Wisconsin income tax nstructions



FREE - SECURE - ACCURATE - Afile

Wisconsin file is a new way to file your state tax returns – just visit revenue.wi.gov and click "Wlefile" to get started

- FREE file state tax returns without charge
- **SECURE** safe and secure submission
- **ACCURATE** fewer errors than paper

Plus, refunds within five business days with direct deposit

New for 2008

Social Security Benefits Social security benefits are no longer taxable by Wisconsin (page 12).

Medical Care Insurance The subtraction for medical care insurance is expanded to include a person whose employer pays a portion of the cost of the insurance. Such persons may subtract 10% of amount they paid for the insurance (page 13).

Section 179 Expense for Farmers Farmers may be able to claim a sec. 179 expense deduction of up to \$115,000. Complete Schedule I before completing line 1 of Form 1.

Schedule CR Certain business credits must be consolidated on Schedule CR (pages 27 and 33).

New Business Credits See pages 22, 25, 27, and 33.

Expenses Paid to Related Parties The treatment of interest and rental expenses paid to a related party has changed (pages 12 and 20).

Questions? Taxpayer Assistance page 6

Para assistencia gratuita en Español ver página 4

Free Tax Preparation page 2

Filing Deadline Wednesday, April 15, 2009

revenue.wi.gov

FEDERAL PRIVACY ACT In compliance with federal law, you are hereby notified that the request for your social security number on the Wisconsin income tax return is made under the authority of Section 71.03(6)(a) of the Wisconsin Statutes. The disclosure of this number on your return is mandatory. It will be used for identification purposes throughout the processing, filing, and auditing of your return and the issuance of refund checks. Printed on Recycled Paper

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Free Tax Preparation Available (commonly referred to as VITA or TCE)

Need help filing your taxes?

Wisconsin residents can have their taxes prepared for free at any IRS sponsored Volunteer Income Tax Assistance (VITA) site or at any AARP sponsored Tax Counseling for the Elderly (TCE) site. These two programs have helped millions of individuals across the country in preparing their taxes. Trained volunteers will fill out your tax return. Many sites will even e-file your return. The entire service is free.

Who can use VITA services?

- · Low and moderate income individuals
- · Individuals with disabilities
- Elderly
- Individuals who qualify for the homestead credit or the earned income tax credit

What should you bring?

- · W-2 wage and tax statements
- · Information on other sources of income and any deductions
- Social security cards of taxpayer(s) and dependents
- To claim the homestead credit, bring a completed rent certificate (if you are a renter), a copy of your 2008 property tax bill (if you are a homeowner), and a record of any Wisconsin Works (W2) payments received in 2008
- Both spouses must be present to file a joint return

VITA and TCE locations:

- In Wisconsin, call 1-800-829-1040
- On the web, visit www.revenue.wi.gov and type "VITA sites" in the Search box
- Call the AARP at 1-888-227-7669

E-filed returns can be processed quickly by the department. However, if you decide to paper file, there are several things you can do that will speed-up the processing of your return. Faster processing means faster refunds.

Paper returns are electronically scanned. The processing of the return (and any refund) is delayed when the scanner cannot correctly read the information on the return. **To aid in the scanning process**, be sure to do the following:

- Do not submit photocopies to the department. Photocopies can cause unreadable entries.
- Use BLACK INK. Pencils, colored ink, and markers do not scan well.
- Write your name and address clearly using BLOCK CAPITAL LETTERS like this →

Your legal last name SMITH	JOSEI			М.I. J
If a joint return, spouse's legal last name SMITH	Spouse's leg	al first nam	е	M.I. E
Home address (number and street) 2375 N 7 ST				
City or post office ANYWHERE		State WI	Zip code 55555	

- NEVER USE COMMAS OR DOLLAR SIGNS when filling in dollar amounts. They can be misread by scanners.
- Round off amounts to WHOLE DOLLARS NO CENTS.
- Do not use parentheses () for a negative number. Use a negative sign, -8300 rather than (8300).
- Print your numbers like this: 0123456789 Do not use: 0147
- Do not add cents in front of the preprinted zeros on entry lines as shown below.

School property tax credit

a Rent paid in 2008–heat included

Rent paid in 2008–heat not included

Rent paid in 2008–heat not included

b Property taxes paid on home in 2008

School property tax credit

23 4 5.00

Find credit from table page 24 . 23a

Find credit from table page 25 . 23b

Find credit from table page 25 . 23b

- Do not cross out entries. Use correction fluid, if available, or start over.
- Do not write in the margins.
- Always put entries on the lines, not to the side, above, or below the line.
- Lines where no entry is required should be left blank. Do not fill in zeros or zeros with lines through them.
- Do not draw vertical lines in entry fields. They can be read as a "1" by scanners.
- Do not use staples.



You may file **Form WI-Z** if you:

- File federal Form 1040EZ AND
- Were a Wisconsin resident all year AND
- Were under age 65 on December 31, 2008, AND
- Do not have W-2s that include active duty military pay received as a member of the National Guard or Reserves AND
- Did not have interest income from state, municipal, or U.S. bonds AND
- Did not receive unemployment compensation AND
- Are not claiming any credits other than Wisconsin tax withheld from wages, renter's and homeowner's school property tax credit, working families tax credit, or the married couple credit AND
- Are not claiming Wisconsin homestead credit.

You may file **Form 1A** if you:

- Were single all year or married and file a joint return or file as head of household AND
- Were a Wisconsin resident all year AND
- Have income only from wages, salaries, tips, taxable scholarships and fellowships, interest, dividends, capital gain distributions, unemployment compensation, pensions, annuities, and IRAs AND
- Have no adjustments to income (except deductions for an IRA, medical care insurance, or student loan interest) AND
- Are not claiming credit for itemized deductions, tax paid to another state, historic rehabilitation, venture capital, or repayment of income previously taxed AND
- Are not subject to a Wisconsin penalty on an IRA, qualified retirement plan, or Coverdell education or medical savings account.

Exception If you used federal Form 4972, you must file Form 1.

You must file **Form 1** if you:

- Were a Wisconsin resident all year AND
- Were married and file a separate return, or were divorced during the year OR
- Have income which may not be reported on Form WI-Z or 1A (such as capital gain, rental, farm, or business income) OR
- Claim adjustments to income (such as for alimony paid, tuition expense, or disability income exclusion) OR
- Claim credit for itemized deductions, tax paid to another state, historic rehabilitation, venture capital, or repayment of income previously taxed OR
- Are subject to a Wisconsin penalty on an IRA, qualified retirement plan, or Coverdell education or medical savings account OR
- Are subject to the alternative minimum tax.

You must file **Form 1NPR** if you:

- Were domiciled* in another state or country at any time during the year OR
- Are married filing a joint return and your spouse was domiciled* in another state or country at any time during the year.
- * Your domicile is your true, fixed, and permanent home to which, whenever absent, you intend to return. You can be physically present or residing in one locality but maintain your domicile in another.

Your domicile, once established, does not change unless all three of the following circumstances occur or exist:

- You intend to abandon your old domicile and take actions consistent with that intent AND
- (2) You intend to acquire a new domicile and take actions consistent with that intent AND
- (3) You are physically present in the new domicile.

Servicio en Español

La Temporada de Impuestos (Taxes) puede ser confusa. Puede ser aun más confusa si nuestro primer idioma no es el inglés. Pero ahora hay ayuda. Las siguientes organizaciones ofrecen asistencia gratis en español. Por favor llamar para los horarios.

UMOS, Inc. 910 W Mitchell St Milwaukee WI 53204 (414) 389-6600 SDC (Social Development Commission) Southside Neighborhood Service Center 931 W Madison St Milwaukee WI 53204 (414) 643-8444

Centro Hispano 835 W Badger Road Madison WI 53713 (608) 255-3018

Algunas preguntas frecuentes han sido traducidas al español. Se pueden encontrar las repuestas a esas preguntas en el vinculo (link) "En Español" en la columna izquierda de la página principal del Wisconsin Department of Revenue www.revenue.wi.gov.

Who Must File

Refer to the table to see if you are required to file a return for 2008

Filing status	Age as of December 31, 2008	You must file if your gross income* (or total gross income of husband and wife) during 2008 was:
Single	Under 65 65 or older	' '
Married-filing joint return	Both spouses under 65 One spouse 65 or older Both spouses 65 or older	. \$18,000
Married-filing separate return	Any age	. \$9,000 or more (applies to each spouse individually – must use Form 1)
Head of household	Under 65 65 or older	

* Gross income means all income (before deducting expenses) reportable to Wisconsin. The income may be received in the form of money, property, or services. It does not include items that are exempt from Wisconsin tax. For example, it does not include social security benefits or U.S. government interest.

Other Filing Requirements

You may have to file a return even if your income is less than the amounts shown on the table. You must file a return for 2008 if:

- You could be claimed as a dependent on someone else's return and either of the following applies:
 - (1) Your gross income was more than \$900 and it included at least \$301 of unearned income, or
 - (2) Your gross income (total unearned income and earned income) was more than –

\$8,960 if single,

\$11,570 if head of household,

\$16,140 if married filing jointly, or

\$7,660 if married filing separately.

Unearned income includes taxable interest, dividends, capital gain distributions, and taxable scholarship and fellowship grants that were not reported to you on a W-2. Earned income includes wages, tips, and scholarship and fellowship grants that were reported to you on a W-2.

- You owe a penalty on an IRA, retirement plan, Coverdell education savings account, or Archer medical savings account.
- You were a nonresident or part-year resident of Wisconsin for 2008 and your gross income was \$2,000 or more. If you were married, you must file a return if the combined gross income of you and your spouse was \$2,000 or more. (You must file Form 1NPR.)

Who Should File

Even if you do not have to file, you should file to get a refund if:

- You had Wisconsin income tax withheld from your wages.
- You paid estimated taxes for 2008.
- You claim the earned income credit or the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit.

E-Filing (Electronic Filing)

Electronic filing is the fastest way to get your federal and state income tax refunds. If you choose to have your Wisconsin refund deposited directly in a financial institution account, it may be issued in as few as five working days. Checks may be issued in as few as seven working days.

You may pay by electronic funds transfer if you file electronically. File early and schedule payment as late as April 15. Go to www.revenue.wi.gov/faqs/pcs/e-faq3.html for more information.

To file your Wisconsin income tax return electronically, you can use ...

- Wisconsin e-file Available for free on the Department of Revenue website at www.revenue.wi.gov. These Wisconsin forms are submitted electronically after you complete them.
- A tax professional Check your local telephone directory for the names of tax professionals who offer electronic filing, or visit our website at www.revenue.wi.gov/eserv/city/index.html.
- Tax preparation software Purchase off-the-shelf tax preparation software to install on your computer, or connect to one of the private vendor websites that offer electronic filing. For more information, visit our website at www.revenue.wi.gov/eserv/offshelf. httml.

When to File/Extension of Time to File

Your return is due April 15, 2009.

If you cannot file on time, you can get an extension. You may use any federal extension provision for Wisconsin, even if you are filing your federal return by April 15.

How to get an extension You do not need to submit a request for an extension to the department prior to the time you file your Wisconsin return. When you file your Form 1 enclose either:

- a copy of your federal extension application (for example, Form 4868) or
- a statement indicating which federal extension provision you want to apply for Wisconsin (for example, the federal automatic 6-month extension provision).

Note You will owe interest on any tax that you have not paid by April 15, 2009. This applies even though you may have an extension of time to file. If you do not file your return by

April 15, 2009, or during an extension period, you are subject to additional interest and penalties. If you expect to owe tax with your return, you can avoid the 1% per month interest charge during the extension period by paying the tax by April 15, 2009. Submit the payment with a 2008 Wisconsin Form 1-ES. You can get this form from our website at www.revenue.wi.gov or at any Department of Revenue office. (Exception You will not be charged interest during an extension period if (1) you served in support of Operation Iraqi Freedom in the United States, or (2) you qualify for a federal extension because of service in a combat zone. See Special Conditions below.)

If you were a farmer or fisher and you did not make estimated tax payments, you must file your return and pay any tax due by March 2, 2009, to avoid paying interest for underpayment of estimated tax. Farmers and fishers are individuals who earn at least two-thirds of their gross income (gross income of both spouses if married filing a joint return) from farming or fishing.

Special Conditions A "Special Conditions" section is located to the right of the Filing Status section on page 1 of Form 1. If you have an extension of time to file due to service in support of Operation Iraqi Freedom in the United States, fill in "01" in the Special Conditions box. If you qualify for an extension because of service in a combat zone, fill in "02" in the box. If you qualify for an extension because of a presidentially-declared disaster, fill in "03" in the box and indicate the specific disaster on the line provided.

Tax Help or Additional Forms

You can get tax help, forms, or publications at any of the following Department of Revenue offices:

(**Note** Do not mail your completed return to any of the addresses listed below. Completed returns should be mailed to the address shown on the return.)

Madison -

Customer assistance:

2135 Rimrock Rd. Mail Stop 5-77 PO Box 8949 (zip code 53708-8949) phone: (608) 266-2772

e-mail: income@revenue.wi.gov

Forms requests:

Mail Stop 5-77
PO Box 8949
(zip code 53708 89

(zip code 53708-8949) phone: (608) 266-1961

website: www.revenue.wi.gov

Milwaukee –

State Office Bldg., 819 N. 6th St., Rm. 408 (zip code 53203-1682) income tax information (414) 227-4000 forms requests (414) 227-4000

Appleton -

265 W. Northland Ave. (zip code 54911-2091) phone: (920) 832-2727

Eau Claire -

State Office Bldg., 718 W. Clairemont Ave. (zip code 54701-6190) phone: (715) 836-2811

Other offices open on a limited schedule (generally Mondays) are: Fond du Lac, Green Bay, Hudson, Janesville, Oshkosh, Rhinelander, Superior, Waukesha, Wausau, and Wisconsin Rapids.

Internet Address You can access the department's website 24 hours a day, seven days a week, at www.revenue.wi.gov. From this website, you can:

- · Complete electronic forms and submit them for free
- Download forms, schedules, instructions, and publications
- View answers to frequently asked questions
- E-mail us comments or request help
- File your return electronically

TTY Equipment Telephone help is available using TTY equipment. Call (608) 267-1049 in Madison or (414) 227-4147 in Milwaukee. These numbers are to be used only when calling with TTY equipment.

Informational Publications Available

Following is a list of some of the department publications. These publications give detailed information on specific areas of Wisconsin tax law. You can get these publications from any department office or from our Internet website.

Number and Title

- 102 Wisconsin Tax Treatment of Tax-Option (S) Corporations and Their Shareholders
- 103 Reporting Capital Gains and Losses for Wisconsin
- 104 Wisconsin Taxation of Military Personnel
- 106 Wisconsin Tax Information for Retirees
- 109 Tax Information for Married Persons Filing Separate Returns and Persons Divorced in 2008
- 111 How to Get a Private Letter Ruling From the Wisconsin Department of Revenue

- 113 Federal and Wisconsin Income Tax Reporting Under the Marital Property Act
- 114 Wisconsin Taxpayer Bill of Rights
- 117 Guide to Wisconsin Information Returns
- 120 Net Operating Losses for Individuals, Estates, and Trusts
- 121 Reciprocity
- 122 Tax Information for Part-Year Residents and Nonresidents
- 125 Credit for Tax Paid to Another State
- 126 How Your Retirement Benefits Are Taxed
- 205 Do You Owe Wisconsin Use Tax?
- 400 Wisconsin's Recycling Surcharge
- 405 Wisconsin Taxation of Native Americans
- 503 Wisconsin Farmland Preservation Credit
- 600 Wisconsin Taxation of Lottery Winnings
- 601 Wisconsin Taxation of Pari-Mutuel Wager Winnings

Ouestions About Refunds -

Call: (608) 266-8100 in Madison *or* 1-866-WIS-RFND (1-866-947-7363) toll-free within the U.S. or Canada

Visit our Website at: www.revenue.wi.gov.

If you need to contact us about your refund, please wait at least 10 weeks after filing your Form 1. Refund information may not be available until that time.

You may call one of the numbers indicated above or write to: Department of Revenue, Mail Stop 5-77, PO Box 8949, Madison WI 53708-8949. If you call, you will need your social security number and the dollar amount of your refund.

An automated response is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, when you call one of the numbers listed above. If you need to speak with a person, assistance is available Monday through Friday from 7:45 a.m. to 4:15 p.m. by calling (608) 266-2772 in Madison or (414) 227-4000 in Milwaukee (long-distance charges, if applicable, will apply).

You may also get information on your refund using our secure Internet website at www.revenue.wi.gov.

Nine Steps To Filing Your Return

- 1 Get all of your records together Make sure that you have all of your income and expense records so you can fill in your return correctly. This includes wage statements and interest and dividend statements.
- **2** Decide if you will e-file or paper-file your return See "E-Filing" on page 5 for the benefits of e-filing. If you decide to e-file, follow the instructions provided in the software you use. If you decide to paper-file, continue with Steps 3 through 9 below.
- **3** Fill in your federal return Before completing Wisconsin Form 1, first fill in your federal return and its supporting schedules. If you are not required to file a federal return, list the sources and amounts of your income and your deductions on a separate sheet.
- **4** Fill in your Wisconsin return Follow the line instructions as you fill in your return.
- **5 Sign your Wisconsin return** A joint return must be signed by both spouses.
- **6** Check over your Wisconsin return Check the following items on your return carefully. Your Form 1 may be returned to you or its processing delayed for:
 - · missing wage statements,
 - · missing signature,
 - missing copy of your federal return (a copy of your federal return must be enclosed with your Wisconsin return),
 - incomplete renter's or homeowner's information (if school property tax credit claimed),
 - incomplete schedules for the itemized deduction and married couple credits (if credit claimed), or
 - missing list of sources and amounts of income if not required to file a federal return.
- 7 Assemble your return See page 34 for information on how to assemble your return. Do not staple your return. Stapling your return may delay processing.
- **8** Mail your return Mail your return and all required enclosures to the appropriate address listed on page 35 under "Where to File." Be sure to put sufficient postage on the envelope.
- 9 Keep a copy of your return.

Before completing Form 1, first fill in your federal return and its supporting attachments. If you are not required to file a federal return, list the sources and amounts of your income and deductions on a separate sheet and include it with your Form 1.

Follow these instructions to complete Form 1. Prepare one copy for your records and another to be filed with the department.

Use black ink to complete the copy of Form 1 that you submit to the department. Do not use pencil or red ink.

- Period Covered File your 2008 return for calendar year 2008 and fiscal years that begin in 2008. For a fiscal year, a 52-53 week period, or a short-period return, fill in the taxable year beginning and ending dates in the taxable year space at the top of the form. If your return is for a fiscal year, a 52-53 week period, or a short-period, also fill in "11" in the Special Conditions box located to the right of the Filing Status section on page 1 of Form 1.
- Social Security Number Fill in your social security number. You must also fill in your spouse's social security number if you are married filing a joint return or married filing a separate return.
- Name and Address Print or type your legal name and address. If you are married filing a joint return, fill in your spouse's legal name (even if your spouse did not have any income). If you filed a joint return for 2007 and you are filing a joint return for 2008 with the same spouse, be sure to enter your names and social security numbers in the same order as on your 2007 return.

Fill in your PO Box number only if your post office does not deliver mail to your home.

■ Filing Status Check the appropriate space to indicate your filing status. More than one filing status may apply to you. If it does, choose the one that will give you the lowest tax.

Note If you became divorced during 2008 or are married and will file a separate return (including a married person filing as head of household), you should get Publication 109, *Tax Information for Married Persons Filing Separate Returns and Persons Divorced in 2008*, for information on what income you must report.

Single You may check "single" if **any** of the following was true on December 31, 2008:

- You were never married.
- You were legally separated under a final decree of divorce or separate maintenance.
- You were widowed before January 1, 2008, and did not remarry in 2008.

Married filing joint return Most married couples will pay less tax if they file a joint return. You may check "married filing joint return" if **any** of the following is true:

- You were married as of December 31, 2008.
- Your spouse died in 2008 and you did not remarry in 2008.
- You were married at the end of 2008, and your spouse died in 2009 before filing a 2008 return.

A marriage means only a legal union between a man and a woman as husband and wife.

A husband and wife may file a joint return even if only one had income or if they did not live together all year. However, both spouses must sign the return. If you file a joint return, you may not, after the due date for filing that return, amend it to file as married filing separately. A joint return cannot be filed if you and your spouse have different tax years.

If you file a joint return, both you and your spouse are responsible for any tax due on the return. This means that if one spouse does not pay the tax due, the other may have to.

Married filing separate return If you file separate returns, you will usually pay more state tax than if you file a joint return. Your tax may be higher on separate returns because:

- You cannot take the married couple credit.
- If you lived with your spouse at any time in 2008, a greater amount of any unemployment compensation that you received may be taxable.
- You will not qualify for the disability income exclusion.
- You will not qualify for the earned income credit.

Head of household If you qualify to file your federal return as head of household, you may also file as head of household for Wisconsin. Unmarried individuals who paid over half the cost of keeping up a home for a qualifying person (such as a child) can use this filing status. Certain married persons who lived apart from their spouse for the last 6 months of 2008 who paid over half the cost of keeping up a home that was the main home of their child, stepchild, or foster child for more than half of 2008 may be able to use this status.

If you are married and qualify to file as head of household, be sure to check both "head of household" filing status and "married" on the same line next to the arrow.

If you do not have to file a federal return, contact any Department of Revenue office to see if you qualify. If you file your federal return as a qualifying widow(er), you may file your Wisconsin return as head of household.

- State Election Campaign Fund You may designate \$1 to this fund. If you are married, your spouse may also designate \$1 to this fund. Designating an amount will neither change your tax nor reduce your refund.
- Tax District Check either city, village, or town and fill in the name of the Wisconsin city, village, or town in which you lived on December 31, 2008. Also fill in the name of the county in which you lived.

■ **School District Number** See the list of school district numbers on page 37. Fill in the number of the school district in which you lived on December 31, 2008.

- Special Conditions Certain persons have to enter information in the Special Conditions section. For information on when to use the Special Conditions section, see:
- Special Conditions under When to File/Extension of Time to File, page 6.
- Period Covered, page 8.
- Interest and Rental Expenses Paid to Related Entities, page 20.
- Death of a Taxpayer, page 36.
- Instructions for enclosing a divorce decree or injured spouse form, page 35.

If more than one special condition applies, fill in "99" in the Special Conditions box.

Rounding Off to Whole Dollars The form has preprinted zeros in the place used to enter cents. All amounts filled in the form should be rounded to the nearest dollar. Drop amounts under 50¢ and increase amounts from 50¢ to 99¢ to the next whole dollar. For example, \$129.39 becomes \$129 and \$236.50 becomes \$237.

Round off all amounts. But if you have to add two or more amounts to figure the amount to fill in on a line, include cents when adding and only round off the total. If completing the form by hand, **DO NOT USE COMMAS** when filling in amounts.

■ Line 1 Federal Adjusted Gross Income

Fill in your federal adjusted gross income from:

- line 37 of your federal Form 1040,
- line 21 of federal Form 1040A, or
- line 4 of federal Form 1040EZ.

Exception The federal adjusted gross income that you fill in on line 1 may not be the same as the amount reported as adjusted gross income on your federal Form 1040. Differences may occur because Wisconsin generally uses the provisions of federal law amended to December 31, 2006. Laws enacted after December 31, 2006, may not be used for Wisconsin.

A comprehensive list of provisions of federal law that may not be used for Wisconsin for 2008 can be found in the instructions for Wisconsin Schedule I. Following is a partial list of the items that may affect the largest number of taxpayers.

- Educator expenses.
- · Tuition and fees deduction.
- Increase in sec. 179 expensing.
- Deduction for health savings accounts and related items.
- Exclusion for 50% of the gain from the sale or exchange of qualified small business stock.

Line 1 instructions - continued

If any provision of federal law which does not apply for Wisconsin purposes affects your federal adjusted gross income, you must complete Wisconsin Schedule I and enclose it with your Form 1. The amount you fill in on line 1 of Form 1 (and amounts filled in on Schedule 1 on page 4 of Form 1) should be the revised amount determined on Schedule I. See page 6 for how to get Schedule I.

If Schedule I adjustments in a prior year affect income or expense items in 2008 (e.g., the special 30% or 50% bonus depreciation could not be claimed for Wisconsin purposes), you must also make adjustments on Schedule I for 2008.

You may also be required to complete Schedule I if you sold assets during 2008, and the gain or loss from the sale is different for Wisconsin and federal purposes due to Schedule I adjustments made in a prior year. This would occur, for example, if different rates of depreciation were allowed for Wisconsin and federal purposes. See the instructions for Schedule I for more information.

■ Line 2 State and Municipal Interest

Fill in the amount of interest you received from state and municipal bonds. This will generally be the amount shown on line 8b of your federal Form 1040 or 1040A or the amount identified as tax-exempt interest on line 2 of Form 1040EZ. (If you were required for federal purposes to allocate expenses to this income, reduce the amount to be filled in by such expenses.)

Exception If you received interest income which is exempt for state and federal tax purposes, do not include this interest income on line 2. Interest income which is exempt for federal and Wisconsin tax purposes includes interest from:

- (1) public housing authority or community development authority bonds issued by municipalities located in Wisconsin.
- (2) Wisconsin Housing Finance Authority bonds,
- (3) Wisconsin municipal redevelopment authority bonds,
- (4) Wisconsin higher education bonds,
- (5) Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority bonds issued on or after December 11, 2003, to fund multifamily affordable housing or elderly housing projects,
- (6) Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority bonds issued before January 29, 1987, except business development revenue bonds, economic development revenue bonds, and CHAP housing revenue bonds,
- (7) public housing agency bonds issued before January 29, 1987, by agencies located outside Wisconsin where the interest therefrom qualifies for exemption from federal taxation for a reason other than or in addition to section 103 of the IRC,
- (8) local exposition district bonds,
- (9) Wisconsin professional baseball park district bonds,
- (10) bonds issued by the Government of Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands or, for bonds issued after October 16, 2004, the Government of American Samoa,

- (11) local cultural arts district bonds,
- (12) Wisconsin professional football stadium bonds, and
- (13) Wisconsin Aerospace Authority bonds.

Interest from these sources is exempt from Wisconsin income tax whether received by a direct owner of these securities or by a shareholder in a mutual fund which invests in these securities.

■ Line 3 Capital Gain / Loss Addition

If your federal adjusted gross income includes capital gains and/or losses (see line 13, Form 1040), you must complete Schedule WD.

Schedule WD determines whether any capital gain/loss addition must be reported on line 3. For example, after completing Schedule WD, you may be required to include an amount as an addition to income on line 3 because Wisconsin law limits the deduction for a net capital loss to \$500.

Note If the only amount reported on line 13 of Form 1040 (line 10 of Form 1040A) is a capital gain distribution from a mutual fund or real estate investment trust and you have no Wisconsin capital loss carryover, do not complete line 3. See line 10 instructions.

■ Line 4 Other Additions

Fill in the code number and amount of any of the additions described below that apply to you. The code number is printed to the left of the various additions. For example, if you are making an addition for a federal net operating loss carryover, you would fill in the numbers 02 in the code number space ______, and fill in the amount of your federal net operating loss carryover on the line next to the code number space. Also, fill in the total of all your additions on line 4.

Note See Additions To or Subtractions From Income on page 20 for information on other items which may have to be included on line 4.

01 Farm Losses An addition may be required if farm losses were deducted on your federal tax return and you were *not* actively engaged in the farming operations that produced those losses.

To be "actively engaged in farming" with respect to a farming operation, you must make a significant contribution of (1) capital, equipment, or land, or a combination of capital, equipment, or land; and (2) active personal labor or active personal management, or a combination of both.

Factors you must take into consideration in determining if you contribute a significant amount of active personal labor or active personal management include:

- The type of crops and livestock produced;
- The normal and customary farming practices of the area; and

Line 4 instructions - continued

• The total amount of labor and management which is necessary for such a farming operation in the area.

In order to be considered to be actively engaged in a farming operation, you must have (1) a share of the profits or losses from the farming operation which is commensurate with your contributions to the operation, and (2) contributions to the farming operation which are at risk.

Your combined net losses from farming operations in which you are not actively engaged in farming are limited if your nonfarm Wisconsin adjusted gross income is more than \$55,000 (\$27,500 if married filing separately).

To figure your combined net losses from farming operations, add together any losses you have from farming operations in which you were not actively engaged (for example, these could be losses from a farm partnership or tax-option (S) corporation). Do not reduce these losses by any net farm gains. If the total of these losses is more than the maximum allowable loss shown in the tables below, include the excess on line 4.

Example A single taxpayer reports a loss of \$25,000 on Schedule E from a farm partnership (the taxpayer is not actively engaged in this farming operation), and a profit of \$5,000 from the rental of farmland. The taxpayer's nonfarm Wisconsin adjusted gross income is \$60,000. Therefore, only \$20,000 of the \$25,000 farm loss may be deducted. The taxpayer must fill in code 01 and \$5,000 in the space provided on line 4.

Farm Loss Limits – Single persons and married persons filing joint return

Nonfarm Wisconsin Adjusted Gross Income

More Than	But Not More Than	Maximum Allowable Loss
55,000		Full Amount \$20,000 17,500 15,000 12,500 10,000 7,500 5,000 No Loss

Farm Loss Limits – Married persons filing separate returns (including married filing as head of household)

Nonfarm Wisconsin Adjusted Gross Income

More Than	But Not More Than	Maximum Allowable Loss
27,500. 37,500. 50,000. 75,000. 100,000. 125,000.		Full Amount \$10,000 8,750 7,500 6,250 5,000 3,750 2,500 No Loss

Line 4 instructions - continued

- **02 Federal Net Operating Loss Carryover** Fill in any amount deducted as a federal net operating loss carryover. (See the instructions for line 11, Item 10, for information about the Wisconsin net operating loss carryforward.)
- **O3 Income (Lump-Sum Distributions) Reported on Federal Form 4972** Income from a lump-sum distribution is taxable to Wisconsin. If you reported a lump-sum distribution on federal Form 4972, you must also include the distribution in Wisconsin income. Fill in the total of (1) the capital gain part of the lump-sum distribution from line 6 of Form 4972 and (2) the taxable amount from line 10 of Form 4972. You may reduce this amount by any federal estate tax on line 18 of Form 4972.

CAUTION If the amount on line 10 of Form 4972 was computed using the rules for multiple recipients of a lump-sum distribution, include only your share of the taxable amount on line 10 less your share of any federal estate tax attributable to the lump-sum distribution on line 18.

Note No portion of a lump-sum distribution may be reported as a capital gain on Wisconsin Schedule WD.

- 04 Farmland Preservation Credit and Farmland Tax Relief Credit The total amount of farmland preservation credit and farmland tax relief credit you received during 2008 must be reported as income. Fill in as an addition any portion of your farmland preservation credit and farmland tax relief credit which was not included as income on your federal tax return.
- 05 Development Zones Credit and Technology Zone Credit Fill in the amount of your development zones credit from Wisconsin Schedule DC and your technology zone credit from Schedule TC that you computed for 2008. The amount of your credit is income and must be reported on your Wisconsin Form 1. This is true even if you cannot take the full credit this year and must carry part of it forward. (Note Do not include on line 4 any credit passed through to you from a partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option (S) corporation. These will be accounted for when you make the adjustment described in Items 51 and 52 on page 20.)
- 06 Excess Distribution From a Passive Foreign Investment Company Fill in the excess distribution from a passive foreign investment company that was not included in federal adjusted gross income (see federal Form 8621).
- 07 Enterprise Zone Jobs Credit Fill in the amount of enterprise zone jobs credit you computed for 2008. The amount of your credit is income and must be reported on Form 1. (Note Do not include on line 4 any credit passed through to you from a partnership, limited liability company, or taxoption (S) corporation. This will be accounted for when you make the adjustment described in Items 51 and 52 on page 20.)

- **08 Dairy and Livestock Farm Investment Credit** Fill in the amount of dairy and livestock farm investment credit you computed for 2008. The amount of your credit is income and must be reported on Form 1. This is true even if you cannot take the full credit this year and must carry part of it forward. (Note Do not include on line 4 any credit passed through to you from a partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option (S) corporation. This will be accounted for when you make the adjustment described in Items 51 and 52 on page 20.)
- op Dairy Manufacturing Facility Investment Credit Fill in the amount of dairy manufacturing facility investment credit you computed for 2008. The amount of your credit is income and must be reported on Form 1. (Note Do not include on line 4 any credit passed through to you from a partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option (S) corporation. This will be accounted for when you make the adjustment described in Items 51 and 52 on page 20.)
- 10 Internet Equipment Credit Fill in the amount of Internet equipment credit you computed for 2008. The amount of your credit is income and must be reported on Form 1. This is true even if you cannot take the full credit this year and must carry part of it forward. (Note Do not include on line 4 any credit passed through to you from a partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option (S) corporation. This will be accounted for when you make the adjustment described in Items 51 and 52 on page 20.)
- 11 Film Production Company Investment Credit Fill in the amount of film production company investment credit computed for 2008. The amount of your credit is income and must be reported on Form 1. This is true even if you cannot take the full credit this year and must carry part of it forward. (Note Do not include on line 4 any credit passed through to you from a partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option (S) corporation. These will be accounted for when you make the adjustment described in Items 51 and 52 on page 20.)
- 12 Film Production Services Credit Fill in the amount of film production services credit computed for 2008. The amount of your credit is income and must be reported on Form 1. This is true even if you cannot take the full credit this year and must carry part of it forward. (Note Do not include on line 4 any credit passed through to you from a partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option (S) corporation. These will be accounted for when you make the adjustment described in Items 51 and 52 on page 20.)
- 13 Manufacturing Investment Credit Fill in the amount of manufacturing investment credit computed for 2008. The amount of your credit is income and must be reported on Form 1. This is true even if you cannot take the full credit this year and must carry part of it forward. (Note Do not include on line 4 any credit passed through to you from

a partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option (S) corporation. These will be accounted for when you make the adjustment described in Items 51 and 52 on page 20.)

- 14 Ethanol and Biodiesel Fuel Pump Credit Fill in the amount of ethanol and biodiesel fuel pump credit computed for 2008. The amount of your credit is income and must be reported on Form 1. This is true even if you cannot take the full credit this year and must carry part of it forward. (Note Do not include on line 4 any credit passed through to you from a partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option (S) corporation. These will be accounted for when you make the adjustment described in Items 51 and 52 on page 20.)
- 15 Interest and Rental Expenses Paid to Related Entities Fill in the amount deducted or excluded from your federal income for interest and rental expenses paid, accrued, or incurred to a related entity (person or business entity). You must make this addition even though you may be eligible for a deduction for these expenses. If you are eligible for a deduction, you may then make a subtraction for the amount that qualifies (see Item 21 on page 20).
- 16 Amounts Not Deductible for Wisconsin Fill in any amount deducted in computing your federal adjusted gross income that is not allowed as a deduction for Wisconsin.

Example You deducted a passive activity loss on your federal return for losses incurred when you were a resident of another state. The passive activity losses were not allocable to Wisconsin. The passive activity losses are not deductible for Wisconsin and must be included on line 4.

■ Line 6 State Income Tax Refund

Refunds of state and local income taxes are not taxable for Wisconsin. Fill in the amount from federal Form 1040, line 10.

■ Line 7 United States Government Interest

Fill in the amount of interest on U.S. bonds and interest and dividends of certain U.S. government corporations that is included on line 1 of Form 1. This income is not taxable.

A mutual fund may invest in U.S. government securities. If it does, a portion or all of its ordinary dividend may not be taxable by Wisconsin. If a mutual fund advised you that all or a portion of its ordinary dividend is from investments in U.S. government securities, include that portion on line 7.

CAUTION Do not fill in on line 7, interest from Ginnie Mae (Government National Mortgage Association) securities and other similar securities which are "guaranteed" by the United States government. You must include interest from these securities in your Wisconsin taxable income.

■ Line 8 Unemployment Compensation

You may have a different amount of unemployment compensation taxable for Wisconsin and federal purposes. Complete the worksheet below to see if you can subtract any portion of the unemployment compensation which you included as income on your federal tax return.

	Unemployment Compensation Worksheet
Ch	 A. Married filing a joint return – write \$18,000 on line 3 below. B. Married not filing a joint return and lived with your spouse at any time during the year – write -0- on line 3 below. C. Married not filing a joint return and DID NOT live with your spouse at any time during the year – write \$12,000 on line 3 below.
	D. Single – write \$12,000 on line 3 below.
1.	Fill in unemployment compensation from line 19 of federal Form 1040 (line 13 of Form 1040A, or line 3 of Form 1040EZ)
2.	Fill in your federal adjusted gross income from line 1 of Form 122.
3.	Fill in — • \$18,000 if you checked box A; or • -0- if you checked box B; or • \$12,000 if you checked box C or D 3
4.	Fill in taxable social security benefits, if any, from line 20b of federal Form 1040 (line 14b of Form 1040A)4
5.	Fill in taxable refunds, credits, or offsets, if any, from line 10 of federal Form 1040 5
6.	Add lines 3, 4, and 56
	Subtract line 6 from line 2. If zero or less, fill in -0- here and on line 9 of this worksheet and do not complete line 8. Otherwise, go on to line 87
8.	Fill in one-half of the amount on line 788.
9.	Fill in the smaller amount of line 1 or line 899.
10.	Subtract line 9 from line 1. Fill in this amount on line 8 of Form 1 as your subtraction for unemployment compensation. If lines 1 and 9 are equal, fill in -0

■ Line 9 Social Security Adjustment

Social security benefits are not taxable for Wisconsin. You may subtract any social security benefits that were taxable on your federal return. Fill in on line 9 the amount from line 20b of federal Form 1040 or line 14b of Form 1040A.

■ Line 10 Capital Gain / Loss Subtraction

If your federal adjusted gross income includes capital gains and/or losses (see line 13, Form 1040 or line 10, Form 1040A), you must complete Schedule WD. You must also complete Schedule WD if your federal adjusted gross income does not include capital gains and/or losses, but you have a capital loss carryover for Wisconsin tax purposes.

Schedule WD determines whether any capital gain/loss subtraction must be reported on line 10. For example, after completing Schedule WD, you may be able to include an amount as a subtraction from income on line 10 because you qualify for the Wisconsin 60% capital gain exclusion.

All amounts must be filled in on line 10 as positive numbers.

EXCEPTION If the only amount reported on line 13 of your federal Form 1040 or line 10 of Form 1040A is a capital gain distribution from a mutual fund or real estate investment trust and you have no Wisconsin capital loss carryover, you may claim a capital gain exclusion on line 10. Fill in 60% of the amount of the capital gain distribution on line 10. Do not complete Wisconsin Schedule WD.

■ Line 11 Other Subtractions

Fill in the code number and amount of any of the subtractions described below that apply to you. The code number is printed to the left of the various subtractions. For example, if you are claiming a subtraction for tuition expenses, you would fill in the numbers 03 in the code number space $___$, and fill in the amount of your subtraction for tuition expenses on the line next to the code number space. Also, fill in the total of all your subtractions on line 11.

Note See Additions To or Subtractions From Income on page 20 for information on other items which may have to be included on line 11.

01 Medical Care Insurance You may be able to subtract all or a portion of the cost of your medical care insurance.

"Medical care insurance" means a medical care insurance policy that covers you, your spouse, and dependents and provides surgical, medical, hospital, major medical, or other health service coverage. It does not include premiums for:

- Long-term care insurance,
- Life insurance policies,
- Policies providing payment for loss of earnings,
- Policies for loss of life, limb, sight, etc.,
- · Policies that pay you a guaranteed amount each week for a stated number of weeks if you are hospitalized for sickness or injury,
- The part of your car insurance premiums that provides medical insurance coverage for all persons injured in or by your car, or

• Medical care insurance if you elected to pay these premiums with tax-free distributions from a retirement plan. In this case, the premiums would have been paid directly to the insurance provider by the retirement plan.

CAUTION Do not include insurance premiums paid by an employer unless the premiums are included as wages in box 1 of your Form W-2. Premiums that are deducted pre-tax are not included in box 1 of your Form W-2.

If you participate in your employer's fringe benefit cafeteria plan and agree to a voluntary salary reduction in return for a medical care insurance benefit, you may not consider the amount of your salary reduction an amount you paid for medical care insurance. You cannot subtract premiums paid with money that has not been included in your gross income. Such programs may be known as, for example, flexible spending accounts, employee reimbursement accounts, etc.

Note If you are receiving social security benefits, the amount paid for medical care insurance includes the amount deducted from your monthly benefit for Medicare insurance (for example, Parts B and D).

If you are self-employed, complete Worksheet 1. (Note If you are self-employed and deducted 100% of your medical care insurance cost on line 29 of your federal Form 1040 as a self-employed health insurance deduction, do not complete Worksheet 1 or 2. No additional deduction is allowed.)

Workshoot	1 - Salf-Empl	loved Persons
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	Worksheet 1 – Self-Employed Persons
1.	Amount you paid for medical care insurance in 2008 while you were self-employed
2.	Self-employed health insurance deduction from line 29 of federal Form 1040*
3.	Amount of medical care insurance deducted on federal Schedule C or F for your employee spouse 3
4.	Add lines 2 and 3 4
5.	Subtract line 4 from line 1 5
6.	Net earnings from a trade or business** 6
7.	Fill in the smaller of line 5 or 6 here and on line 11 of Form 1. This is your subtraction for medical care insurance 7
+	* Do not include any amounts deducted for long-term care insurance.
**	* Net earnings from a trade or business means income from self-

employment, including ordinary income from a trade or business as reported on Form 4797, line 18b, and less the deduction for one-half of self-employment tax. The total earnings from a trade or business of both spouses are included. Do not include losses from a trade or business.

Employees and persons who had no employer and were not self-employed, complete Worksheet 2 on page 14.

Worksheet 2 - Others 1. Amount you paid in 2008 for medical care insurance during a period in which you had no employer and were not 2. Multiply line 1 by .667 (66.7%) 3. Amount you paid in 2008 for medical care insurance during a period in which you were employed and your employer paid a portion of the cost of your insurance 3.____ 4. Multiply line 3 by .10 (10%) 4. ___ 5. Amount you paid in 2008 for medical care insurance during a period in which you were an employee and your employer did not contribute toward the cost of your insurance 5.__ 6. Add lines 2, 4, and 5 6. _____ 7. Total taxable wages, salaries, tips, unearned income, and net earnings from a trade or business (for both spouses 8. Fill in the smaller of line 6 or 7. This is your subtraction for

Note If you were employed for only part of the year or worked part-time, you may have to prorate the medical care insurance on the basis of number of weeks worked during the year to total weeks (52) in the year. Any time you worked one or more days during a week, you will be considered to have worked one week.

Example You were retired for all of 2008. However, you had a part-time job and worked one day per month during the year. Therefore, you are considered to have worked 12 weeks during the year. Your employer did not pay any portion of your health insurance. You paid \$8,000 for health insurance during the year. You may claim \$1,840 as an amount paid for medical care insurance while you were an employee whose employer did not contribute toward the cost of your insurance computed as follows:

$$\frac{12 \text{ (weeks worked)}}{52 \text{ (weeks in a year)}} = .23 \text{ x } \$8,000 = \$1,840$$

You should fill in \$1,840 on line 5 of Worksheet 2. The balance of \$6,160 (\$8,000 - \$1,840) should be filled in on line 1 of Worksheet 2 as the amount paid during a period in which you had no employer and were not self-employed.

02 Long-Term Care Insurance If you paid long-term care insurance costs during 2008, you may be able to subtract all or a portion of the cost of a long-term care insurance policy which covers you or your spouse.

Line 11 instructions - continued

"Long-term care insurance policy" means a disability insurance policy or certificate advertised, marketed, offered, or designed primarily to provide coverage for care that is provided in your home or in an institutional or communitybased setting. The care must be convalescent or custodial care or care for a chronic condition or terminal illness.

"Long-term care insurance policy" does not include a medicare supplement policy or medicare replacement policy or a continuing care contract. "Continuing care contract" means a contract which provides nursing services, medical services, or personal care services, in addition to food, shelter, and laundry services, for the duration of a person's life or for a term in excess of one year, conditioned upon any of the following payments:

- An entrance fee in excess of \$10,000.
- Providing for the transfer of at least \$10,000 (if the amount is expressed in dollars) or 50% of the person's estate (if the amount is expressed as a percentage of the person's estate) to the service provider upon the person's death.

Do not include premiums for long-term care insurance if you elected to pay those premiums with tax-free distributions from a retirement plan. In this case, the premiums would have been made directly to the insurance provider by the retirement plan.

If you paid long-term care insurance costs during 2008 for a policy which covers you or your spouse, complete the worksheet below to determine your subtraction.

Amount paid for long-term care

trade or business.

	insurance in 2008 1
2.	Portion of long-term care insurance cost included as a self-employed health insurance deduction on line 29 of federal Form 10402
3.	Portion of long-term care insurance cost deducted on federal Schedule C or F for your employee spouse
4.	Add lines 2 and 3 4
5.	Subtract line 4 from line 1
6.	Fill in total taxable wages, taxable unearned income (e.g., interest, dividends, capital gains, pensions), and net earnings from a trade or business* (include both spouse's income if married filing a joint return) 6
7.	Fill in the smaller of line 5 or 6. This is your subtraction for long-term care insurance
*	Net earnings from a trade or business is your income from self-

employment, including ordinary income from a trade or business

as reported on Form 4797, line 18b, and less the deduction for

one-half of self-employment tax. Do not include losses from a

Line 11 instructions - continued

03 Tuition and Fee Expenses You may be able to claim a subtraction for up to \$5,114 (per student) of the amount you paid during 2008 for tuition and mandatory student fees for you, your spouse (if married filing a joint return), and children whom you claim as dependents on your federal income tax return

CAUTION If you claimed the tuition and fees deduction on your federal return, be sure you have completed Wisconsin Schedule I.

The tuition and mandatory student fees must have been paid during 2008 to attend any of the following:

- Classes in Wisconsin at a school which qualifies as a university, college, or technical college. A "university, college, or technical college" is any school which has a curriculum leading to a diploma, degree, or occupational or vocational objective.
- Classes in Wisconsin at other post-secondary (post-high school) schools that have been approved by the Wisconsin Educational Approval Board.
- Classes in Minnesota at a public vocational school or public institution of higher education in Minnesota under the Minnesota-Wisconsin tuition reciprocity agreement.
- Classes outside Wisconsin provided the tuition is paid to a university, college, or technical college located in Wisconsin.

The subtraction does not apply to tuition or fees paid to preschools or elementary or secondary schools (for example, grade schools and high schools).

Tuition and mandatory student fees paid to a school which fits into one of the four categories listed above may be subtracted regardless of the type of course taken. For example, tuition paid for craft or recreational courses at a technical college qualifies for the subtraction.

Tuition and mandatory student fees paid to a school which does not fit into any of the four categories listed above may not be claimed as a subtraction. For example, the subtraction does not apply to a fee paid to a retail craft store to attend a session on flower arranging.

Tuition and mandatory student fees paid for correspondence courses or courses received via the Internet or other electronic transmission qualifies for the subtraction as long as the courses are taken in Wisconsin and are presented by a school (located in or outside Wisconsin) which qualifies as a university, college, or technical college, or a school approved by the Wisconsin Educational Approval Board.

CAUTION The subtraction only applies to tuition and mandatory student fees. Amounts paid as separate charges for other items such as room and board, athletic tickets, or other costs may not be subtracted.

You cannot claim a subtraction for tuition and fees paid with certain tax-free funds. For example, you cannot claim a subtraction for tuition paid with tax-free scholarships or Pell grants or for amounts paid or reimbursed to you by your employer. You can subtract tuition and fees paid from loans, gifts, inheritances, and personal savings.

You cannot claim the subtraction if the source of the payment is an amount withdrawn from a Wisconsin state-sponsored college savings program or college tuition and expenses program (for example, EdVest or "tomorrow's scholar"). This limitation applies only if the owner of the account previously claimed a subtraction for contributions to these programs.

The subtraction is limited if your federal adjusted gross income exceeds certain amounts. Your federal adjusted gross income is the amount on line 1 of Form 1.

Determine your tuition and mandatory student fees subtraction as follows:

Single or Head of Household

- If line 1 of Form 1 is \$50,000 or less, you may subtract the amount paid for tuition and mandatory student fees during 2008, but not more than \$5,114 per student.* Fill in the amount of your subtraction on line 11.
- If line 1 of Form 1 is more than \$50,000 but less than \$60,000, use the worksheet on page 16 to figure the amount of your subtraction.
- If line 1 of Form 1 is \$60,000 or more, you may not subtract any amount for tuition and fee expenses.

Married Filing Joint Return

- If line 1 of Form 1 is \$80,000 or less, you may subtract the amount paid for tuition and mandatory student fees during 2008, but not more than \$5,114 per student.* Fill in the amount of your subtraction on line 11.
- If line 1 of Form 1 is more than \$80,000 but less than \$100,000, use the worksheet on page 16 to figure the amount of your subtraction.
- If line 1 of Form 1 is \$100,000 or more, you may not subtract any amount for tuition and fee expenses.

Married Filing Separate Return

- If line 1 of Form 1 is \$40,000 or less, you may subtract the amount paid for tuition and mandatory student fees during 2008, but not more than \$5,114 per student.* Fill in the amount of your subtraction on line 11.
- If line 1 of Form 1 is more than \$40,000 but less than \$50,000, use the worksheet on page 16 to figure the amount of your subtraction.
- If line 1 of Form 1 is \$50,000 or more, you may not subtract any amount for tuition and fee expenses.

Tuition Expense Worksheet

ruition Expense worksneet				
CAUTION Only certain taxpayers are required to complete this worksheet. See the instructions for your filing status.				
Amount paid for tuition and mandatory student fees in 2008. Do not fill in more than \$5,114 per student				
2. Fill in the amount from line 1 of Form 1				
3. Fill in \$50,000 (\$80,000 if married filing joint return or \$40,000 if married filing separate return)3.				
4. Subtract line 3 from line 2				
5. Divide the amount on line 4 by 10,000 (20,000 if married filing joint return). Fill in decimal amount				
6. Multiply line 1 by the decimal amount on line 5				
7. Subtract line 6 from line 1. This is your subtraction for tuition and fee expense* 7.				

04 Military and Uniformed Services Retirement Benefits You may subtract retirement payments received from:

- (1) The U.S. military retirement system (including payments from the Retired Serviceman's Family Protection Plan), and
- (2) The U.S. government that relate to service with the Coast Guard, the commissioned corps of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, or the commissioned corps of the Public Health Service.

Your subtraction cannot be more than the amount of such retirement payments that you included in your federal income.

- **05 Local and State Retirement Benefits** You may subtract any payments received from the retirement systems listed at the top of the next column provided:
 - (1) You were retired from the system before January 1, 1964, or
 - (2) You were a member of the system as of December 31, 1963, retiring at a later date and payments you receive are from an account established before 1964, or
 - (3) You are receiving payments from the system as the beneficiary of an individual who met either condition 1 or 2.

Your subtraction cannot be more than the amount of such payments that you included in your federal income.

 ${\it Line~11~instructions-continued}$

The specific retirement systems are:

Milwaukee City Employees, Milwaukee City Police Officers, Milwaukee Fire Fighters, Milwaukee Public School Teachers, Milwaukee County Employees, Milwaukee Sheriff, and Wisconsin State Teachers retirement systems.

Note Do not subtract any of the following:

- Payments received as a result of voluntary tax-sheltered annuity deposits in any of the retirement systems listed above.
- Payments received from one of the retirement systems listed above if you first became a member after December 31, 1963. This applies even though pre-1964 military service may have been counted as creditable service in computing your retirement benefit.

CAUTION Your retirement benefits may be subtracted only if they are based on qualified membership in one of the retirement systems listed above. Qualified membership is membership that began before January 1964 as explained in the previous column. Any portion of your retirement benefit that is based on membership in other retirement systems (or based on employment that began after December 31, 1963) is taxable and may not be subtracted.

Example 1 You were a member of the Wisconsin State Teachers Retirement System as of December 31, 1963. You left teaching after 1963 and withdrew the allowable amount from your retirement account. This closed the account. You later returned to teaching. A new retirement account was then established for you. Retirement benefits from this new account (established after 1963) do not qualify for the exemption.

Example 2 You were employed as a teacher from 1960-65. During that time you were a member of the Wisconsin State Teachers Retirement System. From 1966 until retirement, you were employed by a state agency (not as a teacher). You were then a member of the Wisconsin Retirement System. You receive an annuity from the Department of Employee Trust Funds. The annuity is based on employment in both retirement systems. Only the portion of the annuity that is due to the Wisconsin State Teachers Retirement System may be subtracted. You may use the following formula to figure the exempt amount that may be subtracted:

Years of		Annuity		Portion of
creditable service		included		annuity which
in an exempt plan	X	in federal	=	may be
Total years of		income		subtracted
creditable service				

Note You may have received separate Forms 1099-R for the taxable and exempt portions of your annuity. In this case, you may use the Form 1099-R information instead of the above formula.

^{*} Your subtraction also cannot be more than your total taxable wages, salary, tips, unearned income, (for example, interest, dividends, capital gains, pensions) and net earnings from a trade or business taxable by Wisconsin.

Line 11 instructions - continued

- **06** Federal Retirement Benefits You may subtract payments received from a federal retirement system provided:
 - (1) You were retired from the system before January 1, 1964, or
 - (2) You were a member of the system as of December 31, 1963, retiring at a later date and payments you receive are from an account established before 1964, or
 - (3) You are receiving payments from the system as the beneficiary of an individual who met either condition 1 or 2.

See "05 Local and State Retirement Benefits" on page 16 for further information. The limitations and examples that apply to local and state retirement benefits also apply to federal retirement benefits.

A"federal retirement system" is a United States government civilian employee retirement system. Examples of such retirement systems include the Civil Service Retirement System and the Federal Employees' Retirement System. Payments from the federal Thrift Savings Plan do not qualify for the subtraction.

- 07 Railroad Retirement Benefits, Railroad Unemployment Insurance, and Sickness Benefits Wisconsin does not tax amounts received from the U.S. Railroad Retirement Board. You may subtract railroad retirement benefits included on line 16b of your federal Form 1040 (line 12b of Form 1040A).
- 08 Adoption Expenses If you adopted a child for whom a final order of adoption was entered by a Wisconsin court during 2008, you may subtract up to \$5,000 of the amount you paid for adoption fees, court costs, and legal fees relating to the adoption. You may include amounts paid during 2006, 2007, and 2008. Don't count amounts reimbursed under any adoption assistance program. If you adopt more than one child during the year, you may deduct up to \$5,000 of adoption expenses for each child.
- **09 Recoveries of Federal Itemized Deductions** Fill in any amount included as income on your federal tax return that is a recovery of a federal itemized deduction from a prior year for which you did not receive a Wisconsin tax benefit.

Example You claimed an itemized deduction on your 2007 federal tax return for a casualty loss of \$2,000. You could not claim the casualty loss for the itemized deduction credit on your 2007 Wisconsin income tax return. During 2008 you received a reimbursement of \$1,000 from your insurance company for part of the casualty loss. The \$1,000 reimbursement is included on your 2008 federal tax return as a recovery of an amount previously claimed as an itemized deduction. Because you did not claim the casualty loss for the itemized deduction credit for Wisconsin for 2007, the \$1,000 is not taxable to Wisconsin for 2008. Fill in the \$1,000 recovery on line 11.

- 10 Wisconsin Net Operating Loss Carryforward If you had a net operating loss (NOL) in an earlier year to carry forward to 2008, include the allowable amount on line 11. Enclose a statement showing how you figured the amount. Get Publication 120, Net Operating Losses for Individuals, Estates, and Trusts, for more details on computing the NOL and the allowable deduction. See page 6 for information on how to get this publication.
- 11 Native Americans Certain income (for example, wages) earned by a Native American who both lives and works on his or her tribal reservation is not subject to Wisconsin income tax and may be subtracted. See Publication 405, *Wisconsin Taxation of Native Americans*, for more information.
- 12 Amounts Not Taxable by Wisconsin You may subtract any amounts not taxable by Wisconsin (less related expenses except those expenses which are used to calculate the Wisconsin itemized deduction credit) which have been included as income on your federal tax return or excluded from federal deductions.

Example Wisconsin doesn't tax certain relocation assistance payments received by persons displaced by condemnation, subject to the conditions in sec. 32.19 of the Wisconsin Statutes.

13 Farm Loss Carryover If you were subject to farm loss limitations (see instructions for line 4, Item 01 for a description) on your 1993 or subsequent year Wisconsin income tax return, you may be able to claim a subtraction for all or a portion of the farm loss disallowed in those years. Farm losses disallowed as a deduction may be carried forward for 15 years to the extent that the farm losses are not offset against farm income of any year between the loss year and the year for which the carryover is claimed. The amount of carryover that can be subtracted is the lesser of (1) the farm loss carryover or (2) the net profits and net gains from the sale or exchange of capital or business assets in the current year from the same farming business or portion of that business to which the limits on deductible farm losses applied in the loss year.

Example You have a farm loss carryover from 2007 of \$30,000. For 2008 you report a net loss of \$2,000 on Schedule F and a net gain of \$6,000 from the sale of farm equipment on Form 4797. The gain and loss are from the same farming business to which the limitation applied in the loss year. You may subtract \$6,000 as a farm loss carryover on line 11.

14 Contributions to a Wisconsin State-Sponsored College Savings Program You may be able to subtract the amount you contributed to a Wisconsin state-sponsored college savings account (for example, EdVest or "tomorrow's scholar").

The beneficiary of the account must be either you, your spouse (if married filing joint return), your child who is claimed as a dependent on your federal income tax return, your grandchild, great-grandchild, niece, or nephew. The subtraction is equal to the amount you contributed to the account during 2008, but not more than \$3,000 per beneficiary. In the case of a married couple filing a joint return, the total deduction per beneficiary by the married couple may not exceed \$3,000 each year.

For example, you have two children whom you claim as dependents on your federal return. You established EdVest accounts for each child. In 2008, you contributed \$3,000 to the account of each child. You may claim a subtraction of \$6,000.

Limitation Your subtraction may not be more than the total of your wages, salaries, tips, unearned income, and net earnings from a trade or business. If you are married and filing a joint return, the limitation is based on the total of both spouses' income from these sources.

- 15 Distributions from Wisconsin State-Sponsored College Savings and Tuition Programs If you included earnings from a qualified college savings or tuition program in your federal adjusted gross income, you may subtract that amount if either of the following applies:
 - 1. The earnings were due to a qualified withdrawal from a Wisconsin state-sponsored college savings account (for example, EdVest or "tomorrow's scholar" college savings account).
 - 2. The earnings were from a Wisconsin EdVest tuition unit account and you received a refund because the beneficiary completed the program in which he or she was enrolled and had not used all of the tuition units purchased; or the beneficiary was awarded a scholarship, tuition waiver, or similar subsidy that could not be converted to cash.
- 16 Disability Income Exclusion If you are retired on permanent and total disability and have included your disability income on line 1 of Form 1, you may be able to subtract up to \$5,200 of your disability income. You must meet ALL these tests:
 - You did not reach mandatory retirement age before January 1, 2008.
 - You were under age 65 on December 31, 2008.
 - You were permanently and totally disabled
 - a. when you retired, or
 - b. on January 1, 1976, or January 1, 1977, if you retired before January 1, 1977, on disability or under circumstances which entitled you to retire on disability.
 - If you were married at the end of 2008, you must file a joint return.

Line 11 instructions - continued

- You did not in any year prior to 1984 choose to treat your disability income as a pension instead of taking the exclusion.
- Your federal adjusted gross income is less than \$20,200 (\$25,400 if married and both spouses are eligible).

Compute your exclusion on Wisconsin Schedule 2440W, *Disability Income Exclusion*. Enclose Schedule 2440W with your Form 1. See page 6 for information on how to get this form.

- 17 Sale of Business Assets or Assets Used in Farming to a Related Person You may subtract the taxable portion of gain you realize from the sale or disposition to a related person of business assets or assets used in farming if the following conditions apply:
 - The related person is your child, grandchild, greatgrandchild, parent, brother or sister, nephew or niece, grandparent, great-grandparent, or aunt or uncle. The person may be related to you by blood, marriage, or adoption.
 - The asset was held by you for more than 12 months.
 - The gain is treated as capital gain for federal tax purposes. Amounts treated as ordinary income do not qualify.

Gain on the sale or disposition of shares in a corporation or trust qualifies only if:

- The number of shareholders or beneficiaries does not exceed 15. Lineal ancestors and descendants and aunts, uncles, and 1st cousins thereof count collectively as one shareholder or beneficiary. This collective authorization may not be used for more than one family in a single corporation or trust.
- The corporation does not have more than two classes of shares.
- All shareholders or beneficiaries, other than any estate, are natural persons.

Farming "Farming" means the cultivation of land or the raising or harvesting of any agricultural or horticultural commodity including the raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training, and management of animals. Trees (other than trees bearing fruit or nuts) are not treated as an agricultural or horticultural commodity. (Trees may qualify as a business asset, see below.)

Business Assets "Business assets" are assets used in an activity carried on for a livelihood or in good faith to make a profit. The facts and circumstances of each case determine whether or not an activity is a business. Regularity of activities and transactions and the production of income are important elements. You do not need to actually make a profit to be in a business as long as you have a profit motive. You do need, however, to make ongoing efforts to further the interests of your business.

Line 11 instructions - continued

"Business assets" include assets used in the performance of services by an individual as an employee and assets used in the conduct of a trade or business by an individual who is self-employed.

"Business assets" do not include investment and rental property (for example, stocks, bonds, and residential rental property) unless you are subject to federal self-employment tax on the earnings from the activity. (**Note** Rental property which is a farm or farm equipment may qualify as an asset "used in farming.")

Computing the subtraction You must first complete Wisconsin Schedule WD. The amount of gain that may be subtracted is determined after netting all capital gains and losses on Schedule WD.

- If amounts reported in Parts I and II of Schedule WD consist only of capital gains, your subtraction is equal to 40% of the long-term gain on the sale of the asset to the related person.
- If the amount on line 15 or 16 of Schedule WD is a net loss, you may not subtract any amount as gain on the sale of the asset to the related person.
- If the amount on line 16 of Schedule WD is a net gain and (1) the only gain reported on Schedule WD is from the sale of the asset to the related person and (2) you show a loss on line 14, column (f) of Schedule WD and/or on line 7 of Schedule WD, your subtraction is equal to the amount on line 19 of Schedule WD.
- If the amount on line 16 of Schedule WD is a net gain and (1) the only long-term gain reported on Schedule WD is from the sale of the asset to the related person, (2) you show a loss on line 14, column (f) of Schedule WD, and (3) you show a gain on line 7 of Schedule WD, your subtraction is equal to the amount on line 19 of Schedule WD less the amount on line 7 of Schedule WD.
- If the amount on line 16 of Schedule WD is a net gain and (1) that net gain includes more than one long-term capital gain and (2) you show a loss on line 14, column (f) of Schedule WD and/or on line 7 of Schedule WD, complete the worksheet in the next column to compute your subtraction.
- If the amount on line 16 of Schedule WD is a net gain and (1) that net gain includes more than one long-term capital gain, (2) you show a loss on line 14, column (f) of Schedule WD, and (3) you show a gain on line 7 of Schedule WD, complete the worksheet in the next column to compute your subtraction.

Worksheet for Gain on Sale of Assets to Related Person										
1.	Amount from line 19 of Schedule WD	1								
2.	Net short-term gain, if any, from line 7 of Schedule WD	2								
3.	Subtract line 2 from line 1	3								
4.	Long-term gain on the sale of asset to related person 4									
5.	Total long-term capital gain from line 14, column (g) of Schedule WD 5									
6.	Divide line 4 by line 5. Fill in decimal amount	6								
7.	Multiply line 3 by line 6. This is your subtraction for gain on the sale of assets to a related person	7.								

18 Repayment of Income Previously Taxed If you had to repay during 2008, an amount that you included in your Wisconsin income in an earlier year, you may be able to subtract the amount repaid. A subtraction may be claimed only for repayments that are allowed as a miscellaneous itemized deduction on line 27 or 28 of your federal Schedule A.

If you did not itemize deductions for federal tax purposes, use the amounts that would be deductible if you had itemized deductions. To determine the amounts to use, complete a federal Schedule A. Write "Wisconsin" at the top of this Schedule A and enclose it with your Form 1.

CAUTION Only amounts previously included in Wisconsin income may be claimed as a subtraction.

If the amount repaid was over \$3,000, you may be able to subtract the repayment as described above *or* take a tax credit. See the line 47 instructions

- 19 Human Organ Donation If you, your spouse, or a person who is claimed as a dependent on your federal income tax return donates one or more of their human organs to another person for human organ transplantation, you may subtract up to \$10,000 of unreimbursed expenses related to the organ donation. "Human organ" means all or part of a liver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, lung, or bone marrow. The subtraction may be claimed only in the taxable year in which the transplantation occurs. The subtraction may be claimed only once. Up to \$10,000 of the following unreimbursed expenses may be claimed:
 - · Travel expenses.
 - Lodging expenses.
 - · Lost wages.

- **20 Reserve or National Guard Members** If you were a member of the Reserves or National Guard and served on active duty, you may subtract any military pay that is included on your W-2 and was:
 - Received from the federal government,
 - Received after being called into active federal service or into special state service authorized by the federal Department of Defense, and
 - Paid for the time during which you were on active duty.

CAUTION The subtraction only applies to Reserve or National Guard members called into active federal service under 10 USC 12302(a) or 10 USC 12304 or special state service under 32 USC 502(f). It does not apply to pay that members of the Reserves and National Guard receive for their weekend or two-week annual training. It also does not apply to a person who is serving on active duty or full-time duty in the active guard reserve (AGR) program.

- 21 Interest and Rental Expenses Paid to Related Entities
 Were you required to make an addition modification for
 interest or rental expenses paid to a related entity? If yes,
 see Schedule RT to find out if you qualify for a subtraction. Although you must meet one of the conditions in
 Schedule RT, Part II to qualify for a subtraction, you do
 not need to enclose Schedule RT with your return unless
 your total expenses paid, accrued, or incurred to related
 entities are \$100,000 or more. If enclosing Schedule RT,
 also fill in "16" in the Special Conditions box on page 1
 of Form 1.
- 22 Recapture of Development Zones Investment Credit If you will be including an amount on line 40 as recapture of development zones investment credit, you may claim a subtraction for the amount of the recapture.
- 23 Legislator's Per Diem If you were a Wisconsin legislator, you may subtract the amount of per diem reimbursement that is included as wages on line 7 of your federal Form 1040. This generally applies to a legislator with a residence 50 miles or less from the state capitol.
- **24 ATV Corridors** To the extent included in federal adjusted gross income, private landowners may subtract any Wisconsin incentive payments received for permitting public all-terrain vehicle corridors on their lands.
- **25** Interest and Rental Payments Reported as Income by a Related Entity Did you report income from interest and rental payments made by a related entity that was not able to claim a deduction for such payments? If yes, you may claim a subtraction for the amount that the related entity was not able to deduct. This would be the amount the related entity claimed as an addition for such expenses (see instructions for line 4, Item 15) less the amount allowed as a subtraction (see instructions for line 11, Item 21).

Additions To or Subtractions From Income

The following items may be either an addition to or a subtraction from federal adjusted gross income, depending on your situation. Fill in the code number and amount of any additions that apply to you on line 4. Fill in the code number and amount of any subtractions that apply to you on line 11.

- **51 Tax-Option (S) Corporation Adjustments** Fill in any of the following adjustments that apply to you:
 - (1) If you were a shareholder of a tax-option (S) corporation which is required to file a Wisconsin franchise or income tax return, you will receive a Wisconsin Schedule 5K-1 from the S corporation informing you of any adjustments to be made for Wisconsin tax purposes.
 - (2) If you are a shareholder of a federal S corporation that elects not to be treated as a Wisconsin tax-option (S) corporation, you must reverse all items of S corporation income, loss, or deduction included on your federal return and then add your pro rata share of any distributions made by the corporation of earnings and profits. (CAUTION Do not reverse any item of S corporation income or loss reported on federal Schedule D. These items have already been removed from Wisconsin income when you completed Wisconsin Schedule WD.)
 - (3) Instead of using tax-option (S) corporation items deductible on federal Schedule A to compute the Wisconsin itemized deduction credit, you may elect to treat these items as subtraction modifications. Your subtraction is limited to the amount actually deductible for federal purposes.

For more information, get Publication 102, *Wisconsin Tax Treatment of Tax-Option (S) Corporations and Their Shareholders*. See page 6 for information on how to get this publication.

- 52 Your Share of Partnership, Limited Liability Company, Trust, or Estate Adjustments If you were a member of a partnership or limited liability company (LLC) treated as a partnership, or you received income from an estate or trust, you will receive a statement from the partnership, LLC. trust, or estate notifying you of any additions or subtractions which you should make on your return. Fill in the amount of any such additions on line 4 and any subtractions on line 11.
- 53 Differences in Federal and Wisconsin Basis of Assets
 Additions or subtractions may be necessary if there is a
 difference between the federal basis and the Wisconsin
 basis of your property. Additions or subtractions are
 necessary if:
 - (1) You acquired property after December 31, 1964, which may be depreciated or amortized (such as buildings

Line 11 (line 4) instructions - continued

- and leaseholds), and the federal basis is greater or less than the Wisconsin basis.
- (2) You sold (or otherwise disposed of) property which may not be depreciated or amortized (such as land, stocks, and bonds) in a taxable transaction, and your basis in the assets was greater or less for federal purposes than for Wisconsin.

Example You sold stock which you acquired by inheritance and your federal basis was greater than your Wisconsin basis. You must make an adjustment for the difference in basis.

Compute the amount of any addition or subtraction due to a difference in basis on Wisconsin Schedule T, *Transitional Adjustments*. Enclose a completed Schedule T with your Form 1. See page 6 for information on how to get this form.

CAUTION If the difference in basis is due to the difference in the federal and Wisconsin definition of the Internal Revenue Code, use Schedule I to adjust for the difference in basis rather than Schedule T.

- 54 Differences in Federal and Wisconsin Basis of Partnership Interest An addition or subtraction may be necessary if you sold your interest in a partnership and any increases or decreases were made to the federal basis of your partnership interest in taxable years prior to 1975, which resulted from partnership business or property located outside Wisconsin. (Prior to 1975, Wisconsin did not tax income from business or property located outside Wisconsin.) Compute any addition or subtraction due to a difference in basis on Wisconsin Schedule T.
- 55 Differences in Federal and Wisconsin Reporting of Marital Property (Community) Income If you are married filing a separate return or married filing as head of household or if you obtained a decree of divorce or separate maintenance during 2008, you may have to report a different amount of income on your Wisconsin Form 1 than on your federal Form 1040. Fill in on line 4 any additional amount which is taxable to you rather than your spouse because of any difference in federal and state reporting of marital property (community) income. Fill in on line 11 any amount which is taxable to your spouse rather than to you because of any difference in federal and state reporting of marital property (community) income. For further information, get Publication 109, Tax Information for Married Persons Filing Separate Returns and Persons Divorced in 2008. See page 6 for information on how to get this publication.

■ Line 15 Standard Deduction

Most people can find their standard deduction by using the Standard Deduction Table on page 45. Use the amount on line 14 to find the standard deduction for your filing status. **But**, do *not* use the table if any one of the following applies:

- You (or your spouse if filing a joint return) can be claimed as a dependent on another person's (for example, parent's) income tax return. Use the Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents below to figure your standard deduction.
- You are filing a short period income tax return or are filing federal Form 4563 to claim an exclusion of income from sources within U.S. possessions. You are not allowed any amount of standard deduction. Fill in 0 on line 15.

* Earned income includes wages, salaries, tips, professional fees, and any other compensation received for personal services you performed. It does not include scholarship or fellowship income that is not reported on a W-2.

■ Line 17 Exemptions

Complete lines 17a and 17b. Fill in the number of exemptions on the lines provided. Multiply that number by the amount indicated (\$700 or \$250), and fill in the result on line a or b, as appropriate. Fill in the total of the amounts on lines 17a and 17b on line 17c.

Line 17a

If you filed:

- Federal Form 1040 or 1040A, your number of exemptions is found in box 6d of your federal return.
- Federal Form 1040EZ, your number of exemptions is:
 - 0 If you are single and you checked the "You" box on line 5 of your federal return, or if you are married filing jointly and you checked both the "You" and "Spouse" boxes on line 5 of your federal return.
 - 1 If you are single and did not check the "You" box on line 5 of your federal return, or if you are married filing jointly and you checked only one box (either "You" or "Spouse") on line 5 of your federal return.
 - 2 If you are married filing jointly and did not check either box on line 5 of your federal return.

Line 17b

If you or your spouse were 65 or older, check the appropriate lines. Your number of exemptions is equal to the number of lines checked.

You may claim the \$250 exemption on line 17b for you and/or your spouse only if you and/or your spouse are 65 years of age or older and are allowed the \$700 exemption on line 17a.

■ Line 19 Tax

Use the amount on line 18 to find your tax in the Tax Table on pages 38-43. Find your income-level bracket and read across to the column showing your filing status to find your tax. Be sure you use the correct column in the Tax Table for your filing status. Fill in your tax on line 19.

EXCEPTION If the amount on line 18 is \$100,000 or more, use the Tax Computation Worksheet on page 44 to compute your tax.

■ Line 20 Itemized Deduction Credit

If the total of certain federal itemized deductions exceeds your Wisconsin standard deduction, you may claim the itemized deduction credit

Complete Schedule 1 on page 4 of Form 1 to see if you can claim the credit. Schedule 1 lists the specific deductions to use from federal Schedule A (see EXCEPTIONS below).

If you did not itemize deductions for federal tax purposes, use the amounts which would be deductible if you had itemized deductions. To determine the amounts to use, complete a federal Schedule A. Write "Wisconsin" at the top of this Schedule A and enclose it with your Form 1.

EXCEPTIONS Even though Schedule 1 has entry lines for medical expenses, interest paid, and gifts to charity, not all of the amounts of these items that are deducted on federal Schedule A can be used for the itemized deduction credit. The following describes the portion of these items that may not be used to compute the itemized deduction credit.

- Medical expenses the amount of medical care insurance and long-term care insurance claimed as a subtraction on line 11.
- Interest paid on a second home located outside Wisconsin.
 - paid on a residence which is a boat.
 - paid to purchase or hold U.S. government securities.
- Contributions and interest allocated to you by a tax-option (S) corporation if you treated the amount as a subtraction on line 11.

■ Line 21 Armed Forces Member Credit

The armed forces member credit is available to certain members of the U.S. armed forces. You may claim the credit if you meet all of the following:

- · You were on active duty, and
- You received military pay from the federal government in 2008, and
- The military pay was for services performed while stationed outside the United States

Note You may *not* claim the armed forces member credit if you were on active duty as a member of the Reserves or National Guard and you excluded certain military pay from your income. See Item 20 on page 20 of the instructions for information on the exclusion.

The credit is equal to the amount of military pay you received for services performed while stationed outside the United States, but not more than \$300. If you are married filing a joint return and both spouses qualify for the credit, each may claim up to \$300.



■ Line 22 Health Insurance Risk-Sharing Plan Assessments Credit

This credit may be claimed by a partner, member, or share-holder of a partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation that is an insurer. Fill in the amount of your credit from Schedule 3K-1 or 5K-1 on line 22. Enclose a copy of the Schedule 3K-1 or 5K-1 with Form 1.

■ Line 23 Renter's and Homeowner's School Property Tax Credit

You may claim a credit if you paid rent during 2008 for living quarters used as your primary residence OR you paid property taxes during 2008 on your home. You are eligible for a credit whether or not you claim homestead credit on line 48.

You may *not* claim the school property tax credit if you or your spouse are claiming the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit.

Special Cases

If You Paid Both Property Taxes and Rent You may claim both the renter's credit and the homeowner's credit. The total combined credit claimed on lines 23a and 23b may not be more than \$300 (\$150 if married filing a separate return or married filing as head of household).

Married Persons Filing a Joint Return Figure your credit by using the rent and property taxes paid by both spouses.

Married Persons Filing Separate Returns or Married Persons Filing as Head of Household Each spouse may claim a credit. Each of you may use only your own property taxes and rent to figure the credit. The maximum credit allowable to each spouse is \$150.

Persons Who Jointly Own a Home or Share Rented Living Quarters When two or more persons (other than husband and wife) jointly own a home or share rented living quarters, each may claim a credit. However, the property taxes and rent paid must be divided among the owners or occupants. See the instructions for lines 23a and 23b.

■ Line 23a How to Figure the Renter's School Property Tax Credit

Step 1 Rent Paid in 2008 Fill in on the appropriate line(s) the total rent that you paid in 2008 for living quarters (1) where the heat was included in the rent, and (2) where the heat was not included in the rent. These living quarters must have been used as your principal home. Do not include rent that you may claim as a business expense. Do not include rent paid for housing that is exempt from property taxes, for example, rent for a university dorm, nonprofit senior housing, or public housing. (Property owned by a public housing authority is considered tax-exempt unless that authority makes payments in place of property taxes to the city or town in which it is located. If you live in public housing, you may wish to ask your manager about this.)

If the rent you paid included food, housekeeping, medical, or other services, reduce the amount filled in for rent paid in 2008 by the value of these items. If you shared living quarters with one or more persons (other than your spouse or dependents), fill in only the portion of the rent which you paid in 2008. For example, if you and two other persons rented an apartment and paid a total rent of \$3,000 in 2008, and you each paid \$1,000 of the rent, each could claim a credit based on \$1,000 of rent.

Step 2 Refer to the Renter's School Property Tax Credit Table on page 24 to figure your credit. If heat was included in your rent, use Column 1 of the table. If heat was not included, use Column 2. Fill in your credit on line 23a.

Exception If you paid both rent where heat was included and rent where heat was not included, complete the worksheet below.

Renter's Worksheet

(Complete only if Exception described above applies)

- Credit for rent with heat included (from Column 1 of Table on page 24) 1.
- 2. Credit for rent where heat not included (from Column 2 of Table on page 24) 2.
- - * Do not fill in more than \$300 (\$150 if married filing a separate return or married filing as head of household).

■ Line 23b How to Figure the Homeowner's School Property Tax Credit

Step 1 Property Taxes Paid on Home in 2008 Fill in the amount of property taxes that you *paid* in 2008 on your home. Do **not** include:

- Charges for special assessments, delinquent interest, or services that may be included on your tax bill (such as trash removal, recycling fee, or a water bill).
- Property taxes that you can claim as a business expense (for example, farm taxes or rental property taxes).
- Property taxes paid on property that is not your primary residence (such as a cottage or vacant land).
- Property taxes that you paid in any year other than 2008.

Property taxes are further limited as follows:

- a. If you bought or sold your home during 2008, the property taxes of the seller and buyer are the taxes set forth for each in the closing agreement made at the sale or purchase. If the closing agreement does not divide the property taxes between the seller and buyer, divide them on the basis of the number of months each owned the home.
- b. If you owned a mobile home during 2008, property taxes include the municipal permit fees paid to your municipality and/or the personal property taxes paid on your mobile home. (Payments for space rental for parking a mobile home or manufactured home should be filled in as rent on line 23a.)
- c. If you, or you and your spouse, owned a home jointly with one or more other persons, you may only use that portion of the property taxes that reflects your percentage of ownership. For example, if you and another person (other than your spouse) jointly owned a home on which taxes of \$1,500 were paid, each of you would claim a credit based on \$750 of taxes.

CAUTION Property taxes paid during 2008 must be reduced by any amounts received as a refund of such taxes. For example, a taxpayer claimed farmland preservation credit (which is considered a refund of property taxes) on his or her 2007 Wisconsin return. The taxpayer received a farmland preservation credit in 2008 of \$600 that was based on 2007 property taxes accrued of \$6,000. The 2007 property taxes were paid in 2008 and 10% of such taxes were allocable to the personal residence and 90% to the farm property. Thus, for tax purposes, property taxes paid on the entire property during 2008 are \$5,400 (\$6,000 less \$600 farmland preservation credit). Of this amount, \$540 (10% of \$5,400) is used to compute the 2008 school property tax credit.

Renter's School Property Tax Credit Table*

If Rent Paid is:			ine 23a lit is:	If Rent Paid is:		Your Line 23a Credit is:		If Rent Paid is:		Your Line 23a Credit is:		If Rent Paid is:		Your Line 23a Credit is:	
At Least	But Less Than	Col. 1 Heat In- cluded in Rent	Col. 2 Heat Not In- cluded in Rent	At Least	But Less Than	Col. 1 Heat In- cluded in Rent	Col. 2 Heat Not In- cluded in Rent	At Least	But Less Than	Col. 1 Heat In- cluded in Rent	Col. 2 Heat Not In- cluded in Rent	At Least	But Less Than	Col. 1 Heat In- cluded in Rent	Heat Not In- cluded in Rent
\$ 1 100 200 300 400	\$ 100 200 300 400 500	\$ 1 4 6 8 11	\$ 2 5 8 11 14	\$ 3,500 3,600 3,700 3,800 3,900	\$ 3,600 3,700 3,800 3,900 4,000	\$ 85 88 90 92 95	\$ 107 110 113 116 119	\$ 7,000 5 7,100 7,200 7,300 7,400	\$ 7,100 7,200 7,300 7,400 7,500	\$ 169 172 174 176 179	\$ 212 215 218 221 224	\$ 10,500 \$ 10,600 10,700 10,800 10,900	10,600 10,700 10,800 10,900 11,000	\$ 253 256 258 260 263	\$ 300 300 300 300 300 300
500 600 700 800 900	600 700 800 900 1,000	13 16 18 20 23	17 20 23 26 29	4,000 4,100 4,200 4,300 4,400	4,100 4,200 4,300 4,400 4,500	97 100 102 104 107	122 125 128 131 134	7,500 7,600 7,700 7,800 7,900 8,000	7,600 7,700 7,800 7,900 8,000 8,100	181 184 186 188 191 193	227 230 233 236 239 242	11,000 11,100 11,200 11,300 11,400	11,100 11,200 11,300 11,400 11,500	265 268 270 272 275	300 300 300 300 300 300
1,000 1,100 1,200 1,300 1,400	1,100 1,200 1,300 1,400 1,500	25 28 30 32 35	32 35 38 41 44	4,500 4,600 4,700 4,800 4,900	4,600 4,700 4,800 4,900 5,000	109 112 114 116 119	137 140 143 146 149	8,100 8,200 8,300 8,400	8,200 8,300 8,400 8,500	196 198 200 203	245 248 251 254	11,500 11,600 11,700 11,800 11,900	11,600 11,700 11,800 11,900 12,000	277 280 282 284 287	300 300 300 300 300
1,500 1,600 1,700 1,800 1,900	1,600 1,700 1,800 1,900 2,000	37 40 42 44 47	47 50 53 56 59	5,000 5,100 5,200 5,300 5,400	5,100 5,200 5,300 5,400 5,500	121 124 126 128 131	152 155 158 161 164	8,500 8,600 8,700 8,800 8,900	8,600 8,700 8,800 8,900 9,000	205 208 210 212 215	257 260 263 266 269	12,000 12,100 12,200 12,300 12,400	12,100 12,200 12,300 12,400 12,500	289 292 294 296 299	300 300 300 300 300
2,000 2,100 2,200 2,300 2,400	2,100 2,200 2,300 2,400 2,500	49 52 54 56 59	62 65 68 71 74	5,500 5,600 5,700 5,800 5,900	5,600 5,700 5,800 5,900 6,000	133 136 138 140 143	167 170 173 176 179	9,000 9,100 9,200 9,300 9,400	9,100 9,200 9,300 9,400 9,500	217 220 222 224 227	272 275 278 281 284	12,500	or more	300	300
2,500 2,600 2,700 2,800 2,900	2,600 2,700 2,800 2,900 3,000	61 64 66 68 71	77 80 83 86 89	6,000 6,100 6,200 6,300 6,400	6,100 6,200 6,300 6,400 6,500	145 148 150 152 155	182 185 188 191 194	9,500 9,600 9,700 9,800 9,900	9,600 9,700 9,800 9,900 10,000	229 232 234 236 239	287 290 293 296 299				
3,000 3,100 3,200 3,300 3,400	3,100 3,200 3,300 3,400 3,500	73 76 78 80 83	92 95 98 101 104	6,500 6,600 6,700 6,800 6,900	6,600 6,700 6,800 6,900 7,000	157 160 162 164 167	197 200 203 206 209	10,000 10,100 10,200 10,300 10,400	10,100 10,200 10,300 10,400 10,500	241 244 246 248 251	300 300 300 300 300				

*Caution The credit allowed certain persons may be less than the amount indicated. See "Special Cases" on page 22.

Step 2 Use the Homeowner's School Property Tax Credit Table on page 25 to figure your credit. Fill in the amount of your credit on line 23b.

CAUTION If you are also claiming the renter's credit on line 23a, the total of your renter's and homeowner's credits can't be more than \$300 (\$150 if married filing a separate return or married filing as head of household).

■ Line 24 Historic Rehabilitation Credits

Any individual who has received certification or approval of a project from the State Historical Society of Wisconsin may be eligible for the credits. Credits attributable to a partnership or tax-option (S) corporation pass through to the partners or shareholders (see Schedule 3K-1 or 5K-1). Credits may also be allocated to beneficiaries of estates and trusts (see Schedule 2K-1).

If you qualify to claim either of the historic rehabilitation credits, complete Wisconsin Schedule HR. Fill in the amount from Schedule HR on line 24. Enclose Schedule HR and the required certification with Form 1.

Exception If you are only claiming credits that are passed through from an estate or trust, partnership, or tax-option (S) corporation, you do not have to complete Schedule HR. Fill in the total historic rehabilitation credits from your Schedule 2K-1, 3K-1, or 5K-1 on line 24. Enclose a copy of the schedules with Form 1.

■ Line 25 Working Families Tax Credit

If your income is less than the amount indicated on page 25 for your filing status, you may claim the working families tax credit.

Exception You may not claim the working families tax credit if you may be claimed as a dependent on another person's (for example, your parent's) income tax return.

Homeowner's School Property Tax Credit Table*

If Property Taxes are:	If Property Taxes are:	If Property Taxes				
But Line 23b At Less Credit Least Than is	But Line 23b At Less Credit Least Than is	But Line 23b At Less Credit Least Than is				
\$ 1 \$ 25 \$ 2 25 50 5	\$ 875 \$ 900 \$ 107 900 925 110	\$ 1,750 \$ 1,775 \$ 212 1,775 1,800 215				
50 75 8 75 100 11 100 125 14	925 950 113 950 975 116 975 1,000 119	1,800 1,825 218 1,825 1,850 221 1,850 1,875 224				
125 150 17 150 175 20 175 200 23	1,000 1,025 122 1,025 1,050 125 1,050 1,075 128	1,875 1,900 227 1,900 1,925 230 1,925 1,950 233				
200 225 26 225 250 29 250 275 32	1,075 1,100 131 1,100 1,125 134 1,125 1,150 137	1,950 1,975 236 1,975 2,000 239 2,000 2,025 242				
275 300 35 300 325 38 325 350 41 350 375 44	1,150 1,175 140 1,175 1,200 143 1,200 1,225 146 1,225 1,250 149	2,005 2,050 245 2,050 2,075 248 2,075 2,100 251 2,100 2,125 254				
375 400 47 400 425 50 425 450 53 450 475 56 475 500 59	1,250 1,275 152 1,275 1,300 155 1,300 1,325 158 1,325 1,350 161 1,350 1,375 164	2,125 2,150 257 2,150 2,175 260 2,175 2,200 263 2,200 2,225 266 2,225 2,250 269				
500 525 62 525 550 65 550 575 68 575 600 71 600 625 74	1,375 1,400 167 1,400 1,425 170 1,425 1,450 173 1,450 1,475 176 1,475 1,500 179	2,250 2,275 272 2,275 2,300 275 2,300 2,325 278 2,325 2,350 281 2,350 2,375 284				
625 650 77 650 675 80 675 700 83 700 725 86 725 750 89	1,500 1,525 182 1,525 1,550 185 1,550 1,575 188 1,575 1,600 191 1,600 1,625 194	2,375 2,400 287 2,400 2,425 290 2,425 2,450 293 2,450 2,475 296 2,475 2,500 299				
750 775 92 775 800 95 800 825 98 825 850 101 850 875 104	1,625 1,650 197 1,650 1,675 200 1,675 1,700 203 1,700 1,725 206 1,725 1,750 209	2,500 or more 300				

*Caution The credit allowed certain persons may be less than the amount indicated. See "Special Cases" on page 22.

Line 25 instructions - continued

Single, Head of Household, or Married Filing Separate Return

- If the amount on line 14 of Form 1 is \$9,000 or less, your working families tax credit is equal to your tax. Fill in the amount from line 19 of Form 1 on line 25.
- If the amount on line 14 of Form 1 is more than \$9,000 but less than \$10,000, use the worksheet in the next column to compute your working families tax credit.
- If the amount on line 14 of Form 1 is \$10,000 or more, leave line 25 blank. You do not qualify for the working families tax credit.

Married Filing Joint Return

• If the amount on line 14 of Form 1 is \$18,000 or less, your working families tax credit is equal to your tax. Fill in the amount from line 19 of Form 1 on line 25.

Line 25 instructions - continued

- If the amount on line 14 of Form 1 is more than \$18,000 but less than \$19,000, use the worksheet below to compute your working families tax credit.
- If the amount on line 14 of Form 1 is \$19,000 or more, leave line 25 blank. You do not qualify for the working families tax credit.

Working Families Tax Credit Worksheet

Do not complete this worksheet if:

- Line 14 of your Form 1 is \$9,000 or less (\$18,000 or less if married filing a joint return).
- Line 14 of your Form 1 is \$10,000 or more (\$19,000 or more if married filing a joint return).
- You may be claimed as a dependent on another person's return.

1. Amount from line 19 of Form 1	1
2. Total credits from lines 20 through 24	2

- 4. Fill in \$10,000 (\$19,000 if married filing a joint return).....4.
- 6. Subtract line 5 from line 4.......6.



Line 26 Film Production Company Investment Credit

The Department of Commerce certifies expenses that qualify for the credit. The expenses must relate to establishing a film production company in Wisconsin.

If you qualify to claim the film production company investment credit, complete Wisconsin Schedule FP. Fill in the amount from line 16 of Schedule FP on line 26. Enclose Schedule FP and the required certification with Form 1.

Credits attributable to a partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option (S) corporation pass through to the partners, members, or shareholders (see Schedule 3K-1 or 5K-1). Credits may also be allocated to beneficiaries of estates and trusts (see Schedule 2K-1). If you are only claiming credits that are passed through from one of these entities, you do not have to complete Schedule FP. Fill in the total film production company investment credit from your Schedule 2K-1, 3K-1, or 5K-1 on line 26. Enclose a copy of the schedules with Form 1.

■ Line 29 Alternative Minimum Tax

You may owe Wisconsin alternative minimum tax if you benefit from certain deductions, credits, and the special tax treatment of some kinds of income. This tax is figured on Schedule MT. Use the worksheet in the next column to see if you must complete Schedule MT.

If line 10 of the worksheet is more than the amount on Form 1, line 28, fill in Schedule MT to see if you owe the alternative minimum tax. If line 10 is equal to or less than the amount on Form 1, line 28, do not fill in Schedule MT.

Include the following adjustments and preference items on line 2 of the worksheet.

Adjustment and Tax Preference Items

- 1. Accelerated depreciation.
- 2. Amortization of pollution control facilities or depletion.
- 3. Stock received by exercising an incentive stock option and you did not dispose of the stock in the same year.
- 4. Intangible drilling, circulation, research, experimental, or mining costs.
- Income or (loss) from tax shelter farm activities or passive activities.
- 6. Income from long-term contracts not figured using the percentage of completion method.
- 7. Interest paid on a home mortgage *not* used to buy, build, or substantially improve your home.
- 8. Investment interest expense reported on Form 4952.
- 9. Wisconsin net operating loss deduction.
- 10. Alternative minimum tax adjustments from an estate, trust, tax-option (S) corporation, partnership, or a cooperative.

See page 6 for information on how to get Schedule MT.

■ Line 31 Married Couple Credit

You can claim the married couple credit if:

- · You are married filing a joint return, and
- Both you and your spouse have qualified earned income, and
- You do not file federal Form 2555 or Form 2555EZ to claim an exclusion of foreign earned income or Form 4563 to claim an exclusion of income from sources in U.S. possessions.

To figure the credit, fill in Schedule 2 on page 4 of Form 1. Figure earned income separately for yourself and your spouse on lines 1 through 3 in Columns (A) and (B) of Schedule 2.

"Earned income" includes <u>taxable</u> wages, salaries, tips, scholarships or fellowships (only amounts reported on a W-2), other employee compensation, disability income treated as wages, and net earnings from self-employment.

Worksheet To See If You Should Fill in Schedule MT

Caution If you are married filing separately and line 3 of this worksheet is more than \$165,000, you should fill in Schedule MT.

1.	Fill in the amount from Form 1, line 14	1
2.	Fill in the total of all adjustments and preference items that apply to you	2
3.	Add lines 1 and 2	3
4.	Fill in \$45,000 (\$22,500 if married filing separately; \$33,750 if single or head of household)	4
5.	Subtract line 4 from line 3. If zero or less, stop here ; you don't need to fill in Schedule MT	5
6.	Fill in \$150,000 (\$75,000 if married filing separately; \$112,500 if single or head of household)	6
7.	Subtract line 6 from line 3. If zero or less, fill in -0- here and on line 8 and go to line $9\ldots$	7
8.	Multiply line 7 by 25% (.25) and fill in the resulut do not fill in more than line 4 above	
9.	Add lines 5 and 8	9
10.	Multiply line 9 by 6.5% (.065) 1	0

Line 31 instructions - continued

"Earned income" does not include other income such as interest, dividends, IRA distributions, deferred compensation (even though it may be reported on a W-2), unemployment compensation, rental income, social security, pensions, annuities, or income that is not taxable to Wisconsin. Do not consider marital property law, marital property agreements, or unilateral statements in figuring each spouse's earned income.

The credit is based on qualified earned income. You must figure qualified earned income separately for yourself and your spouse. Figure it on lines 4 and 5 of Schedule 2 by subtracting the total of certain adjustments from earned income. These adjustments (and the related lines on federal Form 1040) are:

- IRA deduction (line 32),
- Self-employed SEP, SIMPLE, and qualified plans (line 28),
- Repayment of supplemental unemployment benefits (included in the total on line 36),
- Certain business expenses of reservists, performing artists, and fee-basis government officials (line 24),
- Contributions to secs. 403(b) and 501(c)(18) pension plans (included in the total on line 36), and
- Disability income exclusion (from line 11 of Wisconsin Form 1).

■ Line 32 Other Credits – Schedule CR

If you are claiming any of the credits listed below, you must complete Schedule CR. Enclose Schedule CR, along with the appropriate schedule for the credit(s) you are claiming and any required Department of Commerce approval or certification, with Form 1. Fill in the amount from line 11 of Schedule CR on line 32. See page 6 for information on obtaining Schedule CR.

- Schedule FP Film Production Services Credit Special credits are available for a film production company. An application for the credit must be approved by the Department of Commerce. Complete Schedule FP.
- Schedule MS Manufacturer's Sales Tax Credit If you had unused manufacturer's sales tax credit from 1998 through 2005, complete Schedule MS to determine the amount of carryover credit you may claim for 2008.
- Schedule MI Manufacturing Investment Credit Persons certified by the Department of Commerce who had more than \$25,000 of unused manufacturer's sales tax credit carry over on January 1, 2006, may be able to claim the manufacturing investment credit. Complete Schedule MI.
- Schedule DI Dairy and Livestock Farm Investment Credit The dairy and livestock farm investment credit is based on the amount paid for dairy or livestock farm modernization or expansion related to the operation of a dairy or livestock farm in Wisconsin. See Schedule DI.
- Schedule EB Ethanol and Biodiesel Fuel Pump Credit A credit is available for a portion of the amount paid to install or retrofit pumps that dispense certain motor vehicle fuel. The motor vehicle fuel must consist of at least 85 percent ethanol or at least 20 percent biodiesel fuel. Complete Schedule EB.
- Schedule DC Development Zones Credit Special tax credits may be available to persons doing business in Wisconsin development zones. If you qualify for the development zones credit, complete Wisconsin Schedule DC.
- Schedule TC Technology Zone Credit The technology zone credit may be available for persons doing business in Wisconsin technology zones. If you qualify for the technology zone credit, complete Wisconsin Schedule TC.
- Schedule VC(Part I)—Angel Investment Credit The angel investment credit is available to accredited investors who make a bona fide angel investment in a qualified new business venture that is certified by the Department of Commerce. Complete Schedule VC.
- Schedule VC(Part II) Early Stage Seed Investment Credit The early stage seed investment credit is based on an investment paid to a fund manager certified by the Department of Commerce that the fund manager invests in a certified business. Complete Schedule VC.

 Schedule IE – Internet Equipment Credit A credit is available based on the purchase of Internet equipment used in the broadband market. The amount of credit must be certified by the Department of Commerce (DOC). Complete Schedule IE and enclose a copy of the DOC certification.

■ Line 33 Credit for Net Tax Paid to Another State

If you paid tax both to Wisconsin and another state on the same income, you may be able to claim a credit for such tax. Read the Schedule OS instructions to determine if you may claim the credit. If you qualify for the credit, complete Schedule OS. Fill in the amount of your credit from Schedule OS on line 33. Be sure to enter in the brackets on line 33 the 2-letter postal abbreviation for the other state to which you paid tax. If you paid tax to more than one other state, fill in the number "99" in the box. See Schedule OS for other situations where additional code numbers may be required. Enclose Schedule OS and copies of the other state's return.

CAUTION Credit cannot be claimed for taxes paid to **Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Michigan, or Minnesota** on personal service income (such as wages, salaries, tips, commissions, bonuses, etc.) you received from working in one of those states. Instead, file a return with that state to get a refund of any tax withheld from your wages. Be sure to explain on that state's return that you were a Wisconsin resident when earning the wages in that state. See Publication 121, *Reciprocity*, for more information.

■ Line 36 Recycling Surcharge

The recycling surcharge applies to individuals who have trade or business activities in Wisconsin (including activities as a statutory employee) *and* have \$4,000,000 or more of gross receipts from trade or business activities for federal income tax purposes.

If you are subject to the recycling surcharge, complete Wisconsin Schedule RS. Fill in the amount from line 2 or 3 of Schedule RS on line 36 of Form 1. Enclose Schedule RS with Form 1.

■ Line 37 Sales and Use Tax Due on Out-of-State Purchases

Did you make any taxable purchases from out-of-state firms in 2008 on which sales and use tax was not charged? If yes, you must report Wisconsin sales and use tax on these purchases on line 37 if they were stored, used, or consumed in Wisconsin. You must also report sales and use tax on taxable purchases from a retailer located in another country, regardless of whether you were charged any tax for that country or any duty by the U.S. Customs Service.

Taxable purchases include furniture, carpet, clothing, computers, books, CDs, DVDs, video tapes, artwork, antiques, jewelry, coins purchased for more than face value, etc.

Example You purchased \$300 of clothing through a catalog or over the Internet. No sales and use tax was charged. The clothing was delivered in a county with a 5% tax rate. You are liable for \$15 Wisconsin tax ($$300 \times 5\% = 15) on this purchase.

Complete the worksheet below to determine whether you are liable for Wisconsin sales and use tax.

Worksheet for Computing Wisconsin Sales and Use Tax

- Total purchases subject to Wisconsin sales and use tax (i.e., purchases on which no sales and use tax was charged by the seller) . . \$
- 2. Sales and use tax rate (see rate chart below) . . x %

Sales and Use Tax Rate Chart

In all Wisconsin counties except those shown in a through c below, the tax rate was 5.5% for all of 2008.

a. If storage, use, or consumption in 2008 was in one of the following counties, the tax rate was 5.6%:

Milwaukee Ozaukee Washington

b. If storage, use, or consumption in 2008 was in one of the following counties, the tax rate was 5.1%:

Racine Waukesha

c. If storage, use, or consumption in 2008 was in one of the following counties, the tax rate was 5%:

Calumet Kewaunee Menominee Sheboygan Clark Manitowoc Outagamie Winnebago Fond du Lac

■ Line 38 Donations

You may designate amounts as a donation to one or more of the programs listed on lines 38a through 38g. Your donation will either reduce your refund or be added to tax due. Add the amounts on lines 38a through 38g and fill in the total on line 38h.

Line 38a Endangered Resources Donation With your gift, the Endangered Resources Program works to protect and manage native plant and animal species, natural communities, and other natural features. Gifts up to a predetermined amount will be matched by state general purpose revenue. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 38a.

Line 38b Packers Football Stadium Donation Your Packer football stadium donation will be used for maintenance and operating costs of the professional football stadium in Green Bay. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 38b.

Line 38c Breast Cancer Research Donation Your breast cancer research donation will be divided equally between the Medical College of Wisconsin, Inc., and the University of Wisconsin Comprehensive Cancer Center for breast cancer Line 38 instructions – continued

research projects. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 38c.

Line 38d Veterans Trust Fund Donation Your donation to the Veterans Trust Fund will be used by the Wisconsin Department of Veterans Affairs for the benefit of veterans or their dependents. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 38d.

Line 38e Multiple Sclerosis Donation Donations will be forwarded to the National Multiple Sclerosis Society to be distributed to entities located in Wisconsin that operate health-related programs for people in Wisconsin with multiple sclerosis. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 38e.

Line 38f Firefighters Memorial You may donate an amount towards a firefighters memorial. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 38f.

Line 38g Prostate Cancer Research Donation Your prostate cancer research donation will be divided equally between the Medical College of Wisconsin, Inc., and the University of Wisconsin Comprehensive Cancer Center for prostate cancer research projects. Fill in the amount you want to donate on line 38g.

■ Line 39 Penalties on IRAs, Other Retirement Plans, MSAs, Etc.

The Wisconsin penalty on IRAs, retirement plans, medical savings accounts (MSAs), etc., is equal to 33% of the following federal taxes:

- Tax on IRAs, other qualified retirement plans, etc., (line 59 of federal Form 1040). Do not include any amount from line 8 or 49 of federal Form 5329.
- Total tax due from lines 4, 17, 25, 33, 41, and 53 of federal Form 5329 (include only if the tax due on this form was paid separately and is not included on line 59 of your Form 1040).
- Tax on excess contributions (line 2 of federal Form 5330).
- Tax on prohibited transactions (lines 3a and 3b of federal Form 5330).
- Section 72(m)(5) excess benefits tax (included in the total on line 61 of federal Form 1040).
- Tax on Archer MSA distributions (line 11b of federal Form 8853).

If you were subject to any of the above federal taxes for 2008, fill in the total of such taxes in the space provided on line 39. Multiply the amount filled in by .33 (33%) and fill in the result on line 39.

Note You are not subject to the penalty on payments from certain retirement plans if the payments are exempt from Wisconsin tax. See the instructions for line 11, Items 05 and 06, for information on retirement payments that are exempt from Wisconsin tax and to which the penalty does not apply.

If you were required to file federal Form 5329 or 5330, enclose a copy of your Form 5329 and/or 5330 with your Form 1.

■ Line 40 Credit Repayments and Other Penalties

If you are required to repay a Wisconsin credit or are subject to a penalty for selling business or farming assets purchased from a related person, fill in the amount of the repayment or penalty on line 40. See below for further information.

- Recapture of development zones investment credit You may be required to recapture development zones investment credit if you disposed of or stopped using in a development zone any property for which you claimed the investment credit in a prior year. See Part IV of Schedule DC for further information. Fill in the amount from line 34 of Schedule DC on line 40.
- State historic rehabilitation credit You may have to repay all or part of the state historic rehabilitation credit if you disposed of the property within 5 years after the date on which the preservation or rehabilitation work was complete or the Wisconsin Historical Society determines that you have not complied with all of the requirements. Contact any department office for information on determining the amount to be repaid.
- Angel investment credit If an investment for which you claimed the angel investment credit in a prior year was held for less than one year, you must repay the amount of the credit that you received related to the investment.
- Penalty for selling business assets (or assets used in farming) purchased from a related person Capital gain on the sale or disposition of business or farming assets may be excluded from Wisconsin taxation if the assets were held more than one year and are disposed of to certain related persons. The related person who purchases or otherwise receives the assets on which the gain is excluded is subject to a penalty if he/she sells or disposes of the assets within two years. The penalty does not apply in the case of an involuntary conversion (for example, assets are destroyed by fire or livestock dies). Contact any department office for information on how to compute the penalty.

■ Line 43 Wisconsin Tax Withheld

Add the **Wisconsin** income tax withheld shown on your withholding statements (Forms W-2, W-2G, 1099-G, 1099-R, and 1099-MISC). Also, if any Wisconsin pass-through entity withholding tax was allocated to you from a tiered pass-through entity of which you are a member, you may include that withholding. Fill in the total on line 43. Enclose readable copies of your withholding statements with Form 1. (See Assembling Your Return on page 34.)

Note Wisconsin tax withheld is shown in Box 17 of Form W-2 or Box 10 of Form 1099-R, but only if Wisconsin is the state identified in Box 15 of Form W-2 or Box 11 of Form 1099-R.

DO NOT:

- claim credit for tax withheld for other states.
- claim amounts marked social security or Medicare tax withheld.

Line 43 instructions – continued

- · claim credit for federal tax withheld.
- include withholding statements from other tax years.
- write on or change or attempt to correct the amounts on your withholding statements.

It is your responsibility to ensure that your employer or other payer has provided withholding statements that:

- 1. Are clear and easy to read.
- 2. Show withholding was paid to Wisconsin.

If you do not have a withholding statement or need a corrected withholding statement, contact your employer or other payer.

■ Line 44 2008 Wisconsin Estimated Tax Payments and Amount Applied From 2007 Return

Fill in any payments you made on your estimated Wisconsin income tax (Form 1-ES) for 2008. Include any overpayment from your 2007 return that you were allowed as credit to your 2008 Wisconsin estimated tax.

If you are married filing a joint return, fill in the total of:

- any separate estimated tax payments made by each spouse,
- · any joint estimated tax payments, and
- any overpayments from your 2007 returns that you and your spouse were allowed as credit to 2008 Wisconsin estimated tax.

If you are filing a separate tax return, you may not claim any part of your spouse's separate estimated tax payments or credits. However, you and your spouse may split your joint estimated tax payments and credits between you as you choose on your separate returns. If you cannot agree on how joint amounts are to be split between you, the department will split them between you according to your respective income tax liabilities.

Follow the above instructions even if your spouse died during 2008.

Name Change If you changed your name because of marriage, divorce, etc., and you made estimated tax payments using your former name, enclose a statement with Form 1. On the statement, explain all the payments you and your spouse made for 2008 and the name(s) and social security number(s) under which you made them.

■ Line 45 Earned Income Credit

If you qualify for the federal earned income credit and you have at least one qualifying child, you also qualify for the Wisconsin earned income credit. However, you must have been a resident of Wisconsin for the entire year.

To claim the Wisconsin earned income credit, complete the following steps and fill in the required information in the spaces provided on line 45.

Step 1 Fill in the **number** of children who meet the requirements of a "qualifying child" for purposes of the federal earned income credit (see the instructions for earned income credit in your federal return for definition of a "qualifying child").

CAUTION For federal purposes only your first two qualifying children are counted. For Wisconsin purposes all of your qualifying children are counted.

Step 2 Fill in the federal earned income credit from line 64a of federal Form 1040 or line 40a of federal Form 1040A.

Step 3 Fill in the percentage rate which applies to you.

Number of qualifying children (see Step 1 above)	Fill in this percentage rate
1	4%
2	14%
3 or more	43%

Step 4 Multiply the amount of your federal credit (Step 2) by the percentage determined in Step 3. Fill in the result on line 45. This is your Wisconsin earned income credit.

Enclosures With Your Return You must enclose a copy of your completed federal Schedule EIC with Form 1. The federal Schedule EIC requests information for two qualifying children. If you have a third qualifying child, also enclose a sheet giving the same information as requested on the Schedule EIC for your third child. Failure to provide this information may delay your refund.

Note If the IRS is computing your federal earned income credit and you want the department to compute your Wisconsin earned income credit for you, fill in the number of your qualifying children in the space provided on line 45. Write "EIC" in the space to the right of line 45. Complete your return through line 51 of Form 1. Enclose a copy of your federal return (Form 1040A or Form 1040) with your Form 1.

■ Line 46 Farmland Preservation Credit

If you are claiming farmland preservation credit, include a completed Schedule FC with your Form 1. Fill in on line 46 of Form 1 the amount from line 18 of your Schedule FC.

Note For a description of the farmland preservation credit program, see Special Instruction G on page 36.

■ Line 47 Repayment Credit

If you had to repay during 2008, an amount that you had included in income in an earlier year because at that time you thought you had an unrestricted right to it, you may be able to claim a credit based on the amount repaid. To qualify for the credit, the amount repaid must be over \$3,000 and the amount repaid cannot have been subtracted in computing Wisconsin adjusted gross income.

Line 47 instructions - continued

Use the following steps to compute your credit:

- (1) Refigure your tax from the earlier year without including in income the amount you repaid in 2008.
- (2) Subtract the tax in (1) from the tax shown on your return for the earlier year. The difference is the amount of your credit.

Fill in the amount of your credit on line 47 of Form 1. Enclose a statement showing how you computed your credit.

■ Line 48 Homestead Credit

If you are claiming homestead credit, attach your completed Schedule H or H-EZ to your Form 1. Fill in on line 48 of Form 1 the amount from line 19 of your Schedule H or line 14 of Schedule H-EZ.

Note To see if you qualify for homestead credit, refer to Special Instruction F on page 36. You cannot claim homestead credit if you (or your spouse, if married) claim the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit.

■ Line 49 Farmland Tax Relief Credit

If you qualify for the farmland tax relief credit, complete line 49 and enclose a copy of your 2008 property tax bill(s) with Form 1.

You may *not* claim the farmland tax relief credit if you (or your spouse, if married) are claiming the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit.

Qualifications You may qualify for the farmland tax relief credit if you meet the following conditions:

- You or a member of your household must have been the owner of at least 35 acres of Wisconsin farmland during the 2008 taxable year. Household means an individual, his or her spouse, and all dependents while they are under age 18.
- Your 2007 property taxes for the farmland on which the credit is based must have been paid.
- The farmland must be in agricultural use. The farm of which the farmland is a part must have produced at least \$6,000 of gross farm profits during 2008 or at least a total of \$18,000 of gross farm profits for 2006, 2007, and 2008 combined. However, if at least 35 acres of your farmland was enrolled in the Conservation Reserve Program during all or part of 2008, you do not have to meet this gross farm profits requirement.

Gross farm profits means gross receipts, excluding rent, from the land's agricultural use, less the cost or other basis of livestock or other items purchased for resale which are sold or otherwise disposed of during the taxable year. Gross farm profits include the fair market value, at the time of disposition, of payments-in-kind received for placing land in federal programs. If you rent out your farmland, the renter's gross profits are used to satisfy this requirement. Gross farm profits

do not include the fair market value of crops grown but not sold during the year, fuel tax credits or refund, or a previous year's farmland preservation or farmland tax relief credit.

Who May Claim the Credit Only one member of a household may claim the credit. If two or more members of a household each qualify (for example, where a husband and wife have entered into a farm partnership agreement), they must determine between themselves who the claimant will be. If they are unable to agree, the matter may be referred to the Secretary of Revenue, whose decision will be final.

A claimant may be (1) an individual, (2) each member of a partnership (except publicly traded partnerships) having a joint or common interest in land, (3) a shareholder in a tax-option (S) corporation, (4) the vendee under a land contract, or (5) a guardian on behalf of a ward. When farmland is subject to a life estate, the person who has an ownership interest and is operating the farm and paying the property taxes is the owner who may claim the credit.

Property Taxes to Use Fill in the property taxes on your farmland (exclusive of improvements) in the space provided on line 49, but do not fill in more than \$7,894. The credit is based on property taxes levied on your farmland during the 2008 calendar year. This is your 2008 property tax bill (payable in 2009). You can use up to \$7,894 of property taxes to compute the credit. This includes property taxes on all land which is in agricultural use, less any state aid or credit. Do not include property taxes on any improvements (for example, farm buildings or a residence), special assessments, special charges, or interest.

Note Your property tax bill may include property taxes on both the farmland and improvements. Use the following formula to determine the portion of the property taxes attributable only to the land. *If you have more than one property tax bill, apply the formula to each bill separately.*

Assessed value		2008 property		Portion of
of farmland	v	taxes levied	_	property taxes
Total assessed value	X	in 2008 before	_	to be used
of land and		lottery and		for the credit
improvements		gaming credit		

If the farmland is co-owned with someone other than a member of your household, you may use only those taxes on the farmland which reflect your ownership percentage.

If you sold the farmland on which this claim is based during the taxable year, fill in only that portion of the property taxes on the farmland which is allocated to you in the closing agreement pertaining to the sale of the property (use the above formula if improvements are included). If the amount is not set forth in a closing agreement, you may not use any of these taxes in your computation. Do not fill in more than \$7,894.

If you purchased the farmland on which this claim is based during the taxable year, fill in the property taxes on the farmLine 49 instructions – continued

land less any amount allocated to the seller in the closing agreement (use the formula in the previous column if improvements are included). If the amount is not set forth in a closing agreement, fill in the total taxes on the farmland. Do not fill in more than \$7,894.

When property is transferred during the claim year by a method other than a sale, such as through gift, divorce, death, bankruptcy, foreclosure, or repossession, the owner of the property on the tax levy date is the owner who may claim the credit. The tax levy date is the date the property tax roll is delivered to the local treasurer for collection, usually in early December of each year.

If the farmland is owned by a tax-option (S) corporation or by a partnership, fill in the portion of property taxes on the farmland that reflects the ownership percentage of you and your household. You may have to contact the tax-option (S) corporation or the partnership to get information on the amount of taxes levied on the farmland during 2008.

Computing the Credit Fill in the amount of your credit on line 49 of Form 1. The credit is equal to 19% of the property taxes on your farmland up to a maximum credit of \$1,500. (Caution If you are claiming farmland preservation credit on line 46, the total of your farmland preservation credit and your farmland tax relief credit cannot exceed 95% of the property taxes on the farm. If your credits exceed this amount, you should reduce your farmland tax relief credit accordingly.)

Enclosures Enclose a copy of your 2008 property tax bill(s) with your Wisconsin Form 1. (**Note** If you are also claiming farmland preservation credit or homestead credit on Form 1 and have enclosed a copy of your 2008 property tax bill(s) with your Schedule FC or Schedule H, you do not have to enclose an additional copy.) If the farmland on which the credit is based was purchased or sold during the year, only the buyer must enclose a copy of the 2008 property tax bill(s); however, both the buyer and seller must enclose a copy of the closing agreement relating to the sale.

If any of the 2008 property tax bills show unpaid prior year taxes, enclose a statement signed by your county treasurer indicating the date the 2007 property taxes were paid in full.

If your name is not on the property tax bill, enclose a document that shows your percentage of ownership of the farmland (for example, a copy of your partnership agreement, deed, land contract, divorce decree, etc.).

■ Line 50 Eligible Veterans and Surviving Spouses Property Tax Credit

Who May Claim the Credit An eligible unremarried surviving spouse or an eligible veteran may claim the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit. (Note If you claim the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit, you or your spouse may not claim the school property tax credit, homestead

credit, farmland tax relief credit, or farmland preservation credit.)

An "eligible unremarried surviving spouse" means an unremarried surviving spouse of one of the following, as verified by the Wisconsin Department of Veterans Affairs:

- An individual who had served on active duty in the U.S. armed forces or in forces incorporated as part of the U.S. armed forces, who was a resident of Wisconsin at the time of entry into active service, and who, while a resident of Wisconsin, died while on active duty.
- An individual who had served on active duty under honorable conditions in the U.S. armed forces or in forces incorporated as part of the U.S. armed forces; who was a resident of Wisconsin at the time of entry into active service; who was at least 65 years of age at the time of his or her death or would have been 65 years of age at the close of the year in which the death occurred; who was a resident of Wisconsin at the time of his or her death; and who had a service-connected disability rating of 100% under 38 USC 1114 or 1134.
- An individual who had served in the National Guard or a reserve component of the U.S. armed forces, who was a resident of Wisconsin at the time of entry into that service, and who, while a resident of Wisconsin, died in the line of duty while on active or inactive duty for training purposes.

"Eligible veteran" means an individual who is at least 65 years of age and who is verified by the Wisconsin Department of Veterans Affairs as meeting all of the following conditions:

- Served on active duty under honorable conditions in the U.S. armed forces or in forces incorporated in the U.S. armed forces.
- Was a resident of Wisconsin at the time of entry into active service.
- Is currently a resident of Wisconsin for purposes of receiving veterans benefits under ch. 45, Wis. Stats.
- Has a service-connected disability rating of 100% under 38 USC 1114 or 1134.

Computing the Credit The credit is equal to the property taxes paid during the year on the claimant's principal dwelling in Wisconsin. The credit is based on real and personal property taxes, exclusive of special assessments, delinquent interest, and charges for service. Do not include any property taxes that are properly includable as a trade or business expense.

If the principal dwelling on which the taxes were paid is owned by two or more persons or entities as joint tenants or tenants-incommon, use only that part of property taxes paid that reflects the ownership percentage of the claimant. Line 50 instructions - continued

Exceptions

Married filing a joint return If property is owned by an eligible veteran and his/her spouse as joint tenants, tenants-in-common, or as marital property, the credit is based on 100% of property taxes paid on the principal dwelling.

Married filing a separate return If property is owned by an eligible veteran and his/her spouse as joint tenants, tenants-in-common, or as marital property, each spouse may claim the credit based on their respective ownership interest in the eligible veteran's principal dwelling.

If the principal dwelling is sold during the taxable year, the property taxes for the seller and buyer shall be the amount of the tax prorated to each in the closing agreement pertaining to the sale. If not provided for in the closing agreement, the tax shall be prorated between the seller and buyer in proportion to months of ownership.

If you owned and lived in a mobile home as your principal dwelling, "property taxes" includes monthly mobile home municipal permit fees you paid to the municipality.

"Principal dwelling" means any dwelling and the land surrounding it that is reasonably necessary for use of the dwelling as a primary dwelling. It may include a part of a multidwelling or multipurpose building and a part of the land upon which it is built that is used as the primary dwelling.

The credit must be claimed within 4 years of the unextended due date of the return.

Verification of Eligibility for the Credit If you did not claim the credit in a prior year, before claiming the credit for 2008 you must request verification from the Wisconsin Department of Veterans Affairs (WDVA) indicating that you qualify for the credit. Use Form WDVA 2097 (which you can find in WDVA Brochure B0106) to submit your request, along with a copy of the veteran's DD Form 214 and Veterans Administration disability award letter and, if applicable, the veteran's death certificate, a marriage certificate, and a completed copy of Form WDVA 0001 (if the veteran never previously submitted one). The WDVA 0001 and the brochure are available from your county veterans service officer or on the Internet at www.dva.state.wi.us. You may submit these forms and supporting documents to your county veterans service officer or mail them to: Wisconsin Department of Veterans Affairs, 30 West Mifflin St., PO Box 7843, Madison WI 53707-7843. If you qualify, the WDVA will send you a verification of your eligibility.

Note You do not have to obtain verification from the WDVA for 2008 if you previously received verification for a prior year. If you still qualify for the credit, you may claim the credit but do not have to enclose verification.

Enclosures Enclose a copy of your property tax bill, proof of payment, and the verification, if required, received from the WDVA with your return.

■ Line 51 Other Credits From Schedule CR

If you are claiming any of the credits listed below, you must complete Schedule CR. Enclose Schedule CR, along with the appropriate schedule for the credit(s) you are claiming and any required Department of Commerce approval or certification, with Form 1. Fill in the amount from line 15 of Schedule CR on line 51

- Schedule EC Enterprise zone jobs credit The enterprise zone jobs credit is available to persons doing business in an enterprise zone. The Department of Commerce must certify the business as eligible for the credit and determine the amount of credit. See Schedule EC.
- Schedule DM Dairy manufacturing facility investment credit The dairy manufacturing facility investment credit is available for dairy manufacturing modernization or expansion. The Department of Commerce must certify eligible taxpayers and allocate the amount of credit. See Schedule DM.
- Schedule FP Film production services credit A portion of the film production services credit is available as a refundable credit. The application for the credit must be approved by the Department of Commerce. See Schedule FP.

■ Line 53 Amount You Overpaid

If line 52 is larger than line 42, complete line 53 to determine the amount you overpaid.

Note If you were required to make estimated tax payments and you did not make such payments timely, you may owe what is called "underpayment interest." You may owe underpayment interest even if you are due a refund. Read the line 57 instructions to see if you owe underpayment interest. If you owe underpayment interest and you show an overpayment on line 53, reduce the amount on line 53 by the amount of underpayment interest on line 57.

■ Line 54 Refund

Fill in on line 54 the amount from line 53 that you want refunded to you.

Note If you are divorced, see item 6 on page 35. You may need to enclose a copy of your divorce decree with your return.

■ Line 55 Amount Applied to 2009 Estimated Tax

Fill in on line 55 the amount, if any, of the overpayment on line 53 you want applied to your 2009 estimated tax.

If you are married filing a joint return, we will apply the amount on line 55 to your joint estimated tax. If you are married filing a separate return, we will apply the amount on line 55 to your separate estimated tax.

■ Line 56 Amount You Owe

If line 52 is less than line 42, complete line 56 to determine the amount you owe.

Line 56 instructions – continued

If the amount you owe with your return is \$200 or more or you made late estimated tax payments, you may also owe what is called "underpayment interest." This is an interest charge that applies when you have not prepaid enough of your tax through withholding and/or estimated tax payments. Read the line 57 instructions to see if you owe underpayment interest. If you do, include the underpayment interest from line 57 in the amount you fill in on line 56.

If you owe an amount with your return, you can pay by check, money order, or credit card. **Do not** include any 2009 estimated tax payment in your check, money order, or amount you charge. Instead, make the estimated tax payment separately.

To pay by check or money order Make your check or money order payable to the Wisconsin Department of Revenue. If the name of the taxpayer does not match the printed name on the check, print the taxpayer's name on the memo line of the check. **Paper clip** it to the front of your Form 1.

To pay by credit card You may use your MasterCard®, American Express® Card, Visa® Card, or Discover® Card. To pay by credit card, call toll free or access by Internet the service provider listed below and follow the instructions of the provider. A convenience fee of 2.5% (with a minimum of \$1) will be charged by the service provider based on the amount you are paying. You will be told what the fee is during the transaction and you will have the option to either continue or cancel the transaction. If you pay by credit card before filing your return, enter on page 1 of Form 1 in the lower right corner the confirmation number you were given at the end of the transaction and the amount you charged (not including the convenience fee).

Official Payments Corporation 1-800-2PAY-TAX (1-800-272-9829) 1-866-621-4109 (Customer Service) www.officialpayments.com

What if you cannot pay? If you cannot pay the full amount shown as due on your tax return when you file, you may ask to make installment payments to the Department of Revenue. Due to additional fees and interest charges related to installment agreements, it is the department's policy to not enter into formal payment arrangements until after a bill is issued by the department and the due date on that assessment has passed. It is generally to your advantage to pay your liability in full rather than in installments. Installment agreements with the department are subject to a \$20 installment agreement fee. In addition, bills not paid in full by the due date become liable for additional interest of 18% per year and a delinquent tax collection fee of the greater of \$35 or $6\frac{1}{2}$ percent of the unpaid amount. For more information concerning payments and to obtain the Installment Agreement Request Form (Form A-771), consult the Department of Revenue website at www.revenue.wi.gov.

Note Failure to pay your Wisconsin income tax may result in certification of your unpaid liability to the Treasury Offset Program. Federal law authorizes the U.S. Department of Treasury to reduce, or offset, any federal income tax refunds payable to you by the IRS to satisfy unpaid state income tax debts. Any unpaid liability will remain eligible for this offset until paid.

■ Line 57 Underpayment Interest

You may owe underpayment interest if the amount of Wisconsin income tax withheld from your wages was less than your tax liability, or if you had income that was not subject to withholding and you did not make timely estimated payments. In general, in each quarter of the year, you should be paying enough tax through withholding payments and quarterly estimated tax payments to cover the taxes you expect to owe for the tax year. For more information on making estimated tax payments, see "Estimated Tax Payments Required for Next Year" on page 35.

Underpayment interest applies if:

- Line 56 is at least \$200 and it is more than 10% of the tax shown on your return, or
- You did not pay enough estimated tax by any of the due dates. This is true even if you are due a refund.

The "tax shown on your return" is the amount on line 35 plus the amount on line 36, minus the amounts on lines 45 through 51.

Exceptions You will not owe underpayment interest if your 2007 tax return was for a tax year of 12 full months (or would have been had you been required to file) AND **either** of the following applies.

- 1. You had no tax liability for 2007 and you were a Wisconsin resident for all of 2007, **or**
- 2. The amounts on lines 43 and 44 of your 2008 return are at least as much as the tax shown on your 2007 return. Your estimated tax payments for 2008 must have been made on time and for the required amount.

The tax shown on your 2007 return is the amount on line 32 plus the amount on line 33 of 2007 Form 1 minus the amounts on lines 42 through 49.

Fill in the exception code in the box to the left of line 57 if you are enclosing an application for a waiver, qualify for an exception, or are using the annualized income installment method (Part IV of Schedule U) to compute underpayment interest. See the Schedule U instructions for the exception code to use.

Figuring Underpayment Interest

If the **Exceptions** above do not apply, see **Schedule** U to find out if you owe underpayment interest. If you do, you can use the schedule to figure the amount. In certain situations, you may be able to lower your underpayment interest. For details, see the instructions for Schedule U. Fill in the underpayment interest from Schedule U on line 57. Add the amount of the underpay-

Line 57 instructions – continued

ment interest to any tax due and fill in the total on line 56. If you are due a refund, subtract the underpayment interest from the overpayment you show on line 53 and adjust lines 54 and 55 if necessary. Enclose Schedule U with your Form 1.

■ Third Party Designee If you want to allow a tax preparer, family member, friend, or any other person you choose to discuss your 2008 tax return with the Department of Revenue, check "Yes" in the "Third Party Designee" area of your return. Also, fill in the designee's name, phone number, and any five digits the designee chooses as his or her personal identification number (PIN).

If you check "Yes," you (and your spouse if filing a joint return) are authorizing the department to discuss with the designee any questions that may arise during the processing of your return. You are also authorizing the designee to:

- Give the department any information missing from your return,
- Call the department for information about the processing of your return or the status of your refund or payment(s), and
- Respond to certain department notices about math errors, offsets, and return preparation.

You are not authorizing the designee to receive any refund check, bind you to anything (including any additional tax liability), or otherwise represent you before the department. If you want to expand the designee's authorization, you must submit Form A-222 (*Power of Attorney*).

The authorization will automatically end no later than the due date (without regard to extensions) for filing your 2009 tax return. This is April 15, 2010, for most people.

■ Sign and Date Your Return Sign and date your return at the bottom of page 3. Form 1 is not considered a valid return unless you sign it. Your spouse must also sign it if it is a joint return. Also fill in your daytime phone number. Keep a copy of your dated return.



Assembling Your Return

Begin by putting the four pages of Form 1 in numerical order. Then, attach, using a **paper clip**, the following in the *order listed*. Do not staple your return. Stapling will delay the processing of your return and any refund.

Exception If you are including Schedule H or H-EZ, staple all attachments to Form 1.

- 1. Payment If you owe an amount with your return, paper clip your payment to the front of Form 1, unless you are paying by credit card.
- 2. Wisconsin Schedules Copies of appropriate Wisconsin schedules and supporting documents, such as Schedule H or H-EZ (homestead credit), Schedule FC (farmland preservation credit), Schedule CR, or Schedule RT.

- **3.** W-2s or 1099s The appropriate copy of each of your withholding statements (Forms W-2, W-2G, 1099-G, 1099-R, and 1099-MISC).
- 4. Federal Return A complete copy of your federal return (Form 1040, 1040A, or 1040EZ and its supporting schedules and forms. If you itemize deductions on your federal return but do not claim the itemized deduction credit on your Wisconsin return, you do not have to enclose federal Schedule A.
- **5.** Extension Form or Statement A copy of your federal extension application form or required statement if you are filing under an extension of time to file.

6. Divorce Decree -

- Persons divorced after June 20, 1996, who compute a refund If your divorce decree apportions any tax liability owed to the department to your former spouse, enclose a copy of the decree with your Form 1. Fill in "04" in the Special Conditions box on page 1 of Form 1. This will prevent your refund from being applied against such tax liability.
- Persons divorced who file a joint return If your divorce decree apportions any refund to you or your former spouse, or between you and your former spouse, the department will issue the refund to the person(s) to whom the refund is awarded under the terms of the divorce. Enclose a copy of the portion of your divorce decree that relates to the tax refund with your Form 1. Fill in "04" in the Special Conditions box on page 1 of Form 1.

7. Injured Spouse – If you are filing federal Form 8379, *Injured Spouse Claim and Allocation*, enclose a copy with your Form 1. Fill in "05" in the Special Conditions box on page 1 of Form 1.

CAUTION Be sure to file all four pages of Form 1. Please send the original of your return. Do not send a photocopy.

■ Where to File Mail your return to the Wisconsin Department of Revenue at:

	(if refund or	(if homestead
(if tax is due)	no tax due)	credit claimed)
PO Box 268	PO Box 59	PO Box 34
Madison WI	Madison WI	Madison WI
53790-0001	53785-0001	53786-0001

Envelopes without enough postage will be returned to you by the post office. Your envelope may need additional postage if it contains more than five pages or is oversized (for example, it is over ½" thick). Also, include your complete return address.

Private Delivery Services You can use certain private delivery services approved by the IRS to meet the timely filing rule. The approved private delivery services are listed in the instructions for your federal tax form. Items must be delivered to Wisconsin Department of Revenue, 2135 Rimrock Rd., Madison WI 53713. Private delivery services cannot deliver items to PO boxes. The private delivery service can tell you how to get written proof of the mailing date.

Special Instructions

A. Penalties for Not Filing Returns or Filing Incorrect Returns

If you do not file an income tax return which you are required to file, or if you file an incorrect return due to negligence or fraud, penalties and interest may be assessed against you. The interest rate on delinquent taxes is 18% per year. Civil penalties can be as much as 100% of the amount of tax not reported on the return. Criminal penalties for failing to file or filing a false return include a fine up to \$10,000 and imprisonment.

B. Internal Revenue Service Adjustments

Did the Internal Revenue Service adjust any of your federal income tax returns? If yes, you may have to notify the Department of Revenue of such adjustments. You must notify the department if the adjustments affect your Wisconsin income, any credit, or tax payable.

The department must be notified within 90 days after the adjustments are final. You must submit a copy of the final federal audit report by either:

(1) Including it with an amended return (Form 1X) that reflects the federal adjustments, or

(2) Mailing the copy to: Wisconsin Department of Revenue

Audit Bureau PO Box 8906

Madison WI 53708-8906

C. Amended Returns

If you filed an amended return with the Internal Revenue Service or another state, you generally must also file an amended Wisconsin return within 90 days. You need to file an amended Wisconsin return if the changes affect your Wisconsin income, any credit, or tax payable. Use Form 1X to file an amended Wisconsin return.

D. Estimated Tax Payments Required for Next Year?

If your 2009 Wisconsin income tax return will show a tax balance due to the department of \$200 or more, you must either:

- Make estimated tax payments for 2009 in installments beginning April 15, 2009, using Wisconsin Form 1-ES, or
- Increase the amount of income tax withheld from your 2009 pay.

For example, you may have a tax balance due with your return if you have income from which Wisconsin tax is not withheld. If you do not make required installment payments, you may be charged interest.

For more information, contact the department's Customer Service Bureau at (608) 266-2772 or any Department of Revenue office.

If you must file Form 1-ES for 2009 and do not receive a form in the mail, go to our website at www.revenue.wi.gov to obtain a personalized copy of Form 1-ES or contact any Department of Revenue office.

E. Armed Forces Personnel

If you were a Wisconsin resident on the date you entered military service, you are considered a Wisconsin resident during your entire military career unless you take action to change your legal residency. For more information, get Publication 104, *Wisconsin Taxation of Military Personnel*.

F. Homestead Credit

The Wisconsin homestead credit program provides direct relief to homeowners and renters. You may qualify if you were:

- At least 18 years old on December 31, 2008.
- A Wisconsin resident for all of 2008.
- Not claimed as a dependent on anyone's 2008 federal tax return (unless you were 62 or older on December 31, 2008).
- Not living in tax-exempt public housing for all of 2008.
 (Note Some exceptions apply to this rule and are explained in the instructions for the homestead credit form.)
- Not living in a nursing home and receiving medical assistance (Title XIX) when you file for homestead credit.
- Had total household income, including wages, interest, social security, and income from certain other sources, below \$24,500 in 2008.

If you (or your spouse if married) claim the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit, you are not eligible for homestead credit.

For more information about homestead credit, contact our Homestead Unit in Madison at (608) 266-8641 or any department office. See page 6 for information on obtaining Schedule H or H-EZ, which you must complete to apply for the credit. Schedules H and H-EZ are also available at many libraries.

G. Farmland Preservation Credit

The farmland preservation credit program provides an income tax credit to Wisconsin residents who own at least 35 acres of farmland in Wisconsin. If you claim homestead credit or the veterans and surviving spouses property tax credit, you are not eligible for farmland preservation credit. For more information about farmland preservation credit, contact our Farmland Preservation Unit in Madison at (608) 266-2442 or any department office. See page 6 for information on obtaining Schedule FC, which you must complete to apply for the credit.

H. Death of a Taxpayer

A return for a taxpayer who died in 2008 should be filed on the same form which would have been used if he or she had lived. Include only the taxpayer's income up to the date of his or her death.

If there is no estate to probate, a surviving heir may file Form 1 for the person who died. If there is an estate, the personal representative for the estate must file the return. The person filing the Form 1 should sign it and indicate his or her relationship to the person who died (for example, "surviving heir" or "personal representative").

The person who files the return must complete the "Special Conditions" section located to the right of the Filing Status section on page 1 of Form 1. If the return for the decedent is filed as single, head of household, or married filing separate, fill in "06" in the Special Conditions box and indicate the date of death on the line provided. If a joint return is being filed, fill in "06" in the box if it is the husband who is deceased and the date of death. If it is the wife who is deceased, fill in "07" in the box and the date of death. If both spouses are deceased, fill in "08" in the box and both dates of death.

If the taxpayer did not have to file a return but paid estimated tax or had tax withheld, a return must be filed to get a refund.

If you are a surviving heir and are filing a return claiming a refund on behalf of a person who died, complete Form I-804, *Claim for Decedent's Wisconsin Income Tax Refund*. Enclose it with the return. This applies only if the refund is more than \$100. If the refund is \$100 or less, enclose a note with the return. List your name, address, social security number, and your relationship to the person who died, and sign the note. If you are enclosing Form I-804 or a note, fill in "10" in the Special Conditions box.

If your spouse died during 2008 and you did not remarry in 2008, you can file a joint return. You can also file a joint return if your spouse died in 2009 before filing a 2008 return. A joint return should show your spouse's 2008 income before death and your income for all of 2008. Write "Filing as surviving spouse" in the area where you sign the return. If someone else is the personal representative, he or she must also sign.

If you are claiming a refund as a surviving spouse filing a joint return with the deceased and you follow the above instructions, you do not have to file the Form I-804.

If your spouse died before 2008 and you have not remarried, you must file as single or, if qualified, as head of household.

For more information about the final income tax return to be filed for a deceased person, contact any department office or call (608) 266-2772.

I. Requesting Copies of Your Returns

The Department of Revenue will provide copies of your returns for prior years. Persons requesting copies should **complete** Form P-521, *Request for Copies of Previously Filed Tax Returns or Forms W-2*. Include all required information and fee with Form P-521. Form P-521 is available from the department's website at www.revenue.wi.gov.

Appearing below is an alphabetical listing of Wisconsin school districts. Refer to this listing and find the number of the district in which you lived on December 31, 2008. Fill in this number in the name and address area of your return. Failure to include your school district number may delay the processing of your return and any refund due.

The listing is divided into two sections. **SECTION I** lists all districts which operate high schools. **SECTION II** lists those districts which operate schools having only elementary grades.

Your school district will generally be the name of the municipality where the public high school is located which any children at your home would be entitled to attend. However, if such high school is a "union high school," refer to **SECTION II** and find the number of your elementary district.

The listing has the names of the school districts only to help you find your district number. Don't write in the name of your school district or the name

of any specific school. Fill in only your school district's number on the school district line in the name and address area of your return. For example:

- If you lived in the city of Milwaukee, you will fill in the number 3619 on the school district line.
- If you lived in the city of Hartford, you would refer to Section II and find the number 2443, which is the number for Jt. No. 1 Hartford elementary district

The following are other factors to be considered in determining your school district number:

- If you lived in one school district but worked in another, fill in the district number where you lived.
- 2. If you were temporarily living away from your permanent home, fill in the district number of your permanent home.

Note If you can't identify your school district, contact your municipal clerk or local school for help.

SECTION I - SCHO	OL DIS	TRICTS OPERATING	HIGH	SCHOOLS							
School District	No.	School District	No.	School District	No.	School District	No.	School District	No.	School District	No.
ABBOTSFORD	0007	CLINTONVILLE	1141	GREEN LAKE	2310	MEDFORD	3409	PESHTIGO	. 4305	STEVENS POINT	5607
ADAMS-FRIENDSHIP ALBANY		COCHRANE- FOUNTAIN CITY	1155	GREENWOOD GRESHAM		MELLEN MELROSE-MINDORO		PEWAUKEE	4330	STOCKBRIDGESTOUGHTON	5614 5621
ALGOMA	0070	COLBY	1162			MENASHA	3430	PHILLIPS	4347	STRATFORD	5628
ALMA CENTED	0084	COLEMAN	1169	HAMILTON HARTFORD UHS	2420	MENOMINEE INDIAN MENOMONEE FALLS		PITTSVILLE	. 4368	STURGEON BAY SUN PRAIRIE	5642
ALMA CENTER ALMOND-	009 1	COLFAX	1176	HAYWARD	2478	MENOMONEE FALLS		PLUM CITY		SUPERIOR	
BANCROFT	0105	CORNELL	1204	HIGHLAND	2527	MEQUON-		PLYMOLITH	4473	SURING	
ALTOONA		CRANDON CRIVITZ		HILBERT HILLSBORO	2534	THIENSVILLE	3479	PORTAGE	. 4501	THORP	E726
ANTIGO		CUBA CITY		HOLMEN	2562	MERRILL		PORT WASHINGTON-	4506	THREE LAKES	
APPLETON	0147	CUDAHY	1253	HORICON		MIDDLETON-CROSS		SAUKVILLE	. 4515	TIGERTON	5740
ARCADIA ARGYLE		CUMBERLAND	1260	HORTONVILLE AREA HOWARD-SUAMICO	2583	PLAINS		POTOSI		TOMAH TOMAHAWK	
ARROWHEAD UHS	0 10 1	D C EVEREST	4970	HOWARDS GROVE	2605	MILWAUKEE	3619	PRAIRIE DU CHIEN		TOMORROW RIVER	0126
ASHLAND	0170	DARLINGTON	1295	HUDSON	2611	MINERAL POINT	3633	PRAIRIE FARM		TRI-COUNTY	4375
ASHWAUBENON ATHENS		DEERFIELD DE FOREST		HURLEY HUSTISFORD	2618	MISHICOT		PRENTICE PRESCOTT		TURTLE LAKETWO RIVERS	
AUBURNDALE		DELAVAN-DARIEN	1380			MONONA GROVE	3675	PRINCETON	. 4606		
AUGUSTA	0217	DENMARK		INDEPENDENCE		MONROE	3682	PULASKI	. 4613	UNION GROVE UHS	*
BALDWIN-WOODVILLE	0231	DE PERE DE SOTO		IOLA-SCANDINAVIA IOWA-GRANT		MONTELLO MONTICELLO		RACINE	4620	UNITY	0238
BANGOR		DODGELAND	2744	ITHACA	2660	MOSINEE	3787	RANDOLPH	. 4634	VALDERS	5866
BARABOO	0280	DODGEVILLE	1428			MOUNT HOREB	3794	RANDOM LAKE	. 4641	VERONA	5901
BARNEVELD BARRON	0287	DRUMMOND DURAND		JANESVILLE JEFFERSON	2695	MUKWONAGO MUSKEGO-NORWAY	3822	REEDSBURGREEDSVILLE	4753	VIROQUA	5985
BAYFIELD	0305	DONAND	1433	JOHNSON CREEK		WOOKLGO-NOKWAT	3037	RHINELANDER	4781	WABENO	5992
BEAVER DAM		EAST TROY		JUDA	2737	NECEDAH	3871	RIB LAKE	. 4795	WASHBURN	6027
BEECHER-DUNBAR- PEMBINE	1263	EAU CLAIRE EDGAR		KAUKAUNA	2758	NEENAH NEILLSVILLE		RICE LAKE		WASHINGTON WATERFORD UHS	6069
BELLEVILLE		EDGERTON		KENOSHA		NEKOOSA	3906	RIO		WATERLOO	6118
BELMONT	0364	ELCHO	1582	KETTLE MORAINE	1376	NEW AUBURN	3920	RIPON AREA	. 4872	WATERTOWN	6125
BELOIT BELOIT TURNER	0413	ELEVA-STRUM ELKHART LAKE-	1600	KEWASKUM KEWAUNEE	2800	NEW BERLIN NEW GLARUS	3925	RIVERDALE	3850	WAUKESHA WAUNAKEE	6174
BENTON		GLENBEULAH	1631	KICKAPOO		NEW HOLSTEIN	3934	RIVER FALLS	4904	WAUPACA	6195
BERLIN	0434	ELKHORN	1638	KIEL	2828	NEW LISBON	3948	RIVER VALLEY	. 5523	WAUPUN	6216
BIG FOOT UHS BIRCHWOOD	*	ELK MOUND ELLSWORTH		KIMBERLY KOHLER	2835	NEW LONDON NEW RICHMOND	3955	ROSENDALE- BRANDON	1056	WAUSAU	6223
BLACK HAWK	2240	ELMBROOK		KOTILLIX	2042	NIAGARA		ROSHOLT		WAUTOMA	6237
BLACK RIVER FALLS	0476	ELMWOOD	1666	LA CROSSE		NICOLET UHS	*	ROYALL		WAUWATOSA	6244
BLAIR-TAYLOR BLOOMER		EVANSVILLE	1694	LADYSMITH-HAWKINS LA FARGE		NORRIS NORTH CRAWFORD	3976	SAINT CROIX		WAUZEKA-STEUBEN WEBSTER	6251
BONDUEL		FALL CREEK	1729	LAKE GENEVA-		NORTH FOND DU LAC	3983	CENTRAL	. 2422	WEST ALLIS	6300
BOSCOBEL AREA	0609	FALL RIVER	1736	GENOA CITY UHS	*	NORTHERN OZAUKEE	1945	SAINT CROIX FALLS	. 5019	WEST BEND	6307
BOWLER BOYCEVILLE	0623	FENNIMORE FLAMBEAU		LAKE HOLCOMBE LAKELAND UHS	2891	NORTHLAND PINES NORTHWOOD		SAINT FRANCIS SAUK PRAIRIE	5026	WESTBY WEST DE PERE	6321
BRILLION	0658	FLORENCE CO	1855	LAKE MILLS	2898	NORWALK-ONTARIO-		SENECA	. 5124	WESTFIELD	6335
BRODHEAD	0700	FOND DU LAC	1862	LANCASTER	2912	WILTON	3990	SEVASTOPOL	. 5130	WESTON	6354
BROWN DEER BRUCE	0735	FORT ATKINSON FRANKLIN		LAONA LENA	2940	OAK CREEK-		SEYMOURSHAWANO	. 5138	WEST SALEM WEYAUWEGA-	6370
BURLINGTON	0777	FREDERIC	1939	LITTLE CHUTE	3129	FRANKLIN	4018	SHEBOYGAN	. 5271	FREMONT	6384
BUTTERNUT	0840	FREEDOM	1953	LODI		OAKFIELD	4025	SHEBOYGAN FALLS		WEYERHAEUSER	6410
CADOTT	0870	GALESVILLE-ETTRICK		LOMIRA LOYAL		OCONOMOWOC	4060 4067	SHELL LAKESHIOCTON		WHITEFISH BAY WHITEHALL	6419 6426
CAMBRIA-FRIESLAND	0882	TREMPEALEAU	2009	LUCK	3213	OCONTO FALLS	4074	SHOREWOOD	. 5355	WHITE LAKE	6440
CAMBRIDGE		GERMANTOWN	2058	LUXEMBURG-CASCO.	3220	OMRO		SHULLSBURG		WHITEWATER	6461
CAMERON CAMPBELLSPORT		GIBRALTAR	2178	MADISON	3260	ONALASKA OOSTBURG		SIREN		WHITNALL WILD ROSE	6470 6475
CASHTON		GILMAN	2135	MANAWA	3276	OREGON	4144	SOLON SPRINGS		WILLIAMS BAY	6482
CASSVILLE	0994	GILMANTON		MANITOWOC		OSCEOLA		SOMERSET		WILMOT UHS	*
CEDARBURG CEDAR GROVE-	1015	GLENWOOD CITY GLIDDEN	2198	MAPLE MARATHON CITY		OSHKOSH OSSEO-FAIRCHILD	4179 4186	SOUTH MILWAUKEE SOUTH SHORE		WINNECONNE	
BELGIUM	1029	GOODMAN-		MARINETTE	3311	OWEN-WITHEE		SOUTHERN DOOR CO	. 5457	WISCONSIN DELLS	6678
CENTRAL/WESTOSHA	*	ARMSTRONG		MARION				SOUTHWESTERN	2425	WISCONSIN HEIGHTS	0469
CHETEK CHILTON		GRAFTONGRANTON		MARKESAN MARSHALL		PALMYRA-EAGLE PARDEEVILLE	4221	WISCONSIN SPARTA		WISCONSIN RAPIDS WITTENBERG-	0085
CHIPPEWA FALLS	1092	GRANTSBURG	2233	MARSHFIELD	3339	PARK FALLS	4242	SPENCER	. 5467	BIRNAMWOOD	6692
CLAYTON	1120	GREEN BAY	2289	MAUSTON		PARKVIEW	4151	SPOONER	. 5474	WONEWOC-UNION	6710
CLEAR LAKE CLINTON		GREENDALE GREENFIELD	2290	MAYVILLE MCFARLAND	3381	PECATONICA		SPRING VALLEY STANLEY-BOYD	5593	CENTER WRIGHTSTOWN	6734
			_500								• .

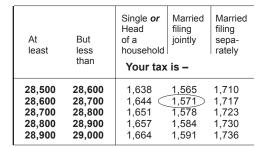
*This is a "Union High School" district. Refer to Section II of this listing and determine the number of your elementary school district.

SECTION II – SCHOOL DISTRICTS OPERATING ONLY ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS												
BRISTOL, #1 DOVER, #1 ERIN FONTANA, JT #8	0665 1449 1687 1870	GLENDALE- RIVER HILLS	LINN, JT #4	NORTH LAKELAND 0616 NORWAY, JT #7	SHARON, JT #11 5258 SILVER LAKE, JT #1 5369 STONE BANK 3542 SWALLOW 3510	CALDWELL						
FRIESS LAKE GENEVA, JT #4	4843 2044	LAC DU FLAMBEAU, #1 1848 LAKE COUNTRY 3862	MINOCQUA, JT #1 3640 NEOSHO, JT #3 3913	RICHFIELD, JT #1 4820 RICHMOND 3122	TWIN LAKES, #4 5817 UNION GROVE, JT #1 5859	TORKVILLE, 31 #2 0740						

2008 TAX TABLE FOR FORM 1 FILERS

Use this Tax Table if your taxable income is less than \$100,000. If \$100,000 or more, use the Tax Computation Worksheet on page 44.

Example Mr. and Mrs. Smith are filing a joint return. Their taxable income on line 18 of Form 1 is \$28,653. First they find the \$28,000 heading in the table. Then they find the \$28,600 – 28,700 income line. Next, they find the column for married filing jointly and read down the column. The amount shown where the income line and the filing status column meet is \$1,571. This is the tax amount they must write on line 19 of their return.



If line 18 (Taxable income) is –		And you	are –		If line 18 (Taxable income) is –		And you	ı are –		If line 18 (Taxable income)	is –	And you are –		
At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household		Married filing sepa- rately	At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household		Married filing sepa- rately	At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household		Married filing sepa- rately
		Your tax	is –			00	Your tax	(IS –		7.0	00	Your tax	(IS –	
					3,0					7,0				
					3,000 3,100 3,200 3,300 3,400	3,100 3,200 3,300 3,400 3,500	140 145 150 154 159	140 145 150 154 159	140 145 150 154 159	7,000 7,100 7,200 7,300 7,400	7,100 7,200 7,300 7,400 7,500	324 329 334 338 343	324 329 334 338 343	333 339 346 352 358
0	20	0	0	0	3,500 3,600 3,700 3,800 3,900	3,600 3,700 3,800 3,900 4,000	163 168 173 177 182	163 168 173 177 182	163 168 173 177 182	7,500 7,600 7,700 7,800 7,900	7,600 7,700 7,800 7,900 8,000	347 352 357 361 366	347 352 357 361 366	364 370 376 382 389
20 40	40 100	1 3	1	1 3	4,0	00				8,0	00			
100 200 300 400	200 300 400 500	7 12 16 21	7 12 16 21	7 12 16 21	4,000 4,100 4,200 4,300 4,400	4,100 4,200 4,300 4,400 4,500	186 191 196 200 205	186 191 196 200 205	186 191 196 200 205	8,000 8,100 8,200 8,300 8,400	8,100 8,200 8,300 8,400 8,500	370 375 380 384 389	370 375 380 384 389	395 401 407 413 419
500 600 700 800 900	600 700 800 900 1,000	25 30 35 39 44	25 30 35 39 44	25 30 35 39 44	4,500 4,600 4,700 4,800 4,900	4,600 4,700 4,800 4,900 5,000	209 214 219 223 228	209 214 219 223 228	209 214 219 223 228	8,500 8,600 8,700 8,800 8,900	8,600 8,700 8,800 8,900 9,000	393 398 403 407 412	393 398 403 407 412	426 432 438 444 450
1,00	00				5,000					9,0	00			
1,000 1,100 1,200 1,300 1,400	1,100 1,200 1,300 1,400 1,500	48 53 58 62 67	48 53 58 62 67	48 53 58 62 67	5,000 5,100 5,200 5,300 5,400	5,100 5,200 5,300 5,400 5,500	232 237 242 246 251	232 237 242 246 251	232 237 242 246 251	9,000 9,100 9,200 9,300 9,400	9,100 9,200 9,300 9,400 9,500	416 421 426 430 435	416 421 426 430 435	456 462 469 475 481
1,500 1,600 1,700 1,800 1,900	1,600 1,700 1,800 1,900 2,000	71 76 81 85 90	71 76 81 85 90	71 76 81 85 90	5,500 5,600 5,700 5,800 5,900	5,600 5,700 5,800 5,900 6,000	255 260 265 269 274	255 260 265 269 274	255 260 265 269 274	9,500 9,600 9,700 9,800 9,900	9,600 9,700 9,800 9,900 10,000	439 444 449 455 462	439 444 449 453 458	487 493 499 505 512
2,00	00				6,0	00	T			10,0	000	Г		
2,000 2,100 2,200 2,300 2,400	2,100 2,200 2,300 2,400 2,500	94 99 104 108 113	94 99 104 108 113	94 99 104 108 113	6,000 6,100 6,200 6,300 6,400	6,100 6,200 6,300 6,400 6,500	278 283 288 292 297	278 283 288 292 297	278 283 288 292 297	10,000 10,100 10,200 10,300 10,400	10,100 10,200 10,300 10,400 10,500	468 474 480 486 492	462 467 472 476 481	518 524 530 536 542
2,500 2,600 2,700 2,800 2,900	2,600 2,700 2,800 2,900 3,000	117 122 127 131 136	117 122 127 131 136	117 122 127 131 136	6,500 6,600 6,700 6,800 6,900	6,600 6,700 6,800 6,900 7,000	301 306 311 315 320	301 306 311 315 320	303 309 315 321 327	10,500 10,600 10,700 10,800 10,900	10,600 10,700 10,800 10,900 11,000	498 505 511 517 523	485 490 495 499 504	549 555 561 567 573

If line 18 (Taxable			oro		If line 18 (Taxable		And	ı orc		If line 18 (Taxable		Apd	. orc	39
income) is	_	And you		Morried	income)	ıs –	And you		Morried	income)	ıs –	And you		Marriad
At least	But less	Single or Head of a household	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	At least	But less	Single or Head of a household	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately	At least	But less	Single or Head of a household	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa- rately
	than	Your tax	is –			than	Your tax	is –			than	Your tax	is –	
11,0	00				17,0	000				23,0	000			
11,000	11,100	529	508	579	17,000	17,100	898	848	963	23,000	23,100	1,280	1,217	1,353
11,100	11,200	535	513	585	17,100	17,200	904	854	969	23,100	23,200	1,287	1,223	1,359
11,200	11,300	542	518	592	17,200	17,300	911	860	976	23,200	23,300	1,293	1,229	1,366
11,300	11,400	548	522	598	17,300	17,400	917	867	982	23,300	23,400	1,300	1,236	1,372
11,400	11,500	554	527	604	17,400	17,500	923	873	989	23,400	23,500	1,306	1,242	1,379
11,500	11,600	560	531	610	17,500	17,600	929	879	995	23,500	23,600	1,313	1,248	1,385
11,600	11,700	566	536	616	17,600	17,700	935	885	1,002	23,600	23,700	1,319	1,254	1,392
11,700	11,800	572	541	622	17,700	17,800	941	891	1,008	23,700	23,800	1,326	1,260	1,398
11,800	11,900	578	545	628	17,800	17,900	947	897	1,015	23,800	23,900	1,332	1,266	1,405
11,900	12,000	585	550	635	17,900	18,000	954	904	1,021	23,900	24,000	1,339	1,273	1,411
12,0	00				18,0	000				24,0	000			
12,000	12,100	591	554	641	18,000	18,100	960	910	1,028	24,000	24,100	1,345	1,279	1,418
12,100	12,200	597	559	647	18,100	18,200	966	916	1,034	24,100	24,200	1,352	1,285	1,424
12,200	12,300	603	564	653	18,200	18,300	972	922	1,041	24,200	24,300	1,358	1,291	1,431
12,300	12,400	609	568	659	18,300	18,400	978	928	1,047	24,300	24,400	1,365	1,297	1,437
12,400	12,500	615	573	665	18,400	18,500	984	934	1,054	24,400	24,500	1,371	1,303	1,444
12,500	12,600	621	577	672	18,500	18,600	990	940	1,060	24,500	24,600	1,378	1,309	1,450
12,600	12,700	628	582	678	18,600	18,700	997	947	1,067	24,600	24,700	1,384	1,316	1,457
12,700	12,800	634	587	684	18,700	18,800	1,003	953	1,073	24,700	24,800	1,391	1,322	1,463
12,800	12,900	640	591	690	18,800	18,900	1,009	959	1,080	24,800	24,900	1,397	1,328	1,470
12,900	13,000	646	596	696	18,900	19,000	1,015	965	1,086	24,900	25,000	1,404	1,334	1,476
13,0					19,0					25,0				
13,000	13,100	652	602	703	19,000	19,100	1,021	971	1,093	25,000	25,100	1,410	1,340	1,483
13,100	13,200	658	608	709	19,100	19,200	1,027	977	1,099	25,100	25,200	1,417	1,346	1,489
13,200	13,300	665	614	716	19,200	19,300	1,034	983	1,106	25,200	25,300	1,423	1,352	1,496
13,300	13,400	671	621	722	19,300	19,400	1,040	990	1,112	25,300	25,400	1,430	1,359	1,502
13,400	13,500	677	627	729	19,400	19,500	1,046	996	1,119	25,400	25,500	1,436	1,365	1,509
13,500	13,600	683	633	735	19,500	19,600	1,053	1,002	1,125	25,500	25,600	1,443	1,371	1,515
13,600	13,700	689	639	742	19,600	19,700	1,059	1,008	1,132	25,600	25,700	1,449	1,377	1,522
13,700	13,800	695	645	748	19,700	19,800	1,066	1,014	1,138	25,700	25,800	1,456	1,383	1,528
13,800	13,900	701	651	755	19,800	19,900	1,072	1,020	1,145	25,800	25,900	1,462	1,389	1,535
13,900	14,000	708	658	761	19,900	20,000	1,079	1,027	1,151	25,900	26,000	1,469	1,396	1,541
14,0					20,0		,	,-	, -	26,0		,	,	,-
14,000	14,100	714	664	768	20,000	20,100	1,085	1,033	1,158	26,000	26,100	1,475	1,402	1,548
14,100	14,200	720	670	774	20,100	20,200	1,092	1,039	1,164	26,100	26,200	1,482	1,409	1,554
14,200	14,300	726	676	781	20,200	20,300	1,098	1,045	1,171	26,200	26,300	1,488	1,415	1,561
14,300	14,400	732	682	787	20,300	20,400	1,105	1,051	1,177	26,300	26,400	1,495	1,422	1,567
14,400	14,500	738	688	794	20,400	20,500	1,111	1,057	1,184	26,400	26,500	1,501	1,428	1,574
14,500	14,600	744	694	800	20,500	20,600	1,118	1,063	1,190	26,500	26,600	1,508	1,435	1,580
14,600	14,700	751	701	807	20,600	20,700	1,124	1,070	1,197	26,600	26,700	1,514	1,441	1,587
14,700	14,800	757	707	813	20,700	20,800	1,131	1,076	1,203	26,700	26,800	1,521	1,448	1,593
14,800	14,900	763	713	820	20,800	20,900	1,137	1,082	1,210	26,800	26,900	1,527	1,454	1,600
14,900	15,000	769	719	826	20,900	21,000	1,144	1,088	1,216	26,900	27,000	1,534	1,461	1,606
15,0					21,0					27,0				
15,000	15,100	775	725	833	21,000	21,100	1,150	1,094	1,223	27,000	27,100	1,540	1,467	1,613
15,100	15,200	781	731	839	21,100	21,200	1,157	1,100	1,229	27,100	27,200	1,547	1,474	1,619
15,200	15,300	788	737	846	21,200	21,300	1,163	1,106	1,236	27,200	27,300	1,553	1,480	1,626
15,300	15,400	794	744	852	21,300	21,400	1,170	1,113	1,242	27,300	27,400	1,560	1,487	1,632
15,400	15,500	800	750	859	21,400	21,500	1,176	1,119	1,249	27,400	27,500	1,566	1,493	1,639
15,500	15,600	806	756	865	21,500	21,600	1,183	1,125	1,255	27,500	27,600	1,573	1,500	1,645
15,600	15,700	812	762	872	21,600	21,700	1,189	1,131	1,262	27,600	27,700	1,579	1,506	1,652
15,700	15,800	818	768	878	21,700	21,800	1,196	1,137	1,268	27,700	27,800	1,586	1,513	1,658
15,800	15,900	824	774	885	21,800	21,900	1,202	1,143	1,275	27,800	27,900	1,592	1,519	1,665
15,900	16,000	831	781	891	21,900	22,000	1,209	1,150	1,281	27,900	28,000	1,599	1,526	1,671
16,0	00				22,0	000				28,0	000			
16,000	16,100	837	787	898	22,000	22,100	1,215	1,156	1,288	28,000	28,100	1,605	1,532	1,678
16,100	16,200	843	793	904	22,100	22,200	1,222	1,162	1,294	28,100	28,200	1,612	1,539	1,684
16,200	16,300	849	799	911	22,200	22,300	1,228	1,168	1,301	28,200	28,300	1,618	1,545	1,691
16,300	16,400	855	805	917	22,300	22,400	1,235	1,174	1,307	28,300	28,400	1,625	1,552	1,697
16,400	16,500	861	811	924	22,400	22,500	1,241	1,180	1,314	28,400	28,500	1,631	1,558	1,704
16,500	16,600	867	817	930	22,500	22,600	1,248	1,186	1,320	28,500	28,600	1,638	1,565	1,710
16,600	16,700	874	824	937	22,600	22,700	1,254	1,193	1,327	28,600	28,700	1,644	1,571	1,717
16,700	16,800	880	830	943	22,700	22,800	1,261	1,199	1,333	28,700	28,800	1,651	1,578	1,723
16,800	16,900	886	836	950	22,800	22,900	1,267	1,205	1,340	28,800	28,900	1,657	1,584	1,730
16,900	17,000	892	842	956	22,900	23,000	1,274	1,211	1,346	28,900	29,000	1,664	1,591	1,736

										- Table I		1		
If line 18 (Taxable income) is	s –	And you	are –		If line 18 (Taxable income)		And you	are –		If line 18 (Taxable income)		And you	are –	
At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household Your tax		Married filing sepa- rately	At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household Your tax		Married filing sepa- rately	At least	But less than	Single or Head of a household Your tax		Married filing sepa- rately
29,0	200				35,0	200				41,0	000			
29.000		4.670	1 507	1 710			2.000	1.007	0.400			0.450	2 277	2.522
29,100 29,200 29,300 29,400	29,100 29,200 29,300 29,400 29,500	1,670 1,677 1,683 1,690 1,696	1,597 1,604 1,610 1,617 1,623	1,743 1,749 1,756 1,762 1,769	35,000 35,100 35,200 35,300 35,400	35,100 35,200 35,300 35,400 35,500	2,060 2,067 2,073 2,080 2,086	1,987 1,994 2,000 2,007 2,013	2,133 2,139 2,146 2,152 2,159	41,000 41,100 41,200 41,300 41,400	41,100 41,200 41,300 41,400 41,500	2,450 2,457 2,463 2,470 2,476	2,377 2,384 2,390 2,397 2,403	2,523 2,529 2,536 2,542 2,549
29,500	29,600	1,703	1,630	1,775	35,500	35,600	2,093	2,020	2,165	41,500	41,600	2,483	2,410	2,555
29,600	29,700	1,709	1,636	1,782	35,600	35,700	2,099	2,026	2,172	41,600	41,700	2,489	2,416	2,562
29,700	29,800	1,716	1,643	1,788	35,700	35,800	2,106	2,033	2,178	41,700	41,800	2,496	2,423	2,568
29,800	29,900	1,722	1,649	1,795	35,800	35,900	2,112	2,039	2,185	41,800	41,900	2,502	2,429	2,575
29,900	30,000	1,729	1,656	1,801	35,900	36,000	2,119	2,046	2,191	41,900	42,000	2,509	2,436	2,581
30,0	000				36,0	000				42,0	000			
30,000	30,100	1,735	1,662	1,808	36,000	36,100	2,125	2,052	2,198	42,000	42,100	2,515	2,442	2,588
30,100	30,200	1,742	1,669	1,814	36,100	36,200	2,132	2,059	2,204	42,100	42,200	2,522	2,449	2,594
30,200	30,300	1,748	1,675	1,821	36,200	36,300	2,138	2,065	2,211	42,200	42,300	2,528	2,455	2,601
30,300	30,400	1,755	1,682	1,827	36,300	36,400	2,145	2,072	2,217	42,300	42,400	2,535	2,462	2,607
30,400	30,500	1,761	1,688	1,834	36,400	36,500	2,151	2,078	2,224	42,400	42,500	2,541	2,468	2,614
30,500	30,600	1,768	1,695	1,840	36,500	36,600	2,158	2,085	2,230	42,500	42,600	2,548	2,475	2,620
30,600	30,700	1,774	1,701	1,847	36,600	36,700	2,164	2,091	2,237	42,600	42,700	2,554	2,481	2,627
30,700	30,800	1,781	1,708	1,853	36,700	36,800	2,171	2,098	2,243	42,700	42,800	2,561	2,488	2,633
30,800	30,900	1,787	1,714	1,860	36,800	36,900	2,177	2,104	2,250	42,800	42,900	2,567	2,494	2,640
30,900	31,000	1,794	1,721	1,866	36,900	37,000	2,184	2,111	2,256	42,900	43,000	2,574	2,501	2,646
31,0	000				37,0					43,0	000			
31,000	31,100	1,800	1,727	1,873	37,000	37,100	2,190	2,117	2,263	43,000	43,100	2,580	2,507	2,653
31,100	31,200	1,807	1,734	1,879	37,100	37,200	2,197	2,124	2,269	43,100	43,200	2,587	2,514	2,659
31,200	31,300	1,813	1,740	1,886	37,200	37,300	2,203	2,130	2,276	43,200	43,300	2,593	2,520	2,666
31,300	31,400	1,820	1,747	1,892	37,300	37,400	2,210	2,137	2,282	43,300	43,400	2,600	2,527	2,672
31,400	31,500	1,826	1,753	1,899	37,400	37,500	2,216	2,143	2,289	43,400	43,500	2,606	2,533	2,679
31,500	31,600	1,833	1,760	1,905	37,500	37,600	2,223	2,150	2,295	43,500	43,600	2,613	2,540	2,685
31,600	31,700	1,839	1,766	1,912	37,600	37,700	2,229	2,156	2,302	43,600	43,700	2,619	2,546	2,692
31,700	31,800	1,846	1,773	1,918	37,700	37,800	2,236	2,163	2,308	43,700	43,800	2,626	2,553	2,698
31,800	31,900	1,852	1,779	1,925	37,800	37,900	2,242	2,169	2,315	43,800	43,900	2,632	2,559	2,705
31,900	32,000	1,859	1,786	1,931	37,900	38,000	2,249	2,176	2,321	43,900	44,000	2,639	2,566	2,711
32,0	000				38,0	000				44,0	000			
32,000	32,100	1,865	1,792	1,938	38,000	38,100	2,255	2,182	2,328	44,000	44,100	2,645	2,572	2,718
32,100	32,200	1,872	1,799	1,944	38,100	38,200	2,262	2,189	2,334	44,100	44,200	2,652	2,579	2,724
32,200	32,300	1,878	1,805	1,951	38,200	38,300	2,268	2,195	2,341	44,200	44,300	2,658	2,585	2,731
32,300	32,400	1,885	1,812	1,957	38,300	38,400	2,275	2,202	2,347	44,300	44,400	2,665	2,592	2,737
32,400	32,500	1,891	1,818	1,964	38,400	38,500	2,281	2,208	2,354	44,400	44,500	2,671	2,598	2,744
32,500	32,600	1,898	1,825	1,970	38,500	38,600	2,288	2,215	2,360	44,500	44,600	2,678	2,605	2,750
32,600	32,700	1,904	1,831	1,977	38,600	38,700	2,294	2,221	2,367	44,600	44,700	2,684	2,611	2,757
32,700	32,800	1,911	1,838	1,983	38,700	38,800	2,301	2,228	2,373	44,700	44,800	2,691	2,618	2,763
32,800	32,900	1,917	1,844	1,990	38,800	38,900	2,307	2,234	2,380	44,800	44,900	2,697	2,624	2,770
32,900	33,000	1,924	1,851	1,996	38,900	39,000	2,314	2,241	2,386	44,900	45,000	2,704	2,631	2,776
33,0		4.000	4.057	0.000	39,0		0.000	0.047	0.000	45,0		0 = 10		
33,000	33,100	1,930	1,857	2,003	39,000	39,100	2,320	2,247	2,393	45,000	45,100	2,710	2,637	2,783
33,100	33,200	1,937	1,864	2,009	39,100	39,200	2,327	2,254	2,399	45,100	45,200	2,717	2,644	2,789
33,200	33,300	1,943	1,870	2,016	39,200	39,300	2,333	2,260	2,406	45,200	45,300	2,723	2,650	2,796
33,300	33,400	1,950	1,877	2,022	39,300	39,400	2,340	2,267	2,412	45,300	45,400	2,730	2,657	2,802
33,400	33,500	1,956	1,883	2,029	39,400	39,500	2,346	2,273	2,419	45,400	45,500	2,736	2,663	2,809
33,500	33,600	1,963	1,890	2,035	39,500	39,600	2,353	2,280	2,425	45,500	45,600	2,743	2,670	2,815
33,600	33,700	1,969	1,896	2,042	39,600	39,700	2,359	2,286	2,432	45,600	45,700	2,749	2,676	2,822
33,700	33,800	1,976	1,903	2,048	39,700	39,800	2,366	2,293	2,438	45,700	45,800	2,756	2,683	2,828
33,800	33,900	1,982	1,909	2,055	39,800	39,900	2,372	2,299	2,445	45,800	45,900	2,762	2,689	2,835
33,900	34,000	1,989	1,916	2,061	39,900	40,000	2,379	2,306	2,451	45,900	46,000	2,769	2,696	2,841
34,0	000				40,0	000				46,0	000			
34,000	34,100	1,995	1,922	2,068	40,000	40,100	2,385	2,312	2,458	46,000	46,100	2,775	2,702	2,848
34,100	34,200	2,002	1,929	2,074	40,100	40,200	2,392	2,319	2,464	46,100	46,200	2,782	2,709	2,854
34,200	34,300	2,008	1,935	2,081	40,200	40,300	2,398	2,325	2,471	46,200	46,300	2,788	2,715	2,861
34,300	34,400	2,015	1,942	2,087	40,300	40,400	2,405	2,332	2,477	46,300	46,400	2,795	2,722	2,867
34,400	34,500	2,021	1,948	2,094	40,400	40,500	2,411	2,338	2,484	46,400	46,500	2,801	2,728	2,874
34,500	34,600	2,028	1,955	2,100	40,500	40,600	2,418	2,345	2,490	46,500	46,600	2,808	2,735	2,880
34,600	34,700	2,034	1,961	2,107	40,600	40,700	2,424	2,351	2,497	46,600	46,700	2,814	2,741	2,887
34,700	34,800	2,041	1,968	2,113	40,700	40,800	2,431	2,358	2,503	46,700	46,800	2,821	2,748	2,893
34,800	34,900	2,047	1,974	2,120	40,800	40,900	2,437	2,364	2,510	46,800	46,900	2,827	2,754	2,900
34,900	35,000	2,054	1,981	2,126	40,900	41,000	2,444	2,371	2,516	46,900	47,000	2,834	2,761	2,906

If line 18	145101	U 1 UIII			If line 18					If line 18				41
(Taxable					(Taxable					(Taxable				
income) is	· –	And you		Morris -	income)	is –	And you		Morri	income)	is –	And you	T	Morri
		Single <i>or</i> Head	Married filing	Married filing			Single <i>or</i> Head	Married filing	Married filing			Single <i>or</i> Head	Married filing	Married filing
At least	But less	of a household	jointly	sepa- rately	At least	But less	of a household	jointly	sepa- rately	At least	But less	of a household	jointly	sepa- rately
	than	Your tax		, , , ,		than	Your tax		,		than	Your tax		,
47,0	000				53,0	000				59,	000			
47,000	47,100	2,840	2,767	2,913	53,000	53,100	3,230	3,157	3,303	59,000	59,100	3,620	3,547	3,693
47,100 47,200	47,200 47,300	2,847 2,853	2,774 2,780	2,919 2,926	53,100 53,200	53,200 53,300	3,237 3,243	3,164 3,170	3,309 3,316	59,100 59,200	59,200 59,300	3,627 3,633	3,554 3,560	3,699 3,706
47,300	47,400	2,860	2,787	2,932	53,300	53,400	3,250	3,177	3,322	59,300	59,400	3,640	3,567	3,712
47,400	47,500	2,866	2,793	2,939	53,400	53,500	3,256	3,183	3,329	59,400	59,500	3,646	3,573	3,719
47,500 47,600	47,600 47,700	2,873	2,800	2,945	53,500	53,600	3,263	3,190	3,335	59,500	59,600	3,653	3,580	3,725
47,600 47,700	47,700 47,800	2,879 2,886	2,806 2,813	2,952 2,958	53,600 53,700	53,700 53,800	3,269 3,276	3,196 3,203	3,342 3,348	59,600 59,700	59,700 59,800	3,659 3,666	3,586 3,593	3,732 3,738
47,800 47,900	47,900 48,000	2,892 2,899	2,819 2,826	2,965 2,971	53,800 53,900	53,900 54,000	3,282 3,289	3,209 3,216	3,355 3,361	59,800 59,900	59,900 60,000	3,672 3,679	3,599 3,606	3,745 3,751
48,0		2,000	2,020	2,071	54,0		0,200	0,210	0,001	60,		0,070	0,000	0,701
48,000	48,100	2,905	2,832	2,978	54,000	54,100	3,295	3,222	3,368	60,000	60,100	3,685	3,612	3,758
48,100 48,200	48,200 48,300	2,912 2,918	2,839 2,845	2,984 2,991	54,100 54,200	54,200 54,300	3,302 3,308	3,229 3,235	3,374 3,381	60,100 60,200	60,200 60,300	3,692 3,698	3,619 3,625	3,764 3,771
48,300	48,400	2,925	2,852	2,997	54,300	54,400	3,315	3,242	3,387	60,300	60,400	3,705	3,632	3,777
48,400	48,500	2,931	2,858	3,004	54,400	54,500	3,321	3,248	3,394	60,400	60,500	3,711	3,638	3,784
48,500	48,600	2,938	2,865	3,010	54,500	54,600	3,328	3,255	3,400	60,500	60,600	3,718	3,645	3,790
48,600 48,700	48,700 48,800	2,944 2,951	2,871 2,878	3,017 3,023	54,600 54,700	54,700 54,800	3,334 3,341	3,261 3,268	3,407 3,413	60,600 60,700	60,700 60,800	3,724 3,731	3,651 3,658	3,797 3,803
48,800 48,900	48,900 49,000	2,957 2,964	2,884 2,891	3,030 3,036	54,800 54,900	54,900 55,000	3,347 3,354	3,274 3,281	3,420 3,426	60,800 60,900	60,900 61,000	3,737 3,744	3,664 3,671	3,810 3,816
49,0		2,004	2,001	0,000	55,0	•	0,004	5,201	3,420	61,	•	3,7 44	3,071	3,010
49,000	49,100	2,970	2,897	3,043	55,000	55,100	3,360	3,287	3,433	61,000	61,100	3,750	3,677	3,823
49,100 49,200	49,200 49,300	2,977 2,983	2,904 2,910	3,049 3,056	55,100 55,200	55,200 55,300	3,367 3,373	3,294 3,300	3,439 3,446	61,100 61,200	61,200 61,300	3,757 3,763	3,684 3,690	3,829 3,836
49,300	49,400	2,990	2,917	3,062	55,300	55,400	3,380	3,307	3,452	61,300	61,400	3,770	3,697	3,842
49,400	49,500	2,996	2,923	3,069	55,400	55,500	3,386	3,313	3,459	61,400	61,500	3,776	3,703	3,849
49,500 49,600	49,600	3,003 3,009	2,930 2,936	3,075 3,082	55,500 55,600	55,600 55,700	3,393 3,399	3,320 3,326	3,465 3,472	61,500	61,600	3,783	3,710 3,716	3,855 3,862
49,700	49,700 49,800	3,016	2,943	3,088	55,700	55,700 55,800	3,406	3,333	3,478	61,600 61,700	61,700 61,800	3,789 3,796	3,723	3,868
49,800 49,900	49,900 50,000	3,022 3,029	2,949 2,956	3,095 3,101	55,800 55,900	55,900 56,000	3,412 3,419	3,339 3,346	3,485 3,491	61,800 61,900	61,900 62,000	3,802 3,809	3,729 3,736	3,875 3,881
50,0		0,020	2,000	0,101	56,0		0,110	0,010	0,101	62,0		0,000	0,700	0,001
50,000	50,100	3,035	2,962	3,108	56,000	56,100	3,425	3,352	3,498	62,000	62,100	3,815	3,742	3,888
50,100 50,200	50,200 50,300	3,042 3,048	2,969 2,975	3,114 3,121	56,100 56,200	56,200 56,300	3,432 3,438	3,359 3,365	3,504 3,511	62,100 62,200	62,200 62,300	3,822 3,828	3,749 3,755	3,894 3,901
50,300	50,400	3,055	2,982	3,127	56,300	56,400	3,445	3,372	3,517	62,300	62,400	3,835	3,762	3,907
50,400	50,500	3,061	2,988	3,134	56,400	56,500	3,451	3,378	3,524	62,400	62,500	3,841	3,768	3,914
50,500 50,600	50,600 50,700	3,068 3,074	2,995 3,001	3,140 3,147	56,500 56,600	56,600 56,700	3,458 3,464	3,385 3,391	3,530 3,537	62,500 62,600	62,600 62,700	3,848 3,854	3,775 3,781	3,920 3,927
50,700	50,800	3,081	3,008	3,153	56,700	56,800	3,471	3,398	3,543	62,700	62,800	3,861	3,788	3,933
50,800 50,900	50,900 51,000	3,087 3,094	3,014 3,021	3,160 3,166	56,800 56,900	56,900 57,000	3,477 3,484	3,404 3,411	3,550 3,556	62,800 62,900	62,900 63,000	3,867 3,874	3,794 3,801	3,940 3,946
51,0	000				57,0	000				63,	000			-
51,000	51,100	3,100	3,027	3,173	57,000	57,100	3,490	3,417	3,563	63,000	63,100	3,880	3,807	3,953
51,100 51,200	51,200 51,300	3,107 3,113	3,034 3,040	3,179 3,186	57,100 57,200	57,200 57,300	3,497 3,503	3,424 3,430	3,569 3,576	63,100 63,200	63,200 63,300	3,887 3,893	3,814 3,820	3,959 3,966
51,300	51,400	3,120	3,047	3,192	57,300	57,400	3,510	3,437	3,582	63,300	63,400	3,900	3,827	3,972
51,400	51,500	3,126	3,053	3,199	57,400	57,500	3,516	3,443	3,589	63,400	63,500	3,906	3,833	3,979
51,500 51,600	51,600 51,700	3,133 3,139	3,060 3,066	3,205 3,212	57,500 57,600	57,600 57,700	3,523 3,529	3,450 3,456	3,595 3,602	63,500 63,600	63,600 63,700	3,913 3,919	3,840 3,846	3,985 3,992
51,700	51,800	3,146	3,073	3,218	57,700	57,800	3,536	3,463	3,608	63,700	63,800	3,926	3,853	3,998
51,800 51,900	51,900 52,000	3,152 3,159	3,079 3,086	3,225 3,231	57,800 57,900	57,900 58,000	3,542 3,549	3,469 3,476	3,615 3,621	63,800 63,900	63,900 64,000	3,932 3,939	3,859 3,866	4,005 4,011
52,0					58,0					64,				
52,000	52,100	3,165	3,092	3,238	58,000	58,100	3,555	3,482	3,628	64,000	64,100	3,945	3,872	4,018
52,100 52,200	52,200 52,300	3,172 3,178	3,099 3,105	3,244 3,251	58,100 58,200	58,200 58,300	3,562 3,568	3,489 3,495	3,634 3,641	64,100 64,200	64,200 64,300	3,952 3,958	3,879 3,885	4,024 4,031
52,300	52,400	3,185	3,112	3,257	58,300	58,400	3,575	3,502	3,647	64,300	64,400	3,965	3,892	4,037
52,400	52,500	3,191	3,118	3,264	58,400	58,500	3,581	3,508	3,654	64,400	64,500	3,971	3,898	4,044
52,500 52,600	52,600 52,700	3,198 3,204	3,125 3,131	3,270 3,277	58,500 58,600	58,600 58,700	3,588 3,594	3,515 3,521	3,660 3,667	64,500 64,600	64,600 64,700	3,978 3,984	3,905 3,911	4,050 4,057
52,700	52,800	3,211	3,138	3,283	58,700	58,800	3,601	3,528 3,534	3,673	64,700	64,800	3,991	3,918	4,063
52,800 52,900	52,900 53,000	3,217 3,224	3,144 3,151	3,290 3,296	58,800 58,900	58,900 59,000	3,607 3,614	3,534 3,541	3,680 3,686	64,800 64,900	64,900 65,000	3,997 4,004	3,924 3,931	4,070 4,076
	,		, -	, -	. ,	,		•		. ,,,,,,,,	-,		ontinued or	

42								2	2008 Ta	x Table F	or Forn	n 1 Filer	s — Co	ntinued
If line 18					If line 18					If line 18				
(Taxable income)		And you	ı aro 🗕		(Taxable income)	ie –	And you	are –		(Taxable income)	ie –	And you	ı aro –	
income)	15 -	Single or	Married	Married	income)	15 –	Single or	Married	Married	income)	15 -	Single or	Married	Married
At	Dut	Head	filing	filing	۸.	Dest	Head of a	filing	filing	۸.	But	Head	filing	filing
least	But less	of a household	jointly	sepa- rately	At least	But less	household	jointly	sepa- rately	At least	less	of a household	jointly	sepa- rately
	than	Your tax	cis –			than	Your tax	is –			than	Your tax	is –	
65,	,000				71,0	000				77,0	000			
65,000	65,100	4,010	3,937	4,083	71,000	71,100	4,400	4,327	4,473	77,000	77,100	4,790	4,717	4,863
65,100 65,200	65,200 65,300	4,017 4,023	3,944 3,950	4,089 4,096	71,100 71,200	71,200 71,300	4,407 4,413	4,334 4,340	4,479 4,486	77,100 77,200	77,200 77,300	4,797 4,803	4,724 4,730	4,869 4,876
65,300	65,400	4,030	3,957	4,102	71,300	71,400	4,420	4,347	4,492	77,300	77,400	4,810	4,737	4,882
65,400	65,500	4,036	3,963	4,109	71,400	71,500	4,426	4,353	4,499	77,400	77,500	4,816	4,743	4,889
65,500 65,600	65,600 65,700	4,043 4,049	3,970 3,976	4,115 4,122	71,500 71,600	71,600 71,700	4,433 4,439	4,360 4,366	4,505 4,512	77,500	77,600	4,823	4,750	4,895 4,902
65,700	65,800	4,049	3,983	4,128	71,700	71,800	4,446	4,373	4,518	77,600 77,700	77,700 77,800	4,829 4,836	4,756 4,763	4,908
65,800 65,900	65,900 66,000	4,062 4,069	3,989 3,996	4,135 4,141	71,800 71,900	71,900 72,000	4,452 4,459	4,379 4,386	4,525 4,531	77,800 77,900	77,900 78,000	4,842 4,849	4,769 4,776	4,915 4,921
	,000	4,000	0,000	7,171	71,300		4,400	4,000	4,001	78,0		7,043	4,770	7,021
66,000	66,100	4,075	4,002	4,148	72,000	72,100	4,465	4,392	4,538	78,000	78,100	4,855	4,782	4,928
66,100	66,200	4,082	4,009	4,154	72,100	72,200	4,472	4,399	4,544	78,100	78,200	4,862	4,789	4,934
66,200 66,300	66,300 66,400	4,088 4,095	4,015 4,022	4,161 4,167	72,200 72,300	72,300 72,400	4,478 4,485	4,405 4,412	4,551 4,557	78,200 78,300	78,300 78,400	4,868 4,875	4,795 4,802	4,941 4,947
66,400	66,500	4,101	4,028	4,174	72,400	72,500	4,491	4,418	4,564	78,400	78,500	4,881	4,808	4,954
66,500	66,600	4,108	4,035	4,180	72,500	72,600	4,498	4,425	4,570	78,500	78,600	4,888	4,815	4,960
66,600 66,700	66,700 66,800	4,114 4,121	4,041 4,048	4,187 4,193	72,600 72,700	72,700 72,800	4,504 4,511	4,431 4,438	4,577 4,583	78,600 78,700	78,700 78,800	4,894 4,901	4,821 4,828	4,967 4,973
66,800	66,900	4,127	4,054	4,200	72,800	72,900	4,517	4,444	4,590	78,800	78,900	4,907	4,834	4,980
66,900	67,000	4,134	4,061	4,206	72,900	73,000	4,524	4,451	4,596	78,900	79,000	4,914	4,841	4,986
	,000	4,140	4,067	4 212	73,0		4.500	4 457	4.602	79,0		4.000	4.047	4.000
67,000 67,100	67,100 67,200	4,140	4,007	4,213 4,219	73,000 73,100	73,100 73,200	4,530 4,537	4,457 4,464	4,603 4,609	79,000 79,100	79,100 79,200	4,920 4,927	4,847 4,854	4,993 4,999
67,200 67,300	67,300 67,400	4,153 4,160	4,080 4,087	4,226 4,232	73,200 73,300	73,300 73,400	4,543 4,550	4,470 4,477	4,616 4,622	79,200 79,300	79,300 79,400	4,933 4,940	4,860 4,867	5,006 5,012
67,400	67,500	4,166	4,007	4,239	73,400	73,500	4,556	4,477	4,622	79,400	79,500	4,946	4,873	5,012
67,500	67,600	4,173	4,100	4,245	73,500	73,600	4,563	4,490	4,635	79,500	79,600	4,953	4,880	5,025
67,600	67,700	4,179	4,106	4,252	73,600	73,700	4,569	4,496	4,642	79,600	79,700	4,959	4,886	5,032
67,700 67,800	67,800 67,900	4,186 4,192	4,113 4,119	4,258 4,265	73,700 73,800	73,800 73,900	4,576 4,582	4,503 4,509	4,648 4,655	79,700 79,800	79,800 79,900	4,966 4,972	4,893 4,899	5,038 5,045
67,900	68,000	4,199	4,126	4,271	73,900	74,000	4,589	4,516	4,661	79,900	80,000	4,979	4,906	5,051
	,000				74,0					80,0				
68,000 68,100	68,100 68,200	4,205 4,212	4,132 4,139	4,278 4,284	74,000 74,100	74,100 74,200	4,595 4,602	4,522 4,529	4,668 4,674	80,000 80,100	80,100 80,200	4,985 4,992	4,912 4,919	5,058 5,064
68,200	68,300	4,218	4,145	4,291	74,200	74,300	4,608	4,535	4,681	80,200	80,300	4,998	4,925	5,071
68,300 68,400	68,400 68,500	4,225 4,231	4,152 4,158	4,297 4,304	74,300 74,400	74,400 74,500	4,615 4,621	4,542 4,548	4,687 4,694	80,300 80,400	80,400 80,500	5,005 5,011	4,932 4,938	5,077 5,084
,														
68,500 68,600	68,600 68,700	4,238 4,244	4,165 4,171	4,310 4,317	74,500 74,600	74,600 74,700	4,628 4,634	4,555 4,561	4,700 4,707	80,500 80,600	80,600 80,700	5,018 5,024	4,945 4,951	5,090 5,097
68,700	68,800 68,900	4,251	4,178	4,323	74,700 74,800	74,800 74,900	4,641	4,568	4,713	80,700	80,800	5,031	4,958	5,103 5,110
68,800 68,900	69,000	4,257 4,264	4,184 4,191	4,330 4,336	74,800	74,900 75,000	4,647 4,654	4,574 4,581	4,720 4,726	80,800 80,900	80,900 81,000	5,037 5,044	4,964 4,971	5,110
69,	,000				75,0	000				81,0	000			
69,000	69,100	4,270	4,197	4,343	75,000	75,100	4,660	4,587	4,733	81,000	81,100	5,050	4,977	5,123 5,129
69,100 69,200	69,200 69,300	4,277 4,283	4,204 4,210	4,349 4,356	75,100 75,200	75,200 75,300	4,667 4,673	4,594 4,600	4,739 4,746	81,100 81,200	81,200 81,300	5,057 5,063	4,984 4,990	5,129 5,136
69,300	69,400	4,290	4,217	4,362	75,300	75,400	4,680	4,607	4,752	81,300	81,400	5,070	4,997	5,142
69,400	69,500	4,296	4,223	4,369	75,400	75,500	4,686	4,613	4,759	81,400	81,500	5,076	5,003	5,149
69,500 69,600	69,600 69,700	4,303 4,309	4,230 4,236	4,375 4,382	75,500 75,600	75,600 75,700	4,693 4,699	4,620 4,626	4,765 4,772	81,500 81,600	81,600 81,700	5,083 5,089	5,010 5,016	5,155 5,162
69,700	69,800	4,316	4,243	4,388	75,700	75,800	4,706	4,633	4,778	81,700	81,800	5,096	5,023	5,168
69,800 69,900	69,900 70,000	4,322 4,329	4,249 4,256	4,395 4,401	75,800 75,900	75,900 76,000	4,712 4,719	4,639 4,646	4,785 4,791	81,800 81,900	81,900 82,000	5,102 5,109	5,029 5,036	5,175 5,181
	,000	,	,	,	76,0		,	,	,. J.	82,0		3,.00	-,	-,
70,000	70,100	4,335	4,262	4,408	76,000	76,100	4,725	4,652	4,798	82,000	82,100	5,115	5,042	5,188
70,100 70,200	70,200 70,300	4,342 4,348	4,269 4,275	4,414 4,421	76,100 76,200	76,200 76,300	4,732 4,738	4,659 4,665	4,804 4,811	82,100 82,200	82,200 82,300	5,122 5,128	5,049 5,055	5,194 5,201
70,300	70,400	4,355	4,282	4,427	76,300	76,400	4,745	4,672	4,817	82,300	82,400	5,135	5,062	5,207
70,400	70,500	4,361	4,288	4,434	76,400	76,500	4,751	4,678	4,824	82,400	82,500	5,141	5,068	5,214
70,500	70,600	4,368	4,295	4,440	76,500	76,600	4,758	4,685	4,830	82,500	82,600	5,148	5,075	5,220
70,600 70,700	70,700 70,800	4,374 4,381	4,301 4,308	4,447 4,453	76,600 76,700	76,700 76,800	4,764 4,771	4,691 4,698	4,837 4,843	82,600 82,700	82,700 82,800	5,154 5,161	5,081 5,088	5,227 5,233
70,800	70,900	4,387	4,314	4,460	76,800	76,900	4,777	4,704	4,850	82,800	82,900	5,167	5,094	5,240
70,900	71,000	4,394	4,321	4,466	76,900	77,000	4,784	4,711	4,856	82,900	83,000	5,174	5,101	5,246

2008 Tax	lable F	or Form	1 File	rs — Co	ontinuea									43
If line 18					If line 18					If line 18				
(Taxable income) is	s –	And you	are -		(Taxable income)	is –	And you	are –		(Taxable income)	is –	And you	are –	
At least	But less	Single or Head of a household	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa-rately	At least	But less	Single or Head of a household	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa-rately	At least	But less	Single or Head of a household	Married filing jointly	Married filing sepa-rately
	than	Your tax		, rately		than	Your tax	is –	,		than	Your tax		, ratory
83,0	000				89,0	000				95,0	000			
83,000 83,100 83,200 83,300 83,400	83,100 83,200 83,300 83,400 83,500	5,180 5,187 5,193 5,200 5,206	5,107 5,114 5,120 5,127 5,133	5,253 5,259 5,266 5,272 5,279	89,000 89,100 89,200 89,300 89,400	89,100 89,200 89,300 89,400 89,500	5,570 5,577 5,583 5,590 5,596	5,497 5,504 5,510 5,517 5,523	5,643 5,649 5,656 5,662 5,669	95,000 95,100 95,200 95,300 95,400	95,100 95,200 95,300 95,400 95,500	5,960 5,967 5,973 5,980 5,986	5,887 5,894 5,900 5,907 5,913	6,033 6,039 6,046 6,052 6,059
83,500 83,600 83,700 83,800 83,900	83,600 83,700 83,800 83,900 84,000	5,213 5,219 5,226 5,232 5,239	5,140 5,146 5,153 5,159 5,166	5,285 5,292 5,298 5,305 5,311	89,500 89,600 89,700 89,800 89,900	89,600 89,700 89,800 89,900 90,000	5,603 5,609 5,616 5,622 5,629	5,530 5,536 5,543 5,549 5,556	5,675 5,682 5,688 5,695 5,701	95,500 95,600 95,700 95,800 95,900	95,600 95,700 95,800 95,900 96,000	5,993 5,999 6,006 6,012 6,019	5,920 5,926 5,933 5,939 5,946	6,065 6,072 6,078 6,085 6,091
84,0			-,	-,-	90,0	•	-,	-,	-,	96,0	•		- ,	
84,000 84,100 84,200 84,300 84,400	84,100 84,200 84,300 84,400 84,500	5,245 5,252 5,258 5,265 5,271	5,172 5,179 5,185 5,192 5,198	5,318 5,324 5,331 5,337 5,344	90,000 90,100 90,200 90,300 90,400	90,100 90,200 90,300 90,400 90,500	5,635 5,642 5,648 5,655 5,661	5,562 5,569 5,575 5,582 5,588	5,708 5,714 5,721 5,727 5,734	96,000 96,100 96,200 96,300 96,400	96,100 96,200 96,300 96,400 96,500	6,025 6,032 6,038 6,045 6,051	5,952 5,959 5,965 5,972 5,978	6,098 6,104 6,111 6,117 6,124
84,500 84,600 84,700 84,800 84,900	84,600 84,700 84,800 84,900 85,000	5,278 5,284 5,291 5,297 5,304	5,205 5,211 5,218 5,224 5,231	5,350 5,357 5,363 5,370 5,376	90,500 90,600 90,700 90,800 90,900	90,600 90,700 90,800 90,900 91,000	5,668 5,674 5,681 5,687 5,694	5,595 5,601 5,608 5,614 5,621	5,740 5,747 5,753 5,760 5,766	96,500 96,600 96,700 96,800 96,900	96,600 96,700 96,800 96,900 97,000	6,058 6,064 6,071 6,077 6,084	5,985 5,991 5,998 6,004 6,011	6,130 6,137 6,143 6,150 6,156
85,0		5.040	F 007	5.000	91,0		5 700		5 770	97,0		0.000	0.047	0.400
85,000 85,100 85,200 85,300 85,400	85,100 85,200 85,300 85,400 85,500	5,310 5,317 5,323 5,330 5,336	5,237 5,244 5,250 5,257 5,263	5,383 5,389 5,396 5,402 5,409	91,000 91,100 91,200 91,300 91,400	91,100 91,200 91,300 91,400 91,500	5,700 5,707 5,713 5,720 5,726	5,627 5,634 5,640 5,647 5,653	5,773 5,779 5,786 5,792 5,799	97,000 97,100 97,200 97,300 97,400	97,100 97,200 97,300 97,400 97,500	6,090 6,097 6,103 6,110 6,116	6,017 6,024 6,030 6,037 6,043	6,163 6,170 6,176 6,183 6,190
85,500 85,600 85,700 85,800 85,900	85,600 85,700 85,800 85,900 86,000	5,343 5,349 5,356 5,362 5,369	5,270 5,276 5,283 5,289 5,296	5,415 5,422 5,428 5,435 5,441	91,500 91,600 91,700 91,800 91,900	91,600 91,700 91,800 91,900 92,000	5,733 5,739 5,746 5,752 5,759	5,660 5,666 5,673 5,679 5,686	5,805 5,812 5,818 5,825 5,831	97,500 97,600 97,700 97,800 97,900	97,600 97,700 97,800 97,900 98,000	6,123 6,129 6,136 6,142 6,149	6,050 6,056 6,063 6,069 6,076	6,197 6,203 6,210 6,217 6,224
86,0	-	1 '	· ·	,	92,0		,		,	98,0		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	· ·	,
86,000 86,100 86,200 86,300 86,400	86,100 86,200 86,300 86,400 86,500	5,375 5,382 5,388 5,395 5,401	5,302 5,309 5,315 5,322 5,328	5,448 5,454 5,461 5,467 5,474	92,000 92,100 92,200 92,300 92,400	92,100 92,200 92,300 92,400 92,500	5,765 5,772 5,778 5,785 5,791	5,692 5,699 5,705 5,712 5,718	5,838 5,844 5,851 5,857 5,864	98,000 98,100 98,200 98,300 98,400	98,100 98,200 98,300 98,400 98,500	6,155 6,162 6,168 6,175 6,181	6,082 6,089 6,095 6,102 6,108	6,230 6,237 6,244 6,251 6,257
86,500 86,600 86,700 86,800 86,900	86,600 86,700 86,800 86,900 87,000	5,408 5,414 5,421 5,427 5,434	5,335 5,341 5,348 5,354 5,361	5,480 5,487 5,493 5,500 5,506	92,500 92,600 92,700 92,800 92,900	92,600 92,700 92,800 92,900 93,000	5,798 5,804 5,811 5,817 5,824	5,725 5,731 5,738 5,744 5,751	5,870 5,877 5,883 5,890 5,896	98,500 98,600 98,700 98,800 98,900	98,600 98,700 98,800 98,900 99,000	6,188 6,194 6,201 6,207 6,214	6,115 6,121 6,128 6,134 6,141	6,264 6,271 6,278 6,284 6,291
87,0		5.440	5 267	5 512	93,0		E 920	E 7E7	E 002	99,0		6 220	6 1 1 7	6 200
87,000 87,100 87,200 87,300 87,400	87,100 87,200 87,300 87,400 87,500	5,440 5,447 5,453 5,460 5,466	5,367 5,374 5,380 5,387 5,393	5,513 5,519 5,526 5,532 5,539	93,000 93,100 93,200 93,300 93,400	93,100 93,200 93,300 93,400 93,500	5,830 5,837 5,843 5,850 5,856	5,757 5,764 5,770 5,777 5,783	5,903 5,909 5,916 5,922 5,929	99,000 99,100 99,200 99,300 99,400	99,100 99,200 99,300 99,400 99,500	6,220 6,227 6,233 6,240 6,246	6,147 6,154 6,160 6,167 6,173	6,298 6,305 6,311 6,318 6,325
87,500 87,600 87,700 87,800 87,900	87,600 87,700 87,800 87,900 88,000	5,473 5,479 5,486 5,492 5,499	5,400 5,406 5,413 5,419 5,426	5,545 5,552 5,558 5,565 5,571	93,500 93,600 93,700 93,800 93,900	93,600 93,700 93,800 93,900 94,000	5,863 5,869 5,876 5,882 5,889	5,790 5,796 5,803 5,809 5,816	5,935 5,942 5,948 5,955 5,961	99,500 99,600 99,700 99,800 99,900	99,600 99,700 99,800 99,900 100,000	6,253 6,259 6,266 6,272 6,279	6,180 6,186 6,193 6,199 6,206	6,332 6,338 6,345 6,352 6,359
88,0		1			94,0		1					I		
88,000 88,100 88,200 88,300 88,400	88,100 88,200 88,300 88,400 88,500	5,505 5,512 5,518 5,525 5,531	5,432 5,439 5,445 5,452 5,458	5,578 5,584 5,591 5,597 5,604	94,000 94,100 94,200 94,300 94,400	94,100 94,200 94,300 94,400 94,500	5,895 5,902 5,908 5,915 5,921	5,822 5,829 5,835 5,842 5,848	5,968 5,974 5,981 5,987 5,994	_	U	00 or ov		
88,500 88,600 88,700 88,800 88,900	88,600 88,700 88,800 88,900 89,000	5,538 5,544 5,551 5,557 5,564	5,465 5,471 5,478 5,484 5,491	5,610 5,617 5,623 5,630 5,636	94,500 94,600 94,700 94,800 94,900	94,600 94,700 94,800 94,900 95,000	5,928 5,934 5,941 5,947 5,954	5,855 5,861 5,868 5,874 5,881	6,000 6,007 6,013 6,020 6,026	lax	k Compu on	tation W page 44		et

2008 Tax Computation Worksheet - Line 19

Caution Use the Tax Computation Worksheet to figure your tax if your taxable income is \$100,000 or more.

→ Section A – Use if your filing status is Single or Head of household. Complete the row below that applies to you.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
Taxable income. If line 18 is –	Fill in the amount from line 18	Multiplication amount	Multiply (a) by (b)	Subtraction amount	Subtract (d) from (c). Fill in the result here and on Form 1, line 19
At least \$100,000 but less than \$145,460	\$	x 6.5% (.065)	\$	\$ 218.25	\$
\$145,460 or over	\$	x 6.75% (.0675)	\$	\$ 581.90	\$

→ Section B – Use if your filing status is Married filing jointly. Complete the row below that applies to you.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
Taxable income. If line 18 is –	Fill in the amount from line 18	Multiplication amount	Multiply (a) by (b)	Subtraction amount	Subtract (d) from (c). Fill in the result here and on Form 1, line 19
At least \$100,000 but less than \$193,950	\$	x 6.5% (.065)	\$	\$ 290.92	\$
\$193,950 or over	\$	x 6.75% (.0675)	\$	\$ 775.80	\$

→ Section C – Use if your filing status is Married filing separately. Complete the row below.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
Taxable income. If line 18 is –	Fill in the amount from line 18	Multiplication amount	Multiply (a) by (b)	Subtraction amount	Subtract (d) from (c). Fill in the result here and on Form 1, line 19
\$100,000 or over	\$	x 6.75% (.0675)	\$	\$387.99	\$

2008 Standard Deduction Table

Dependents or persons filing short-period returns or excluding income from U.S. Possessions, see page 21.

If your inco	me					If your inco	ome				
(line 14 of F		And yo	u are –			(line 14 of F		And yo	u are –		
	But	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately	Head of a household		But	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately	Head of a household
At least	less than	Your st		duction is-		At least	less than	Your st		duction is-	•
0	8,610	8,960	16,140	7,660	11,570	31,000	31,500	6,760	13,545	3,182	7,443
8,610	9,000 9,500	8,960 8,960	16,140 16,140	7,621 7,533	11,570 11,570	31,500	32,000	6,700	13,446 13,347	3,083 2,984	7,330 7,218
9,000 9,500	10,000	8,960	16,140	7,535 7,435	11,570	32,000 32,500	32,500 33,000	6,640 6,580	13,248	2,886	7,216 7,105
10,000	10,500	8,960	16,140	7,336	11,570	33,000	33,500	6,520	13,150	2,787	6,993
10,500	11,000	8,960	16,140	7,237	11,570	33,500	34,000	6,460	13,051	2,688	6,880
11,000	11,500	8,960	16,140	7,138	11,570	34,000	34,500	6,400	12,952	2,589	6,768
11,500	12,000	8,960	16,140	7,039	11,570	34,500	35,000	6,340	12,853	2,490	6,655
12,000	12,500	8,960	16,140	6,940	11,570	35,000	35,500	6,280	12,754	2,391	6,542
12,500	13,000	8,960	16,140	6,841	11,570	35,500	36,000	6,220	12,655	2,292	6,430
13,000	13,500	8,920	16,140	6,742	11,496	36,000	36,500	6,160	12,556	2,193	6,317
13,500	14,000	8,860	16,140	6,643	11,383	36,500	37,000	6,100	12,457	2,094	6,205
14,000	14,500	8,800	16,140	6,545	11,271 11,158	37,000	37,500	6,040	12,358	1,996	6,092
14,500 15,000	15,000 15,500	8,740 8,680	16,140 16,140	6,446 6,347	11,156	37,500 38,000	38,000 38,500	5,980 5,920	12,260 12,161	1,897 1,798	5,980 5,920
15,500	16,000	8,620	16,140	6,248	10,933	38,500	39,000	5,860	12,062	1,699	5,860
16,000	16,500	8,560	16,140	6,149	10,820	39,000	39,500	5,800	11,963	1,600	5,800
16,500	17,000	8,500	16,140	6,050	10,708	39,500	40,000	5,740	11,864	1,501	5,740
17,000	17,500	8,440	16,140	5,951	10,595	40,000	40,500	5,680	11,765	1,402	5,680
17,500	18,000	8,380	16,140	5,852	10,483	40,500	41,000	5,620	11,666	1,303	5,620
18,000	18,500	8,320	16,116	5,753	10,370	41,000	41,500	5,560	11,567	1,204	5,560
18,500	19,000	8,260	16,017	5,655	10,257	41,500	42,000	5,500	11,468	1,106	5,500
19,000	19,500	8,200	15,918	5,556	10,145	42,000	42,500	5,440	11,370	1,007	5,440
19,500	20,000	8,140	15,820	5,457	10,032	42,500	43,000	5,380	11,271	908	5,380
20,000 20,500	20,500 21,000	8,080 8,020	15,721 15,622	5,358 5,259	9,920 9,807	43,000 43,500	43,500 44,000	5,320 5,260	11,172 11,073	809 710	5,320 5,260
21,000	21,500	7,960	15,523	5,259	9,695	44,000	44,500	5,200	10,974	611	5,200
21,500	22,000	7,900	15,424	5,061	9,582	44,500	45,000	5,140	10,875	512	5,140
22,000	22,500	7,840	15,325	4,962	9,469	45,000	45,500	5,080	10,776	413	5,080
22,500	23,000	7,780	15,226	4,863	9,357	45,500	46,000	5,020	10,677	314	5,020
23,000	23,500	7,720	15,127	4,765	9,244	46,000	46,500	4,960	10,578	216	4,960
23,500	24,000	7,660	15,028	4,666	9,132	46,500	47,000	4,900	10,480	117	4,900
24,000	24,500	7,600	14,930	4,567	9,019	47,000	47,500	4,840	10,381	18	4,840
24,500	25,000	7,540	14,831	4,468	8,906	47,500	48,000	4,780	10,282	0	4,780
25,000	25,500	7,480	14,732	4,369	8,794	48,000	48,500	4,720	10,183	0	4,720
25,500	26,000	7,420	14,633	4,270	8,681	48,500	49,000	4,660	10,084	0	4,660
26,000 26,500	26,500 27,000	7,360 7,300	14,534 14,435	4,171 4,072	8,569 8,456	49,000 49,500	49,500 50,000	4,600 4,540	9,985 9,886	0 0	4,600 4,540
27,000	27,500 27,500	7,300	14,433	3,973	8,344	50,000	50,500	4,480	9,880	0	4,480
27,500	28,000	7,180	14,237	3,874	8,231	50,500	51,000	4,420	9,688	0	4,420
28,000	28,500	7,120	14,138	3,776	8,118	51,000	51,500	4,360	9,590	0	4,360
28,500	29,000	7,060	14,040	3,677	8,006	51,500	52,000	4,300	9,491	0	4,300
29,000	29,500	7,000	13,941	3,578	7,893	52,000	52,500	4,240	9,392	0	4,240
29,500	30,000	6,940	13,842	3,479	7,781	52,500	53,000	4,180	9,293	0	4,180
30,000 30,500	30,500	6,880	13,743	3,380	7,668	53,000	53,500	4,120	9,194	0	4,120
	31,000	6,820	13,644	3,281	7,556	53,500	54,000	4,060	9,095	0	4,060

line 14 of F	ome form 1) is -	And yo	u are –			If your inco (line 14 of Fe		And you	u are –		
At	But less	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately	Head of a household	At	But less	Single	Married filing jointly	Married filing separately	Head of a household
least	than	Your st	andard de	duction is-		least	than	Your sta	andard de	duction is-	
54,000	54,500	4,000	8,996	0	4,000	77,000	77,500	1,240	4,447	0	1,240
54,500	55,000	3,940	8,897	0	3,940	77,500	78,000	1,180	4,348	0	1,180
55,000	55,500	3,880	8,798	0	3,880	78,000	78,500	1,120	4,249	0	1,120
55,500	56,000	3,820	8,700	0	3,820	78,500	79,000	1,060	4,151	0	1,060
56,000	56,500	3,760	8,601	0	3,760	79,000	79,500	1,000	4,052	0	1,000
56,500	57,000	3,700	8,502	0	3,700	79,500	80,000	940	3,953	0	940
57,000	57,500	3,640	8,403	0	3,640	80,000	80,500	880	3,854	0	880
57,500	58,000	3,580	8,304	0	3,580	80,500	81,000	820	3,755	0	820
58,000	58,500	3,520	8,205	0	3,520	81,000	81,500	760	3,656	0	760
58,500	59,000	3,460	8,106	0	3,460	81,500	82,000	700	3,557	0	700
59,000	59,500	3,400	8,007	0	3,400	82,000	82,500	640	3,458	0	640
59,500	60,000	3,340	7,908	0	3,340	82,500	83,000	580	3,359	0	580
60,000	60,500	3,280	7,810	0	3,280	83,000	83,500	520	3,261	0	520
60,500	61,000	3,220	7,711 7,612	0	3,220 3,160	83,500	84,000	460 400	3,162 3,063	0	460 400
61,000 61,500	61,500 62,000	3,160 3,100	7,612	0 0	3,100	84,000 84,500	84,500 85,000	340	2,964	0	340
62,000	62,500	3,100	7,313	0	3,040	85,000	85,500	280	2,865	0	280
62,500	63,000	2,980	7,315	0	2,980	85,500	86,000	220	2,766	0	220
63,000	63,500	2,920	7,216	0	2,920	86,000	86,500	160	2,667	0	160
63,500	64,000	2,860	7,117	0	2,860	86,500	87,000	100	2,568	0	100
64,000	64,500	2,800	7,018	0	2,800	87,000	87,500	40	2,469	0	40
64,500	65,000	2,740	6,919	0	2,740	87,500	88,000	0	2,371	0	0
65,000	65,500	2,680	6,821	0	2,680	88,000	88,500	0	2,272	0	0
65,500	66,000	2,620	6,722	0	2,620	88,500	89,000	0	2,173	0	0
66,000	66,500	2,560	6,623	0	2,560	89,000	89,500	0	2,074	0	0
66,500	67,000	2,500	6,524	0	2,500	89,500	90,000	0	1,975	0	0
67,000	67,500	2,440	6,425	0	2,440	90,000	90,500	0	1,876	0	0
67,500	68,000	2,380	6,326	0	2,380	90,500	91,000 91,500	0	1,777	0 0	0
68,000 68,500	68,500 69,000	2,320 2,260	6,227 6,128	0	2,320 2,260	91,000 91,500	92,000	0	1,678 1,579	0	0
69,000	69,500	2,200	6,029	0	2,200	92,000	92,500	0	1,481	0	0
69,500	70,000	2,140	5,931	0	2,140	92,500	93,000	0	1,382	0	0
70,000	70,500	2,080	5,832	0	2,080	93,000	93,500	0	1,283	0	0
70,500	71,000	2,020	5,733	0	2,020	93,500	94,000	0	1,184	0	0
71,000	71,500	1,960	5,634	0	1,960	94,000	94,500	0	1,085	0	0
71,500	72,000	1,900	5,535	0	1,900	94,500	95,000	0	986	0	0
72,000	72,500	1,840	5,436	0	1,840	95,000	95,500	0	887	0	0
72,500	73,000	1,780	5,337	0	1,780	95,500	96,000	0	788	0	0
73,000	73,500	1,720	5,238	0	1,720	96,000	96,500	0	689	0	0
73,500	74,000	1,660	5,139	0	1,660	96,500	97,000	0	591	0	0
74,000 74,500	74,500 75,000	1,600 1,540	5,041 4,942	0 0	1,600 1,540	97,000 97,500	97,500 98,000	0	492 393	0 0	0 0
75,000	75,500	1,480	4,843	0	1,480	98,000	98,500	0	294	0	0
75,500 75,500	76,000	1,420	4,744	0	1,420	98,500	99,000	0	195	0	0
76,000	76,500 76,500	1,360	4,645	0	1,360	99,000	99,500	0	96	0	0
76,500	77,000	1,300	4,546	0	1,300	99,500	99,736	0	23	0	0
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