subject to a penalty if they sell or otherwise dispose of the assets within two years. The penalty does not apply in the case of an involuntary conversion (for example, assets are destroyed by fire or livestock dies). Visit any department office or contact our Customer Service Bureau at (608) 266-2486 for information on how to compute the penalty.
- Penalty for underpayment of taxes due to inconsistent estate basis reporting. An inconsistent estate basis reporting occurs if the property basis claimed on a Wisconsin tax return exceeds the property basis determined for federal estate tax purposes. The penalty is equal to 20% of the portion of any underpayment of taxes due to the inconsistent estate basis reporting.

#### Line 57 Wisconsin Income Tax Withheld

Add the **Wisconsin** income tax withheld shown on your withholding statements (Forms W-2 [or W-2c if corrected], W-2G, 1042-S, 1099-G, 1099-R, 1099-MISC, and 1099-NEC or from a pass-through entity as shown on Wisconsin Schedule 2K-1, 3K-1, or 5K-1). Fill in the total on line 57. Paper clip readable copies of your withholding statements (include any Schedule 2K-1, 3K-1, or 5K-1) to page 1 of Form 1NPR.

→ Wisconsin tax withheld is shown in Box 17 of Form W-2 or Box 14 of Form 1099-R, but only if Wisconsin is the state identified in Box 15 of Form W-2 or Box 15 of Form 1099-R.

**CAUTION** Nonresident entertainers who are claiming credit for cash deposit or withholding from an employer, as shown on Wisconsin Form WT-11, should claim such amounts as withholding on line 57. Do **not** claim such amounts as estimated tax paid on line 58. Submit a copy of Form WT-11 with your Wisconsin income tax return.

DO NOT:

- · Claim credit for tax withheld for other states
- Claim amounts marked social security or Medicare tax withheld
- · Claim credit for federal tax withheld
- · Include withholding statements from other tax years
- Write on, change, or attempt to correct the amounts on your withholding statements
- Claim Wisconsin withholding from a tax-option (S) corporation or partnership, if it elected to be taxed at the entity level and claimed a refund of the pass-through withholding or a written request was submitted to apply the withholding against the tax liability at the entity level

It is your responsibility to ensure that your employer or other payer has provided withholding statements that:

- 1. Are clear and easy to read
- 2. Show withholding was paid to Wisconsin

If you do not have a withholding statement or need a corrected withholding statement, contact your employer or other payer.

#### Line 58 2021 Wisconsin Estimated Tax Paid and Amount Applied From 2020 Return

Fill in any payments you made on your 2021 estimated Wisconsin income tax (2021 Form 1-ES). This includes any extension payments made on 2021 Form 1-ES. Include any overpayment from your 2020 return that you were allowed as credit to your 2021 Wisconsin estimated tax.

Note

Check your estimated tax payments Before filling in line 58, check the amount of your estimated tax payments on the department's website at <a href="https://www.revenue.wi.gov/Pages/apps/taxpaymentinquiry.aspx">https://www.revenue.wi.gov/Pages/apps/taxpaymentinquiry.aspx</a>. Processing of your return will be delayed if there is a difference between the amount of estimated tax payments you claim and the amount the department has on record.

If you are married filing a joint return, fill in the total of:

- Any separate estimated tax payments made by each spouse
- Any joint estimated tax payments
- Any overpayments from your 2020 returns that you and your spouse were allowed as credit to 2021 Wisconsin estimated tax

42

#### Line Instructions

Line 58 – 2021 Wisconsin Estimated Tax Paid and Amount Applied From 2020 Return – continued

If you are filing a separate tax return, you may not claim any part of your spouse's separate estimated tax payments or credits. You and your spouse may split your joint estimated tax payments and credits between you as you choose. If you cannot agree on how joint estimated tax payments are to be split between you, the department will split them between you according to your respective income tax liabilities.

Follow these instructions even if your spouse died during 2021.

**Name change** If you changed your name because of marriage or divorce, and you made estimated tax payments using your former name, paper clip a statement to the front of Form 1NPR. On the statement, explain all the payments you and your spouse made for 2021 and the name(s) and social security number(s) under which you made them.

<sup>19</sup> If you had withholding allocated to you from a pass-through entity, do NOT fill in such amount on line 58. Withholding from a pass-through entity should be included on line 57.

**CAUTION** Nonresident entertainers should claim credit for cash deposits or withholding by an employer, as shown on Wisconsin Form WT-11, as withholding on line 57. Do **not** claim such amounts on line 58.

#### Line 59 Earned Income Credit

You must use your 2021 federal earned income when computing the Wisconsin earned income credit. See the instructions for Step 2 below.

Nonresidents and part-year residents – don't fill in any amount. Only full-year Wisconsin residents are eligible for the Wisconsin earned income credit.

-> If you are filing a joint return and one spouse is a full-year Wisconsin resident, you may claim the Wisconsin earned income credit if you claimed the federal earned income credit and you had a qualifying child. See instructions for Step 2 below.

If you recklessly or fraudulently claim a false credit, you may be ineligible to claim any refundable credit for up to 10 years and could also owe a penalty.

To claim the Wisconsin earned income credit, complete the following steps and fill in the required information in the spaces provided on line 59.

- **Step 1** Fill in the **number** of children who meet the requirements of a "qualifying child" for purposes of the federal earned income credit (see the instructions for the earned income credit in your federal return for definition of a "qualifying child").
- Step 2 Caution Wisconsin has <u>not</u> adopted the following changes to the 2021 federal earned income tax credit made by Public Law 117-2. If any of these federal provisions apply, you must recompute your federal earned income tax credit for Wisconsin purposes. Enter the recomputed federal credit on line 59.
- If your earned income for 2021 is less than your earned income for 2019, you may elect to use your 2019 earned income to compute your 2021 federal earned income tax credit. For Wisconsin, you must use your 2021 earned income to compute your federal earned income tax credit.
- Raised the investment income limit to \$10,000. For Wisconsin, the investment income limit is \$3,650.
- Allows a married individual filing as married filing separate to claim the earned income tax credit if either of the following apply:
  - The individual lived apart from their spouse for the last 6 months of 2021.
  - The individual has a decree of divorce or separate maintenance, a written separation agreement, or a decree requiring a spouse to make payments for the support or maintenance of the other spouse and does not live with the other spouse at the end of 2021.

For Wisconsin, a married individual filing as married filing separate cannot claim the earned income tax credit if either of these situations apply.

Line 59 – Earned Income Credit – continued

Step 3 Fill in the percentage rate which applies to you.

Number of qualifying children (see Step 1 on the previous page)	Fill in this percentage rate
1	4%
2	11%
3 or more	34%

**Step 4** Multiply the amount of your federal credit (Step 2) by the percentage determined in Step 3. Fill in the result on line 59. This is your Wisconsin earned income credit.

**Enclosures with your return** You must enclose a copy of your completed federal Schedule EIC with Form 1NPR. If you used a paid preparer to complete your federal return, also enclose federal Form 8867. Failure to provide this information may delay your refund.

**Note**: If the IRS is computing your federal earned income credit and you want the department to compute your Wisconsin earned income credit for you, fill in the number of your qualifying children in the space provided on line 59. Write "EIC" in the space to the right of line 59 below the yellow shaded box. Complete your return through line 64 of Form 1NPR. Enclose a copy of your federal return (Form 1040 or 1040-SR) with your Form 1NPR.

#### Line 60 Farmland Preservation Credit

*Nonresidents and part-year residents* – don't fill in any amount. Only full-year Wisconsin residents are eligible for farmland preservation credit.

**Note**: If you are filing a joint return and one spouse is a full-year Wisconsin resident, the resident spouse may be able to claim farmland preservation credit. Fill in the amount from line 17 of your Schedule FC on line 60a. Fill in the amount from line 13 of Schedule FC-A on line 60b. If you are claiming farmland preservation credit, enclose your completed Schedule FC or FC-A with your Form 1NPR.

#### Noto

If you recklessly or fraudulently claim a false credit, you may be ineligible to claim any refundable credit for up to 10 years and could also owe a penalty.

#### Line 61 Repayment Credit

If you repaid during 2021, an amount that you included in income in an earlier year because at that time you thought you had an unrestricted right to it, you may be able to claim a credit based on the amount repaid. To qualify for the credit, the amount repaid must be over \$3,000 and cannot have been subtracted in computing Wisconsin adjusted gross income or used in computing the Wisconsin itemized deduction credit.

Use the following steps to compute your credit:

- (1) Refigure your tax from the earlier year without including in income the amount you repaid in 2021.
- (2) Subtract the tax in (1) from the tax shown on your return for the earlier year. The difference is the amount of your credit.

Fill in the amount of your credit on line 61 of Form 1NPR. Enclose a statement showing how you computed your credit.

#### Line 62 Homestead Credit

*Nonresidents and part-year residents* – don't fill in any amount. Only full-year Wisconsin residents are eligible for homestead credit.

**Note**: If you are filing a joint return and one spouse is a full-year Wisconsin resident, the resident spouse may be able to claim homestead credit. Fill in the amount from line 19 of Schedule H on line 62. Enclose your completed Schedule H with Form 1NPR.

If you recklessly or fraudulently claim a false credit, you may be ineligible to claim any refundable credit for up to 10 years and could also owe a penalty.

#### Line 63 Eligible Veterans and Surviving Spouses Property Tax Credit

*Nonresidents* – don't fill in any amount. Only full-year and part-year residents of Wisconsin are eligible for the credit. *Part-year and full-year residents* – read the instructions on the next page.

Line 63 – Eligible Veterans and Surviving Spouses Property Tax Credit – continued

Who may claim the credit An eligible unremarried surviving spouse or an eligible veteran may claim the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit. (Note: If you claim the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit, you or your spouse may not claim the school property tax credit, homestead credit, or farmland preservation credit.)

If you recklessly or fraudulently claim a false credit, you may be ineligible to claim any refundable credit for up to 10 years and could also owe a penalty.

An "eligible unremarried surviving spouse" means an unremarried surviving spouse, as certified by the Wisconsin Department of Veterans Affairs (WDVA), of an individual who meets all of the following conditions:

- Served on active duty in the U.S. armed forces or in forces incorporated as part of the U.S. armed forces or in the National Guard or a reserve component of the U.S. armed forces
- Was a resident of Wisconsin at the time of entry into active service or who had been a resident of Wisconsin for any consecutive 5-year period after entry into that active duty service
- · Met one of the following conditions:
  - 1. Died while on active duty and while a resident of Wisconsin
  - 2. Was a resident of Wisconsin at the time of their death and had either a service-connected disability rating of 100% under 38 USC 1114 or 1134 or a 100% disability rating based on individual unemployability
  - 3. In the case of an individual who served in the National Guard or a reserve component, while a resident of Wisconsin died in the line of duty while on active or inactive duty for training purposes
  - 4. Was a resident of Wisconsin at the time of their death and following the individual's death, their spouse began to receive, and continues to receive, dependency and indemnity compensation, as defined in 38 USC 101(14)

"Eligible veteran" means an individual who is certified by the WDVA as meeting all of the following conditions:

- Served on active duty under honorable conditions in the U.S. armed forces or in forces incorporated in the U.S. armed forces
- Was a resident of Wisconsin at the time of entry into active service or who had been a resident of Wisconsin for any consecutive 5-year period after entry into that active duty service
- Is currently a resident of Wisconsin for purposes of receiving veterans benefits under ch. 45, Wis. Stats.
- Has a service-connected disability rating of 100% under 38 USC 1114 or 1134 or a 100% disability rating based on individual unemployability

**Computing the credit** The credit is equal to the property taxes <u>paid</u> by the claimant during the year on the claimant's principal dwelling in Wisconsin. The credit is based on real and personal property taxes, exclusive of special assessments, delinquent interest, and charges for service. Do not include any property taxes that are properly includable as a trade or business expense. "Principal dwelling" means any dwelling and the land surrounding it that is reasonably necessary for use of the dwelling as a primary dwelling, but not more than one acre. It may include a part of a multi-dwelling or multipurpose building and a part of the land upon which it is built that is used as the primary dwelling.

Complete Worksheet 1 if your principal dwelling is located on more than one acre of land.

If your property contains land assessed as agricultural, complete Worksheet 2. You may have to contact your municipality to find the value of land which contains multiple classifications (agricultural, undeveloped, other, etc.).

	Worksheet 1 – Property Tax Bill Shows More than 1 Acre of Land
1.	Assessed value of land (from tax bill)
2.	Number of acres of land
3.	Divide line 1 by line 2
4.	Assessed value of principal dwelling4.
5.	Add line 3 and line 45.
6.	Total assessed value of all land and improvements (from tax bill)6.
7.	Divide line 5 by line 6
8.	Net property taxes paid8.
9.	Multiply line 8 by line 7. This is the amount of property tax allowed for the credit9.

44 I

Line 63 – Eligible Veterans an	I Surviving Spouses Property	Tax Credit – continued
--------------------------------	------------------------------	------------------------

	Worksheet 2 – Property Tax Bill Contains Agricultural Land Part I	
1.	Value of land from property tax bill, residential	_
2.	Value of land from property tax bill, other	_
3.	Value of land from property tax bill, undeveloped	_
4.	Value of land from property tax bill, agricultural	_
5.	Value of land from property tax bill, agricultural forest	_
6.	Value of land from property tax bill, forest	_
7.	Total value of land (add lines 1 through 6)	_
	Part II	
1.	Total value of all land (from Part I, line 7)	_
2.	Value of residential land (from Part I, line 1) 2.	_
3.	Number of acres of residential land	_
4.	Divide line 2 by line 3	_
5.	Value of improvements	_
6.	Total value of all land and improvements	_
7.	Divide line 5 by line 6	_
8.	Net property taxes paid	_
9.	Multiply line 8 by line 7	_
10.	Subtract line 9 from line 8	_
11.	Divide line 4 by line 1	_
12.	Multiply line 11 by line 10 12.	_
13.	Add line 9 and line 12. This is the amount of property tax allowed for the credit 13.	_

If the principal dwelling on which the taxes were paid is owned by two or more persons or entities as joint tenants or tenants in common, use only that part of property taxes paid that reflects the ownership percentage of the claimant. (See **Exceptions** below.)

#### Exceptions

- *Married filing a joint return* If property is owned by an eligible veteran and spouse as joint tenants, tenants in common, or as marital property, the credit is based on 100% of property taxes paid on the principal dwelling (subject to the 1-acre limitation).
- *Married filing a separate return* If property is owned by an eligible veteran and spouse as joint tenants, tenants in common, or as marital property, each spouse may claim the credit based on their respective ownership interest in the eligible veteran's principal dwelling (subject to the one acre limitation).

If the principal dwelling is sold during the taxable year, the property taxes for the seller and buyer shall be the amount of the tax prorated to each in the closing agreement pertaining to the sale. If not provided for in the closing agreement, the tax shall be prorated between the seller and buyer in proportion to months of ownership.

If you owned and lived in a mobile home as your principal dwelling, "property taxes" include monthly mobile home municipal permit fees you paid to the municipality. If you paid the fee directly to the landowner, or community licensee, include proof of payment by the landowner or community licensee to the municipality.

If you did not own your principal dwelling but were required to pay the property taxes as rent, you may claim the credit based on the property taxes paid during the year if <u>all</u> of the following are met:

- The rental unit must be the principal dwelling of the eligible veteran or surviving spouse
- The principal dwelling must be located in Wisconsin
- The eligible veteran or surviving spouse is required to pay the property taxes under the rental agreement or other written agreement entered into with the landlord
- · The eligible veteran or surviving spouse must pay the property taxes directly to the municipality

Line 63 – Eligible Veterans and Surviving Spouses Property Tax Credit – continued

A copy of the agreement with the landlord and proof of payment to the municipality must be included with the Wisconsin income tax return.

The credit must be claimed within 4 years of the unextended due date of the return.

**Certification of eligibility for the credit** If you did not claim the credit in a prior year, before claiming the credit for 2021, you must request certification from the WDVA indicating that you qualify for the credit. Use Form WDVA 2097 (which you can find in WDVA Brochure B0106) to submit your request, along with a copy of the veteran's DD Form 214 and Veterans Administration disability award letter and, if applicable, the veteran's death certificate, a marriage certificate, and a completed copy of Form WDVA 0001 (if the veteran never previously submitted one). The WDVA 0001 and the brochure are available from your county veterans service officer or on the internet at <u>dva.wi.gov/Pages/home.aspx</u>. You may submit these forms and supporting documents to your county veterans service officer or mail them to: Wisconsin Department of Veterans Affairs, Attn: Wisconsin Veterans Property Tax Credit, 201 W. Washington Ave., PO Box 7843, Madison WI 53707-7843. The WDVA will send you a certification of your eligibility.

**Note**: You do not have to obtain certification from the WDVA for 2021 if you previously received certification for a prior year. If you still qualify for the credit, you may claim the credit but do not have to enclose a certification with your return.

**Enclosures** Enclose a copy of your property tax bill, proof of payment made in 2021, and the certification (if required) received from the WDVA with your return.

#### Line 64 Refundable Credits from Schedule CR

If you are claiming any of the refundable credits listed below, you must complete Schedule CR. Enclose Schedule CR, along with the appropriate schedule for the credit(s) you are claiming and any required approval or certification from the Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation (WEDC). Fill in the amount from line 40 of Schedule CR on line 64. See page 11 for information on obtaining Schedule CR.

- Schedule EC Enterprise Zone Jobs Credit The enterprise zone jobs credit is available to persons doing business in an enterprise zone. The WEDC must certify the business as eligible for the credit and determine the amount of credit. See Schedule EC.
- Schedule JT Jobs Tax Credit The credit is available based on wages paid to an eligible employee and costs incurred to undertake training activities. The credit is available to taxpayers who are certified by the WEDC. Complete Schedule JT.
- Schedule BD Business Development Credit The credit is based on wages paid to eligible employees, training costs, and personal and real property investment. The credit is available to taxpayers who are certified by the WEDC. See Schedule BD.
- Schedule R Research Credit The research credit is available for increasing research activities in Wisconsin. This includes credits related to internal combustion engines and certain energy efficient products. Complete Schedule R.
- Schedule EIT Electronics and Information Technology Manufacturing Zone Credit The credit is based on payroll and capital expenditures in the zone. The credit is available to taxpayers who are certified by the WEDC. Complete Schedule EIT.

No interest is paid on refunds issued for the enterprise zone jobs credit, jobs tax credit, business development credit, or electronics and information technology manufacturing zone credit.

#### Line 65 Amount Previously Paid

**Amended return only –** Complete this line only if this is an amended 2021 Form 1NPR. Fill in the amount of tax you paid with your original Form 1NPR plus any additional amounts paid after it was filed.

If you did not pay the full amount shown on your original Form 1NPR, fill in only the portion that you actually paid. Also, include any additional tax that may have resulted if your original return was changed or audited. This includes additional tax paid with a previously filed 2021 amended return and additional tax paid as a result of a department adjustment to your return. Do not include payments of interest or penalties.

#### Line 67 Amount Previously Refunded

**Amended return only –** Complete this line only if this is an amended 2021 Form 1NPR. Fill in the refund from your original 2021 return (not including the amount applied to your 2021 estimated tax). This is generally the amount from line 70 of Form 1NPR.

If your refund was reduced because you owed underpayment interest or any penalties, fill in the amount of your refund before the reduction for underpayment interest or penalty. If your 2021 return was adjusted by the department, fill in the refund shown on the adjustment notice you received. If the adjustment notice shows a tax due rather than a refund, complete line 65 instead of line 67.

#### Line 69 Amount You Overpaid

If line 68 is more than line 56, subtract line 56 from line 68 and fill in the difference on line 69. This is the amount you overpaid.

**Amended return only –** If the amount on line 69 (amount you overpaid) is less than the amount applied to your estimated tax on line 71, do not complete line 69. Instead, subtract line 69 from line 71 and fill in the result on line 72a. This is the amount you owe.

**Note**: If you were required to make estimated tax payments and you did not make such payments timely, you may owe what is called "underpayment interest." You may owe underpayment interest even if you are due a refund. Read the line 73 instructions to see if you owe underpayment interest. If you owe underpayment interest and you show an overpayment on line 69, reduce the amount on line 69 by the amount of underpayment interest on line 73.

#### Line 70 Refund

Fill in on line 70 the amount from line 69 that you want refunded to you. The department may not issue a refund before March 1 unless both the individual and the individual's employer have filed all required returns and forms with the department for the taxable year for which the refund was claimed.

**Note**: If you are divorced, see item 7 on page 7. You may be required to enclose a copy of your judgment of divorce with your return.

**Amended return only –** We will figure interest and include it in your refund check. Interest is at a rate of 3% per year from the due date of your 2021 return. However, interest is not allowed on (1) a refund issued within 90 days of the due date of the return or within 90 days of the date the return was filed, whichever is later, (2) a refund due to an increase in homestead credit, enterprise zone jobs credit, jobs tax credit, business development credit, and electronics and information technology manufacturing zone credit, or (3) any portion of the refund that is applied to 2022 estimated tax.

#### Line 71 Amount Applied to 2022 Estimated Tax

Fill in on line 71 the amount, if any, of the overpayment on line 69 you want applied to your 2022 estimated tax.

If you are married filing a joint return, we will apply the amount on line 71 to your joint estimated tax. If you are married filing a separate return, we will apply the amount on line 71 to your separate estimated tax.

**Amended return only –** If this is an amended return, the amount to fill in on line 71 will generally be the amount to be applied to your 2022 estimated tax from line 71 of your original Form 1NPR. However, if you file your amended return by January 17, 2023, you may increase or reduce this amount.

#### Line 72 Amount You Owe

If the amount on line 56 is more than the amount on line 68, subtract line 68 from line 56 and fill in the difference on line 72a. This is the amount you owe with your return.

Interest on any tax due is 12% per year from the due date of your 2021 return. If you owe any interest, figure the interest on the amount of tax you owe. Enter the amount of interest on line 72b. Do not include amount of interest in the total on line 72a.

**Amended return only –** If the amount on line 56 is more than the amount on line 68, subtract line 68 from line 56 and add the amount on line 71 (amount applied to estimated tax) to the result. This is the amount you owe. Fill in the amount you owe on line 72a. Interest on the additional tax due is 12% per year from the due date of your 2021 return. Figure the interest on the additional tax you owe. Enter the amount of interest on line 72b. Do not include this interest in the total on line 72a.

Line 72 – Amount You Owe – continued

Note If the amount you owe with your return is \$500 or more or you made late estimated tax payments, you may also owe what is called "underpayment interest." This is an interest charge that applies when you have not prepaid enough of your tax through withholding and/or estimated tax payments. Read the line 73 instructions to see if you owe underpayment interest. If you do, include the underpayment interest from line 73 in the amount you fill in on line 72a.

You can pay online or by check, money order, or credit card. **Do not** include any 2022 estimated tax payments in your check, money order, or amount you charge. Instead, make the estimated tax payments separately.

**To pay online** Go to the department's website at: https://tap.revenue.wi.gov/pay.

To pay by check or money order Make your check or money order payable to the Wisconsin Department of Revenue. Paper clip it to the front of your Form 1NPR. If the name of the taxpayer does not match the printed name on the check, print the taxpayer's name on the memo line of the check.

If you e-filed your return and are paying by check or money order, attach your payment to Form EPV. Mail Form EPV and your payment to the address shown on Form EPV.

To pay by credit card You may use your MasterCard®, American Express® Card, Visa® Card, or Discover® Card. To pay by credit card, call toll free or access by internet the service provider and follow the instructions of the provider. A convenience fee of 2.5% (with a minimum of \$1) will be charged by the service provider based on the amount you are paying. You will be told what the fee is during the transaction and you will have the option to either continue or cancel the transaction. If you pay by credit card before filing your return, enter on page 1 of Form 1NPR in the upper left corner the confirmation number you were given at the end of the transaction and the amount you charged (not including the convenience fee).

> ACI Payments, Inc. 1-800-2PAY-TAX (1-800-272-9829) 1-800-487-4567 (Customer Service) **ACI Payments, Inc.**

**Installment payments** If you cannot pay the full amount shown as due on your tax return when you file, you may ask to make installment payments to the Department of Revenue. It is generally to your advantage to pay your liability in full rather than in installments. Installment agreements with the department are subject to a \$20 installment agreement fee. In addition, bills not paid in full by the due date become liable for additional interest of 18% per year and a delinquent tax collection fee of the greater of \$35 or 6 1/2 percent of the unpaid amount.

For more information concerning payments, go to www.revenue.wi.gov/Pages/FAQS/ise-payment.aspx. To obtain the Payment Plan Request (Form A-771) go to www.revenue.wi.gov/DORForms/a-771.pdf. To file an installment agreement request electronically, go to www.revenue.wi.gov/Pages/HTML/payplan.aspx.

Note: Failure to pay your Wisconsin individual income tax may result in certification of your unpaid liability to the Treasury Offset Program. Federal law authorizes the U.S. Department of Treasury to reduce, or offset, any federal income tax refunds payable to you by the IRS to satisfy unpaid state income tax debts. Any unpaid liability will remain eligible for this offset until it is paid.

#### Line 73 **Underpayment Interest**

You may owe underpayment interest if the amount of Wisconsin income tax withheld from your wages was less than your tax liability, or if you had income that was not subject to withholding and you did not make timely estimated tax payments. In general, in each quarter of the year you should be paying enough tax through withholding payments and estimated tax payments to cover the taxes you expect to owe for the tax year. For more information on making estimated tax payments, see Estimated Tax Payments Required for Next Year on page 9.

Underpayment interest applies if either of the following occurs:

- Line 72a is at least \$500 and it is more than 10% of the tax shown on your return.
- You did not pay enough estimated tax by any of the due dates. This is true even if you are due a refund.

The "tax shown on your return" is the amount on line 51 minus the amounts on lines 59 through 64.

**Exceptions** You will not owe underpayment interest if your 2020 tax return was for a tax year of 12 full months (or would have been had you been required to file) AND either of the following applies:

- 1. You were a Wisconsin resident for all of 2020, and you had no tax liability for 2020.
- 2. The amounts on lines 57 and 58 on your 2021 return are at least as much as the tax shown on your 2020 return. This exception does not apply if you did not file a 2020 Wisconsin return. Your estimated tax payments for 2021 must have been made on time and for the required amount.

#### Line 73 – Underpayment Interest – continued

The "tax shown on your 2020 return" is the amount on line 53 minus the amounts on lines 61 through 66.

Fill in the exception code in the brackets to the left of line 73 if you are enclosing an application for a waiver, qualify for an exception, or are using the annualized income installment method (Part IV of Schedule U) to compute underpayment interest. See <u>Schedule U</u>, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Individuals and Fiduciaries, and its instructions for further information on the exception codes.

**Example** Farmers and fishers are not subject to underpayment interest if two-thirds of their total gross income (gross income of both spouses if married filing a joint return) is from farming or fishing and they file their return and pay any tax due by March 1, 2022. Qualified farmers and fishers must fill in exception code "04" in the brackets to the left of line 73. Failure to fill in the exception code may result in an assessment for underpayment interest.

#### Figuring underpayment interest

If the **Exceptions** above do not apply, see Schedule U to find out if you owe underpayment interest. If you do, you can use the schedule to figure the amount. In certain situations, you may be able to lower your underpayment interest. For details, see the instructions for Schedule U. Fill in the underpayment interest from Schedule U on line 73. Add the amount of the underpayment interest to any tax due and fill in the total on line 72a. If you are due a refund, subtract the underpayment interest from the overpayment you show on line 69. Enclose Schedule U with your Form 1NPR.

**Amended return only** – If you were subject to underpayment interest on your original return and you are now changing the amount of such interest, enclose a corrected Schedule U with Form 1NPR. Fill in the appropriate exception code in the brackets on line 73 only if you are enclosing an application for a waiver, qualify for an exception, or are using the annualized income installment method (Part IV of Schedule U) to compute underpayment interest. See Schedule U instructions for the exception codes. Figure the difference between the amount of underpayment interest as reported on your original return (or as assessed by the department) and the amount of underpayment interest shown on your corrected Schedule U. Fill in the difference on line 73. If the amount of underpayment interest is reduced, put a minus sign (–) in front of the amount on line 73.

If line 69 of Form 1NPR shows an overpayment and you are reducing the amount of underpayment interest, add the amount on line 73 to the amount on line 69 of Form 1NPR. Adjust lines 70 and 71 accordingly.

If line 72a of Form 1NPR shows an amount due and you are increasing the amount of underpayment interest, add the amount on line 73 to the amount on line 72a of Form 1NPR.

• Third party designee If you want to allow a tax preparer or tax preparation firm, family member, friend, or any other person you choose to discuss your 2021 tax return with the Department of Revenue, check "Yes" in the "Third Party Designee" area of your return. Also, enter the designee's name, phone number, and any five digits the designee chooses as a personal identification number (PIN).

If you check "Yes," you, and your spouse if filing a joint return, are authorizing the department to discuss with the designee any questions that may arise during the processing of your return. You are also authorizing the designee to:

- · Give the department any information that is missing from your return
- · Call the department for information about the processing of your return or the status of your refund or payment(s)
- Respond to certain department notices about math errors, offsets, and return preparation

You are not authorizing the designee to receive any refund check, bind you to anything (including any additional tax liability), or otherwise represent you before the department. If you want to expand the designee's authorization, you must submit Form A-222, Power of Attorney.

The authorization will automatically end no later than the due date (without regard to extensions) for filing your 2022 tax return. This is April 18, 2023, for most people.

**Sign and date your return** Sign and date your return in the space provided on page 4. Form 1NPR is not considered a valid return unless you sign it. Your spouse must also sign if it is a joint return. Keep a copy of your return for your records.

Wisconsin Identity Protection PIN If you received a Wisconsin Identity Protection PIN from the Department of Revenue, enter it in the Wisconsin Identity Protection PIN spaces provided to the right of your signature. You must correctly enter all seven characters of your Wisconsin Identity Protection PIN. If you didn't receive a Wisconsin Identity Protection PIN, leave these spaces blank. Caution: This Wisconsin Identity Protection PIN is different from any Identity Protection PIN you may have received from the IRS.

If you and your spouse are filing a claim together and both the claimant and the claimant's spouse receive a Wisconsin Identity Protection PIN, enter both Wisconsin Identity Protection PINs in the spaces provided. For more information, see our Wisconsin Identity Protection PIN common questions at revenue.wi.gov/Pages/FAQS/IP-PIN.aspx.

# 2021 Standard Deduction Table For Form 1NPR Filers

**Caution** Nonresident aliens and dual-status aliens are generally not permitted to claim the standard deduction. See instructions for line 34b.

If your feder (line 31 of For	ral income	And yo	u are –			If your feder (line 31 of Form		And you are –				
At	But less	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately	Head of a Household	At	But less	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately	Head of a Household	
least	than	Your st	andard de	duction is-		least	than	Your sta	andard de	duction is-		
0 11,059 11,500 12,000 12,500 13,000	11,059 11,500 12,000 12,500 13,000 13,500	11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200	20,730 20,730 20,730 20,730 20,730 20,730	9,850 9,807 9,714 9,615 9,516 9,417	14,470 14,470 14,470 14,470 14,470 14,470	40,500 41,000 41,500 42,000 42,500 43,000	41,000 41,500 42,000 42,500 43,000 43,500	8,248 8,188 8,128 8,068 8,008 7,948	17,279 17,180 17,081 16,982 16,883 16,784	3,978 3,879 3,780 3,681 3,582 3,483	8,931 8,819 8,706 8,594 8,481 8,368	
13,500 14,000 14,500 15,000 15,500 16,000	14,000 14,500 15,000 15,500 16,000 16,500	11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,200 11,188	20,730 20,730 20,730 20,730 20,730 20,730	9,318 9,219 9,120 9,021 8,922 8,824	14,470 14,470 14,470 14,470 14,470 14,447	43,500 44,000 44,500 45,000 45,500 46,000	44,000 44,500 45,000 45,500 46,000 46,500	7,888 7,828 7,768 7,708 7,648 7,588	16,685 16,587 16,488 16,389 16,290 16,191	3,385 3,286 3,187 3,088 2,989 2,890	8,256 8,143 8,031 7,918 7,806 7,693	
16,500 17,000 17,500 18,000 18,500 19,000	17,000 17,500 18,000 18,500 19,000 19,500	11,128 11,068 11,008 10,948 10,888 10,828	20,730 20,730 20,730 20,730 20,730 20,730	8,725 8,626 8,527 8,428 8,329 8,230	14,335 14,222 14,110 13,997 13,885 13,772	46,500 47,000 47,500 48,000 48,500 49,000	47,000 47,500 48,000 48,500 49,000 49,500	7,528 7,468 7,408 7,348 7,288 7,228	16,092 15,993 15,894 15,795 15,696 15,598	2,791 2,692 2,593 2,495 2,396 2,297	7,580 7,468 7,408 7,348 7,288 7,228	
19,500 20,000 20,500 21,000 21,500 22,000	20,000 20,500 21,000 21,500 22,000 22,500	10,768 10,708 10,648 10,588 10,528 10,468	20,730 20,730 20,730 20,730 20,730 20,730	8,131 8,032 7,934 7,835 7,736 7,637	13,659 13,547 13,434 13,322 13,209 13,097	49,500 50,000 50,500 51,000 51,500 52,000	50,000 50,500 51,000 51,500 52,000 52,500	7,168 7,108 7,048 6,988 6,928 6,868	15,499 15,400 15,301 15,202 15,103 15,004	2,198 2,099 2,000 1,901 1,802 1,703	7,168 7,108 7,048 6,988 6,928 6,868	
22,500 23,000 23,500 24,000 24,500 25,000	23,000 23,500 24,000 24,500 25,000 25,500	10,408 10,348 10,288 10,228 10,168 10,108	20,730 20,730 20,641 20,542 20,443 20,344	7,538 7,439 7,340 7,241 7,142 7,044	12,984 12,871 12,759 12,646 12,534 12,421	52,500 53,000 53,500 54,000 54,500 55,000	53,000 53,500 54,000 54,500 55,000 55,500	6,808 6,748 6,688 6,628 6,568 6,508	14,905 14,806 14,708 14,609 14,510 14,411	1,605 1,506 1,407 1,308 1,209 1,110	6,808 6,748 6,688 6,628 6,568 6,568 6,508	
25,500 26,000 26,500 27,000 27,500 28,000	26,000 26,500 27,000 27,500 28,000 28,500	10,048 9,988 9,928 9,868 9,808 9,748	20,245 20,147 20,048 19,949 19,850 19,751	6,945 6,846 6,747 6,648 6,549 6,450	12,309 12,196 12,083 11,971 11,858 11,746	55,500 56,000 56,500 57,000 57,500 58,000	56,000 56,500 57,000 57,500 58,000 58,500	6,448 6,388 6,328 6,268 6,208 6,148	14,312 14,213 14,114 14,015 13,916 13,818	1,011 912 813 715 616 517	6,448 6,388 6,328 6,268 6,208 6,148	
28,500 29,000 29,500 30,000 30,500 31,000	29,000 29,500 30,000 30,500 31,000 31,500	9,688 9,628 9,568 9,508 9,448 9,388	19,652 19,553 19,454 19,355 19,257 19,158	6,351 6,252 6,153 6,055 5,956 5,857	11,633 11,521 11,408 11,295 11,183 11,070	58,500 59,000 59,500 60,000 60,500 61,000	59,000 59,500 60,000 60,500 61,000 61,500	6,088 6,028 5,968 5,908 5,848 5,788	13,719 13,620 13,521 13,422 13,323 13,224	418 319 220 121 22 0	6,088 6,028 5,968 5,908 5,848 5,788	
31,500 32,000 32,500 33,000 33,500 34,000	32,000 32,500 33,000 33,500 34,000 34,500	9,328 9,268 9,208 9,148 9,088 9,028	19,059 18,960 18,861 18,762 18,663 18,564	5,758 5,659 5,560 5,461 5,362 5,263	10,958 10,845 10,733 10,620 10,507 10,395	61,500 62,000 62,500 63,000 63,500 64,000	62,000 62,500 63,000 63,500 64,000 64,500	5,728 5,668 5,608 5,548 5,488 5,428	13,125 13,026 12,928 12,829 12,730 12,631	0 0 0 0 0	5,728 5,668 5,608 5,548 5,488 5,488 5,428	
34,500 35,000 35,500 36,000 36,500 37,000	35,000 35,500 36,000 36,500 37,000 37,500	8,968 8,908 8,848 8,788 8,728 8,668	18,465 18,367 18,268 18,169 18,070 17,971	5,165 5,066 4,967 4,868 4,769 4,670	10,282 10,170 10,057 9,944 9,832 9,719	64,500 65,000 65,500 66,000 66,500 67,000	65,000 65,500 66,000 66,500 67,000 67,500	5,368 5,308 5,248 5,188 5,128 5,068	12,532 12,433 12,334 12,235 12,136 12,038	0 0 0 0 0	5,368 5,308 5,248 5,188 5,128 5,068	
37,500 38,000 38,500 39,000 39,500 40,000	38,000 38,500 39,000 39,500 40,000 40,500	8,608 8,548 8,488 8,428 8,368 8,308	17,872 17,773 17,674 17,575 17,477 17,378	4,571 4,472 4,373 4,275 4,176 4,077	9,607 9,494 9,382 9,269 9,156 9,044	67,500 68,000 68,500 69,000 69,500 70,000	68,000 68,500 69,000 69,500 70,000 70,500	5,008 4,948 4,888 4,828 4,768 4,708	11,939 11,840 11,741 11,642 11,543 11,444	0 0 0 0 0	5,008 4,948 4,888 4,828 4,768 4,708	

If your fede (line 31 of Fo	eral income rm 1NPR) is-	And yo	u are –			If your fede	m 1NPR) is-	And yo	u are –		
At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately	Head of a Household	At least	But less than	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately <b>duction is</b> -	Head of a Household
70,500 71,000 71,500 72,000 72,500 73,000	71,000 71,500 72,000 72,500 73,000 73,500	4,648 4,588 4,528 4,468 4,408 4,348	11,345 11,246 11,148 11,049 10,950 10,851	0 0 0 0 0 0	4,648 4,588 4,528 4,468 4,408 4,348	100,500 101,000 101,500 102,000 102,500 103,000	101,000 101,500 102,000 102,500 103,000 103,500	1,048 988 928 868 808 748	5,412 5,313 5,214 5,115 5,016 4,917	0 0 0 0 0 0	1,048 988 928 868 808 748
73,500 74,000 74,500 75,000 75,500 76,000	74,000 74,500 75,000 75,500 76,000 76,500	4,288 4,228 4,168 4,108 4,048 3,988	10,752 10,653 10,554 10,455 10,356 10,258	0 0 0 0 0	4,288 4,228 4,168 4,108 4,048 3,988	103,500 104,000 104,500 105,000 105,500 106,000	104,000 104,500 105,000 105,500 106,000 106,500	688 628 568 508 448 388	4,819 4,720 4,621 4,522 4,423 4,324	0 0 0 0 0	688 628 568 508 448 388
76,500 77,000 77,500 78,000 78,500 79,000	77,000 77,500 78,000 78,500 79,000 79,500	3,928 3,868 3,808 3,748 3,688 3,628	10,159 10,060 9,961 9,862 9,763 9,664	0 0 0 0 0 0	3,928 3,868 3,808 3,748 3,688 3,628	106,500 107,000 107,500 108,000 108,500 109,000	107,000 107,500 108,000 108,500 109,000 109,500	328 268 208 148 88 28	4,225 4,126 4,027 3,929 3,830 3,731	0 0 0 0 0	328 268 208 148 88 28
79,500 80,000 80,500 81,000 81,500 82,000	80,000 80,500 81,000 81,500 82,000 82,500	3,568 3,508 3,448 3,388 3,328 3,268	9,565 9,466 9,368 9,269 9,170 9,071	0 0 0 0 0 0	3,568 3,508 3,448 3,388 3,328 3,268	109,500 110,000 110,500 111,000 111,500 112,000	110,000 110,500 111,000 111,500 112,000 112,500	0 0 0 0 0	3,632 3,533 3,434 3,335 3,236 3,137	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
82,500 83,000 83,500 84,000 84,500 85,000	83,000 83,500 84,000 84,500 85,000 85,500	3,208 3,148 3,088 3,028 2,968 2,908	8,972 8,873 8,774 8,675 8,576 8,478	0 0 0 0 0	3,208 3,148 3,088 3,028 2,968 2,908	112,500 113,000 113,500 114,000 114,500 115,000	113,000 113,500 114,000 114,500 115,000 115,500	0 0 0 0 0	3,039 2,940 2,841 2,742 2,643 2,544	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
85,500 86,000 86,500 87,000 87,500 88,000	86,000 86,500 87,000 87,500 88,000 88,500	2,848 2,788 2,728 2,668 2,608 2,548	8,379 8,280 8,181 8,082 7,983 7,884	0 0 0 0 0 0	2,848 2,788 2,728 2,668 2,608 2,548	115,500 116,000 116,500 117,000 117,500 118,000 118,500	116,000 116,500 117,000 117,500 118,000 118,500 119,000	0 0 0 0 0 0	2,445 2,346 2,247 2,149 2,050 1,951 1,852	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0
88,500 89,000 89,500 90,000 90,500 91,000	89,000 89,500 90,000 90,500 91,000 91,500	2,488 2,428 2,368 2,308 2,248 2,188	7,785 7,686 7,588 7,489 7,390 7,291	0 0 0 0 0 0	2,488 2,428 2,368 2,308 2,248 2,188	119,000 119,500 120,000 120,500 121,000 121,500	119,500 120,000 120,500 121,000 121,500 122,000	0 0 0 0 0	1,753 1,654 1,555 1,456 1,357 1,259	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
91,500 92,000 92,500 93,000 93,500 94,000	92,000 92,500 93,000 93,500 94,000 94,500	2,128 2,068 2,008 1,948 1,888 1,828	7,192 7,093 6,994 6,895 6,796 6,698	0 0 0 0 0	2,128 2,068 2,008 1,948 1,888 1,828	122,000 122,500 123,000 123,500 124,000 124,500	122,500 123,000 123,500 124,000 124,500 125,000	0 0 0 0 0	1,160 1,061 962 863 764 665	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
94,500 95,000 95,500 96,000 96,500 97,000	95,000 95,500 96,000 96,500 97,000 97,500	1,768 1,708 1,648 1,588 1,528 1,468	6,599 6,500 6,401 6,302 6,203 6,104	0 0 0 0 0	1,768 1,708 1,648 1,588 1,528 1,468	125,000 125,500 126,000 126,500 127,000 127,500	125,500 126,000 126,500 127,000 127,500 128,000	0 0 0 0 0	566 467 369 270 171 72	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
97,500 98,000 98,500 99,000 99,500 100,000	98,000 98,500 99,000 99,500 100,000 100,500	1,408 1,348 1,288 1,228 1,168 1,108	6,005 5,906 5,807 5,709 5,610 5,511	0 0 0 0 0 0	1,408 1,348 1,288 1,228 1,168 1,108	128,000 128,113	128,113 or over	0 0	11 0	0 0	0 0

# 2021 TAX TABLE FOR FORM 1NPR FILERS

→

# Use this Tax Table if your income is less than \$100,000. If \$100,000 or more, use the Tax Computation Worksheet on page 58.

**Example** Mr. and Mrs. Smith are filing a joint return. Their income on line 37 of Form 1NPR is \$28,653. First they find the \$28,000 heading in the table. Then they find the \$28,600 – 28,700 income line. Next, they find the column for married filing jointly and read down the column. The amount shown where the income line and the filing status column meet is \$1,153. This is the tax amount they must write on line 38 of their return.

At	But less than	Single <b>or</b> Head of a household	Married filing jointly	filing					
least	uluit	Your tax is –							
28,500 28,600 28,700 28,800 28,900	28,600 28,700 28,800 28,900 29,000	1,221 1,226 1,232 1,237 1,242	1,148 1,153 1,157 1,162 1,167	1,318 1,324 1,329 1,334 1,340					

f line 37 is	s –	And you	are –		If line 37	is –	And you	are –		If line 3	7 is –	And you	are –	
At	But less	Single <b>or</b> Head of a household	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	At	But less	Single <b>or</b> Head of a household	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	At	But less	Single <b>or</b> Head of a household	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately
least	than	Your tax	is –		least	than	Your tax	is –		least	than	Your tax	is –	
					3,0	000				7,	000			
					3,000 3,100 3,200 3,300 3,400	3,100 3,200 3,300 3,400 3,500	108 112 115 119 122	108 112 115 119 122	108 112 115 119 122	7,000 7,100 7,200 7,300 7,400	7,100 7,200 7,300 7,400 7,500	250 253 257 260 264	250 253 257 260 264	250 253 257 260 264
0	20	0	0	0	3,500 3,600 3,700 3,800 3,900	3,600 3,700 3,800 3,900 4,000	126 129 133 136 140	126 129 133 136 140	126 129 133 136 140	7,500 7,600 7,700 7,800 7,900	7,600 7,700 7,800 7,900 8,000	267 271 274 278 281	267 271 274 278 281	267 271 274 278 281
20 40	40 100	1	1 2	1 2	4,0	000				8,	000			
100 200 300 400	200 300 400 500	5 9 12 16	5 9 12 16	5 9 12 16	4,000 4,100 4,200 4,300 4,400	4,100 4,200 4,300 4,400 4,500	143 147 150 154 158	143 147 150 154 158	143 147 150 154 158	8,000 8,100 8,200 8,300 8,400	8,100 8,200 8,300 8,400 8,500	285 289 292 296 299	285 289 292 296 299	285 289 294 299 303
500 600 700 800 900	600 700 800 900 1,000	19 23 27 30 34	19 23 27 30 34	19 23 27 30 34	4,500 4,600 4,700 4,800 4,900	4,600 4,700 4,800 4,900 5,000	161 165 168 172 175	161 165 168 172 175	161 165 168 172 175	8,500 8,600 8,700 8,800 8,900	8,600 8,700 8,800 8,900 9,000	303 306 310 313 317	303 306 310 313 317	308 313 317 322 326
1,0	000	1			5,0	000			9,000		1			
1,000 1,100 1,200 1,300 1,400	1,100 1,200 1,300 1,400 1,500	37 41 44 48 51	37 41 44 48 51	37 41 44 48 51	5,000 5,100 5,200 5,300 5,400	5,100 5,200 5,300 5,400 5,500	179 182 186 189 193	179 182 186 189 193	179 182 186 189 193	9,000 9,100 9,200 9,300 9,400	9,100 9,200 9,300 9,400 9,500	320 324 327 331 335	320 324 327 331 335	331 336 340 345 350
1,500 1,600 1,700 1,800 1,900	1,600 1,700 1,800 1,900 2,000	55 58 62 65 69	55 58 62 65 69	55 58 62 65 69	5,500 5,600 5,700 5,800 5,900	5,600 5,700 5,800 5,900 6,000	196 200 204 207 211	196 200 204 207 211	196 200 204 207 211	9,500 9,600 9,700 9,800 9,900	9,600 9,700 9,800 9,900 10,000	338 342 345 349 352	338 342 345 349 352	354 359 364 368 373
2,0	000				6,0	000	1				,000			
2,000 2,100 2,200 2,300 2,400 2,500	2,100 2,200 2,300 2,400 2,500 2,600	73 76 80 83 87 90	73 76 80 83 87 90	73 76 80 83 87 90	6,000 6,100 6,200 6,300 6,400 6,500	6,100 6,200 6,300 6,400 6,500 6,600	214 218 221 225 228 232	214 218 221 225 228 232	214 218 221 225 228 232	10,000 10,100 10,200 10,300 10,400	10,100 10,200 10,300 10,400 10,500 10,600	356 359 363 366 370 373	356 359 363 366 370 373	378 382 387 392 396 401
2,500 2,600 2,700 2,800 2,900	2,600 2,700 2,800 2,900 3,000	90 94 97 101 104	90 94 97 101 104	90 94 97 101 104	6,500 6,600 6,700 6,800 6,900	6,800 6,700 6,800 6,900 7,000	232 235 239 242 246	232 235 239 242 246	232 235 239 242 246	10,500 10,600 10,700 10,800 10,900	10,800 10,700 10,800 10,900 11,000	373 377 381 384 388	373 377 381 384 388	401 406 410 415 419

If line 37	′ is –	And you	are –		If line 37	7 is –	And you	are –		If line 3	7 is –	And you	are –	
		Single or	Married	Married			Single <b>or</b>	Married	Married			Single or	Married	Married
A ±	But	Head of a	filing jointly	filing sepa-	Λ.	But	Head of a	filing jointly	filing sepa-	A+	But	Head of a	filing jointly	filing sepa-
At least	less than	household		rately	At least	less than	household		rately	At least	less than	household		rately
11,	000				17	,000				23	,000			
11,000	11,100	391	391	424	17,000	17,100	658	613	709	23,000	23,100	937	892	1,027
11,100 11,200	11,200 11,300	395 398	395 398	429 433	17,100 17,200	17,200 17,300	663 668	618 623	714 720	23,100 23,200	23,200 23,300	942 947	897 902	1,032 1,038
11,300 11,400	11,400 11,500	402 405	402 405	438 443	17,300	17,400 17,500	672 677	627 632	725 730	23,300 23,400	23,400 23,500	951 956	906 911	1,043 1,048
11,500	11,600	409	409	447	17,500	17,600	682	637	735	23,500	23,600	961	916	1,053
11,600	11,700	412	412	452	17,600	17,700	686	641	741	23,600	23,700	965	920	1,059
11,700 11,800	11,800 11,900	416 419	416 419	457 461	17,700 17,800	17,800 17,900	691 695	646 651	746 751	23,700 23,800	23,800 23,900	970 974	925 930	1,064 1,069
11,900	12,000 , <b>000</b>	423	423	466	17,900	18,000 , <b>000</b>	700	655	757	23,900	24,000 ,000	979	934	1,075
12,000	12,100	427	427	471	18,000	18,100	705	660	762	24,000	24,100	984	939	1,080
12,100 12,200	12,200 12,300	430 435	430 434	475 480	18,100 18,200	18,200 18,300	709 714	665 669	767 773	24,100 24,200	24,200 24,300	988 993	944 948	1,085 1,091
12,300	12,400	440	437	485	18,300	18,400	719	674	778	24,300	24,400	998	953	1,096
12,400	12,500	444	441	489	18,400	18,500	723	679	783	24,400	24,500	1,004	958	1,101
12,500 12,600	12,600 12,700	449 454	444 448	494 499	18,500 18,600	18,600 18,700	728 733	683 688	788 794	24,500 24,600	24,600 24,700	1,009 1,014	962 967	1,106 1,112
12,700 12,800	12,800 12,900	458 463	451 455	503 508	18,700 18,800	18,800 18,900	737 742	692 697	799 804	24,700 24,800	24,800 24,900	1,020 1,025	971 976	1,117 1,122
12,900	13,000	468	458	512	18,900	19,000	747	702	810	24,900	25,000	1,030	981	1,128
13, 13,000	,000 13,100	472	462	517	19,000	,000 19,100	751	706	815	25 25,000	,000 25,100	1,035	985	1,133
13,100	13,200	477	466	522	19,100	19,200	756	711	820	25,100	25,200	1,041	990	1,138
13,200 13,300	13,300 13,400	482 486	469 473	526 531	19,200 19,300	19,300 19,400	761 765	716 720	826 831	25,200 25,300	25,300 25,400	1,046 1,051	995 999	1,144 1,149
13,400	13,500	491	476	536	19,400	19,500	770	725	836	25,400	25,500	1,057	1,004	1,154
13,500 13,600	13,600 13,700	496 500	480 483	540 545	19,500 19,600	19,600 19,700	775 779	730 734	841 847	25,500 25,600	25,600 25,700	1,062 1,067	1,009 1,013	1,159 1,165
13,700 13,800	13,800 13,900	505 509	487 490	550 554	19,700 19,800	19,800 19,900	784 788	739 744	852 857	25,700 25,800	25,800 25,900	1,073 1,078	1,018 1,023	1,170 1,175
13,900	14,000	514	494	559	19,900	20,000	793	748	863	25,900	26,000	1,083	1,027	1,181
14,000	,000 14,100	519	497	564	20,000	,000 20,100	798	753	868	26 26,000	,000 26,100	1,088	1,032	1,186
14,100	14,200	523	501	568	20,100	20,200	802	758	873	26,100	26,200	1,094	1,037	1,191
14,200 14,300	14,300 14,400	528 533	504 508	573 578	20,200 20,300	20,300 20,400	807 812	762 767	879 884	26,200 26,300	26,300 26,400	1,099 1,104	1,041 1,046	1,197 1,202
14,400	14,500	537	512	582	20,400	20,500	816	772	889	26,400	26,500	1,110	1,051	1,207
14,500 14,600	14,600 14,700	542 547	515 519	587 592	20,500 20,600	20,600 20,700	821 826	776 781	894 900	26,500 26,600	26,600 26,700	1,115 1,120	1,055 1,060	1,212 1,218
14,700	14,800	551	522	596	20,700	20,800	830	785	905	26,700	26,800	1,126	1,064	1,223
14,800 14,900	14,900 15,000	556 561	526 529	601 605	20,800 20,900	20,900 21,000	835 840	790 795	910 916	26,800 26,900	26,900 27,000	1,131 1,136	1,069 1,074	1,228 1,234
,	,000					,000	1				,000			
15,000 15,100	15,100 15,200	565 570	533 536	610 615	21,000 21,100	21,100 21,200	844 849	799 804	921 926	27,000 27,100	27,100 27,200	1,141	1,078 1,083	1,239 1,244
15,200 15,300	15,300 15,400	575 579	540 543	619 624	21,200 21,300	21,300 21,400	854 858	809 813	932 937	27,200 27,300	27,300 27,400	1,152 1,157	1,088 1,092	1,250 1,255
15,400	15,500	584	547	629	21,400	21,500	863	818	942	27,400	27,500	1,163	1,097	1,260
15,500 15,600	15,600 15,700	589 593	550 554	633 638	21,500 21,600	21,600 21,700	868 872	823 827	947 953	27,500 27,600	27,600 27,700	1,168	1,102 1,106	1,265 1,271
15,700	15,800	598	558	643	21,700	21,800	877	832	958	27,700	27,800	1,179	1,111	1,276
15,800 15,900	15,900 16,000	602 607	561 565	647 652	21,800 21,900	21,900 22,000	881 886	837 841	963 969	27,800 27,900	27,900 28,000	1,184 1,189	1,116 1,120	1,281 1,287
,	,000	1				,000	1				,000	1		
16,000 16,100	16,100 16,200	612 616	568 572	657 661	22,000 22,100	22,100 22,200	891 895	846 851	974 979	28,000 28,100	28,100 28,200	1,194 1,200	1,125 1,130	1,292 1,297
16,200 16,300	16,300 16,400	621 626	576 581	667 672	22,200 22,300	22,300 22,400	900 905	855 860	985 990	28,200 28,300	28,300 28,400	1,205	1,134 1,139	1,303 1,308
16,400	16,500	630	586	672	22,300	22,400	905	865	990 995	28,300	28,400 28,500	1,210	1,139	1,308
16,500	16,600	635	590	682	22,500	22,600	914	869	1,000	28,500	28,600	1,221	1,148	1,318
16,600 16,700	16,700 16,800	640 644	595 599	688 693	22,600 22,700	22,700 22,800	919 923	874 878	1,006 1,011	28,600 28,700	28,700 28,800	1,226 1,232	1,153 1,157	1,324 1,329
16,800 16,900	16,900 17,000	649 654	604 609	698 704	22,800 22,900	22,900 23,000	928 933	883 888	1,016 1,022	28,800 28,900	28,900 29,000	1,237 1,242	1,162 1,167	1,334 1,340
. 0,000	,			104	,	_0,000			.,022		,		· · ·	next page

#### 2021 Tax Table For Form 1NPR Filers — Continued 1

If line 37 is –	And you are – If line 37 is – And you are – If line 37 is –		is –	And you are –									
But At less least than	Single or Head of a household Your tax	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household Your tax		Married filing sepa- rately	At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household Your tax		Married filing sepa- rately
29,000				35	,000				41,	000	1		
29,00029,10029,10029,20029,20029,30029,30029,40029,40029,500	1,247	1,171	1,345	35,000	35,100	1,565	1,468	1,663	41,000	41,100	1,883	1,786	1,981
	1,253	1,176	1,350	35,100	35,200	1,571	1,473	1,668	41,100	41,200	1,889	1,791	1,986
	1,258	1,181	1,356	35,200	35,300	1,576	1,479	1,674	41,200	41,300	1,894	1,797	1,992
	1,263	1,185	1,361	35,300	35,400	1,581	1,484	1,679	41,300	41,400	1,899	1,802	1,997
	1,269	1,190	1,366	35,400	35,500	1,587	1,489	1,684	41,400	41,500	1,905	1,807	2,002
29,50029,60029,60029,70029,70029,80029,80029,90029,90030,000	1,274	1,195	1,371	35,500	35,600	1,592	1,495	1,689	41,500	41,600	1,910	1,813	2,007
	1,279	1,199	1,377	35,600	35,700	1,597	1,500	1,695	41,600	41,700	1,915	1,818	2,013
	1,285	1,204	1,382	35,700	35,800	1,603	1,505	1,700	41,700	41,800	1,921	1,823	2,018
	1,290	1,209	1,387	35,800	35,900	1,608	1,511	1,705	41,800	41,900	1,926	1,829	2,023
	1,295	1,213	1,393	35,900	36,000	1,613	1,516	1,711	41,900	42,000	1,931	1,834	2,029
30,000				36	,000	1			42,	000	1		
30,000         30,100           30,100         30,200           30,200         30,300           30,300         30,400           30,400         30,500	1,300	1,218	1,398	36,000	36,100	1,618	1,521	1,716	42,000	42,100	1,936	1,839	2,034
	1,306	1,223	1,403	36,100	36,200	1,624	1,526	1,721	42,100	42,200	1,942	1,844	2,039
	1,311	1,227	1,409	36,200	36,300	1,629	1,532	1,727	42,200	42,300	1,947	1,850	2,045
	1,316	1,232	1,414	36,300	36,400	1,634	1,537	1,732	42,300	42,400	1,952	1,855	2,050
	1,322	1,237	1,419	36,400	36,500	1,640	1,542	1,737	42,400	42,500	1,958	1,860	2,055
30,500         30,600           30,600         30,700           30,700         30,800           30,800         30,900           30,900         31,000	1,327	1,241	1,424	36,500	36,600	1,645	1,548	1,742	42,500	42,600	1,963	1,866	2,060
	1,332	1,246	1,430	36,600	36,700	1,650	1,553	1,748	42,600	42,700	1,968	1,871	2,066
	1,338	1,250	1,435	36,700	36,800	1,656	1,558	1,753	42,700	42,800	1,974	1,876	2,071
	1,343	1,255	1,440	36,800	36,900	1,661	1,564	1,758	42,800	42,900	1,979	1,882	2,076
	1,348	1,260	1,446	36,900	37,000	1,666	1,569	1,764	42,900	43,000	1,984	1,887	2,082
31,000				37	,000	1			43,	000	1		
31,000         31,100           31,100         31,200           31,200         31,300           31,300         31,400           31,400         31,500	1,353	1,264	1,451	37,000	37,100	1,671	1,574	1,769	43,000	43,100	1,989	1,892	2,087
	1,359	1,269	1,456	37,100	37,200	1,677	1,579	1,774	43,100	43,200	1,995	1,897	2,092
	1,364	1,274	1,462	37,200	37,300	1,682	1,585	1,780	43,200	43,300	2,000	1,903	2,098
	1,369	1,278	1,467	37,300	37,400	1,687	1,590	1,785	43,300	43,400	2,005	1,908	2,103
	1,375	1,283	1,472	37,400	37,500	1,693	1,595	1,790	43,400	43,500	2,011	1,913	2,108
31,500 31,600	1,380	1,288	1,477	37,500	37,600	1,698	1,601	1,795	43,500	43,600	2,016	1,919	2,113
31,600 31,700	1,385	1,292	1,483	37,600	37,700	1,703	1,606	1,801	43,600	43,700	2,021	1,924	2,119
31,700 31,800	1,391	1,297	1,488	37,700	37,800	1,709	1,611	1,806	43,700	43,800	2,027	1,929	2,124
31,800 31,900	1,396	1,302	1,493	37,800	37,900	1,714	1,617	1,811	43,800	43,900	2,032	1,935	2,129
31,900 32,000	1,401	1,306	1,499	37,900	38,000	1,719	1,622	1,817	43,900	44,000	2,037	1,940	2,135
32,000				38	,000	1			44,	000	1		
32,000         32,100           32,100         32,200           32,200         32,300           32,300         32,400           32,400         32,500	1,406	1,311	1,504	38,000	38,100	1,724	1,627	1,822	44,000	44,100	2,042	1,945	2,140
	1,412	1,316	1,509	38,100	38,200	1,730	1,632	1,827	44,100	44,200	2,048	1,950	2,145
	1,417	1,320	1,515	38,200	38,300	1,735	1,638	1,833	44,200	44,300	2,053	1,956	2,151
	1,422	1,325	1,520	38,300	38,400	1,740	1,643	1,838	44,300	44,400	2,058	1,961	2,156
	1,428	1,330	1,525	38,400	38,500	1,746	1,648	1,843	44,400	44,500	2,064	1,966	2,161
32,500         32,600           32,600         32,700           32,700         32,800           32,800         32,900           32,900         33,000	1,433	1,336	1,530	38,500	38,600	1,751	1,654	1,848	44,500	44,600	2,069	1,972	2,166
	1,438	1,341	1,536	38,600	38,700	1,756	1,659	1,854	44,600	44,700	2,074	1,977	2,172
	1,444	1,346	1,541	38,700	38,800	1,762	1,664	1,859	44,700	44,800	2,080	1,982	2,177
	1,449	1,352	1,546	38,800	38,900	1,767	1,670	1,864	44,800	44,900	2,085	1,988	2,182
	1,454	1,357	1,552	38,900	39,000	1,772	1,675	1,870	44,900	45,000	2,090	1,993	2,188
33,000	4.450	4 0 0 0	4 5 5 7		,000	4	1.000	4.075	,	000	0.005	1.000	
33,000         33,100           33,100         33,200           33,200         33,300           33,300         33,400           33,400         33,500	1,459	1,362	1,557	39,000	39,100	1,777	1,680	1,875	45,000	45,100	2,095	1,998	2,193
	1,465	1,367	1,562	39,100	39,200	1,783	1,685	1,880	45,100	45,200	2,101	2,003	2,198
	1,470	1,373	1,568	39,200	39,300	1,788	1,691	1,886	45,200	45,300	2,106	2,009	2,204
	1,475	1,378	1,573	39,300	39,400	1,793	1,696	1,891	45,300	45,400	2,111	2,014	2,209
	1,481	1,383	1,578	39,400	39,500	1,799	1,701	1,896	45,400	45,500	2,117	2,019	2,214
33,500         33,600           33,600         33,700           33,700         33,800           33,800         33,900           33,900         34,000	1,486	1,389	1,583	39,500	39,600	1,804	1,707	1,901	45,500	45,600	2,122	2,025	2,219
	1,491	1,394	1,589	39,600	39,700	1,809	1,712	1,907	45,600	45,700	2,127	2,030	2,225
	1,497	1,399	1,594	39,700	39,800	1,815	1,717	1,912	45,700	45,800	2,133	2,035	2,230
	1,502	1,405	1,599	39,800	39,900	1,820	1,723	1,917	45,800	45,900	2,138	2,041	2,235
	1,507	1,410	1,605	39,900	40,000	1,825	1,728	1,923	45,900	46,000	2,143	2,046	2,241
34,000					,000					000			
34,000 34,100	1,512	1,415	1,610	40,000	40,100	1,830	1,733	1,928	46,000	46,100	2,148	2,051	2,246
34,100 34,200	1,518	1,420	1,615	40,100	40,200	1,836	1,738	1,933	46,100	46,200	2,154	2,056	2,251
34,200 34,300	1,523	1,426	1,621	40,200	40,300	1,841	1,744	1,939	46,200	46,300	2,159	2,062	2,257
34,300 34,400	1,528	1,431	1,626	40,300	40,400	1,846	1,749	1,944	46,300	46,400	2,164	2,067	2,262
34,400 34,500	1,534	1,436	1,631	40,400	40,500	1,852	1,754	1,949	46,400	46,500	2,170	2,072	2,267
34,500         34,600           34,600         34,700           34,700         34,800           34,800         34,900           34,900         35,000	1,539 1,544 1,550 1,555 1,560	1,442 1,447 1,452 1,458 1,463	1,636 1,642 1,647 1,652 1,658	40,500 40,600 40,700 40,800 40,900	40,600 40,700 40,800 40,900 41,000	1,857 1,862 1,868 1,873 1,878	1,760 1,765 1,770 1,776 1,781	1,954 1,960 1,965 1,970 1,976	46,500 46,600 46,700 46,800 46,900	46,600 46,700 46,800 46,900 47,000	2,175 2,180 2,186 2,191 2,196	2,078 2,083 2,088 2,094 2,099	2,272 2,278 2,283 2,288 2,294 <i>next page</i>

If line 37	is _	And you	are -		If line 37	/ is _	And you	are -		If line 3	7 is -	And yo	u are -	
ii iiile 37		Single or	Married	Married	ii iiile 37	13 -	Single or	Married	Married	in fille 3	13 -	Single or		Married
At least	But less than	Head of a household	filing jointly	filing sepa- rately	At least	But less than	Head of a household	filing jointly	filing sepa- rately	At least	But less than	Head of a household	filing jointly	filing sepa- rately
47	,000				53	000				59	9,000			
47,000	47,100	2,201	2,104	2,299	53,000	53,100	2,519	2,422	2,617	59,000	59,100	2,837	2,740	2,935
47,100	47,200	2,207	2,109	2,304	53,100	53,200	2,525	2,427	2,622	59,100	59,200	2,843	2,745	2,940
47,200	47,300	2,212	2,115	2,310	53,200	53,300	2,530	2,433	2,628	59,200	59,300	2,848	2,751	2,946
47,300	47,400	2,217	2,120	2,315	53,300	53,400	2,535	2,438	2,633	59,300	59,400	2,853	2,756	2,951
47,400	47,500	2,223	2,125	2,320	53,400	53,500	2,541	2,443	2,638	59,400	59,500	2,859	2,761	2,956
47,500	47,600	2,228	2,131	2,325	53,500	53,600	2,546	2,449	2,643	59,500	59,600	2,864	2,767	2,961
47,600	47,700	2,233	2,136	2,331	53,600	53,700	2,551	2,454	2,649	59,600	59,700	2,869	2,772	2,967
47,700	47,800	2,239	2,141	2,336	53,700	53,800	2,557	2,459	2,654	59,700	59,800	2,875	2,777	2,972
47,800	47,900	2,244	2,147	2,341	53,800	53,900	2,562	2,465	2,659	59,800	59,900	2,880	2,783	2,977
47,900	48,000	2,249	2,152	2,347	53,900	54,000	2,567	2,470	2,665	59,900	60,000	2,885	2,788	2,983
	,000	1				,000	1				),000	1		
48,000	48,100	2,254	2,157	2,352	54,000	54,100	2,572	2,475	2,670	60,000	60,100	2,890	2,793	2,988
48,100	48,200	2,260	2,162	2,357	54,100	54,200	2,578	2,480	2,675	60,100	60,200	2,896	2,798	2,993
48,200	48,300	2,265	2,168	2,363	54,200	54,300	2,583	2,486	2,681	60,200	60,300	2,901	2,804	2,999
48,300	48,400	2,270	2,173	2,368	54,300	54,400	2,588	2,491	2,686	60,300	60,400	2,906	2,809	3,004
48,400	48,500	2,276	2,178	2,373	54,400	54,500	2,594	2,496	2,691	60,400	60,500	2,912	2,814	3,009
48,500	48,600	2,281	2,184	2,378	54,500	54,600	2,599	2,502	2,696	60,500	60,600	2,917	2,820	3,014
48,600	48,700	2,286	2,189	2,384	54,600	54,700	2,604	2,507	2,702	60,600	60,700	2,922	2,825	3,020
48,700	48,800	2,292	2,194	2,389	54,700	54,800	2,610	2,512	2,707	60,700	60,800	2,928	2,830	3,025
48,800	48,900	2,297	2,200	2,394	54,800	54,900	2,615	2,518	2,712	60,800	60,900	2,933	2,836	3,030
48,900	49,000	2,302	2,205	2,400	54,900	55,000	2,620	2,523	2,718	60,900	61,000	2,938	2,841	3,036
49	,000	1			55	,000	1			61	l,000	1		
49,000	49,100	2,307	2,210	2,405	55,000	55,100	2,625	2,528	2,723	61,000	61,100	2,943	2,846	3,041
49,100	49,200	2,313	2,215	2,410	55,100	55,200	2,631	2,533	2,728	61,100	61,200	2,949	2,851	3,046
49,200	49,300	2,318	2,221	2,416	55,200	55,300	2,636	2,539	2,734	61,200	61,300	2,954	2,857	3,052
49,300	49,400	2,323	2,226	2,421	55,300	55,400	2,641	2,544	2,739	61,300	61,400	2,959	2,862	3,057
49,400	49,500	2,329	2,231	2,426	55,400	55,500	2,647	2,549	2,744	61,400	61,500	2,965	2,867	3,062
49,500	49,600	2,334	2,237	2,431	55,500	55,600	2,652	2,555	2,749	61,500	61,600	2,970	2,873	3,067
49,600	49,700	2,339	2,242	2,437	55,600	55,700	2,657	2,560	2,755	61,600	61,700	2,975	2,878	3,073
49,700	49,800	2,345	2,247	2,442	55,700	55,800	2,663	2,565	2,760	61,700	61,800	2,981	2,883	3,078
49,800	49,900	2,350	2,253	2,447	55,800	55,900	2,668	2,571	2,765	61,800	61,900	2,986	2,889	3,083
49,900	50,000	2,355	2,258	2,453	55,900	56,000	2,673	2,576	2,771	61,900	62,000	2,991	2,894	3,089
	,000					,000	1				2,000			
50,000	50,100	2,360	2,263	2,458	56,000	56,100	2,678	2,581	2,776	62,000	62,100	2,996	2,899	3,094
50,100	50,200	2,366	2,268	2,463	56,100	56,200	2,684	2,586	2,781	62,100	62,200	3,002	2,904	3,099
50,200	50,300	2,371	2,274	2,469	56,200	56,300	2,689	2,592	2,787	62,200	62,300	3,007	2,910	3,105
50,300	50,400	2,376	2,279	2,474	56,300	56,400	2,694	2,597	2,792	62,300	62,400	3,012	2,915	3,110
50,400	50,500	2,382	2,284	2,479	56,400	56,500	2,700	2,602	2,797	62,400	62,500	3,018	2,920	3,115
50,500	50,600	2,387	2,290	2,484	56,500	56,600	2,705	2,608	2,802	62,500	62,600	3,023	2,926	3,120
50,600	50,700	2,392	2,295	2,490	56,600	56,700	2,710	2,613	2,808	62,600	62,700	3,028	2,931	3,126
50,700	50,800	2,398	2,300	2,495	56,700	56,800	2,716	2,618	2,813	62,700	62,800	3,034	2,936	3,131
50,800	50,900	2,403	2,306	2,500	56,800	56,900	2,721	2,624	2,818	62,800	62,900	3,039	2,942	3,136
50,900	51,000	2,403	2,311	2,506	56,900	57,000	2,726	2,629	2,824	62,900	63,000	3,044	2,947	3,142
-	,000					,000					3,000			
51,000	51,100	2,413	2,316	2,511	57,000	57,100	2,731	2,634	2,829	63,000	63,100	3,049	2,952	3,147
51,100	51,200	2,419	2,321	2,516	57,100	57,200	2,737	2,639	2,834	63,100	63,200	3,055	2,957	3,152
51,200	51,300	2,424	2,327	2,522	57,200	57,300	2,742	2,645	2,840	63,200	63,300	3,060	2,963	3,158
51,300	51,400	2,429	2,332	2,527	57,300	57,400	2,747	2,650	2,845	63,300	63,400	3,065	2,968	3,163
51,400	51,500	2,435	2,337	2,532	57,400	57,500	2,753	2,655	2,850	63,400	63,500	3,071	2,973	3,168
51,500	51,600	2,440	2,343	2,537	57,500	57,600	2,758	2,661	2,855	63,500	63,600	3,076	2,979	3,173
51,600	51,700	2,445	2,348	2,543	57,600	57,700	2,763	2,666	2,861	63,600	63,700	3,081	2,984	3,179
51,700	51,800	2,451	2,353	2,548	57,700	57,800	2,769	2,671	2,866	63,700	63,800	3,087	2,989	3,184
51,800	51,900	2,456	2,359	2,553	57,800	57,900	2,774	2,677	2,871	63,800	63,900	3,092	2,995	3,189
51,900	52,000	2,461	2,364	2,559	57,900	58,000	2,779	2,682	2,877	63,900	64,000	3,097	3,000	3,195
	,000					,000					4,000			
52,000	52,100	2,466	2,369	2,564	58,000	58,100	2,784	2,687	2,882	64,000	64,100	3,102	3,005	3,200
52,100	52,200	2,472	2,374	2,569	58,100	58,200	2,790	2,692	2,887	64,100	64,200	3,108	3,010	3,205
52,200	52,300	2,477	2,380	2,575	58,200	58,300	2,795	2,698	2,893	64,200	64,300	3,113	3,016	3,211
52,300	52,400	2,482	2,385	2,580	58,300	58,400	2,800	2,703	2,898	64,300	64,400	3,118	3,021	3,216
52,400	52,500	2,488	2,390	2,585	58,400	58,500	2,806	2,708	2,903	64,400	64,500	3,124	3,026	3,221
52,500	52,600	2,493	2,396	2,590	58,500	58,600	2,811	2,714	2,908	64,500	64,600	3,129	3,032	3,226
52,600	52,700	2,498	2,401	2,596	58,600	58,700	2,816	2,719	2,914	64,600	64,700	3,134	3,037	3,232
52,700	52,800	2,504	2,406	2,601	58,700	58,800	2,822	2,724	2,919	64,700	64,800	3,140	3,042	3,237
52,800	52,900	2,509	2,412	2,606	58,800	58,900	2,827	2,730	2,924	64,800	64,900	3,145	3,048	3,242
52,900	53,000	2,514	2,417	2,612	58,900	59,000	2,832	2,735	2,930	64,900	65,000	3,150	3,053	3,248
												Co	ntinued on	next page

If line 37 is -		And you	are –		If line 37	7 is –	And you	are –		If line 37	7 is –	And you	are –	
At I	But less than	Single or Head of a household Your tax		Married filing sepa- rately	At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household Your tax	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household Your tax	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately
65,00	0				71	,000				77	,000			
65,100 65 65,200 65 65,300 65	,100 ,200 ,300 ,400 ,500	3,155 3,161 3,166 3,171 3,177	3,058 3,063 3,069 3,074 3,079	3,253 3,258 3,264 3,269 3,274	71,000 71,100 71,200 71,300 71,400	71,100 71,200 71,300 71,400 71,500	3,473 3,479 3,484 3,489 3,495	3,376 3,381 3,387 3,392 3,397	3,571 3,576 3,582 3,587 3,592	77,000 77,100 77,200 77,300 77,400	77,100 77,200 77,300 77,400 77,500	3,791 3,797 3,802 3,807 3,813	3,694 3,699 3,705 3,710 3,715	3,889 3,894 3,900 3,905 3,910
65,600 65 65,700 65 65,800 65	,600 ,700 ,800 ,900 ,000	3,182 3,187 3,193 3,198 3,203	3,085 3,090 3,095 3,101 3,106	3,279 3,285 3,290 3,295 3,301	71,500 71,600 71,700 71,800 71,900	71,600 71,700 71,800 71,900 72,000	3,500 3,505 3,511 3,516 3,521	3,403 3,408 3,413 3,419 3,424	3,597 3,603 3,608 3,613 3,619	77,500 77,600 77,700 77,800 77,900	77,600 77,700 77,800 77,900 78,000	3,818 3,823 3,829 3,834 3,839	3,721 3,726 3,731 3,737 3,742	3,915 3,921 3,926 3,931 3,937
66,00	0	1			72	,000	1			78	,000			
66,100 66 66,200 66 66,300 66	,100 ,200 ,300 ,400 ,500	3,208 3,214 3,219 3,224 3,230	3,111 3,116 3,122 3,127 3,132	3,306 3,311 3,317 3,322 3,327	72,000 72,100 72,200 72,300 72,400	72,100 72,200 72,300 72,400 72,500	3,526 3,532 3,537 3,542 3,548	3,429 3,434 3,440 3,445 3,450	3,624 3,629 3,635 3,640 3,645	78,000 78,100 78,200 78,300 78,400	78,100 78,200 78,300 78,400 78,500	3,844 3,850 3,855 3,860 3,866	3,747 3,752 3,758 3,763 3,768	3,942 3,947 3,953 3,958 3,963
66,600 66 66,700 66 66,800 66 66,900 67	,600 ,700 ,800 ,900 ,000	3,235 3,240 3,246 3,251 3,256	3,138 3,143 3,148 3,154 3,159	3,332 3,338 3,343 3,348 3,354	72,500 72,600 72,700 72,800 72,900	72,600 72,700 72,800 72,900 73,000	3,553 3,558 3,564 3,569 3,574	3,456 3,461 3,466 3,472 3,477	3,650 3,656 3,661 3,666 3,672	78,500 78,600 78,700 78,800 78,900	78,600 78,700 78,800 78,900 79,000	3,871 3,876 3,882 3,887 3,892	3,774 3,779 3,784 3,790 3,795	3,968 3,974 3,979 3,984 3,990
67,00						,000					,000			
67,100 67 67,200 67 67,300 67	,100 ,200 ,300 ,400 ,500	3,261 3,267 3,272 3,277 3,283	3,164 3,169 3,175 3,180 3,185	3,359 3,364 3,370 3,375 3,380	73,000 73,100 73,200 73,300 73,400	73,100 73,200 73,300 73,400 73,500	3,579 3,585 3,590 3,595 3,601	3,482 3,487 3,493 3,498 3,503	3,677 3,682 3,688 3,693 3,698	79,000 79,100 79,200 79,300 79,400	79,100 79,200 79,300 79,400 79,500	3,897 3,903 3,908 3,913 3,919	3,800 3,805 3,811 3,816 3,821	3,995 4,000 4,006 4,011 4,016
67,600 67 67,700 67 67,800 67	,600 ,700 ,800 ,900 ,000	3,288 3,293 3,299 3,304 3,309	3,191 3,196 3,201 3,207 3,212	3,385 3,391 3,396 3,401 3,407	73,500 73,600 73,700 73,800 73,900	73,600 73,700 73,800 73,900 74,000	3,606 3,611 3,617 3,622 3,627	3,509 3,514 3,519 3,525 3,530	3,703 3,709 3,714 3,719 3,725	79,500 79,600 79,700 79,800 79,900	79,600 79,700 79,800 79,900 80,000	3,924 3,929 3,935 3,940 3,945	3,827 3,832 3,837 3,843 3,848	4,021 4,027 4,032 4,037 4,043
68,00	0				74	,000				80	,000			
68,100 68 68,200 68 68,300 68	,100 ,200 ,300 ,400 ,500	3,314 3,320 3,325 3,330 3,336	3,217 3,222 3,228 3,233 3,238	3,412 3,417 3,423 3,428 3,433	74,000 74,100 74,200 74,300 74,400	74,100 74,200 74,300 74,400 74,500	3,632 3,638 3,643 3,648 3,654	3,535 3,540 3,546 3,551 3,556	3,730 3,735 3,741 3,746 3,751	80,000 80,100 80,200 80,300 80,400	80,100 80,200 80,300 80,400 80,500	3,950 3,956 3,961 3,966 3,972	3,853 3,858 3,864 3,869 3,874	4,048 4,053 4,059 4,064 4,069
68,600 68 68,700 68 68,800 68 68,900 69	,600 ,700 ,800 ,900 ,000	3,341 3,346 3,352 3,357 3,362	3,244 3,249 3,254 3,260 3,265	3,438 3,444 3,449 3,454 3,460	74,500 74,600 74,700 74,800 74,900	74,600 74,700 74,800 74,900 75,000	3,659 3,664 3,670 3,675 3,680	3,562 3,567 3,572 3,578 3,583	3,756 3,762 3,767 3,772 3,778	80,500 80,600 80,700 80,800 80,900	80,600 80,700 80,800 80,900 81,000	3,977 3,982 3,988 3,993 3,998	3,880 3,885 3,890 3,896 3,901	4,074 4,080 4,085 4,090 4,096
69,00	-	0.007	0.070	0.405		,000	0.005	0.500	0.700		,000	4.000		
69,100 69 69,200 69 69,300 69	,100 ,200 ,300 ,400 ,500	3,367 3,373 3,378 3,383 3,389	3,270 3,275 3,281 3,286 3,291	3,465 3,470 3,476 3,481 3,486	75,000 75,100 75,200 75,300 75,400	75,100 75,200 75,300 75,400 75,500	3,685 3,691 3,696 3,701 3,707	3,588 3,593 3,599 3,604 3,609	3,783 3,788 3,794 3,799 3,804	81,000 81,100 81,200 81,300 81,400	81,100 81,200 81,300 81,400 81,500	4,003 4,009 4,014 4,019 4,025	3,906 3,911 3,917 3,922 3,927	4,101 4,106 4,112 4,117 4,122
69,600 69 69,700 69 69,800 69	,600 ,700 ,800 ,900 ,000	3,394 3,399 3,405 3,410 3,415	3,297 3,302 3,307 3,313 3,318	3,491 3,497 3,502 3,507 3,513	75,500 75,600 75,700 75,800 75,900	75,600 75,700 75,800 75,900 76,000	3,712 3,717 3,723 3,728 3,733	3,615 3,620 3,625 3,631 3,636	3,809 3,815 3,820 3,825 3,831	81,500 81,600 81,700 81,800 81,900	81,600 81,700 81,800 81,900 82,000	4,030 4,035 4,041 4,046 4,051	3,933 3,938 3,943 3,949 3,954	4,127 4,133 4,138 4,143 4,149
70,00						,000					,000			
70,100 70 70,200 70 70,300 70	,100 ,200 ,300 ,400 ,500	3,420 3,426 3,431 3,436 3,442	3,323 3,328 3,334 3,339 3,344	3,518 3,523 3,529 3,534 3,539	76,000 76,100 76,200 76,300 76,400	76,100 76,200 76,300 76,400 76,500	3,738 3,744 3,749 3,754 3,760	3,641 3,646 3,652 3,657 3,662	3,836 3,841 3,847 3,852 3,857	82,000 82,100 82,200 82,300 82,400	82,100 82,200 82,300 82,400 82,500	4,056 4,062 4,067 4,072 4,078	3,959 3,964 3,970 3,975 3,980	4,154 4,159 4,165 4,170 4,175
70,600 70 70,700 70 70,800 70	,600 ,700 ,800 ,900 ,000	3,447 3,452 3,458 3,463 3,468	3,350 3,355 3,360 3,366 3,371	3,544 3,550 3,555 3,560 3,566	76,500 76,600 76,700 76,800 76,900	76,600 76,700 76,800 76,900 77,000	3,765 3,770 3,776 3,781 3,786	3,668 3,673 3,678 3,684 3,689	3,862 3,868 3,873 3,878 3,884	82,500 82,600 82,700 82,800 82,900	82,600 82,700 82,800 82,900 83,000	4,083 4,088 4,094 4,099 4,104	3,986 3,991 3,996 4,002 4,007	4,180 4,186 4,191 4,196 4,202
												Con	tinued on	next page

														-
If line 37	/ is –	And you	are –		If line 37	7 is –	And you	are –		If line 37	is –	And you	are –	
At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household Your tax	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household Your tax		Married filing sepa- rately	At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household Your tax		Married filing sepa- rately
83.	,000		-		89	,000		-		95,	000		-	
83,000 83,100 83,200 83,300 83,400	83,100 83,200 83,300 83,400 83,500	4,109 4,115 4,120 4,125 4,131	4,012 4,017 4,023 4,028 4,033	4,207 4,212 4,218 4,223 4,228	89,000 89,100 89,200 89,300 89,400	89,100 89,200 89,300 89,400 89,500	4,427 4,433 4,438 4,443 4,449	4,330 4,335 4,341 4,346 4,351	4,525 4,530 4,536 4,541 4,546	95,000 95,100 95,200 95,300 95,400	95,100 95,200 95,300 95,400 95,500	4,745 4,751 4,756 4,761 4,767	4,648 4,653 4,659 4,664 4,669	4,843 4,848 4,854 4,859 4,864
83,500 83,600 83,700 83,800 83,900	83,600 83,700 83,800 83,900 84,000	4,136 4,141 4,147 4,152 4,157	4,039 4,044 4,049 4,055 4,060	4,233 4,239 4,244 4,249 4,255	89,500 89,600 89,700 89,800 89,900	89,600 89,700 89,800 89,900 90,000	4,454 4,459 4,465 4,470 4,475	4,357 4,362 4,367 4,373 4,378	4,551 4,557 4,562 4,567 4,573	95,500 95,600 95,700 95,800 95,900	95,600 95,700 95,800 95,900 96,000	4,772 4,777 4,783 4,788 4,793	4,675 4,680 4,685 4,691 4,696	4,869 4,875 4,880 4,885 4,891
84,	,000	1			90	,000	1			96,	000	1		
84,000 84,100 84,200 84,300 84,400	84,100 84,200 84,300 84,400 84,500	4,162 4,168 4,173 4,178 4,184	4,065 4,070 4,076 4,081 4,086	4,260 4,265 4,271 4,276 4,281	90,000 90,100 90,200 90,300 90,400	90,100 90,200 90,300 90,400 90,500	4,480 4,486 4,491 4,496 4,502	4,383 4,388 4,394 4,399 4,404	4,578 4,583 4,589 4,594 4,599	96,000 96,100 96,200 96,300 96,400	96,100 96,200 96,300 96,400 96,500	4,798 4,804 4,809 4,814 4,820	4,701 4,706 4,712 4,717 4,722	4,896 4,901 4,907 4,912 4,917
84,500 84,600 84,700 84,800 84,900	84,600 84,700 84,800 84,900 85,000	4,189 4,194 4,200 4,205 4,210	4,092 4,097 4,102 4,108 4,113	4,286 4,292 4,297 4,302 4,308	90,500 90,600 90,700 90,800 90,900	90,600 90,700 90,800 90,900 91,000	4,507 4,512 4,518 4,523 4,528	4,410 4,415 4,420 4,426 4,431	4,604 4,610 4,615 4,620 4,626	96,500 96,600 96,700 96,800 96,900	96,600 96,700 96,800 96,900 97,000	4,825 4,830 4,836 4,841 4,846	4,728 4,733 4,738 4,744 4,749	4,922 4,928 4,933 4,938 4,944
85	,000	1			91	,000				97,	000			
85,000 85,100 85,200 85,300 85,400	85,100 85,200 85,300 85,400 85,500	4,215 4,221 4,226 4,231 4,237	4,118 4,123 4,129 4,134 4,139	4,313 4,318 4,324 4,329 4,334	91,000 91,100 91,200 91,300 91,400	91,100 91,200 91,300 91,400 91,500	4,533 4,539 4,544 4,549 4,555	4,436 4,441 4,447 4,452 4,457	4,631 4,636 4,642 4,647 4,652	97,000 97,100 97,200 97,300 97,400	97,100 97,200 97,300 97,400 97,500	4,851 4,857 4,862 4,867 4,873	4,754 4,759 4,765 4,770 4,775	4,949 4,954 4,960 4,965 4,970
85,500 85,600 85,700 85,800 85,900	85,600 85,700 85,800 85,900 86,000	4,242 4,247 4,253 4,258 4,263	4,145 4,150 4,155 4,161 4,166	4,339 4,345 4,350 4,355 4,361	91,500 91,600 91,700 91,800 91,900	91,600 91,700 91,800 91,900 92,000	4,560 4,565 4,571 4,576 4,581	4,463 4,468 4,473 4,479 4,484	4,657 4,663 4,668 4,673 4,679	97,500 97,600 97,700 97,800 97,900	97,600 97,700 97,800 97,900 98,000	4,878 4,883 4,889 4,894 4,899	4,781 4,786 4,791 4,797 4,802	4,975 4,981 4,986 4,991 4,997
86	,000				92	,000				98,	000			
86,000 86,100 86,200 86,300 86,400	86,100 86,200 86,300 86,400 86,500	4,268 4,274 4,279 4,284 4,290	4,171 4,176 4,182 4,187 4,192	4,366 4,371 4,377 4,382 4,387	92,000 92,100 92,200 92,300 92,400	92,100 92,200 92,300 92,400 92,500	4,586 4,592 4,597 4,602 4,608	4,489 4,494 4,500 4,505 4,510	4,684 4,689 4,695 4,700 4,705	98,000 98,100 98,200 98,300 98,400	98,100 98,200 98,300 98,400 98,500	4,904 4,910 4,915 4,920 4,926	4,807 4,812 4,818 4,823 4,828	5,002 5,007 5,013 5,018 5,023
86,500 86,600 86,700 86,800 86,900	86,600 86,700 86,800 86,900 87,000	4,295 4,300 4,306 4,311 4,316	4,198 4,203 4,208 4,214 4,219	4,392 4,398 4,403 4,408 4,414	92,500 92,600 92,700 92,800 92,900	92,600 92,700 92,800 92,900 93,000	4,613 4,618 4,624 4,629 4,634	4,516 4,521 4,526 4,532 4,537	4,710 4,716 4,721 4,726 4,732	98,500 98,600 98,700 98,800 98,800 98,900	98,600 98,700 98,800 98,900 99,000	4,931 4,936 4,942 4,947 4,952	4,834 4,839 4,844 4,850 4,855	5,028 5,034 5,039 5,044 5,050
- ,	000					,000				99,				
87,000 87,100 87,200 87,300 87,400	87,100 87,200 87,300 87,400 87,500	4,321 4,327 4,332 4,337 4,343	4,224 4,229 4,235 4,240 4,245	4,419 4,424 4,430 4,435 4,440	93,000 93,100 93,200 93,300 93,400	93,100 93,200 93,300 93,400 93,500	4,639 4,645 4,650 4,655 4,661	4,542 4,547 4,553 4,558 4,563	4,737 4,742 4,748 4,753 4,758	99,000 99,100 99,200 99,300 99,400	99,100 99,200 99,300 99,400 99,500	4,957 4,963 4,968 4,973 4,979	4,860 4,865 4,871 4,876 4,881	5,055 5,060 5,066 5,071 5,076
87,500 87,600 87,700 87,800 87,900	87,600 87,700 87,800 87,900 88,000	4,348 4,353 4,359 4,364 4,369	4,251 4,256 4,261 4,267 4,272	4,445 4,451 4,456 4,461 4,467	93,500 93,600 93,700 93,800 93,900	93,600 93,700 93,800 93,900 94,000	4,666 4,671 4,677 4,682 4,687	4,569 4,574 4,579 4,585 4,590	4,763 4,769 4,774 4,779 4,785	99,500 99,600 99,700 99,800 99,900	99,600 99,700 99,800 99,900 100,000	4,984 4,989 4,995 5,000 5,005	4,887 4,892 4,897 4,903 4,908	5,081 5,087 5,092 5,097 5,103
88,	000				94	,000	1							
88,000 88,100 88,200 88,300 88,400	88,100 88,200 88,300 88,400 88,500	4,374 4,380 4,385 4,390 4,396	4,277 4,282 4,288 4,293 4,298	4,472 4,477 4,483 4,488 4,493	94,000 94,100 94,200 94,300 94,400	94,100 94,200 94,300 94,400 94,500	4,692 4,698 4,703 4,708 4,714	4,595 4,600 4,606 4,611 4,616	4,790 4,795 4,801 4,806 4,811	Тах		<b>00 or ov</b> use the itation W		et
88,500 88,600 88,700 88,800 88,900	88,600 88,700 88,800 88,900 89,000	4,401 4,406 4,412 4,417 4,422	4,304 4,309 4,314 4,320 4,325	4,498 4,504 4,509 4,514 4,520	94,500 94,600 94,700 94,800 94,900	94,600 94,700 94,800 94,900 95,000	4,719 4,724 4,730 4,735 4,740	4,622 4,627 4,632 4,638 4,643	4,816 4,822 4,827 4,832 4,838			page 58		

# 2021 Tax Computation Worksheet – Line 39

**Caution** Use the Tax Computation Worksheet to figure your tax if your taxable income is \$100,000 or more.

Section A – Use if your filing status is Single or Head of household. Complete the row below that applies to you.											
Taxable income. If line 37 is –	<b>(a)</b> Fill in the amount from line 37	<b>(b)</b> Multiplication amount	<b>(c)</b> Multiply (a) by (b)	<b>(d)</b> Subtraction amount	(e) Subtract (d) from (c). Fill in the result here and on Form 1NPR, line 38						
At least \$100,000 but less than \$266,930	\$	x 5.3% (.053)	\$	\$ 292.16	\$						
\$266,930 or over	\$	x 7.65% (.0765)	\$	\$6,565.02	\$						

Section B – Use if your filing status is Married filing jointly. Complete	e the row below that applies to you.
---------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------

	<b>(a)</b> Fill in the	<b>(b)</b> Multiplication	<b>(c)</b> Multiply	(d) Subtraction	<b>(e)</b> Subtract (d) from (c).
Taxable income. If line 37 is –	amount from line 37	amount	(a) by (b)	amount	Fill in the result here and on Form 1NPR, line 38
At least \$100,000 but less than \$355,910	\$	x 5.3% (.053)	\$	\$ 389.52	\$
\$355,910 or over	\$	x 7.65% (.0765)	\$	\$8,753.41	\$

Taxable income. If line 37 is –	<b>(a)</b> Fill in the amount from line 37	<b>(b)</b> Multiplication amount	<b>(c)</b> Multiply (a) by (b)	<b>(d)</b> Subtraction amount	(e) Subtract (d) from (c). Fill in the result here and on Form 1NPR, line 38
At least \$100,000 but less than \$177,960	\$	x 5.3% (.053)	\$	\$ 194.73	\$
\$177,960 or over	\$	x 7.65% (.0765)	\$	\$4,376.79	\$

#### WISCONSIN SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER

Appearing below is an alphabetical listing of Wisconsin school districts. *Full-year and part-year residents* – refer to this listing and find the number of the district in which you lived on December 31, 2021. If you moved out of Wisconsin during 2021, fill in the number of the school district in which you lived before moving. Fill in this number in the name and address area of your return. Failure to include your school district number may delay the processing of your return and any refund due. *Nonresidents* – don't fill in this line.

The listing is divided into two sections. **SECTION I** lists all districts which operate high schools. **SECTION II** lists those districts which operate schools having only elementary grades.

Your school district will generally be the name of the municipality where the public high school is located which any children at your home would be entitled to attend. However, if such high school is a "union high school," refer to **SECTION II** and find the number of your elementary district.

The listing has the names of the school districts only to help you find your district number. Don't write in the name of your school district or the name of any specific school. Fill in only your school district's number on the school district line in the name and address area of your return. For example:

- 1. If you lived in the city of Milwaukee, you will fill in the number 3619 on the school district line.
- If you lived in the city of Hartford, you would refer to SECTION II and find the number 2443, which is the number for Jt. No. 1 Hartford elementary district.

The following are other factors to consider in determining your school district number:

- 1. If you lived in one school district but worked in another, fill in the district number where you lived.
- 2. If you were temporarily living away from your permanent home, fill in the district number of your permanent home.

Note If you can't identify your school district, contact your municipal clerk or local school for help.

SECTION I – SCHO	OL DIS	TRICTS OPERATING	HIGH	SCHOOLS							
School District	No.	School District	No.	School District	No.	School District	No.	School District	No.	School District	No.
ABBOTSFORD	0007	CLEAR LAKE	1127	GREENFIELD	2303	MCFARLAND		PESHTIGO	4305	STEVENS POINT	5607
ADAMS-FRIENDSHIP.		CLINTON CLINTONVILLE	1134	GREEN LAKE	2310	MEDFORD		PEWAUKEE PHELPS	4312	STOCKBRIDGE	
ALBANY ALGOMA	0003	COCHRANE-	1141	GREENWOOD GRESHAM	2/15	MELLEN MELROSE-MINDORO	3/28	PHELPS		STOUGHTON STRATFORD	5628
ALGONA	0084	FOUNTAIN CITY	1155	GRESHAW	2413	MENASHA	3430	PITTSVILLE	4368	STURGEON BAY	
ALMA ALMA CENTER	0091	COLBY	1162	HAMILTON	2420	MENOMINEE INDIAN	3434	PLATTEVILLE	4389	SUN PRAIRIE	5656
ALMOND-		COLEMAN	1169	HAMILTON HARTFORD UHS	*	MENOMONEE FALLS	3437	PLUM CITY	4459	SUPERIOR	5663
BANCROFT	0105	COLFAX	1176	HAYWARD	2478	MENOMONIE	3444	PLYMOUTH	4473	SURING	5670
ALTOONA	0112	COLUMBUS	1183	HIGHLAND	2527	MEQUON-	0.470	PORTAGE PORT EDWARDS PORT WASHINGTON- SAUKVILLE		TUODD	
AMERY	0119	CORNELL	1204	HILBERT	2534	THIENSVILLE	3479	PORT EDWARDS	4508	THORP THREE LAKES	5/26
ANTIGO APPLETON	0140	CRANDON CRIVITZ		HILLSBORO HOLMEN		MERCER MERRILL	3500	SALIKVILLE	1515	TIGERTON	5740
ARCADIA	0154	CUBA CITY	1232	HORICON	2576	MIDDLETON-CROSS		POTOSI	4529	TOMAH	
ARGYLE	0161	CUDAHY		HORTONVILLE AREA.		PLAINS		POYNETTE		TOMAHAWK	
ARGYLE ARROWHEAD UHS	*	CUDAHY CUMBERLAND	1260	HOWARD-SUAMICO	2604	MILTON	3612	PRAIRIE DU CHIEN	4543	TOMAHAWK TOMORROW RIVER	0126
ASHLAND	0170			HOWARD-SUAMICO HOWARDS GROVE	2605	MILWAUKEE MINERAL POINT MISHICOT	3619	PRAIRIE FARM	1557	TRI-COUNTY TURTLE LAKE	4375
ASHWAUBENON	0182	D C EVEREST	4970	HUDSON	2611	MINERAL POINT	3633	PRENTICE. PRESCOTT PRINCETON	4571	TURTLE LAKE	5810
ATHENS	0196	DARLINGTON	1295	HURLEY	2618	MISHICOT	3661	PRESCOTT	4578	TWO RIVERS	5824
AUBURNDALE	0203	DEERFIELD	1309	HUSTISFORD	2625	MONDOVI	3668	PRINCETON			+
AUGUSTA	0217	DE FOREST	1316		2622	MONONA GROVE MONROE	3675	PULASKI	4613	UNION GROVE UHS UNITY	
BALDWIN-WOODVILLE	= 0221	DELAVAN-DARIEN DENMARK	1407	INDEPENDENCE IOLA-SCANDINAVIA		MONTELLO	2600	RACINE	4620	UNITY	0230
BANGOR		DE PERE		IOWA-GRANT	2646	MONTICELLO	3606	RANDOLPH	4020	VALDERS	5866
BARABOO	0280	DE SOTO	1421	ITHACA	2660	MOSINEE	3787	RANDOM LAKE	4641	VERONA	5901
BARNEVELD	0287	DODGELAND				MOUNT HOREB		REEDSBURG		VIROQUA	
BARRON	0308	DODGELAND DODGEVILLE	1428	JANESVILLE	2695	MUKWONAGO	3822	REEDSVILLE	4760		
BAYFIELD	0315	DRUMMOND DURAND-ARKANSAW	1491	JEFFERSON JOHNSON CREEK	2702	MUKWONAGO MUSKEGO-NORWAY	3857	RHINELANDER	4781	WABENO	5992
BEAVER DAM	0336	DURAND-ARKANSAW	1499	JOHNSON CREEK	2730			RIB LAKE	4795	WABEND WASHBURN WASHINGTON WATERFORD UHS	6027
BEECHER-DUNBAR-				JUDA	2737	NECEDAH	3871	RICE LAKE	4802	WASHINGTON	6069
PEMBINE	4263	EAST TROY	1540		0750	NEENAH	3892	RICHLAND	4851	WATERFORD UHS	
BELLEVILLE	0350	EAU CLAIRE	1554	KAUKAUNA	2/58	NEILLSVILLE	3899		4865	WATERLOO WATERTOWN	
BELMONT BELOIT		EDGAR EDGERTON		KENOSHA KETTLE MORAINE	1376	NEKOOSA NEW AUBURN		RIPON AREA RIVERDALE	4072	WATERTOWN	
BELOIT TURNER	0422	ELCHO		KEWASKUM	2800	NEW BERLIN	3925	RIVER FALLS	4893	WAUNAKEE	6181
BENTON	0427	ELEVA-STRUM	1600	KEWAUNEE	2814	NEW GLARUS	3934	RIVER RIDGE	4904	WAUPACA	6195
BERLIN	0434	ELKHART LAKE-		KICKAPOO	5960	NEW HOLSTEIN	3941	RIVER VALLEY	5523	WAUPUN	6216
BIG FOOT UHS BIRCHWOOD	*	ELKHART LAKE- GLENBEULAH	1631	KIEL	2828	NEW LISBON	3948	ROSENDALE-		WAUSAU WAUSAUKEE	6223
BIRCHWOOD	0441	ELKHORN	1638	KIEL KIMBERLY	2835	NEW LONDON NEW RICHMOND	3955	BRANDON	4956	WAUSAUKEE	6230
BLACK HAWK	2240	ELK MOUND	1645	KOHLER	2842	NEW RICHMOND	3962	ROSHOLT	4963	WAUTOMA	6237
BLACK RIVER FALLS	0476	ELLSWORTH	1659	1.4.000005	0040	NIAGARA	3969	ROYALL	1673	WAUWATOSA	6244
BLAIR-TAYLOR BLOOMER	0485	ELMBROOK	0714	LA CROSSE LADYSMITH	2849	NICOLET UHS	2076	SAINT CROIX		WAUZEKA-STEUBEN	
BONDUEL		ELMWOOD	160/	LA FARGE	2863	NORRIS	2016	CENTRAL	2/22	WEBSTER WEST ALLIS-WEST	0295
BOSCOBEL AREA			1034	LAKE GENEVA-	2000	NORTH FOND DULLAC	3983	CENTRAL SAINT CROIX FALLS	5019	MILWAUKEE	6300
BOWLER		FALL CREEK	1729	GENOA CITY UHS	*	NORTHERN OZAUKEE		SAINT FRANCIS	5026	WEST BEND	6307
BOYCEVILLE	0637	FALL RIVER	1736	GENOA CITY UHS LAKE HOLCOMBE	2891	NORTHLAND PINES	1520	SAUK PRAIRIE	5100	WEST SALEM	6370
BRILLION	0658	FENNIMORE	1813	LAKELAND LIHS	*	NORTHWOOD NORWALK-ONTARIO-	3654	SENECA	5124	WESTBY WEST DE PERE	6321
BRODHEAD	0700	FLAMBEAU FLORENCE CO	5757	LAKE MILLS	2898	NORWALK-ONTARIO-		SEVASTOPOL	5130	WEST DE PERE	6328
BROWN DEER	0721	FLORENCE CO	1855	LANCASTER	2912	WILTON	3990	SEYMOUR		WESTFIELD	6335
BRUCE	0735	FOND DU LAC	1862	LAONA	2940	OAK OBEEK		SHAWANO		WESTON	6354
BURLINGTON BUTTERNUT	0840	FORT ATKINSON	1003	LENA. LITTLE CHUTE	3120	OAK CREEK- FRANKLIN	1019	SHEBOYGAN		WEYAUWEGA-	6384
	0040	FREDERIC	1930	LODI	3150	OAKEIELD	4025	SHELL LAKE	5306	FREMONT	6410
CADOTT	0870	FREEDOM		LOMIRA		OAKFIELD OCONOMOWOC	4060	SHIOCTON		WHITEHALL	6426
CAMBRIA-FRIESLAND	0882	111220 0111		LOYAL	3206	OCONTO	4067	SHOREWOOD	5355	WHITE LAKE	6440
CAMBRIDGE	0896	GALESVILLE-ETTRICK	-	LUCK LUXEMBURG-CASCO	3213	OCONTO	4074	SHULLSBURG	5362	WHITEWATER	6461
CAMERON CAMPBELLSPORT	0903	TREMPEALEAU GERMANTOWN	2009	LUXEMBURG-CASCO	3220	OMRO	4088	SIREN	5376	WHITNALL	6470
CAMPBELLSPORT	0910	GERMANTOWN	2058			ONALASKA	4095	SLINGER SOLON SPRINGS	5390	WILD ROSE	6475
CASHION	0980	GIBRALTAR	2114	MADISON	3269	OOSTBURG	4137	SOLON SPRINGS	5397	WILLIAMS BAY	6482
CASSVILLE	0994	GILLETT	2128	MANAWA		OREGON	4144	SOMERSET		WILINOI UHS	
CEDARBURG CEDAR GROVE-	1015	GILMAN GILMANTON	2142	MANITOWOC	3207	ÓSCEÓLA OSHKOSH	4100	SOUTH SHORE		WINNECONNE	6615
BELGIUM	1020	GLENWOOD CITY	2198	MARATHON CITY	3304	OSSEO-FAIRCHILD	4186	SOUTHERN DOOR CO	+522	WINTER WISCONSIN DELLS WISCONSIN HEIGHTS WISCONSIN RAPIDS	6678
BELGIUM CENTRAL/WESTOSHA	\ *	GOODMAN-		MARINETTE		OWEN-WITHEE		SOUTHWESTERN		WISCONSIN HEIGHTS	50469
CHEQUAMEGON	1071	ARMSTRONG	2212	MARION	3318			WISCONSIN	2485	WISCONSIN RAPIDS.	6685
CHETEK-		GRAFTON	2217	MARKESAN	3325	PALMYRA-EAGLE	4221	SPARTA	5460	WITTENBERG-	
WEYERHAEUSER .	1080	GRANTON	2226	MARSHALL	3332	PARDEEVILLE	4228	SPENCER	5467	BIRNAMWOOD	6692
CHILTON CHIPPEWA FALLS	1085	GRANTSBURG	2233	MARSHFIELD	3339	PARKVIEW PECATONICA	4151	SPOONER		WONEWOC-UNION	0740
CHIPPEWA FALLS	1092	GREEN BAY	2289	MAUSTON	3360	PECATONICA	0490	SPRING VALLEY	5586	CENTER	6713
CLAYTON	1120	GREENDALE	2296	MAYVILLE	3367	PEPIN	4270	STANLEY-BOYD	5593	WRIGHTSTOWN	6734
*This is a "Union Hic	h Scho	ol" district Refer to Se	ection	II of this listing and de	termine	e the number of your el	lement	ary school district			
	, 			<u> </u>			.emont				
SECTION II - SCHU		STRICTS OPERATIN	J UNL	I ELEWIEN JART SUI	JUULS						

#### SECTION II – SCHOOL DISTRICTS OPERATING ONLY ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS

BRISTOL, #10665 DOVER, #11449 ERIN	RIVER HILLS	LINN, JT #4	NORTH CAPE	SALEM	WALWORTH, JT #16022 WASHINGTON- CALDWELL
FOX POINT, JT #2	HERMAN-NEOSHO- RUBICON2525		PARIS, JŤ #14235 RANDALL, JT #14627	SWALLOW	WHEATLAND, JT #16412 WOODRUFF, JT #16720

#### INDEX to Form 1NPR Instructions

Page

Dago

	1 43	J.
ABLE accounts		
Address, where to file		. 7
Adoption expenses		30
Age		. 9
Aliens 3, 12,		
Alimony		
Amended returns 7, 8, 46,		
Amount you owe		47
Amounts not taxable		
Archer MSA deduction		
Armed forces personnel		
Assembling your return		
Basis of assets		
Business income or loss		
Business moving expenses		
Capital gain and loss		
Capital gain distributions		
Child and dependent care expenses		
College savings program		
Column A and B instructions		
Combat zone death		
Copies of prior returns		
Credit card payments		48
Credits Angel Investment	Q	38
Biodiesel fuel production		
Business development 26,		
Capital investment		
Community rehabilitation program		
Dairy and livestock farm	20,	00
investment		38
Development zones		
Early stage seed investment		
Earned income		
Economic development	26,	38
Electronic medical records		38
Electronics and information		
technology manufacturing	40	47
zone	46-	-47
account contribution	26	38
Enterprise zone jobs 26,		
Ethanol and biodiesel fuel pump		
Farmland preservation		
Film production		
Health insurance risk-sharing		
Historic rehabilitation		
Homestead		
Internet equipment		
Itemized deduction		
Jobs tax 26,	46-	47
Low-income housing	. 8,	38
Manufacturer's sales tax		
Manufacturing and agriculture	26,	38
Manufacturing investment		
Married couple		37
Opportunity zone investment		
Postsecondary education		
Repayment		
Research	38.	46

Credits (continued)
School property tax
Tax paid to another state
Technology zone
Veteran employment
Veterans and surviving spouses
property tax
Water consumption
Working families
Death of a taxpayer 10
Dependents 4, 31
Differences in federal and Wisconsin law
Disability income exclusion 16, 22
Disaster relief work 4, 16, 19
Disregarded entity6
Dividend income
Domicile
Donations
Educator expenses
Electronic filing
Estimated tax 9, 41, 47
Exemptions
Extension of time to file5
Farm income or loss 24
Farm loss carryover 30
Filing assistance 11
Filing status 13
Forms-where to get 11
Health savings accounts
Income taxed by Wisconsin4
Installment payments
Insurance policy sale
Interest income
Internal Revenue Service adjustments and amended returns9
Internet address
IRA deduction
IRA distributions
Jury duty pay
Legal residence (domicile) questionnaire
Long-term care insurance 28, 30
Lump-sum distributions
Marital property income
Medical care insurance 15, 28, 30
Military pay 15
Modifications 15
Moving expenses
Name and address 12
Net operating loss 26, 30
Olympic medals and prize money 31
Operation Freedom's Sentinel 5, 12
Organ donation
Other adjustments
Other gains or losses 20
Other income
Partnership, trust, or estate
Passive foreign investment company . 26

#### Penalties Early withdrawal ..... 29 Fraudulent or reckless claim ......9 Inconsistent estate basis ..... 41 Not filing or filing incorrect return . . . . 9 Retirement plans, IRAs, and MSAs . . 40 Selling assets purchased from related Physician or psychiatrist grant ..... 31 Private delivery services .....7 Publications ..... 11 Railroad retirement benefits ..... 22 Recoveries of federal itemized deductions ..... 30 Refunds, state income taxes ..... 19 Related entity expenses ..... 31 Related party sales ..... 31, 41 Rents, royalties, partnerships, Repayment of income previously taxed . 31 Reservists, performing artists and fee-basis government officials ..... 26 Residence, sale of ..... 20 Resident status ..... 3, 14 Retirement benefits ..... 21, 22 Rounding to whole dollars ..... 15 Sales and use tax due ..... 39 School district number ..... 12, 59 Self-employed health insurance ..... 28 Self-employed SEP and SIMPLE, etc. . 27 Self-employment tax, deduction . . . . 27 Sign your return ..... 49 Social security number ..... 12 Special conditions ..... 12 Standard deduction ..... 31, 50 Тах ..... 32 Tax district ..... 12 Tax-option (S) corporation ..... 22 Third party designee ..... 49 Tips on paper filing .....6 Underpayment interest ..... 48 Unemployment compensation ..... 24 Wages, residents of Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, or Michigan ..... 16 Wages, salaries, tips, etc. ..... 15 Withholding ..... 41

Page

# Legal Residence (Domicile) Questionnaire

Your answers to these questions will be used to determine your legal residence. Certain types of income are either taxable or nontaxable to Wisconsin based upon whether you were a legal resident of Wisconsin at the time you received such income. Form 1NPR may be returned to you or its processing delayed if the questionnaire is not completed. If the questionnaire does not fit your situation or you want to submit additional information, enclose an additional sheet describing your particular circumstances.

### 

NAM	_(S) S			
	se ✓ one: (If married filing joint return check one box for eac Spouse	ch spouse.)		
	Full-year Wisconsin resident; did not change domicile from Wisconsin during 2021.			
	Changed legal residence from Wisconsin during 2021; have not moved back to Wisconsin.			
	Changed legal residence from Wisconsin during or be	efore 2021; have moved back to Wisconsin.		
	Changed legal residence to Wisconsin from during 2021; no previous Wisconsin residency. If you c	(state or country) on(date) check this box, do not complete the rest of the questionnaire.		
	Was a nonresident of Wisconsin for all of 2021. Reside			
		(Nonresident alien; please indicate country)		
b.	On what date did you move from Wisconsin? When you moved from Wisconsin, did you intend to move ba If you moved back to Wisconsin, indicate date and explain th			
2. D	you establish a legal residence in another state? If yes, in which state and on what date?			
		s you were in Wisconsin.		
5. D	When were you physically present in your new state of legal residence (please list dates)? Did your spouse and dependent children (if any) move to your new state of legal residence? If yes, when? a. On what date did you begin working in your new state of legal residence?			
	Was your job permanent, temporary, or			
	your new state of legal residence, referred to in question 2, di			
	. Register to vote? If yes, when?_			
b.	Purchase a home? If yes, when?	-		
		If no, why not?		
		If no, why not?		
		ears filed? If no, why not?		
	ince changing your legal residence from Wisconsin, have you:			
	Performed services for income in Wisconsin?			
	Purchased/renewed Wisconsin auto license plates?	If yes, when?		
	Renewed a Wisconsin driver's license?	If yes, when?		
	Voted in Wisconsin, in person or by absentee ballot?	If yes, when?		
	Attended or sent your children to Wisconsin schools?			
f.	Purchased a Wisconsin resident hunting, fishing, or trapping			
	Type of license?	County purchased in?		
		ses of your auto insurance?		
h.	Listed Wisconsin as your state of legal residence for purpose	es of your will?		

i. Listed Wisconsin as your state of legal residence for purposes of any legal proceedings?\_\_\_\_\_ If yes, when?

j. Obtained or renewed any Wisconsin trade or professional licenses or union memberships? If yes, when?

9. If you answered "yes" to any of the questions 8a through 8j, please explain why you have taken such action.

10. Did you or your spouse own the real estate you occupied as your home while living in Wisconsin? If yes, have you disposed of it? \_\_\_\_\_ If yes, when? \_\_\_\_\_ If you still own the Wisconsin home, what use do you make of it and how often?

11. If you established a legal residence in a new state but are using a Wisconsin address on your 2021 tax returns, please explain.