Instructions for 2001 Wisconsin Form 3S Partnership Recycling Surcharge

General Instructions

Note: The Wisconsin Legislature has made changes effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, that affect who is subject to the recycling surcharge, and how the surcharge is computed. Gross receipts from farm and nonfarm activities must now be combined to determine whether the recycling surcharge applies. The surcharge is no longer computed separately for farm and nonfarm activities.

Purpose of Form 3S

Partnerships, including limited liability companies (LLCs) treated as partnerships, use Form 3S to compute and pay the recycling surcharge.

Who Must File?

A partnership (including a limited liability company (LLC) treated as a partnership) that must file a Wisconsin partnership return, Form 3, and does business in Wisconsin must file Form 3S and pay the recycling surcharge if it has gross receipts (as defined later) of \$4,000,000 or more from trade or business activities for federal income tax purposes.

Who Is Not Required to File?

Syndicates, pools, joint ventures, or similar organizations that have elected not to be treated as partnerships under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) section 761(a) aren't subject to the recycling surcharge and don't need to file Form 3S.

Single-owner LLCs that are disregarded as separate entities are not required to file Form 3S. The owner is required to include the income and expenses of the disregarded entity when computing the owner's surcharge due.

Definitions Applicable to Partnerships

Farming – Farming is the cultivation of land or the raising or harvesting of any agricultural or horticultural commodity including the raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training, and management of animals. Trees, other than trees bearing fruit or nuts, aren't treated as an agricultural or horticultural commodity. Raising or harvesting Christmas trees isn't considered farming.

Gross Receipts – A partnership uses its total "gross receipts" from both nonfarm trade or business activities and from farm activities to determine whether the recycling surcharge applies. Gross receipts of partnerships from nonfarm trade or business activities are total receipts or sales from all nonfarm trade or business activities reportable by partnerships for federal income tax purposes, before deducting returns and allowances or any other business expenses. Gross receipts from nonfarm trade or business activities include the sum of the following:

- Gross receipts or sales reportable on line 1a of federal Form 1065,
- Gross receipts, other than farm receipts, passed through from other partnerships and fiduciaries includable in computing ordinary income or loss on line 4 of federal Form 1065,
- The gross sales price from the sale or disposition of business assets, other than farm assets, includable in computing net gain or loss from federal Form 4797 as reportable on line 6 of federal Form 1065,
- Gross receipts from the rental of tangible personal property, and
- Gross receipts includable in computing other income or loss on line 7 of federal Form 1065.

Gross receipts from farm activities include:

The total receipts or sales from lines 1, 4, 5a, 6a, 7a, 8a, and 9 of federal Schedule F, and the gross sales price of farm assets producing ordinary income or loss from federal Form 4797.

Note: When determining gross receipts, don't include receipts from investment activities. Receipts from investment activities may include interest and dividends received by partnerships that aren't dealers or traders in securities and real estate rents received by partnerships that aren't dealers or traders in real estate. *However*, if the partnership has \$4,000,000 or more of gross receipts from trade or business activities, you must include any income or loss from investment activities in the partnership's net business income when figuring the amount of surcharge owed.

Net Business Income – A partnership is subject to the recycling surcharge based on its "net business income." This is the amount reported in column (d) of line 22 on the partnership's Wisconsin Form 3.

Exception: For partnerships engaged in both farming and nonfarming activities, net farm profit (loss) should not be included in the amount reported in column (d) of line 22 when calculating "net business income."

Additional Information or Forms

For more information about the recycling surcharge, see Publication 400, *Wisconsin's Recycling Surcharge*, which you may obtain from any Department of Revenue office.

If you need help in preparing Form 3S, call (608) 266-2772 or write to the Customer Service and Education Bureau, Wisconsin Department of Revenue, PO Box 8949, Madison WI 53708-8949.

If you need additional forms, call (608) 266-1961 or write to the Forms Request Office, Wisconsin Department of Revenue, PO Box 8951, Madison WI 53708-8951. **Internet Address** <u>www.dor.state.wi.us</u>. You may obtain additional information, forms, or publications from our Internet web site.

Period Covered by Form 3S

Form 3S covers the same period as your 2001 Wisconsin partnership return, Form 3.

Due Date of Form 3S

You must file Form 3S on or before the due date, including extensions, of your 2001 Wisconsin partnership return.

Caution: The due date for **paying** the recycling surcharge is explained below.

Extension of Time to File

Any extension of time allowed by the Internal Revenue Service for filing your partnership return automatically extends the due date of your Form 3S. Enter the extended due date in item G on Form 3S

Payment of Recycling Surcharge

The recycling surcharge must be paid by the 15th day of the 4th month following the close of the taxable period, regardless of the due date of the return.

An extension for filing Form 3S doesn't extend the time to pay the recycling surcharge. Interest will be charged on the surcharge not paid by the 15th day of the 4th month following the close of the taxable year. You can avoid the 1% per month interest charges during the extension period by paying the surcharge due by that date. Submit your payment with Wisconsin Form 3S-ES, Partnership Estimated Surcharge Voucher.

Where to File

Mail Form 3S to the Wisconsin Department of Revenue, PO Box 8965, Madison WI 53708-8965. *Do not attach Form 3S to Form 3 because they are to be mailed to different addresses.*

Internal Revenue Service Adjustments and Amended Returns

If your federal partnership return is adjusted and the adjustments affect your Wisconsin recycling surcharge payable, you must report such adjustments to the Department of Revenue by filing an amended Form 3S, including a copy of the federal audit report, within 90 days after they become final.

If you file an amended federal partnership return and the changes affect your Wisconsin recycling surcharge payable, you must file an amended Form 3S with the Department of Revenue within 90 days after filing the amended federal return.

Send your amended Form 3S to the Wisconsin Department of Revenue, PO Box 8991, Madison WI 53708-8991. Don't attach it to the return for the current year.

Penalties for Not Filing or Filing Incorrect Forms

If you don't file a Form 3S that you are required to file, or if you file an incorrect Form 3S due to negligence or fraud, interest, a late filing fee, and penalties may be assessed against you. The interest rate on a delinquent surcharge is 18% per year. The late filing fee is a maximum of \$30. Civil penalties may be as much as 100% of the amount of surcharge not reported on Form 3S. Criminal penalties for filing a false return include a fine of up to \$10,000 and imprisonment.

Note: If a partnership's or LLC's recycling surcharge is delinquent, its partners or members are jointly and severally liable for it.

Specific Instructions

Rounding Off to Whole Dollars – Cents may be rounded to the nearest whole dollar by eliminating amounts less than 50 cents and increasing amounts from 50 cents through 99 cents to the next higher dollar.

- Name and Address Print or type the partnership's name and address in the spaces provided.
- A. Federal Employer Identification Number Enter the partnership's federal employer identification number.
- B. County Enter the name of the Wisconsin county in which the partnership's business is located. If the partnership has business activities in more than one county, enter the location of the principal business operations.
- C. Amended Return If this is an amended return, check the box, attach an explanation of the changes made, and see the special instructions for line 6.
- **D. Partnership Terminated** Check the box if the partnership terminated during the taxable year.
- E. Limited Liability Company Check the box if the entity is organized as an LLC.
- F. Period Covered File the 2001 Form 3S for calendar year 2001 and fiscal years that begin in 2001. Fill in the taxable year beginning and ending dates in the spaces provided.
- **G. Extension** If you received an extension of time to file your partnership return, fill in the extended due date of your return.
- H. Contact Person Enter the name and telephone number of a person that the department may call if questions about your return arise while it is being processed.
- Line 1. Partnership Gross Receipts Enter the partnership's gross receipts from trade or business activities (as defined earlier) reportable for federal income tax purposes.

Note: If you have less than \$4,000,000 of gross receipts for federal income tax purposes, you aren't subject to a recycling surcharge.

■ Line 2. Net Business Income – Enter on line 2, the amount from column (d) of line 22 on the partnership's Wisconsin Form 3.

Exception: For partnerships engaged in farming activities, net farm profit (loss) should not be included in the amount reported in column (d) of line 22 when calculating "net business income." If the partnership is engaged only in farming, enter a zero ("0") on line 2.

If you had a loss, show the amount in parentheses on line 2, leave lines 3 and 4 blank, and enter \$25 on line 5.

Note: Partnerships operating only in Wisconsin should skip line 3 and enter the amount from line 2 on line 4. Nonunitary, multistate partnerships should also skip line 3.

- Line 3. Percent to Wisconsin Unitary, multistate partnerships should complete 2001 Wisconsin Form 4B and enter on line 3 the apportionment percentage from Form 4B, line 28 or 33. See the instructions for Form 4B in the Form 3 instruction booklet.
- Line 4. Wisconsin Net Business Income Unitary, multistate partnerships multiply the amount on line 2 by the percentage on line 3.

Nonunitary, multistate partnerships enter the amount of income included on line 2 which is attributable to activities in Wisconsin, as determined under the separate accounting method.

Partnerships operating only in Wisconsin and partnerships engaged only in farming activities enter the amount from line 2 on line 4.

■ Line 5. Recycling Surcharge – Enter the greater of \$25 or 0.02% (.002) of the amount on line 4, but not more than \$9,800. (Note: If line 4 is zero, enter \$25 on line 5.)

■ Line 6. Estimated Recycling Surcharge Payments – Enter estimated recycling surcharge payments made using 2001 Wisconsin Form 3S-ES.

Amended Return: If this is an amended return, enter the recycling surcharge previously paid.

■ Line 7. Interest Due – Enter any interest due from Form 3U, line 18.

A partnership that doesn't make estimated recycling surcharge payments when due may be subject to underpayment interest for the period of the underpayment. Generally, a partnership is subject to interest if its recycling surcharge liability is \$200 or more, and it did not timely pay the smaller of (a) 90% of its surcharge liability for 2001, or (b) 100% of its prior year's surcharge.

Use Form 3U, Underpayment of Estimated Recycling Surcharge by Partnerships, to determine if the partnership is subject to underpayment interest and, if so, to figure the amount owed.

- Line 8. Amount Due If the total of lines 5 and 7 is larger than line 6, subtract line 6 from the total of lines 5 and 7. This is the amount you owe. Attach your check to the front of Form 3S.
- Line 9. Overpayment If line 6 is larger than the total of lines 5 and 7, subtract the total of lines 5 and 7 from line 6. This is your overpayment.
- Line 10. 2002 Estimated Recycling Surcharge Enter the amount of any overpayment on line 9 that is to be credited to the partnership's 2002 estimated recycling surcharge. The balance of any overpayment will be refunded.
- Signature A general partner of the partnership must sign Form 3S. If the form is prepared by someone other than an employee of the partnership, the preparer's signature is also required.