2000 Wisconsin Exempt Organization Business Taxes Form 4T Instructions

New for 2000 . . .

 Recycling Surcharge – applies to corporations and trusts with \$4,000,000 or more gross receipts from all activities

The recycling surcharge applies to corporations and trusts having \$4,000,000 or more of gross receipts from all activities. See page 1.

 Development Zones Tax Credit – jobs component modified

Some of the criteria for claiming the jobs component of the development zones credit are modified and the maximum amounts that may be claimed are increased. For more information, see the Schedule DC instructions.

Important . . .

• Quarterly Estimated Recycling Surcharge Payments Required

Exempt organizations whose gross receipts are \$4 million dollars or more per year and owe at least \$500 of tax and surcharge must make estimated payments. See page 3.

Business Activity Code

Be sure to fill in the correct Wisconsin Business Activity Code on line D at the top of Form 4T. The codes to be used are listed on the back of this page.

• Exempt corporations with federal extensions allowed an extra 30 days to file Wisconsin returns

An exempt corporation receiving an extension of time to file its federal income tax return automatically extends the time for filing the Wisconsin return to 30 days after the federal due date, if you attach a copy of that extension to the return you file. See page 2.

Indicate type of organization

Make sure you indicate the type of your organization by checking the appropriate box under item E on page 1 of Form 4T. Failure to do so may result in the incorrect processing of your return.

Don't Forget . . .

- Use the preprinted label
- Fill in your federal employer ID number
- Fill out the form completely
- Attach a copy of your federal return and any other required forms, schedules, or statements
- Attach a copy of any extension
- Sign the return

For More Information . . .

• Visit the Department of Revenue's Internet web site at www.dor.state.wi.us

At this site you may obtain additional information about the Department of Revenue and answers to the most frequently asked questions. You may also download or request tax forms and publications.

Subscribe to the Department of Revenue's publications

The *Wisconsin Tax Bulletin* is a quarterly newsletter that provides information about new Wisconsin tax laws, court decisions, and interpretations of law. Subscriptions cost \$7 per year.

The **Topical and Court Case Index** gives references to Wisconsin statutes, administrative rules, *Wisconsin Tax Bulletin* tax releases and private letter rulings, publications, and court decisions. The index is published in December, with an addendum provided in May. The annual cost is \$18, plus sales tax.

To order the bulletin or index, send a check made payable to "Document Sales" to the Wisconsin Department of Administration, P.O. Box 7840, Madison, WI 53707-7840.



Wisconsin Business Activity Codes

Using the list below, determine the proper code to enter in item D, Wisconsin Business Activity Code, on page 1 of your return. Enter the code which reflects the corporation's major business activity (the activity which accounted for the largest percentage of total receipts).

FISHI		TR UT
0100	Agricultural Production – Crops	Tra
0200	Agricultural Production – Livestock	40
0710	Soil Preparation Services	41
0720	Crop Services	
0740	Veterinary Services	42
0750	Animal Services, except Veterinary	44
0760	Farm Labor and Management	45
	Services	46
0780	Landscape and Horticultural	47
	Services	Co
0800	Forestry	48
0900	Fishing, Hunting, and Trapping	
MININ		48
1000		40
	Metal Mining	48
1200	Coal Mining	48
1300	Oil and Gas Extraction	48
1400	Nonmetallic Minerals, except Fuels	Ele
	TRUCTION	49
1500	General Building Contractors	49
1610	Highway and Street Construction	49
1620	Heavy Construction, except	49
	Highway	49
1710	Plumbing, Heating, Air Conditioning	49
1720	Painting and Paper Hanging	49
1730	Electrical Work	W
1740	Masonry, Stonework, and	Wł
	Plastering	50
1750	Carpentry and Floor Work	50
1760	Roofing, Siding, Sheet Metal Work	50
1770	Concrete Work	50
1780	Water Well Drilling	504
1790	Miscellaneous Special Trade	50.
	Contractors	50
MANU	IFACTURING	50
	and Kindred Products	50
2010	Meat Products	50
2020	Dairy Products	00
2030	Preserved Fruits and Vegetables	50
2040	Grain Mill Products	000
2050	Bakery Products	50
2060	Sugar and Confectionery Products	W
2070	Fats and Oils	51
2080	Beverages	51
2090	Miscellaneous Food and Kindred	011
	Products	51
Tobac	co, Textile, and Apparel Products	514
2100	Tobacco Products	51
2200	Textile Mill Products	51
2300	Apparel and Other Textile Products	51
Lumb	er and Wood Products	51
2410	Logging	51
2420	Sawmills and Planing Mills	RE
2430	Millwork, Plywood, Structural	Bu
	Members	52
2440	Wood Containers	52
2450	Wood Buildings and Mobile Homes	52
2490	Miscellaneous Wood Products	52 52
2500	Furniture and Fixtures	52
2600	Paper and Allied Products	
	ng and Publishing	Ge
2710	Newspapers	53
2720	Periodicals	53
2720	Books	53
2740	Miscellaneous Publishing	_
2740	Commercial Printing	Fo
2760	Manifold Business Forms	54
2770	Greeting Cards	54
2780	Blankbooks and Bookbinding	54
2790	Printing Trade Service	54
	Manufacturing	
2800	Chemicals and Allied Products	54
		54
2900 3000	Petroleum and Coal Products Rubber and Miscellaneous Plastic	54
5000		Au
2100	Products	55
3100	Leather and Leather Products	55
3200	Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	55
3300	Primary Metal Industries	554
3400	Fabricated Metal Products	55
3500	Industrial Machinery and	55
0570	Equipment	55
3570	Computer and Office Equipment	55
3600	Electronic and Other Electric	
2700	Equipment	Ар
3700	Transportation Equipment	56
3800	Instruments and Related Products	Fu
3900	Miscellaneous Manufacturing	57

3800	Instruments and Related Produc
3900	Miscellaneous Manufacturing
	Industries

TILIT	PORTATION AND PUBLIC
000 100	Railroad Transportation Local and Interurban Passenger Transit
200	Trucking and Warehousing
400 500	Water Transportation Transportation by Air
500	Pipelines, except Natural Gas
700	Transportation Services
omm	unications
310	Telephone Communication
320	Telegraph and Other Communica- tions
330 340	Radio and Television Broadcasting Cable and Other Pay TV Services
390	Other Communication Services
	c, Gas, and Sanitary Services
910	Electric Services
920	Gas Production and Distribution
930	Combined Utility Services
940	Water Supply
950	Sanitary Services
960 970	Steam and Air Conditioning Supply Irrigation Systems
	ESALE TRADE
	sale Trade – Durable Goods
010	Motor Vehicles, Auto Parts, and
	Supplies
)20	Furniture and Home Furnishings
030	Lumber and Construction Materials
040	Professional and Commercial
050	Equipment
)50	Metals and Minerals, except Petroleum
060	Electrical Goods
070	Hardware, Plumbing, and Heating
	Equipment
080	Machinery, Equipment, and Supplies
090	Miscellaneous Durable Goods
	sale Trade – Nondurable Goods
110 120	Paper and Paper Products
	Drugs, Drug Proprietaries, and Sundries
130 140	Apparel, Piece Goods, and Notions Groceries and Related Products
150	Farm-Product Raw Materials
160	Chemicals and Allied Products
170	Petroleum and Petroleum Products
180	Beer, Wine, and Distilled Beverages
190	Miscellaneous Nondurable Goods
	- TRADE
ullair 210	ng Materials and Garden Supplies
230	Paint, Glass, and Wallpaper Stores
250	Hardware Stores
260	Retail Nurseries and Garden Stores
270	Mobile Home Dealers
	al Merchandise Stores
310	Department Stores
330 390	Variety Stores Miscellaneous General Merchan-
590	dise Stores
ood S	stores
410	Grocery Stores
120	Meat and Fish Markets
130	Fruit and Vegetable Markets
140	Candy, Nut, and Confectionery Stores
450	Dairy Products Stores
160	Retail Bakeries
190	Miscellaneous Food Stores
	otive Dealers and Service Stations
510 520	New and Used Car Dealers Used Car Dealers
520 530	Auto and Home Supply Stores
	Gasoline Service Stations

- 540 **Gasoline Service Stations**
- 5550 **Boat Dealers**
- Recreational Vehicle Dealers 560
- 570 Motorcycle Dealers
- 590 Automotive Dealers, not elsewhere classified
- Apparel and Accessory Stores
- 600 Apparel and Accessory Stores
- urniture and Home Furnishings Stores 5710 Furniture and Home Furnishings
 - Stores

5720 Household Appliance Stores 5730 Radio, TV, and Computer Stores **Eating and Drinking Places**

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- 5812 Eating Places
- 5813 Drinking Places
- **Miscellaneous Retail**
- 5910 Drug Stores and Proprietary Stores
- 5920
- Liquor Stores 5930
- Used Merchandise Stores 5941
- Sporting Goods and Bicycle Shops 5942 Book Stores
- 5943 Stationery Stores
- 5944 Jewelry Stores
- 5945 Hobby, Toy, and Game Shops 5946 Camera and Photographic Supply
- Stores 5947 Gift, Novelty, and Souvenir Shops
- Luggage and Leather Goods Stores 5948
- Sewing, Needlework, and Piece 5949
 - Goods Stores
- Catalog and Mail Order Houses 5961
- Merchandising Machine Operators Direct Selling Establishments 5962 5963
- 5983
 - Fuel Oil Dealers
- Liquefied Petroleum Gas Dealers 5984 5989 Fuel Dealers, not elsewhere classified
- 5992 Florists
- 5993 Tobacco Stores and Stands
- 5994 News Dealers and News Stands
- 5995 **Optical Goods Stores**
- Miscellaneous Retail Stores, not 5999 elsewhere classified

FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE

- 6000 **Depository Institutions**
- Nondepository Institutions Security and Commodity Brokers 6100 6200
- 6300 Insurance Carriers
- Insurance Agents, Brokers, and 6400 Service
- Real Estate Operators and Lessors 6510
- Real Estate Agents and Managers Title Abstract Offices 6530 6540
- 6550 Subdividers and Developers
- Holding and Other Investment 6700

Offices SERVICES

Hotels and Other Lodging Places

- Hotels and Motels 7010
- 7020 Rooming and Boarding Houses
- Camps and Recreational Vehicle 7030
- Parks 7040 Membership-Basis Organization Hotels

Personal Services

- Laundry, Cleaning, and Garment 7210 Services
- Photographic Studios, Portrait 7220
- 7230 Beauty Shops
- Barber Shops 7240
- Shoe Repair and Shoeshine 7250 Parlors
- 7260 Funeral Services and Crematories
- Tax Return Preparation Services 7291 Miscellaneous Personal Services,
- 7299 not elsewhere classified

Business Services

7310 Advertising

7379

- 7320 Credit Reporting and Collection
- 7330 Mailing, Reproduction, Stenographic
- 7342 Disinfecting and Pest Control
- 7349 Building Maintenance Services, not elsewhere classified
- 7350 Miscellaneous Equipment Rental and Leasing
- 7360 Personnel Supply Services
- Computer and Data Processing Services
- 7371 Computer Programming Services
- Prepackaged Software 7372
- 7373 Computer Integrated Systems
- Design 7374
- Data Processing and Preparation Information Retrieval Services 7375
- 7376 Computer Facilities Management
- 7377 Computer Rental and Leasing
- 7378 Computer Maintenance and Repair
 - **Computer Related Services**

	aneous Business Services
7381	Detective and Armored Car
	Services
7382	Security Systems Services
7383	News Syndicates
7384	Photo Finishing Laboratories
7389	Business Services, not elsewhere
	classified
Auto R	epair, Services, and Parking
7510	Automotive Rentals, No Drivers
7520	Automobile Parking
7530	Automotive Repair Shops
7540	Automotive Services, except
	Repair
Miscell	aneous Repair Services
7620	Electrical Repair Shops
7630	Watch, Clock, and Jewelry Repair
7640	Reupholstery and Furniture Repair
7690	Miscellaneous Repair Shops
Motion	Pictures
7810	Motion Picture Production and
	Services
7820	Motion Picture Distribution and
	Services
7830	Motion Picture Theaters
7840	Video Tape Rental
Amuse	ment and Recreational Services
7910	Dance Studios, Schools, and Halls
7920	Producers, Orchestras, Entertainers
7930	Bowling Centers
7940	Commercial Sports
7991	Physical Fitness Facilities
7992	Public Golf Courses
7993	Coin-Operated Amusement
	Devices
7996	Amusement Parks
7997	Membership Sports and
	Recreation Clubs
7999	Amusement and Recreation, not
	elsewhere classified
Health	Services
8010	Offices and Clinics of Medical
	Doctors
8020	Offices and Clinics of Dentists
8030	Offices of Osteopathic Physicians
8040	Offices of Other Health Practitio-
	ners
8050	Nursing and Personal Care
	Facilities
8060	Hospitals
8070	Medical and Dental Laboratories
8080	Home Health Care Services
8090	Health and Allied Services, not
	elsewhere classified
	Services
8100	Legal Services
8210	Elementary and Secondary
	Schools
8220	Colleges and Universities
8230	Libraries
8240	Vocational Schools
8290	Schools and Educational Services,
0000	not elsewhere classified
8320	Individual and Family Services
8330	Job Training and Related Services
8350 8390	Child Day Care Services Social Services, not elsewhere
0390	classified
8400	
0400	Museums, Botanical, and Zoological Gardens
8610	Business Associations
8620	Professional Organizations
8630	Labor Organizations
8640	Civic and Social Organizations
8650	Political Organizations
8660	Religious Organizations
8690	Membership Organizations, not
	elsewhere classified
8710	Engineering and Architectural
	Services
8720	Accounting, Auditing, and
	Bookkeeping
8730	Research and Testing Services
8740	Management and Public Relations
8900	Services, not elsewhere classified
PUBLIC	CADMINISTRATION
9100	Executive, Legislative, and
	General Government
9200	Justice, Public Order, and Safety

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Purpose of Form

Tax-exempt organizations and certain individual retirement arrangements (IRAs) or Medical Savings Accounts (MSAs) use Form 4T to report their unrelated business taxable income; to compute their Wisconsin franchise or income tax liability; and to figure their recycling surcharge.

Who Must File

- Organizations exempt from Wisconsin income taxation under sec. 71.26(1)(a) or 71.45(1), Wis. Stats., that have at least \$1,000 of gross income from an unrelated trade or business for federal income tax purposes, must file federal Form 990-T, and do business in Wisconsin.
- Organizations exempt from Wisconsin income taxation under sec. 71.26(1)(a) or 71.45(1), Wis. Stats., that are the sole owner of an LLC which is disregarded as a separate entity, have at least \$1,000 of gross income from an unrelated trade or business for federal income tax purposes, must file federal Form 990-T, and do business in Wisconsin.
- Trusts exempt from federal income tax under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) section 501(a) that have at least \$1,000 of gross income from an unrelated trade or business for federal income tax purposes, must file federal Form 990-T, and have income from Wisconsin sources, such as business transacted or property located in Wisconsin.
- IRAs and MSAs described in IRC sections 408(a) and 220(d) that have at least \$1,000 of gross income from an unrelated trade or business for federal income tax purposes, must file federal Form 990-T, and have income from Wisconsin sources, such as business transacted or property located in Wisconsin.

"Gross income" of a manufacturing, merchandising, or mining business is the total receipts or sales, less the cost of goods sold, plus the gross income from other sources that is includable in unrelated business taxable income.

Who Is Not Required to File

- Exempt organizations that aren't subject to tax on unrelated business taxable income under IRC section 511 and aren't required to file federal Form 990-T.
- Employe benefit plans established by an employer engaged in or affecting interstate commerce or by an employe organization that represents employes engaged in or affecting interstate commerce. This exception doesn't apply to government plans, church plans not electing under the vesting, etc., provisions, worker's compensation plans, non-U.S. plans primarily for nonresident aliens, and "excess benefit plans."
- The State of Wisconsin, including the University of Wisconsin System, or any county, village, school district, or other political unit of the State of Wisconsin.
- Credit unions.

Recycling Surcharge

The recycling surcharge applies to corporations and trusts with gross receipts from all unrelated trade or business activities of \$4 million dollars or more in a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2000. Corporations and trusts that must file Wisconsin franchise or income tax returns must pay the recycling surcharge, with certain exceptions.

The surcharge doesn't apply to:

• Corporations that have less than \$4,000,000 of gross receipts from all unrelated trade or business activities for federal income tax purposes.

"Gross receipts from all unrelated trade or business activities" includes gross receipts, gross sales, gross dividends, gross interest income, gross rents, gross royalties, the gross sales price from the disposition of capital and business assets, gross receipts passed through from other entities, and all other receipts that are included in unrelated business taxable income for federal income tax purposes (refer to section 2.32(2)(b) and (f), Wis.Adm.Code for further information).

- Trusts not engaged in farming with less than \$4,000,000 of gross receipts from all unrelated trade or business activities for federal income tax purposes.
- Trusts engaged solely in farming with no more than \$1,000,000 of gross receipts from farming for federal income tax purposes.
- Trusts engaged in both farming and other unrelated trade or business activities with less than \$4,000,000 of gross receipts from all nonfarm trade or business activities for federal income tax purposes and no more than \$1,000,000 of gross receipts from farming for federal income tax purposes.
- Trusts and IRAs whose entire unrelated business taxable income was passed through from partnerships, provided the partnerships paid any recycling surcharge due on the income.

For more information, see Publication 400, *Wisconsin's Recycling Surcharge*, which may be obtained from any Department of Revenue office.

How to Obtain Forms

If you need forms or publications, you may:

- call (608) 266-1961
- write to the Forms Request Office, Wisconsin Department of Revenue, P.O. Box 8903, Madison, WI 53708-8903
- use your fax telephone to call the department's Fax-A-Form Retrieval System at (608)261-6229
- download forms and publications from the department's Internet web site at www.dor.state.wi.us
- use the Tax Forms and Publications Request Form on the department's Internet web site
- call or visit any Department of Revenue office

How to Obtain Assistance

If you need help in preparing a corporation franchise or income tax return, you may:

- call (608) 266-2772 [TTY (608)267-1049]
- write to the Audit Bureau, Wisconsin Department of Revenue, P.O. Box 8906, Madison, WI 53708-8906
- send a FAX to (608)267-0834
- e-mail your question to corp@dor.state.wi.us
- call or visit any Department of Revenue office

Period Covered by Return

The return must cover the same period as the exempt organization's federal business income tax return, Form 990-T. A 2000 Wisconsin return must be filed by an exempt organization for calendar year 2000 or a fiscal year that begins in 2000. A fiscal year may end only on the last day of a month. The period covered by the return can't exceed 12 months.

However, exempt organizations reporting on a 52 to 53 week period for federal tax purposes must file on the same reporting period for Wisconsin. The Department of Revenue will consider the reporting period as ending on the last day of the month closest to the end of the 52 to 53 week period for purposes of due dates, extensions, and assessments of interest and penalties.

Change in Accounting Period

Any change in accounting period made for federal purposes must also be made for Wisconsin purposes. Attach to the Wisconsin return, for the first taxable year for which the change applies, a copy of the Internal Revenue Service's notice of approval of accounting period change if the IRS's approval is required or an explanation of the change if the IRS's approval isn't required.

Accounting Methods

In computing unrelated business taxable income, the method of accounting must be the same method used in computing federal unrelated business taxable income. However, if the method used for federal purposes isn't authorized under the Internal Revenue Code in effect for Wisconsin purposes, use a method authorized under the Internal Revenue Code in effect for Wisconsin.

Change in Accounting Method

A change in accounting method made for federal purposes must also be made for Wisconsin purposes, unless the change isn't authorized under the Internal Revenue Code in effect for Wisconsin. Adjustments required federally as a result of a change made while an exempt corporation is subject to Wisconsin taxation must also be made for Wisconsin purposes, except in the last year that an exempt corporation is subject to taxation by Wisconsin it must take into account all remaining adjustments required.

Attach to the Wisconsin return, for the first taxable year for which the change applies, either a copy of the application for change in accounting method filed with the Internal Revenue Service and a copy of the IRS's consent if the IRS's approval is required or an explanation of the change if the IRS's approval isn't required.

Elections

As explained above, an exempt corporation can't make different elections for federal and Wisconsin purposes with respect to accounting periods and accounting methods, unless the federal method isn't permitted under the Internal Revenue Code in effect for Wisconsin. In situations where an exempt organization has an option under the Internal Revenue Code and the IRS doesn't consider that option to be a method of accounting, a different election may be made for Wisconsin than that made for federal purposes. If federal law specifies the manner or time period in which an election must be made, those requirements also apply for Wisconsin purposes.

If a different election is made, an adjustment(s) is required on the Wisconsin return to account for the difference. Exempt organizations taxable as trusts enter such adjustments on Schedule V and/ or Schedule W. Exempt organizations taxable as corporations should account for such differences on Form 4T, line 1.

When to File

Generally, an exempt organization must file Form 4T by the 15th day of the 5th month following the close of its taxable year. However, an employes' trust defined in IRC section 401(a), an IRA, and an MSA must file Form 4T by the 15th day of the 4th month following the close of the taxable year. If a return is filed late, without an extension, the exempt organization may be subject to penalties and interest.

Caution: The due date for paying franchise or income tax and the recycling surcharge is explained below.

Extension of Time to File

If you are requesting an extension of time to file your federal income tax return, the following treatment applies:

- For exempt organizations taxable as corporations, any extension allowed by the Internal Revenue Service for filing the federal return automatically extends the Wisconsin due date to 30 days after the federal extended due date. *You don't need to submit either a copy of the federal extension or an application for a Wisconsin extension to the department by the original due date of your return.* However, you must attach a copy of the federal extension return that you file.
- For exempt organizations taxable as trusts, any extension allowed by the Internal Revenue Service for filing the federal return automatically extends the Wisconsin due date to the federal due date. You must attach a copy of the federal extension to the Wisconsin return that you file.

If you aren't requesting a federal extension, but you need additional time for Wisconsin, you may obtain a Wisconsin extension as follows:

- Exempt organizations taxable as corporations may request a 30-day extension by submitting Wisconsin Form IC-830, Application for Extension of Time to File, to the department on or before the original due date of the return.
- Exempt organizations taxable as trusts may obtain an extension allowable under federal law by (1) estimating their 2000 Wisconsin tax and paying the amount they will owe by the unextended due date of their return, and (2) attaching to Form

4T a completed copy of the appropriate federal extension application form or a statement explaining which federal extension provision is being used.

Where to File

Mail Form 4T to the Wisconsin Department of Revenue, P.O. Box 8908, Madison, WI 53708-8908. **Exception:** Send amended returns to P.O. Box 8991, Madison, WI 53708-8991.

When to Pay Franchise or Income Tax and Recycling Surcharge

The franchise or income tax and recycling surcharge must be paid by the 15th day of the 5th month (15th day of the 4th month for employes' trusts, IRAs, and MSAs) following the close of the taxable period, regardless of the due date of the return. Exempt organizations may be required to make quarterly estimated payments to prepay their franchise or income tax and recycling surcharge.

An extension for filing the return doesn't extend the time to pay the franchise or income tax and recycling surcharge. Interest will be charged on the tax and surcharge not paid by the original due date. You can avoid interest charges during the extension period by paying the tax and surcharge due by the original due date. Submit your payment with Wisconsin Form 4-ES, Corporation Estimated Tax Voucher.

During the extension period, 12% annual interest generally applies to the unpaid tax and surcharge. However, if the sum of the net tax and surcharge shown on the return is \$500 or more, 12% annual interest applies only to 10% of the net tax and surcharge. Interest of 18% per year applies to the remainder of the unpaid tax and surcharge. See Form 4U, Part II.

Payment of Estimated Franchise or Income Tax and Recycling Surcharge

Exempt organizations whose franchise or income tax due (including the recycling surcharge) is \$500 or more, generally must make quarterly estimated tax payments using Wisconsin Form 4-ES. Failure to make required estimated tax payments may result in an interest charge.

An exempt organization that overpaid its estimated tax may apply for a refund *before* filing its tax return if its overpayment is (1) at least 10% of the expected Wisconsin tax liability and (2) at least \$500. To apply, file Wisconsin Form 4466W, Corporation Application for Quick Refund of Overpayment of Estimated Tax, after the end of the taxable year and before the exempt organization files its tax return. **Do not** file Form 4466W at the same time as your tax return.

An exempt organization that has a tax due when filing its tax return as a result of receiving a "quick refund" will be charged 12% annual interest on the amount of unpaid tax from the date the refund is issued to the earlier of the 15th day of the 5th month (15th day of the 4th month for employes' trusts, IRAs, and MSAs) following the close of the taxable year or the date the tax liability is paid. Any tax that remains unpaid after the unextended due date of the tax return continues to be subject to 18% or 12% annual interest, as appropriate.

Information Returns That May Be Required

Form 9b Report of rents, royalties, and miscellaneous compensation paid to individuals. (Note: You may use federal Forms 1099 instead of Forms 9b. Mail Forms 9b or 1099 to the Wisconsin Department of Revenue, P.O. Box 8908, Madison, WI 53708-8908.)

If you must file federal information returns on magnetic media and you file at least 250 Forms 9b with Wisconsin, you generally must file Forms 9b on magnetic media. For more information, call (608) 267-3327 or write to the Office of Information Systems, Wisconsin Department of Revenue, P.O. Box 8903, Madison, WI 53708-8903.

Internal Revenue Service Adjustments

If an exempt organization's federal tax return is adjusted by the Internal Revenue Service and such adjustments affect the Wisconsin net tax payable, the amount of a Wisconsin credit, a Wisconsin net operating loss carryforward, or a Wisconsin capital loss carryforward, you must report such adjustments to the Department of Revenue within 90 days after they become final.

Send a copy of the final federal audit reports and any associated amended returns to the Wisconsin Department of Revenue, P.O. Box 8991, Madison, WI 53708-8991. If submitting a federal audit report without an amended return, mail it to the Audit Bureau, Wisconsin Department of Revenue, P.O. Box 8906, Madison, WI 53708-8906. Don't attach these items to the tax return for the current year.

Amended Returns

File an amended return to correct a tax return as you originally filed it or as it was later adjusted by an amended return, a claim for refund, or an office or field audit. If you file an amended federal return and the changes affect the Wisconsin net tax payable, the amount of a Wisconsin credit, a Wisconsin net operating loss carryforward, or a Wisconsin capital loss carryforward, you must file an amended Wisconsin return with the Department of Revenue within 90 days after filing the amended federal return.

To file an amended Wisconsin return, an exempt organization should use Form 4T, check the "amended return" box on the front of the return and print "AMENDED RETURN" at the top of the form. Attach to the amended return an explanation of the changes made and the reasons for the changes. Show computations in detail. If the change involves an item of income, deduction, or credit that you were required to support with a form or schedule on your original return, attach the corrected form or schedule. Also attach a worksheet showing how you figured your additional refund or additional amount owed.

You may file an amended return only after you have filed a complete original return. A claim for refund must be filed within 4 years of the unextended due date of the return. However, a claim for refund to recover all or part of any tax or credit paid as a result of an office or field audit must be filed within two years after such an assessment. That assessment must have been paid and must not have been protested by filing a petition for redetermination. Send amended returns to the Wisconsin Department of Revenue, P.O. Box 8991, Madison, WI 53708-8991. Don't attach amended returns to the tax return for the current year.

Wisconsin State, County, and Baseball and Football Stadium Use Tax

Exempt organizations that don't hold a Wisconsin Certificate of Exempt Status (CES#) and purchase taxable tangible personal property or taxable services for storage, use, or consumption in (1) Wisconsin, (2) a county that has adopted the 0.5% county tax, or (3) a county that is within the baseball stadium district (Milwaukee, Ozaukee, Racine, Washington, and Waukesha counties) or the football stadium district (Brown county) that has adopted the 0.1% baseball or 0.5% football stadium tax without payment of a state, county, and stadium sales or use tax may owe

Wisconsin state, county, and stadium use tax and be required to file a Wisconsin sales and use tax return. For more information or forms, call (608) 266-2776 or write to the Compliance Bureau, Wisconsin Department of Revenue, P.O. Box 8902, Madison, WI 53708-8902.

Penalties for Not Filing or Filing Incorrect Returns

If you don't file a Form 4T that you are required to file, or if you file an incorrect Form 4T due to negligence or fraud, interest and penalties may be assessed against you. The interest rate on delinquent taxes is 18% per year. Civil penalties may be as much as 100% of the amount of tax not reported on the return. Criminal penalties for filing a false return include a fine of up to \$10,000 and imprisonment.

Line-by-Line Instructions

You must complete page 1 of Form 4T and make appropriate entries in the schedules on page 2. (The numbering corresponds with the line numbers on Form 4T, page 1, unless otherwise indicated.)

Caution: The Internal Revenue Service hasn't finalized the 2000 federal Form 990-T at the time of this printing. Therefore, federal line numbers referred to on Form 4T and in these instructions may change.

Rounding Off to Whole Dollars

Cents may be rounded to the nearest whole dollar by eliminating amounts less than 50 cents and increasing amounts from 50 cents through 99 cents to the next higher dollar.

■ **Period Covered** – File the 2000 return for calendar year 2000 and fiscal years that begin in 2000. For a fiscal year, a 52-53 week period, or a short-period return, fill in the taxable year beginning and ending dates in the taxable year space at the top of the form.

■ Name and Address – If you received a mailing label with the exempt organization's name and address, place it in this area. Make any necessary corrections on the label.

If you didn't receive a label, print or type the exempt organization's name and address. Indicate a change in the organization's name or address from that shown on last year's Wisconsin return filed by checking the appropriate box.

■ A. Federal Employer Identification Number – Enter the exempt organization's federal employer identification number (EIN). If you haven't yet applied for a federal EIN, you may do so by filing federal Form SS-4 with the Internal Revenue Service. (Exempt organizations reporting federally to the Kansas City Service Center may obtain an EIN by calling (816) 926-5999.)

■ B. Seller's Permit or Use Tax Number – Enter the exempt organization's Wisconsin seller's permit, use tax, or consumer's use tax number, if applicable.

■ C. Wisconsin Employer Identification Number – Enter the exempt organization's Wisconsin employer identification (withholding) number.

■ D. Wisconsin Business Activity Code – Enter the exempt organization's Wisconsin business activity code from the table on the back of the front cover of this booklet. Don't enter the federal unrelated business activity code.

■ E. Type of Organization – Check the box that indicates how the organization will be taxed. Failure to check the proper box may result in the incorrect processing of your return.

■ F. Name of Trustee – Enter the name of the trustee if the organization is taxable as a trust.

■ G. State and Year of Incorporation – Enter the state under whose laws the exempt organization is organized and the year of incorporation (or creation).

■ H. First Return, Final Return, Short Period – Change in Accounting Period, and Short Period – Stock Purchase or Sale – If this is the first year that an exempt organization is filing a Wisconsin return because it wasn't in existence or didn't do business in Wisconsin in prior years, check the "First return" box. If the exempt organization ceased to exist or withdrew from Wisconsin during the year, check the "Final return" box. Indicate that a short period return is being filed due to a change in the exempt organization's accounting period or a stock purchase or sale by checking the appropriate box.

■ I. Amended Return – If this is an amended return, check the box. Circle the number in front of the line(s) that you are changing and attach a detailed explanation of the changes made, including any supporting form or schedule.

IMPORTANT – The Wisconsin unrelated business franchise and income tax law is federalized; that is, based on the federal Internal Revenue Code. Although federal unrelated business taxable income is indicated as the starting point on the Wisconsin return, Wisconsin unrelated business taxable income must be determined by using the Internal Revenue Code as amended to December 31, 1999 with certain exceptions.

Federal law changes enacted after December 31, 1999, generally won't apply for Wisconsin purposes unless subsequently adopted by the Wisconsin Legislature, except for depreciation and amortization as noted below.

For property placed in service in 2000, you may compute depreciation or amortization under the same method as for federal purposes. Otherwise, compute depreciation under the Internal Revenue Code as amended to December 31, 1999.

Note: An asset placed in service prior to January 1, 2000, must continue to be depreciated or amortized under the method allowable for Wisconsin purposes for the year in which it was placed in service.

Adjustments may be necessary to account for differences between amounts reportable for federal and Wisconsin purposes. Exempt organizations taxable as trusts must show these adjustments on Schedule V and/or Schedule W. Exempt organizations taxable as corporations should see the instructions for line 1 below.

CAUTION: Exempt organizations taxable as trusts must skip lines 1 through 10 and begin on line 11.

■ Line 1. Federal Unrelated Business Taxable Income – Exempt organizations taxable as corporations enter the amount from federal Form 990-T, line 34. This is federal unrelated business taxable income after the net operating loss deduction and special deductions. Addition and subtraction modifications generally aren't made for exempt organizations taxable as corporations.

Note: Show losses by putting the amount in parentheses.

Caution: If any changes to the Internal Revenue Code enacted after December 31, 1999, affect the computation of federal unrelated business taxable income but don't apply for Wisconsin purposes, recompute the amount on Form 990-T, line 34. Enter the recomputed unrelated business taxable income on Form 4T, line 1. Attach a schedule to Form 4T showing your computation.

■ Lines 2 through 7. Apportionment Data – If using the apportionment method, complete Wisconsin Form 4B and enter the amounts requested. See the instructions for Form 4B (page 10). If using the separate accounting method, don't complete lines 2 through 6. Instead, see the instructions for Separate Accounting Data (page 13) and enter the Wisconsin unrelated business taxable income on line 7.

Note: Exempt organizations whose federal unrelated business taxable income, reported on line 1 of Form 4T, is attributable to business engaged solely in Wisconsin, do not need to complete lines 2 through 6. Instead, enter the amount reported on line 1, on line 7.

■ Line 8. Gross Tax – Enter 7.9% of the Wisconsin unrelated business taxable income reported on line 7.

■ Line 9. Nonrefundable Credits – Complete Schedule X on page 2 of Form 4T, and enter the total available credit on Form 4T, line 9.

For purposes of determining the carryover (if any) of each credit, they must be applied against the gross tax in the following order:

- 1. Manufacturer's sales tax credit
- 2. Research expense credit
- 3. Development zones research credit
- 4. Research facilities credit
- 5. Community development finance credit
- 6. Development zones jobs credit
- 7. Development zones sales tax credit
- 8. Development zones investment credit
- 9. Development zones location credit
- 10. Development zones day care credit
- 11. Development zones environmental remediation credit
- 12. Development zones credit
- 13. Supplement to federal historic rehabilitation tax credit

Schedule X

Line 1. Manufacturer's Sales Tax Credit – Enter the available manufacturer's sales tax credit.

Exempt corporations that are engaged in manufacturing in Wisconsin as an unrelated trade or business activity may claim a credit for Wisconsin state, county, and baseball and football stadium sales and use tax paid on fuel and electricity consumed in manufacturing tangible personal property.

In addition, an exempt corporation that owns an interest in a passthrough entity, such as a partnership which is engaged in manufacturing in Wisconsin, may claim its share of the entity's manufacturer's sales tax credit computed for the entity's taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1998. The pass-through credit may be offset only against the tax imposed on the exempt corporation's share of the entity's net income.

Manufacturing has the meaning designated in sec. 77.54(6m), Wis. Stats., which states in part that "'manufacturing' is the production by machinery of a new article with a different form, use and name from existing materials by a process popularly regarded as manufacturing." The Wisconsin state (and county and baseball and football stadium, if applicable) sales or use tax must have been paid on fuel and electricity purchased for consumption in manufacturing in Wisconsin in the unrelated trade or business activity.

The credit is a nonrefundable credit, but to the extent not offset by the tax liability for the current year, may be offset against the tax liability of the subsequent year and each succeeding year for up to 15 years.

Page 6

For information on how to compute the credit, obtain the 2000 Wisconsin Form 4 and instructions. Figure the credit as explained in the instructions for Form 4, Schedule Z. However, the amounts that may be used to compute the credit must be from an unrelated trade or business activity. Attach to Form 4T a schedule similar to Form 4, Schedule Z (and Schedule Z-1, if applicable), showing how you computed the credit.

Line 2. Research Expense Credit – Complete Wisconsin Schedule R, Wisconsin Research Credits, and enter the credit from Schedule R, line 30.

Exempt corporations that increase qualified research expenses in Wisconsin as part of an unrelated trade or business activity may claim a credit.

Line 3. Research Facilities Credit – Complete Schedule R, Wisconsin Research Credits, and enter the credit from Schedule R, line 34.

Exempt corporations that incur expenses to construct and equip new research facilities in Wisconsin or to expand existing facilities in Wisconsin as part of an unrelated trade or business activity may claim a credit.

Line 4. Community Development Finance Credit – Enter the available community development finance credit.

Exempt corporations that make contributions to the Wisconsin Housing and Economic Development Authority and, in the same year, purchase common stock in the Wisconsin Community Development Finance Company as part of an unrelated trade or business activity may claim a credit.

The credit is nonrefundable and is equal to 75% of the purchase price of the stock, but may not exceed 75% of the amount that was contributed to the Wisconsin Community Development Finance Authority. Any unused credit may be offset against tax liabilities of subsequent years for up to 15 years.

Line 5. Development Zones Jobs Credit – Enter the development zones jobs credit carryover from Schedule DC, line 68.

Line 6. Development Zones Sales Tax Credit – Enter the development zones sales tax credit carryover from Schedule DC, line 71.

Line 7. Development Zones Investment Credit – Enter the development zones investment credit carryover from Schedule DC, line 74.

Line 8. Development Zones Research Credit – Enter the development zones research credit carryover from Schedule DC, line 58.

Line 9. Development Zones Location Credit – Enter the development zones location credit carryover from Schedule DC, line 77.

Line 10. Development Zones Day Care Credit – Enter the development zones day care credit carryover from Schedule DC, line 80.

Line 11. Development Zones Environmental Remediation Credit – Enter the development zones environmental remediation credit carryover from Schedule DC, line 83. *Line 12*. Development Zones Credit – Enter the development zones credit from Schedule DC, line 95.

A special tax credit, based on expenditures for environmental remediation and job creation or retention, may be available for exempt corporations doing business in Wisconsin development, development opportunity, or enterprise development zones. The Wisconsin Department of Commerce administers the Wisconsin development zones programs. For more information about the programs, write to the Division of Community Development, Wisconsin Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 7970, Madison, WI 53707-7970 or call (608) 266-3751.

Note: Each of these credits (items 1 through 12) must be included as income in the year computed. This is true whether the entire amount of the credits can be claimed during the taxable year or is carried forward to subsequent years.

For example, Exempt Entity A computes a manufacturer's sales tax credit in March 2001, while preparing its calendar year 2000 Form 4T. Part of the credit computed will be claimed on its 2000 Form 4T and used to reduce its tax liability to zero, while the remaining amount will be carried forward to subsequent years. Exempt Entity A must report as income on its 2000 Form 4T, the entire credit computed in March 2001, even though part of the credit is being carried forward to subsequent years.

Line 13. Supplement to Federal Historic Rehabilitation Tax Credit – Complete Wisconsin Schedule HR, Wisconsin Historic Rehabilitation Credits, and enter the credit from Schedule HR, line 7.

Exempt organizations that rehabilitate certified historic structures located in Wisconsin and used for unrelated trade or business purposes may claim a credit.

The State Historical Society of Wisconsin administers the historic preservation program. For more information about this program, write to the Division of Historic Preservation, State Historical Society of Wisconsin, 816 State Street, Madison, WI 53706-1488 or call (608) 264-6500.

Line 14. Add lines 1 through 13. This is the total available nonrefundable credits.

Line 10. Net Tax – Subtract line 9 from line 8. If line 9 is more than line 8, enter zero.

CAUTION: Exempt organizations taxable as corporations must skip lines 11 through 18 and go on to line 19.

■ Line 11. Federal Unrelated Business Taxable Income – Exempt organizations taxable as trusts enter the amount from federal Form 990-T, line 34. This is federal unrelated business taxable income after the net operating loss deduction and special deductions.

Note: Show losses by putting the amount in parentheses.

Caution: If any changes to the Internal Revenue Code enacted after December 31, 1999, affect the computation of federal unrelated business taxable income but don't apply for Wisconsin purposes, make adjustments on Schedule V and/or Schedule W, as appropriate, to account for the differences.

■ Line 12. Additions – Federal unrelated business taxable income on Form 4T, line 11, may include items that aren't deductible for Wisconsin tax purposes, or it may not include items that are taxable for Wisconsin tax purposes. Complete Schedule V, page 2, and enter the total.

Schedule V

Line 1. Enter interest income, less related expenses, received on state and municipal obligations that was excluded from federal unrelated business taxable income, except interest which is by law exempt from Wisconsin taxation (such as interest from obligations of the government of Puerto Rico). Enter only the state or municipal interest that is considered unrelated business taxable income.

Line 2. Enter the amount of taxes deducted from federal unrelated business taxable income under IRC section 164.

Line 3. If federal unrelated business taxable income includes capital gains and/or losses, complete Wisconsin Schedule WD (Form 2) to determine if an adjustment is necessary to arrive at Wisconsin unrelated business taxable income.

For example, an adjustment may be required because Wisconsin law limits deductions for net capital losses to \$500. You may obtain Wisconsin Schedule WD (Form 2) from any Department of Revenue office.

Line 4. Enter the amount of any federal net operating loss carryover.

Line 5. Enter any transitional adjustments required by sec. 71.05(13), Wis. Stats., to account for differences between the federal and Wisconsin bases of changing basis assets (those subject to depreciation or amortization). Attach a schedule showing the computation of each transitional adjustment made.

Line 6. Enter the development zones credit computed (from 2000 Schedule DC, line 3) to the extent that the amount isn't included in federal unrelated business taxable income.

Line 7. Enter the farmland preservation credit and farmland tax relief credit received during the taxable year that aren't included in federal unrelated business taxable income.

Line 8. Enter the sum of the trust's manufacturer's sales tax credit computed (from Schedule Z of Form 4) plus the credits passed through from other entities.

Line 9. Enter any other amount subject to Wisconsin taxation, less any amount allocable to it, which has been excluded or deducted in the computation of federal unrelated business taxable income.

■ Line 14. Subtractions – Federal unrelated business taxable income on Form 4T, line 11, may not include items that are deductible for Wisconsin tax purposes, or it may include items that

aren't taxable for Wisconsin tax purposes. Complete Schedule W, page 2, and enter the total.

Schedule W

Line 1. Enter interest and dividend income, less related expenses, received on obligations and certain securities of the United States government that was included in federal unrelated business taxable income and is exempt from state income taxation.

Line 2. If federal unrelated business taxable income includes capital gains and/or losses, complete Wisconsin Schedule WD (Form 2) to determine if an adjustment is necessary to arrive at Wisconsin unrelated business taxable income.

For example, an adjustment may be required because Wisconsin law allows an exclusion of 60% of the net capital gain from assets held more than one year. You may obtain Schedule WD (Form 2) from any Department of Revenue office.

Line 3. Enter the amount of any Wisconsin net operating loss carryforward. The Wisconsin net operating loss is the federal net operating loss plus or minus modifications required for Wisconsin tax purposes. Net operating losses from years before the exempt organization became subject to Wisconsin income taxation can't be included on line 3.

Line 4. Enter any transitional adjustment required by sec. 71.05(13), Wis. Stats., to account for differences between the federal and Wisconsin bases of changing basis assets (those subject to depreciation or amortization). Attach a schedule showing the computation of each transitional adjustment.

Line 5. Enter any amount not subject to Wisconsin taxation that was included in federal unrelated business taxable income or any deduction allowed for Wisconsin that wasn't deducted federally (such as development zones investment credit recaptured).

■ Line 16. Gross Tax – Figure the tax on the Wisconsin unrelated business taxable income on line 15 using the tax table that appears on pages 14 and 15.

■ Line 17. Nonrefundable Credits – Complete Schedule X, page 2, and enter the total available credit on Form 4T, line 17.

Schedule X

Caution: Don't enter amounts on Schedule X, lines 2 through 4. These credits are available only to exempt organizations taxable as corporations.

For purposes of determining the carryover (if any) of each credit, they must be applied against the gross tax in the following order:

- 1. Supplement to federal historic rehabilitation tax credit
- 2. Manufacturer's sales tax credit
- 3. Development zones jobs credit

- 4. Development zones sales tax credit
- 5. Development zones investment credit
- 6. Development zones research credit
- 7. Development zones location credit
- 8. Development zones day care credit
- 9. Development zones environmental remediation credit
- 10. Development zones credit

Line 1. Manufacturer's Sales Tax Credit – Enter the available manufacturer's sales tax credit.

Exempt organizations taxable as trusts that are engaged in manufacturing in Wisconsin as an unrelated trade or business activity may claim a credit for Wisconsin state, county, and baseball and football stadium sales and use tax paid on fuel and electricity consumed in manufacturing tangible personal property.

In addition, an exempt organization taxable as a trust that owns an interest in a pass-through entity, such as a partnership which is engaged in manufacturing in Wisconsin, may claim its share of the entity's manufacturer's sales tax credit computed for the entity's taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1998. The passthrough credit may be offset only against the tax imposed on the exempt organization's share of the entity's net income.

Manufacturing has the meaning designated in sec. 77.54(6m), Wis. Stats., which states in part that "'manufacturing' is the production by machinery of a new article with a different form, use and name from existing materials by a process popularly regarded as manufacturing." The Wisconsin state (and county and baseball and football stadium, if applicable) sales or use tax must have been paid on fuel and electricity purchased for consumption in manufacturing in Wisconsin in the unrelated trade or business activity.

The credit is a nonrefundable credit, but to the extent not offset by the tax liability for the current year, may be offset against the tax liability of the subsequent year and each succeeding year for up to 15 years.

For information on how to compute the credit, obtain Schedule MS, Manufacturers Sales Tax Credit for 2000. Figure the credit as explained in the instructions for Schedule MS. However, the amounts that may be used to compute the credit must be from an unrelated trade or business activity. Attach to Form 4T, Schedule MS showing how you computed the credit.

Line 5. Development Zones Jobs Credit – Enter the development zones jobs credit carryover from Schedule DC, line 13.

Line 6. Development Zones Sales Tax Credit – Enter the development zones sales tax credit carryover from Schedule DC, line 16.

Line 7. Development Zones Investment Credit – Enter the development zones investment credit carryover from Schedule DC, line 19.

Line 8. Development Zones Research Credit – Enter the development zones research credit carryover from Schedule DC, line 25.

Line 9. Development Zones Location Credit – Enter the development zones location credit carryover from Schedule DC, line 29.

Line 10. Development Zones Day Care Credit – Enter the development zones day care credit carryover from Schedule DC, line 32.

Line 11. Development Zones Environmental Remediation Credit – Enter the development zones environmental remediation credit carryover from Schedule DC, line 35.

Line 12. Development Zones Credit – Enter the development zones credit from Schedule DC, line 54.

A special tax credit, based on expenditures for environmental remediation and job creation or retention, may be available for exempt organizations taxable as trusts doing business in Wisconsin development, development opportunity, or enterprise development zones. The Wisconsin Department of Commerce administers the Wisconsin development zones programs. For more information about the programs, write to the Division of Community Development, Wisconsin Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 7970, Madison, WI 53707-7970 or call (608) 266-3751.

Note: Each of the above credits must be included as income in the year computed. This is true whether the entire amount of the credits can be claimed during the taxable year or is carried forward to subsequent years.

For example, Trust A computes a development zones credit in March 2001, while preparing its calendar year 2000 Form 4T. Part of the credit computed will be claimed on its 2000 Form 4T, while the remaining amount will be carried forward to subsequent years. Trust A must report as income on its 2000 Form 4T, the entire credit computed in March 2001, even though part of the credit is being carried forward to subsequent years.

Line 13. Supplement to Federal Historic Rehabilitation Tax Credit – Complete Wisconsin Schedule HR, Wisconsin Historic Rehabilitation Credits, and enter the credit from Schedule HR, line 7.

Exempt trusts that rehabilitate certified historic structures located in Wisconsin and used for unrelated trade or business purposes may claim a credit.

The State Historical Society of Wisconsin administers the historic preservation program. For more information about this program, write to the Division of Historic Preservation, State Historical Society of Wisconsin, 816 State Street, Madison, WI 53706-1488 or call (608) 264-6500.

Line 14. Add lines 1 and 5 through 13. This is the total available nonrefundable credits.

■ Line 18. Net Tax – Subtract line 17 from line 16. If line 17 is more than line 16, enter zero.

■ Line 19. Enter the amount from line 10 or line 18, as appropriate.

■ Line 20. Recycling Surcharge – Figure the surcharge as explained below.

Exempt organizations taxable as corporations:

Enter the greater of \$25 or 3% (.03) of the gross tax on line 8, but not more than \$9,800.

Note: The recycling surcharge does not apply to exempt organizations taxable as corporations that have less than \$4,000,000 of gross receipts from all unrelated trade or business activities for federal income tax purposes (as defined on page 1).

Exempt organizations taxable as trusts:

- If not engaged in farming, but with gross receipts from all unrelated trade or business activities for federal income tax purposes of \$4,000,000 or more, enter the greater of \$25 or 0.2% (.002) of the Wisconsin unrelated business taxable income on line 15, but not more than \$9,800.
- If engaged solely in farming with gross receipts from farming of more than \$1,000,000 for federal income tax purposes, enter \$25.
- If engaged in both farming and other unrelated trade or business activities and gross receipts from all unrelated trade or business activities for federal income tax purposes are \$4,000,000 or more, or gross receipts from farming for federal income tax purpose is more than \$1,000,000, enter the **sum** of (1) the greater of \$25 or 0.2% (.002) of the Wisconsin nonfarm unrelated business taxable income on line 15, but not more than \$9,800, and (2) \$25, if the gross receipts from farming for federal income tax purposes is more than \$1,000,000.

■ Line 22. Estimated Tax Payments – Enter estimated tax payments made or overpayments applied from a prior year's return. Subtract any "quick refund" applied for on Form 4466W.

Amended Return: If this is an amended return, enter the tax and recycling surcharge previously paid.

■ Line 23. Refundable Credits – Complete Schedule Y on page 2 of Form 4T, and enter the total available credit.

Schedule Y

Note: *Exempt organizations taxable as corporations don't enter an amount on Schedule Y, line 3. This credit is available only to exempt organizations taxable as trusts.*

Line 1. Farmland Preservation Credit – Complete Wisconsin Schedule FC, Wisconsin Farmland Preservation Credit Claim, and enter the credit from Schedule FC, line 16.

Exempt corporations organized under the laws of Wisconsin and Wisconsin resident trusts that own and operate Wisconsin farmland subject to agricultural use restrictions in the form of a zoning ordinance or a farmland preservation agreement, as provided in Chapter 91, Wis. Stats., may claim a credit.

Line 2. Farmland Tax Relief Credit – Complete Wisconsin Schedule FT, Wisconsin Farmland Tax Relief Credit, and enter the credit from Schedule FT, line 6.

Exempt corporations organized under the laws of Wisconsin and Wisconsin resident trusts that own farmland located in Wisconsin may claim a credit.

Note: The farmland credits must be included in income in the year of receipt.

Line 3. Net Income Tax Paid to Other States – Wisconsin resident trusts may claim a credit for income tax paid to another state or the District of Columbia, subject to the following requirements.

a. The income taxed by the other state must be included in Wisconsin unrelated business taxable income.

b. The credit claimed must be for the net amount of tax paid to the other state. (This may be more or less than the amount paid as estimated tax.)

c. The amount of credit may not exceed the amount of Wisconsin tax shown on line 18.

d. A copy of the other state's tax return must be submitted with Form 4T.

Line 4. Add lines 1 through 3. This is the total available refundable credits.

■ Line 25. Interest, Penalty, and Late Fee Due – Enter any interest, penalty, and late fee due from Form 4U, line 17 or 26.

Amended Return – Refund Claimed: If you previously were assessed interest for underpayment of estimated taxes, complete an amended Form 4U, Part I, based on the amount shown on line 19 and 20. Enter the difference between the underpayment interest from the amended Form 4U, line 17, and the amount you previously paid on line 25. Show an overpayment in parentheses. Attach Form 4U to your amended return. Otherwise, leave line 25 blank. The department will compute interest on the amount of refund approved.

Amended Return – Additional Amount Owed: Use the worksheet included in the Form 4 or 5 instructions to calculate the interest owed. **Caution:** Additional calculations may be required if your original return previously was amended or adjusted by the Department. Otherwise, the department will compute the interest on the tax owed.

■ Line 26. Tax Due – If the total of lines 21 and 25 is larger than line 24, enter the amount owed. Attach your check to the front of Form 4T.

■ Line 27. Overpayment – If line 24 is larger than the total of lines 21 and 25, enter the overpayment.

■ Line 28. 2001 Estimated Tax – Enter the amount of any overpayment on line 27 that is to be credited to the exempt organization's 2001 estimated tax. The balance of any overpayment will be refunded.

Amended Return: If you have already filed your 2001 return, enter the overpayment you claimed as a credit on your 2001 return from your previously filed original or amended 2000 return. Otherwise, you may allocate the overpayment from line 27 between line 28 and line 29 as you choose.

■ Line 30. Total Gross Receipts – Enter the "gross receipts from all unrelated trade or business activities" as that phrase is defined on page 1 of these instructions.

■ Additional Information Required – Answer questions 1 through 6 on the back of Form 4T.

■ Signatures – An officer or trustee of the exempt organization must sign the form at the bottom of page 1. If the return is prepared by someone other than an employe of the exempt organization, the individual who prepared the return must sign the form, by hand, in the space provided for the preparer's signature and furnish the preparing firm's federal employer identification number. A self-employed individual must enter "SSN" and his or her social security number in the space for the preparer's federal employer identification number.

■ Attachments – Attach a copy of each of the following documents:

- Your federal Form 990-T with all supporting schedules.
- Any other required Wisconsin forms, schedules, or statements. Include a list of your solely owned LLCs.
- Any extension of time to file your return.

Amended Return: If this is an amended return, attach an explanation of the changes made and the reasons for the changes. Also attach a worksheet showing how you figured your additional refund or additional amount owed. Send the amended return to the Wisconsin Department of Revenue, P.O. Box 8991, Madison, WI 53708-8991.

Form 4B – Apportionment Data

What Is Apportionment

Under the apportionment method, an exempt organization shows all income and deductions from unrelated trade or business activities for the organization as a whole and then assigns a part to Wisconsin according to a formula that determines Wisconsin unrelated business taxable income.

Who Must Use Apportionment

An exempt organization engaged in unrelated trade or business activities in and outside Wisconsin is required to report a portion of its total organization unrelated business taxable income to Wisconsin using the apportionment method if its Wisconsin operations are a part of a unitary business, unless the department gives permission to use separate accounting. To use the apportionment method, an exempt organization must have unrelated trade or business activity sufficient to create nexus in Wisconsin and at least one other state or foreign country.

"Nexus" means that an exempt organization's unrelated trade or business activity is of such a degree that the state or foreign country has jurisdiction to impose an income tax or franchise tax measured by net income. Under Public Law 86-272, a state can't impose an income tax or franchise tax based on net income on an exempt organization selling tangible personal property if the exempt organization's only activity in the state is the solicitation of orders, which orders are approved outside the state and are filled by delivery from a point outside the state.

What Is a Unitary Business

A unitary business is one that operates as a unit and can't be segregated into independently operating divisions or branches. The operations are integrated, and each division or branch is dependent upon or contributory to the operation of the business as a whole. It isn't necessary that each division or branch operating in Wisconsin contribute to the activities of all divisions or branches outside Wisconsin.

What Is Nonapportionable Unrelated Business Taxable Income

Nonapportionable unrelated business taxable income is that income which is allocable directly to a particular state. It includes income or loss derived from the sale of nonbusiness real or tangible personal property or from rentals and royalties from nonbusiness real or tangible personal property in regard to an unrelated trade or business activity. This income is assigned to the state where the property is located.

Total nonapportionable unrelated business taxable income (loss) is removed from total organization unrelated business taxable income before the apportionment percentage is applied. The Wisconsin nonapportionable unrelated business taxable income (loss) is then combined with the Wisconsin apportionable unrelated business taxable income to arrive at Wisconsin unrelated business taxable income.

What Is the Apportionment Percentage

For unitary, multistate, exempt organizations, the apportionment percentage is determined by the weighted average of the following three ratios:

- 1. Wisconsin tangible property to total organization tangible property in regard to unrelated trade or business activities.
- 2. Wisconsin payroll to total organization payroll in regard to unrelated trade or business activities.
- 3. Wisconsin sales to total organization sales from unrelated trade or business activities. (This ratio is double-weighted.)

Line-by-Line Instructions for Form 4B

Note: Enter amounts on Form 4B relating only to the exempt organization's unrelated trade or business activities. "Total company" refers to the unrelated trade or business activities of the entire exempt organization.

■ Line 1. Enter all profits and losses from disposals of nonbusiness tangible property in the appropriate column or columns. Such profits and losses are nonapportionable and follow the situs of the property.

■ Line 2. Enter rents and royalties received on nonbusiness tangible property in the appropriate column or columns. These are nonapportionable and follow the situs of the property.

■ Line 3. Enter any expenses that are directly or indirectly related to rents and royalties reported on line 2. Since such income is nonapportionable, the related expenses are nonapportionable.

■ Line 5. Enter the total net nonapportionable unrelated business taxable income or loss for both Wisconsin and the total company. Also, enter on Form 4T, line 2, the total company net nonapportionable unrelated business taxable income. Enter on Form 4T, line 6, the Wisconsin net nonapportionable unrelated business taxable income.

■ Lines 6 through 13. Enter the undepreciated original cost of tangible property owned and used in producing apportionable unrelated business taxable income at the beginning and at the end of the taxable year. Group the property into the general categories listed for both Wisconsin and the total company.

Don't include construction in progress, idle property, property used in producing nonapportionable unrelated business taxable income or any other property not used in producing apportionable unrelated business taxable income. Since such property isn't used in the production of apportionable unrelated business taxable income, it isn't includable in the property factor.

Note: If any major acquisitions or dispositions occurred within the taxable year, the average monthly balances of property may be used (or required by the department) instead of the average of the beginning and ending balance. In this case, attach a separate schedule showing the calculation rather than completing lines 6 through 13.

■ Line 14. Add lines 13a and 13b for Wisconsin property and for total company property, and divide each of these totals by 2. This is the average owned property for Wisconsin and the total company.

■ Line 15. Multiply the net annual rental for property used in the production of apportionable unrelated business taxable income by 8 and enter the result. "Net annual rental" is the annual rental paid less any annual rental received from subrentals unless this results in a negative or clearly inaccurate valuation. Net annual rental doesn't include incidental day-to-day expenses such as hotel or motel accommodations, daily rentals of autos, or royalties based on extraction of natural resources. If the taxable year covers a period of less than 12 months, the net rent paid for the short period must be annualized. However, if the rental term is for less than 12 months, the rent must be adjusted accordingly.

Leases are given the same treatment in computing the property factor as they are in computing unrelated business taxable income. Leases that have been capitalized in computing unrelated business taxable income are included as property owned and used for property factor purposes. All other lease payments are included in the rentals times 8 computation.

■ Line 16. Enter the total Wisconsin and total company property. Divide the Wisconsin property by the total company property and enter the percentage.

■ Line 17. Enter, for Wisconsin and the total company, the compensation paid to the company's own employes for the performance of personal services. The compensation must be related to the production of apportionable unrelated business taxable income. Compensation related to the operation, maintenance, protection, or supervision of property used in the production of both apportionable and nonapportionable unrelated business taxable income or losses must be prorated, and only the portion related to the production of apportionable unrelated business taxable income is included for Wisconsin and the total company. Compensation includes wages, salaries, commissions, and any other form of remuneration paid to employes.

Compensation is paid in Wisconsin (included in the numerator of the payroll factor) if -

- The individual's service is performed entirely in Wisconsin.
- The individual's service is performed in and outside Wisconsin, but the service performed outside Wisconsin is incidental to the individual's service in Wisconsin.
- A portion of the service is performed in Wisconsin and the base of operations of the individual is in Wisconsin.
- A portion of the service is performed in Wisconsin and, if there is no base of operations, the place from which the individual's service is directed or controlled is in Wisconsin.
- A portion of the service is performed in Wisconsin and neither the base of operations of the individual nor the place from which the service is directed or controlled is in any state in which some part of the service is performed, but the individual's residence is in Wisconsin.
- The individual is neither a resident of nor performs services in Wisconsin but is directed or controlled from an office in Wisconsin and returns to Wisconsin periodically for business purposes and the state in which the individual resides doesn't have jurisdiction to impose franchise or income taxes on the employer.

An individual is considered to be performing a service in Wisconsin during the year if that individual spends any portion of at least 5 days during the exempt organization's taxable year in Wisconsin performing services.

Line-by-Line Instructions (continued)

■ Line 18. Enter management or service fees paid to a related corporation for the performance of personal services. The fees must be related to the production of apportionable unrelated business taxable income. Payments made to independent contractors aren't includable.

■ Line 19. Enter the total Wisconsin and total company payroll. Divide the Wisconsin payroll by the total company payroll and enter the percentage.

■ Lines 20 through 25. For purposes of the sales factor, sales include, but aren't limited to, the following items related to the production of unrelated business taxable income:

- Gross receipts from the sale of inventory.
- · Gross receipts from the operation of farms, mines, and quarries.
- Gross receipts from the sale of scrap or by-products.
- Gross commissions.
- Gross receipts from personal and other services.
- Gross rents from real property or tangible personal property.
- Interest on trade accounts and trade notes receivable.
- A partner's share of the partnership's gross receipts or a member's share of the limited liability company's gross receipts.
- Gross management fees.
- Gross royalties from income producing activities.
- Gross franchise fees from income producing activities.

"Gross receipts" means gross sales less returns and allowances, plus service charges, freight, carrying charges, or time-price differential charges incidental to the sales. Federal and state excise taxes, including sales and use taxes, are included as part of the receipts if the taxes are passed on to the buyer or included as part of the selling price of the product.

The following items are among those not included for sales factor purposes:

- Gross receipts and gain or loss from the sale of tangible business assets, except receipts from the sale of inventory, scrap, or by-products or from the operation of a farm, mine, or quarry.
- Gross receipts and gain or loss from the sale of nonbusiness real or tangible personal property.
- Gross rents and rental income or loss from real property or tangible personal property if that real property or tangible personal property isn't used in the production of unrelated business taxable income.
- Royalties from nonbusiness real property or nonbusiness tangible personal property.
- Proceeds and gain or loss from the redemption of securities.
- Interest, except interest on trade accounts and trade notes receivable, and dividends.

- Gross receipts and gain or loss from the sale of intangible assets, except inventory.
- Dividends deductible in determining unrelated business taxable income.
- Gross receipts and gain or loss from the sale of securities.
- Proceeds and gain or loss from the sale of receivables.
- Refunds, rebates, and recoveries of amounts previously expended or deducted.
- Foreign exchange gain or loss.
- Royalties and income from passive investments in patents, copyrights, trademarks, trade names, plans, specifications, blueprints, processes, techniques, formulas, designs, layouts, patterns, drawings, manuals, and technical know-how.
- · Pari-mutuel wager winnings and purses.
- Other items not includable in apportionable unrelated business taxable income.

Enter on lines 20a and 20b the appropriate Wisconsin destination sales. Gross receipts from the sales of tangible personal property (except sales to the federal government) are Wisconsin sales if the property is delivered or shipped to a purchaser in Wisconsin. Sales of tangible personal property picked up by the purchaser, or the purchaser's agent, at the seller's Wisconsin business location and immediately transported to the purchaser's out-of-state business location aren't Wisconsin sales. However, if the seller doesn't have nexus with the state in which the purchaser's business is located, the sales are "thrown back" to Wisconsin as discussed later. Wisconsin sales include sales of tangible personal property that are picked up by the purchaser, or the purchaser's agent, at the seller's out-of-state business location and immediately transported to the purchaser's Wisconsin business location.

Enter on line 21a sales of tangible personal property delivered to the federal government, including its agencies and instrumentalities, in Wisconsin if the property is shipped from an office, store, warehouse, factory, or other place of storage in Wisconsin. Sales to federal government locations in Wisconsin, which are shipped from an office, store, warehouse, factory, or other place of storage outside Wisconsin, aren't Wisconsin sales.

Enter on line 21b sales of tangible personal property delivered to the federal government, including its agencies and instrumentalities, outside Wisconsin if the property is shipped from an office, store, warehouse, factory, or other place of storage in Wisconsin and the seller doesn't have nexus in the destination state. These sales are included in the numerator of the sales factor at 50%.

Enter on line 21c sales, other than sales to the federal government, that are "thrown back" to Wisconsin. These are sales of tangible personal property shipped from an office, store, warehouse, factory, or other place of storage in Wisconsin to a state in which the seller doesn't have nexus. "Throwback" sales are included in the numerator of the sales factor at 50%.

Enter on line 22 the "double throwback" sales. These are sales, other than sales to the federal government, of tangible personal property by an office in Wisconsin to a purchaser in another state,

but not shipped or delivered from Wisconsin, if the taxpayer doesn't have nexus in (1) the state from which the property is delivered or shipped, or (2) the destination state. "Double throw-back" sales are included in the numerator of the sales factor at 50%.

Note: For purposes of throwback sales and double throwback sales, "state" means any state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and any territory or possession of the United States. A foreign country isn't a state.

Enter on line 23 the total sales for Wisconsin (sum of lines 20a through 22) and the total company.

Enter on line 24, for both Wisconsin and the total company, gross receipts of apportionable unrelated business taxable income, other than sales of tangible personal property, that are includable in the sales factor.

Gross receipts are attributable to Wisconsin if the income producing activity that gives rise to the receipts is performed in Wisconsin. If the income producing activity is performed partly in and partly outside Wisconsin, assign receipts to Wisconsin based on the ratio of direct costs of performing the services in Wisconsin to the direct costs of performing the services in all states having jurisdiction to tax the business.

■ Line 26. Divide the Wisconsin amount on line 25 by the total company amount on line 25 and enter the sales percentage on line 26. Also multiply the percentage by 2, as indicated, and enter the double-weighted sales percentage.

■ Line 28. Divide the percentage on line 27 by 4 and enter the resulting percentage here and on Form 4T, line 4.

Don't divide the percentage on line 27 by 4 if a factor has been eliminated. A factor may be eliminated if it isn't employed to any

appreciable extent in producing apportionable unrelated business taxable income. If a factor is omitted, the total must be divided by no more than the number of factors used. If either the property or payroll factor is omitted, divide by 3. If the sales factor is omitted, divide by 2. Don't omit a factor simply because it isn't employed in Wisconsin.

■ Lines 29 through 33. Businesses whose incomes are apportioned by special rules of the department must complete these lines. For more information, contact any Department of Revenue office.

Form 4C – Separate Accounting Data

Who Must Use

An exempt organization engaged in a nonunitary unrelated trade or business in and outside Wisconsin is required to determine the amount of unrelated business taxable income attributable to Wisconsin by separate accounting. A nonunitary business is one in which the operations in Wisconsin aren't dependent upon or contributory to the operations outside Wisconsin.

A unitary business may use separate accounting only with the approval of the department. An application for such approval must set forth, in detail, the reasons why separate accounting will more clearly reflect the exempt organization's Wisconsin unrelated business taxable income. It should be mailed to the Wisconsin Department of Revenue, P.O. Box 8906, Madison, WI 53708-8906 before the end of the taxable year for which the use of separate accounting is desired.

An exempt organization that uses separate accounting must complete a schedule similar to Form 4C showing the unrelated business taxable income attributable to Wisconsin. Form 4C may be obtained from any Department of Revenue office.

Page 14

2000 Tax Table for Trusts

If Line 15 but			If Line 15 but			If Line 15 but			If Line '	15 but		If Line		
is at	less	Gross	is at	less	Gross	is at	less	Gross	is at	less	Gross	is at	15 but less	Gross
least	than	tax is	least	than	tax is	least	than	tax is	least	than	tax is	least	than	tax is
			0.750	0.000	101	0.500	0.000	240	40 500	40.000	070	40 500	40.000	4.050
			2,750 2,800	2,800 2,850	131 134	6,500 6,600	6,600 6,700	310 315	12,500 12,600	12,600 12,700	670 676	18,500 18,600	18,600 18,700	1,056 1,063
			2,850	2,900	134	6,700	6,800	319	12,700	12,800	682	18,700	18,800	1,069
			2,900	2,950	138	6,800	6,900	324	12,800	12,900	689	18,800	18,900	1,076
0	10	0	2,950	3,000	141	6,900	7,000	329	12,900	13,000	695	18,900	19,000	1,082
10	50	1	3,000	3,050	143	7,000	7,100	333	13,000	13,100	701	19,000	19,100	1,089
50	100	4	3,050	3,100	145	7,100	7,200	338	13,100	13,200	708	19,100	19,200	1,095
100	150	6	3,100	3,150	148	7,200	7,300	343	13,200	13,300	714	19,200	19,300	1,102
150	200	8	3,150	3,200	150	7,300	7,400	348	13,300	13,400	720	19,300	19,400	1,108
200	250	11	3,200	3,250	153	7,400	7,500	352	13,400	13,500	727	19,400	19,500	1,115
250	300	13	3,250	3,300	155	7,500	7,600	357	13,500	13,600	733	19,500	19,600	1,122
300	350	15	3,300	3,350	157	7,600	7,700	362	13,600	13,700	739	19,600	19,700	1,128
350	400	18	3,350	3,400	160	7,700	7,800	367	13,700	13,800	746	19,700	19,800	1,135
400	450	20	3,400	3,450	162	7,800	7,900	372	13,800	13,900	752	19,800	19,900	1,141
450	500	22	3,450	3,500	164	7,900	8,000	379	13,900	14,000	758	19,900	20,000	1,148
500	550	25	3,500	3,550	167	8,000	8,100	385	14,000	14,100	765	20,000	20,100	1,154
550 600	600 650	27 30	3,550 3,600	3,600 3,650	169 171	8,100 8,200	8,200 8,300	391 398	14,100 14,200	14,200 14,300	771 777	20,100 20,200	20,200 20,300	1,161 1,167
650	700	30	3,650	3,850	174	8,300	8,300	398 404	14,200	14,300	784	20,200	20,300	1,174
700	750	34	3,700	3,750	176	8,400	8,500	410	14,400	14,500	790	20,400	20,500	1,181
750	800	37	3,750	3,800	179	8,500	8,600	417	14.500	14,600	796	20,500	20,600	1,187
800	850	39	3,800	3,850	181	8,600	8,700	423	14,600	14,700	803	20,600	20,700	1,194
850	900	41	3,850	3,900	183	8,700	8,800	429	14,700	14,800	809	20,700	20,800	1,200
900	950	44	3,900	3,950	186	8,800	8,900	436	14,800	14,900	815	20,800	20,900	1,207
950	1,000	46	3,950	4,000	188	8,900	9,000	442	14,900	15,000	822	20,900	21,000	1,213
1,000	1,050	48	4,000	4,050	190	9,000	9,100	448	15,000	15,100	828	21,000	21,100	1,220
1,050	1,100	51	4,050	4,100	193	9,100	9,200	455	15,100	15,200	834	21,100	21,200	1,226
1,100	1,150	53	4,100	4,150	195	9,200	9,300	461	15,200	15,300	841	21,200	21,300	1,233
1,150	1,200	56	4,150	4,200	197	9,300	9,400	467	15,300	15,400	847	21,300	21,400	1,239
1,200	1,250	58	4,200	4,250	200	9,400	9,500	474	15,400	15,500	853	21,400	21,500	1,246
1,250	1,300	60	4,250	4,300	202	9,500	9,600	480	15,500	15,600	860	21,500	21,600	1,253
1,300	1,350	63	4,300	4,350	205	9,600	9,700	486	15,600	15,700	866	21,600	21,700	1,259
1,350	1,400	65	4,350	4,400	207	9,700	9,800	493	15,700	15,800	873	21,700	21,800	1,266
1,400 1,450	1,450 1,500	67 70	4,400 4,450	4,450 4,500	209 212	9,800 9,900	9,900 10,000	499 505	15,800 15,900	15,900 16,000	879 886	21,800 21,900	21,900 22,000	1,272 1,279
4 500	4 550	72	4,500	4 550	214	10,000	10,100	512	16.000	16.100	892	22,000	22 400	1 005
1,500 1,550	1,550 1,600	72	4,500	4,550 4,600	214	10,000	10,100	512 518	16,000	16,100	892 899	22,000	22,100 22,200	1,285 1,292
1,600	1,650	77	4,600	4,650	210	10,100	10,200	524	16,200	16,300	905	22,200	22,200	1,298
1,650	1,700	79	4,650	4,700	221	10,300	10,400	531	16,300	16,400	912	22,300	22,400	1,305
1,700	1,750	82	4,700	4,750	223	10,400	10,500	537	16,400	16,500	919	22,400	22,500	1,312
1,750	1,800	84	4,750	4,800	226	10,500	10,600	543	16,500	16,600	925	22,500	22,600	1,318
1,800	1,850	86	4,800	4,850	228	10,600	10,700	550	16,600	16,700	932	22,600	22,700	1,325
1,850	1,900	89	4,850	4,900	231	10,700	10,800	556	16,700	16,800	938	22,700	22,800	1,331
1,900	1,950	91	4,900	4,950	233	10,800	10,900	562	16,800	16,900	945	22,800	22,900	1,338
1,950	2,000	93	4,950	5,000	235	10,900	11,000	568	16,900	17,000	951	22,900	23,000	1,344
2,000	2,050	96	5,000	5,100	239	11,000	11,100	575	17,000	17,100	958	23,000	23,100	1,351
2,050	2,100	98	5,100	5,200	244	11,100	11,200	581	17,100	17,200	964	23,100	23,200	1,357
2,100	2,150	101	5,200	5,300	248	11,200	11,300	587	17,200	17,300	971	23,200	23,300	1,364
2,150	2,200	103	5,300 5,400	5,400	253	11,300	11,400	594 600	17,300	17,400	977 984	23,300	23,400	1,370 1,377
2,200	2,250	105		5,500	258	11,400	11,500		17,400	17,500		23,400	23,500	
2,250	2,300	108	5,500	5,600	263	11,500	11,600	606	17,500	17,600	991	23,500	23,600	1,384
2,300	2,350	110	5,600	5,700	267	11,600	11,700	613	17,600	17,700	997	23,600	23,700	1,390
2,350	2,400	112	5,700 5,800	5,800 5,900	272	11,700 11,800	11,800	619 625	17,700 17,800	17,800 17,900	1,004	23,700 23,800	23,800 23,900	1,397
2,400 2,450	2,450 2,500	115 117	5,800	5,900 6,000	277 281	11,800	11,900 12,000	625 632	17,800	17,900	1,010 1,017	23,800	23,900 24,000	1,403 1,410
2,500 2,550	2,550 2,600	119 122	6,000 6,100	6,100 6,200	286 291	12,000 12,100	12,100 12,200	638 644	18,000 18,100	18,100 18,200	1,023 1,030	24,000 24,100	24,100 24,200	1,416 1,423
2,550	2,600	122	6,200	6,300	291	12,100	12,200	651	18,200	18,300	1,030	24,100	24,200	1,423
2,650	2,700	127	6,300	6,400	300	12,300	12,400	657	18,300	18,400	1,043	24,300	24,400	1,436
2,700	2,750	129	6,400	6,500	305	12,400	12,500	663	18,400	18,500	1,050	24,400	24,500	1,443
			I			I			I			I		

2000 Tax Table for Trusts (Cont'd.)

If Line 15 but		If Line 15 but				If Line 15 but			If Line			If Line 15 but		
is at least	less than	Gross tax is	is at least	less than	Gross tax is									
24,500	24,600	1,449	30,500	30,600	1,842	36,500	36,600	2,235	42,500	42,600	2,628	48,500	48,600	3,021
24,600	24,700	1,456	30,600	30,700	1,849	36,600	36,700	2,242	42,600	42,700	2,635	48,600	48,700	3,028
24,700 24,800	24,800 24,900	1,462 1,469	30,700 30,800	30,800 30,900	1,855 1,862	36,700 36,800	36,800 36,900	2,248 2,255	42,700 42,800	42,800 42,900	2,641 2,648	48,700 48,800	48,800 48,900	3,034 3,041
24,800 24,900	24,900	1,409	30,900	31,000	1,868	36,900	37,000	2,261	42,900	42,900	2,654	48,900	49,000	3,041
25,000 25,100	25,100 25,200	1,482 1,488	31,000 31,100	31,100 31,200	1,875 1,881	37,000 37,100	37,100 37,200	2,268 2,274	43,000 43,100	43,100 43,200	2,661 2,667	49,000 49,100	49,100 49,200	3,054 3,060
25,200	25,300	1,495	31,200	31,300	1,888	37,200	37,300	2,281	43,200	43,300	2,674	49,200	49,300	3,067
25,300 25,400	25,400 25,500	1,501 1,508	31,300 31,400	31,400 31,500	1,894 1,901	37,300 37,400	37,400 37,500	2,287 2,294	43,300 43,400	43,400 43,500	2,680 2,687	49,300 49,400	49,400 49,500	3,073 3,080
25,500	25,600	1,515	31,500	31,600	1,908	37,500	37,600	2,301	43,500	43,600	2,694	49,500	49,600	3,087
25,600	25,700	1,521	31,600	31,700	1,914	37,600	37,700	2,307	43,600	43,700	2,700	49,600	49,700	3,093
25,700 25,800	25,800 25,900	1,528 1,534	31,700 31,800	31,800 31,900	1,921 1,927	37,700 37,800	37,800 37,900	2,314 2,320	43,700 43,800	43,800 43,900	2,707 2,713	49,700 49,800	49,800 49,900	3,100 3,106
25,900	26,000	1,541	31,900	32,000	1,934	37,900	38,000	2,327	43,900	44,000	2,720	49,900	50,000	3,113
26,000 26,100	26,100 26,200	1,547 1,554	32,000 32,100	32,100 32,200	1,940 1,947	38,000 38,100	38,100 38,200	2,333 2,340	44,000 44,100	44,100 44,200	2,726 2,733	50,000	116,891	3,116
26,200	26,300	1,560	32,200	32,300	1,953	38,200	38,300	2,346	44,200	44,300	2,739	plus	6.55% of	the
26,300 26,400	26,400 26,500	1,567 1,574	32,300 32,400	32,400 32,500	1,960 1,967	38,300 38,400	38,400 38,500	2,353 2,360	44,300 44,400	44,400 44,500	2,746 2,753	amou	nt over \$5	0,000
26,500	26,600	1,580	32,500	32,600	1,973	38,500	38,600	2,366	44,500	44,600	2,759	\$110	6,891 or m	ore
26,600 26,700	26,700 26,800	1,587 1,593	32,600 32,700	32,700 32,800	1,980 1,986	38,600 38,700	38,700 38,800	2,373 2,379	44,600 44,700	44,700 44,800	2,766 2,772			
26,800	26,900	1,600	32,800	32,900	1,993	38,800	38,900	2,386	44,800	44,900	2,779		olus 6.75% nt over \$11	
26,900	27,000	1,606	32,900	33,000	1,999	38,900	39,000	2,392	44,900	45,000	2,785			
27,000 27,100	27,100 27,200	1,613 1,619	33,000 33,100	33,100 33,200	2,006 2,012	39,000 39,100	39,100 39,200	2,399 2,405	45,000 45,100	45,100 45,200	2,792 2,798			
27,200	27,200	1,626	33,200	33,300	2,012	39,200	39,200	2,403	45,200	45,200	2,805			
27,300	27,400	1,632	33,300	33,400	2,025	39,300	39,400	2,418	45,300	45,400	2,811			
27,400	27,500	1,639	33,400	33,500	2,032	39,400	39,500	2,425	45,400	45,500	2,818			
27,500 27,600	27,600 27,700	1,646 1,652	33,500 33,600	33,600 33,700	2,039 2,045	39,500 39,600	39,600 39,700	2,432 2,438	45,500 45,600	45,600 45,700	2,825 2,831			
27,700	27,800	1,659	33,700	33,800	2,052	39,700	39,800	2,445	45,700	45,800	2,838			
27,800 27,900	27,900 28,000	1,665 1,672	33,800 33,900	33,900 34,000	2,058 2,065	39,800 39,900	39,900 40,000	2,451 2,458	45,800 45,900	45,900 46,000	2,844 2,851			
28,000	28,100	1,678	34,000	34,100	2,071	40,000	40,100	2,464	46,000	46,100	2,857			
28,100 28,200	28,200 28,300	1,685 1,691	34,100 34,200	34,200 34,300	2,078 2,084	40,100 40,200	40,200 40,300	2,471 2,477	46,100 46,200	46,200 46,300	2,864 2,870			
28,300	28,400	1,698	34,300	34,400	2,004	40,300	40,400	2,484	46,300	46,400	2,877			
28,400	28,500	1,705	34,400	34,500	2,098	40,400	40,500	2,491	46,400	46,500	2,884			
28,500 28,600	28,600 28,700	1,711 1,718	34,500 34,600	34,600 34,700	2,104 2,111	40,500 40,600	40,600 40,700	2,497 2,504	46,500 46,600	46,600 46,700	2,890 2,897			
28,700	28,800	1,724	34,700	34,800	2,117	40,700	40,800	2,510	46,700	46,800	2,903			
28,800 28,900	28,900 29,000	1,731 1,737	34,800 34,900	34,900 35,000	2,124 2,130	40,800 40,900	40,900 41,000	2,517 2,523	46,800 46,900	46,900 47,000	2,910 2,916			
29,000	29,100	1,744	35,000	35,100	2,137	41,000	41,100	2,530	47,000	47,100	2,923			
29,100 29,200	29,200 29,300	1,750 1,757	35,100 35,200	35,200 35,300	2,143 2,150	41,100 41,200	41,200 41,300	2,536 2,543	47,100 47,200	47,200 47,300	2,929 2,936			
29,300	29,400	1,763	35,300	35,400	2,156	41,300	41,400	2,549	47,300	47,400	2,942			
29,400	29,500	1,770	35,400	35,500	2,163	41,400	41,500	2,556	47,400	47,500	2,949			
29,500 29,600	29,600 29,700	1,777 1,783	35,500 35,600	35,600 35,700	2,170 2,176	41,500 41,600	41,600 41,700	2,563 2,569	47,500 47,600	47,600 47,700	2,956 2,962			
29,700	29,800	1,790	35,700	35,800	2,183	41,700	41,800	2,576	47,700	47,800	2,969			
29,800 29,900	29,900 30,000	1,796 1,803	35,800 35,900	35,900 36,000	2,189 2,196	41,800 41,900	41,900 42,000	2,582 2,589	47,800 47,900	47,900 48,000	2,975 2,982			
30,000	30,100	1,809	36,000	36,100	2,202	42,000	42,100	2,595	48,000	48,100	2,988			
30,100 30,200	30,200 30,300	1,816 1,822	36,100 36,200	36,200 36,300	2,209 2,215	42,100 42,200	42,200 42,300	2,602 2,608	48,100 48,200	48,200 48,300	2,995 3,001			
30,200	30,300	1,829	36,200	36,400	2,215	42,200	42,300 42,400	2,608	48,300	48,400 48,400	3,001			
30,400	30,500	1,836	36,400	36,500	2,229	42,400	42,500	2,622	48,400	48,500	3,015			